ROLL UP THE LOAN AND FINISH THE ROLLING UP OF THE GERMANS!

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Friday; gentle west winds.
For full weather report see Page 18

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,181. .... NEW YORK, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1918. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

# VAST GERMAN RETREAT BEGUN IN BELGIUM; AMERICANS TAKE THE TOWN OF GRAND PRE; REFORM OF GOVERNMENT BEGINS IN BERLIN, AND RUMORS OF EARLY YIELDING FLY ABOUT

## NEW YORK SPEEDS TO MEET CRISIS IN BOND SALES

### Awakening to the Loan Peril, the District Buys $133,532,250 in a Day.

### TOTAL HERE $847,520,850

### Recorded Subscriptions Reported to Treasury for Nation Reach $3,269,001,500.

### NEED HUGE FINAL EFFORT

America Must Raise Nearly Three Billions More, and McAdoo Issues a New Appeal.

Subscriptions to the Liberty Loan reported yesterday to the Federal Reserve Bank in New York amounted to $133,532,250—thus far the largest single day total—and advanced the aggregate figure for the fifteen days of the campaign to $847,520,850, which is equivalent to about 47 per cent. of the district's quota of $1,800,000,000.

In the remaining four days, counting yesterday, for which official reports will not be received until today, the district will have to raise $952,479,150, or a daily average of $238,000,000, in order to complete its allotment by Saturday night, when the subscription books close.

The Treasury Department in Washington announced last night that reports from twelve Federal Reserve districts indicated a total for the nation of $3,269,001,500 in subscriptions, or 54 per cent. of the $6,000,000,000 loan.

The fact that yesterday's returns were much larger than those of any other day since the beginning of the campaign, coupled with announcements by various corporations of their intention to increase their subscriptions, served to cheer the members of the Liberty Loan Committee who are devoting their entire time and attention to the work of speeding up subscriptions. They are confident that the loan will be a success, but they say the task confronting the country is tremendous and demands the assistance and cooperation not only of the large corporations, but also of every business concern and individual. It is the duty of everybody to subscribe for more bonds, they say, and only by concerted and prompt action will it be possible for this district to fulfill its allotment.

Although the amount now to be raised is $952,479,150, or about 53 per cent. of New York's quota, it is just about double the total of subscriptions filed here in the final four days of the Third Liberty Loan campaign of last Spring. Considering the fact that the present loan calls for $6,000,000,000, or double the previous one, and that New York's quota for the Fourth is $1,800,000,000, or double that of the Third, which presupposes a doubling of subscriptions and effort, it is not unreasonable, according to bankers, to feel confident that by Saturday night the amount required will be in hand.

Bankers, however, it was said yesterday believed it was their duty to warn the public against over-confidence, and to urge generous increases in subscriptions.

The First National Bank of New York is the first of the city institutions "to go over the top," that is, to supply from its customers' subscriptions the amount assigned to it. With the applications filed yesterday, the First National has sent in a total of more than $50,000,000 in subscriptions. In other words, it has fulfilled its so-called quota without filing a subscription for its own account. It is understood that the bank's investment will be large, but the amount has not yet been determined.

Thus far the First National has subscribed to more than $280,000,000 of Liberty bonds of the four issues. Its subscription to the First Loan amounted to $110,000,000; to the Second, $85,335,000, and to the Third, $45,000,000. The bank's investments in Treasury certificates of indebtedness have been the largest of any institution in the United States.

The Board of Governors of the New York Stock Exchange, at a meeting held yesterday afternoon, unanimously voted to borrow $1,000,000 from the banks for the purpose of investing the proceeds in Fourth Liberty Loan bonds. This is the

Continued on Last Page.

Rest and be well at Grove Park Inn Asheville, N. C. Finest golf course in the world. No invalids. Write for booklet.

### *Polish Army Recognized by Britain as an Ally*

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The British Government has recognized the Polish National Army as autonomous, allied, and co-belligerent, according to an official announcement tonight.

The recognition of the Polish Army by Great Britain is different from that accorded the Czechoslovaks. Bohemia has been recognized as a belligerent State according to the legal definition, for Bohemia is a political and military entity, although, for obvious reasons, this entity is directed from abroad. The Jugoslavs have been recognized as belligerents without an established Government or recognized territory. Now the military government of the Polish Army is recognized as an autonomous organization which awaits political and territorial identification.

## ARMY OF 4,850,000 COVERED BY BILL

### Measure to Meet Deficits in America's Great Military Effort Reported to House.

### CALLS FOR $6,345,755,666

### Committee Disregarded All Peace Talk, Chairman Says—Gives March's Testimony.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Another great appropriation bill, carrying $2,487,405,890 in cash, and $3,858,349,776 in authorizations, a total of $6,345,755,666, was introduced in the House of Representatives today. The measure, officially the "first deficiency appropriation bill" for the fiscal year ending next June, is intended to make up the deficits in the military, naval, and civil establishments.

Immediate consideration was given by the House to the bill, and leaders said it would be passed tomorrow.

A cut of more than $2,500,000,000 was made by the Appropriations Committee from the original estimate submitted in the bill. The estimates amounted in all to $8,886,131,651. The army asked for $8,599,889,599, receives $6,152,062,704, the sum of $2,293,712,928 being in cash. The navy requested $125,064,601 and received $107,277,778, all in cash. The cut in the civil estimates was from $161,177,450 to $86,475,183. Of the original civil estimates, $124,000,009 was for payment of military and naval family allowances, but the committee reduced this to $70,000,000.

The committee submitted the following schedule in its report:

| | |
|---|---|
| Estimates, all requested in cash | $8,886,131,651.49 |
| Amount granted in cash | 2,847,405,890.04 |
| Reduction in cash | 6,398,725,761.45 |
| Amount of cash requested which was granted in the form of authorization | 3,858,349,776.00 |
| Net reduction in estimates | 2,540,375,985.45 |

This net reduction in estimates is distributed as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Military establishment and War Department, including fortifications | $2,447,526,894.86 |
| Naval establishment and Navy Department | 17,846,823.00 |
| Civil services, including $64,000,000 for payment of military and naval family allowances | 74,702,267.59 |
| Total reduction | $2,540,375,985.45 |

**Army Appropriations Huge.**

Necessarily the appropriations for the army were huge, as has been characteristic since the entrance of the country into the war. The Quartermaster Corps received $1,635,821,562, all but $15,750,000 being in cash. The Ordnance Department received $3,699,256,642, of which $286,056,866 was in cash. The new branch of Chemical Warfare received $250,000,000; the Medical Corps and Hospital Department, $95,000,000; the Signal Corps, $95,000,000; the Division of Military Aeronautics, $60,000,000; the Provost Marshal General's office, (expenses of registration, &c.,) $20,000,000, and the Engineer Corps, $326,250,000.

The larger sums in the navy appropriations and authorizations were: $11,185,301 for ordnance and ordnance stores; $26,529,464 for new batteries for ships; $9,230,000 for ammunition for vessels, $15,000,000 for outfits on first enlistment, and $28,560,807 for training camps.

The State Department received $1,022,450; the Treasury Department, $77,989,-

Continued on Page Seven.

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE.
Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

## CURTAIL KAISER'S POWER

### Constitution Changed to Restrict His War and Treaty Making Right.

### REICHSTAG MUST CONSENT

### Imperial Decree Gives Civil Authorities Share in Administration of Martial Law.

### JUNKERS YIELD ON BALLOT

### As "Patriotic Duty" Withdraw Opposition to Equal Franchise in Prussia.

### *Reichstag Meets Tomorrow to Discuss Wilson's Note*

BASLE, Oct. 16.—The German Reichstag will meet on Friday to discuss President Wilson's note, according to the German press.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 16, (Associated Press.)—Germany's Federal Council has accepted the proposed amendment to the Constitution, paragraph 2 of Article 11, making it read:

The consent of the Federal Council and the Reichstag is required for a declaration of war in the empire's name, except in a case where imperial territory has already been invaded or its coasts attacked.

Paragraph 3 of Article 11 is amended to read:

Treaties of peace and treaties with foreign States which deal with affairs coming under the competence of the imperial law-giving bodies require the consent of the Federal Council and the Reichstag.

The last obstacle to the reform of Prussia's antiquated three-class franchise has been removed by the adoption unanimously of the following resolution by the Conservative faction in the Prussian Diet:

"In the hour of the Fatherland's greatest distress and in realization that we must be equipped to fight hard battles for the integrity of the Fatherland's soil, the Conservative Party of the Diet considers it a patriotic duty to lay aside all internal conflict and be ready to make heavy sacrifices to attain the ends in view. The members of the party believe that a far-reaching radicalization of the Prussian Consitution will not advance the welfare of the Prussian people, but are, nevertheless, prepared to abandon their opposition to the equal franchise in Prussia, in accordance with the latest decision of their friends in the House of Lords, in order to assure a harmonious front against the outside world."

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 16.—The Berlin Reichsanzeiger prints an imperial decree dated Oct. 15, making an agreement with the civil authorities necessary in the administration of martial law, with reference to the Commander in Chief in the event of a disagreement, but with final reference to the Imperial Chancellor or a representative appointed by the Chancellor.

## FRANCE FIRM FOR REPARATION

### Senate Authorizes Co-operation with the Allies in Demands.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The French Senate today unanimously passed a resolution proposed by the Government permitting the Government to proceed actively in co-operation with the Allies with plans to obtain reparation for damage committed by the Germans.

Stephen Pichon, the Foreign Minister, said that he should have more power to insist on the just claims against Germany. The atrocities which Germany had committed, he added, would have other atonement than moral condemnation. The Germans must be punished sufficiently to prevent forever the possible recurrence of such crimes as the world has recently witnessed.

The Senate voted that the Foreign Minister's speech be posted all over the country.

HIGHEST PRICES for Diamonds, Pearls, Gold, Silverware. Lynch's, 237 W. 42d St.—Advt.

### *Tripoli and Homs Are Seized by Allenby*

LONDON, Oct. 16.—British cavalry has occupied Tripoli, forty-five miles north of Beirut, and Homs, about eighty-five miles north of Damascus, according to an official statement on operations in Palestine issued tonight. The text of the communication says:

On the occupation of Beirut by our troops Oct. 8, sixty Turkish officers and 600 men of other ranks were made prisoner. Ballbek was entered by our armored car batteries Oct. 9, and it was ascertained that a force of about 500 Turks had surrendered to the local inhabitants.

Our advanced cavalry and armored cars also occupied Tripoli Sunday and Homs Tuesday without opposition, the latter town having been reported by our air service as evacuated and in flames Oct. 12.

Turkish cavalry detachments retiring through Homs have been located at El Rastan, eleven miles north. Satisfactory conditions prevail in the recently occupied territory.

## REPORT GERMANY ABOUT TO YIELD

### Dispatches from Various Places Say a New Note Is Coming, Accepting Wilson's Terms.

### RUMORS OF ABDICATION

### And Capitulation Circulated in Europe Are Officially Denied.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—A multitude of reports that Germany had accepted President Wilson's terms almost, if not quite, reached London from the Continent late today.

Reuter's, Limited, announced that it learned that the German reply to the President was expected to be communicated immediately and that it was likely to constitute a general acceptance of the Wilson conditions.

The Official Press Bureau was officially informed later that the reports published to the effect that Germany had capitulated had no foundation in fact.

An Amsterdam dispatch stated that the Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant issued a special edition today giving the report that Germany had capitulated and that Emperor William had abdicated. Later the Rotterdam paper withdrew this statement for the reason, it asserted, that it was unable to obtain any confirmation.

The British Foreign Office stated this evening that it had no official confirmation of the rumors that the German Emperor had abdicated, but that opinion in well-informed circles was not disposed to reject these rumors.

**Alleged Plan of Abdication.**

A Geneva dispatch to the Temps of Paris says that according to a source of information not without value Berlin is considering how Emperor William can disappear without endangering the dynasty. One solution being considered, it is said, is the abdication of the Emperor in favor of his grandson William, the eldest son of the German Crown Prince, with the Emperor's brother, Prince Henry, as Regent.

The Journal des Debats yesterday mentioned editorially the possibility of such a plan, but condemned it as unacceptable.

A movement can be observed in the German capital, says a dispatch from Berlin to the Amsterdam Tijd, to bring about a cessation of the submarine war as the result of President Wilson's note.

An Amsterdam dispatch quotes the semi-official North German Gazette of Berlin as stating Germany's attitude thus:

"President Wilson's reply has partly carried the discussion further and partly extended it. A fresh counterutterance by the German Government, therefore, is necessary, so that the bringing about of an armistice and the inauguration of peace negotiations are not yet immediately attainable.

"The setting up of the principle that the situation created by evacuation must leave untouched the present military superiority of the Entente is new. In connection with this question the American note reproaches the German con-

Continued on Page Three.

VENUS PENCILS set the standard of the world for quality. BUY VENUS.—Advt.

"JUST OUT!—and Free if you ask for it"—See top of page 6.—Advt.

## OUR MEN GET KEY POSITION

### Railways at Grand Pre Supply Great Part of German Army.

### FOE RESISTS DESPERATELY

### Confusion in His Ranks Due to Amalgamation of Units Is Increasing Daily.

### TERRAIN SOGGY WITH RAIN

### Old 69th New York Is Taking Important Part in Fighting North of Verdun.

By EDWARD L. JAMES.
Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN FRONT, Oct. 16.—Grand Pre was captured today by the American troops. East of this not inconsiderable town we drove our wedge deeper across the Aire River into the edge of the Bois des Loges, reaching a line two miles north of Chevieres. Meanwhile the French on the left pushed their line forward west of Grand Pre.

Grand Pre is an important defense point before the Kriemhilde line, and was held by the Germans against repeated attacks by the Americans for three days. It is a junction point for railways that feed the enemy.

All day today stiff fighting continued, especially on the left of the Grand Pré Road, and the advance of the Americans north of St. Juvin has created a German pocket in the lower end of the forest of Boulte.

The Bois Bourgogne is one great nest of machine guns.

The Germans are making it hat for our men, who are holding a wedge driven in the Kriemhilde Stellung in the vicinity of Landres-et-St. Georges, and under heavy gassing last night we withdrew one company at the tip of the edge until the German guns ranging over that vicinity have been silenced.

East of the Meuse we have driven into the Bois Grand Montagne. To better our line we have withdrawn slightly northwest of Brieulles, but this is unimportant. In this part of the sector a new German division has appeared, having been brought from the vicinity of Metz.

In the centre of the army front the hottest fight today has been taking place for the possession of the Tuilerie farm, which we have been trying in vain to take for two days against a heavy German concentration of machine guns on the Cote Chantillon. On the left flank of this position our troops, with the aid of tanks, splashing through mud a foot deep, have penetrated two miles of wire. Our front positions in the Bois Chantillon were heavily gassed last night.

The Germans continue a determined effort to hold back the Americans, and are suceeding in making the advance painful and slow. Although German divisions have been shot to pieces, this does not hinder their remnants from being thrown in in large enough numbers to man thousands of machine guns. One of our regiments yesterday took prisoners from five German divisions, or rather what used to be divisions. Formations made of necessity follow so fast that often prisoners do not know who are their company commanders.

The prisoners are imbued with the idea that the war is all but over. They had been told that the Kaiser's terms would not be refused and that an armistice was about to be signed, but that they must make a last grand stand to get the best terms for the Fatherland. So far as the Germans in front of Pershing's men are con-

Continued on Page Two.

During Convalescence From Influenza and pneumonia take Imperial Granum Food. Nourishing. Strengthening. Delicious, with no sickish sweetness. Any druggist.—25 cents.—Advt.

### *British Forces Drive Closer to Lille; Patrols Reported to be in City's Suburbs*

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The British forces in the sector between Douai and Lille have made further gains all along the front and driven their line to within about two and one-half miles southwest and three and three-quarters miles west of Lille.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Oct. 16, (Reuter's.—Between Lens and Armentieres the Germans continue to fall back and the British are drawing near Lille.

During the night they crossed the Haute Deule Canal, 2,000 yards east of Pont-a-Vendin, and threw out a screen of strong patrols which have maintained harassing touch with the enemy. The British are reported to be holding Pont Sault, Fosse 2, Provin, and Santes lez Haubourdin, and today were pushing toward Annecullin. Hanvardry Chateau is in the possession of the British. The weather is fine but misty.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—British patrols entered the southwestern suburbs of Lille this morning.

## FORCING FOE INTO FATAL TRIANGLE

### Some French Military Experts Say German Disaster or Surrender Is Inevitable.

### WAYS OF RETREAT MENACED

### Armies Being Pressed Back Upon Only Two Good Lines of Communication Remaining.

By WALTER DURANTY.
Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Oct. 16.—"The Sambre and the Meuse"—the title of a famous French marching song—is the watchword of the allied effort today. The irresistible pressure of Foch's armies is forcing the Germans back upon the fatal triangle where the culminating battle of the war may take place.

On the extreme left the drive of the British, French, and Belgians is aimed direct at Mons. On the right the Americans and French, pushing toward Sedan and Mizières, are steadily driving the boches before them toward Sedan and Mezières, are steadand Meuse. The future is big with promise, for as the battle progresses the increasing weakness of the German reaction becomes apparent.

Germany now is suffering from the inherent faults of Ludendorff's strategy in the Spring and early Summer and the superiority of Foch's methods of attack subsequently. Ludendorff had promised victory by the use of shock divisions formed by emasculation of the rest of the army. Attack after attack was pushed home to the point of exhaustion, but always the Allies were able to bar the road ere it was too late.

Finally Foch judged the German Army to be sufficiently exhausted and struck in turn. Since then the enemy has had no respite. Instead of intermittent offensives launched after long preparation the allied attacks have been continuous. The dispirited Germans, to whom a victorious end of the war had been promised before August, have been hammered incessantly. Salient after salient created has bitten holes in their line and sooner or later compelled wide and costly retirement. Even now, after the Laon pocket has been reduced, there has been a bulge in the defense line in the region between the Oise and Serre and another equally dangerous north of Lille.

While the Allies have been advancing victoriously in the north, the pressure of the French in the centre and the Americans on the right prevents the enemy from transferring troops to the point most threatened. Already on Oct. 10 it was known that the Germans had at the outside twelve fresh divisions as a total strategic reserve. Perhaps as many more were being refitted behind the lines, but these will be incapable for two or three weeks to take an active part in the battle. In

Continued on Page Three.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA. Delightful at The Greenbrier now. European plan. Open all the year. Wonderful curative waters. N. Y. office, The Plaza.—Advt.

## BRITISH DRAWING LOOP AROUND FOE

### Entire Industrial Area of Which Lille Is the Centre Is Now Being Encircled.

### ENEMY MUST TAKE FLIGHT

### Massed Airmen of Allies Engaged in One of Greatest Strokes of the War.

By PHILIP GIBBS.
Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE, Oct. 16.—Up in Flanders where the war began for British and French after the gates of Belgium had been smashed wide open by the invading army there is now a movement of massed armies toward the end of the war.

By the steady pressure of Belgian, French, and British troops under command of King Albert the Germans are being driven back from places which were on their main lines of communications between the coast and, their centre now being lost to them, are like open doors into their back parlors.

The Belgian cavalry today are reported to be working round Thielt, sixteen miles from Ghent. The French entered Lichtervelde this morning and their patrols are about Thourout, ten miles from Bruges. Ostend is almost within sight.

Knowing that their inevitable withdrawal is at hand from the western part of Belgium, the Germans are not inclined to give battle here on a big scale and their rearguards are being sacrificed to gain time for the main retreat.

Further south, where the British Second Army troops are fighting on the right of Belgians and French in this group of armies of Flanders commanded by the Belgian King, the enemy is gradually finding himself in a far-flung loop of the attack, which, by the British capture of the outskirts of Courtrai last night, following the steady advance north and east of Cambrai and Douai, is gradually encircling a large territory of Northern France, containing the great textile and manufacturing cities of Lille, Tourcoing and Roubaix, from which so much of the wealth of France flowed in time of peace.

This morning at various points in that wide half circle the British troops tightened its loops and drew it closer to those cities. They crossed the canal south of Menin by the fine gallantry of some engineers who bridged the canal during the night and so penetrated the town of Halluin.

To the south they advanced on the east side of Haute Denale Canal, where several villages were captured yesterday, bringing them very close

Continued on Page Three.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton Street, N. Y. C.—Advt.

## ALLIES SWEEPING FLANDERS

### Enemy Is Retreating So Fast That Pursuers Have Lost Touch.

### WIDE AREAS RECOVERED

### Belgians in Joy as They Drive Their Country's Despoilers Before Them.

### FRENCH CAVALRY SPEED ON

### Nearing Thielt, West of Thourout—British Strike More Blows About Lille.

WITH THE ALLIED ARMIES IN BELGIUM, Oct. 16, (Associated Press.)—The Germans have started a retreat on a tremendous scale from Northern Belgium. French cavalry is approaching Thielt, seven miles from the banks of the Ghent-Bruges Canal. The canal itself is only ten miles from the border of Holland.

So fast is the enemy retreating that the French, British, and Belgian infantry, at least in the centre of the battlefront, have lost touch entirely with the enemy.

The Belgians advancing astride the Thourout-Bruges and Thourout-Ostend roads have defeated the Germans, who are retreating rapidly.

This is undoubtedly one of the war's most vital victories, for the gallant little Belgian Army, assisted by crack French and British troops, has driven the despoilers of its country from a large section, which the Germans have occupied since the early days of the war, and has gained positions of such importance that the Germans may have to abandon the entire coast of Belgium.

**Deepening Lille Salient.**

Moreover, the sweeping advance of the allied infantry, preceded by a fan of French cavalry, advancing rapidly, has left the entire area in which are the important city of Lille and the mining and manufacturing districts of Tourcoing, Roubaix, and Tournai, in a salient which is growing deeper every hour and which the enemy cannot hope to hold.

The French cavalry which is on the crest of the allied advance has done marvelous work. Today it galloped forward more than six miles, frequently carrying out charges with all the dash usually associated with cavalry upon isolated posts of enemy machine gunners which vainly attempted to hold up its advance. Some of these gunners, taken prisoners, said they were totally unable to understand why the war was going on and why they were called upon to continue fighting. One officer said: "We have offered all the terms in the world for peace. Nobody seems willing to accept them."

Resistance, where it has been offered by the enemy, has been extraordinarily fierce, for in these places it obviously has been the purpose of the commanders of the fleeing Germans to gain time in which to remove their materials.

**Hard Fighting About Thourout.**

Stubborn fighting has been reported, especially from the region of Thourout. The battle here has been from street to street and house to house, and large numbers of the enemy have been killed. Some Belgian forces have swept around the city in order to cut the roads at the rear.

The Germans had placed machine guns in the windows of houses and cellars and fired murderous streams of bullets into the advancing Belgians, but were unable to stop them. The Belgians fought with a dogged determination such as only troops

fighting to regain their outraged country could display. Nothing could stop them.

The British, following up the retreating Germans and overcoming the rearguards, are reported as reaching Quesnoy and as having captured Linselles, along the Lys. The Belgians at the time this dispatch was filed were reported to be past Keyem and to have reached positions on the other side of Cachten and Ardoye, both of which they captured. Northeast of Cortrai, Bavichove was stormed and taken and the Belgians were still going.

The Linselles position is most valuable, for the place being northwest of Turcoing the allied troops are gradually outflanking the entire Lille salient, from which there are further signs that the enemy is withdrawing. As a matter of fact, his troops in this salient are in an extremely precarious position. They must get out rapidly or face disastrous consequences.

**Enemy Surrendering Freely.**

A thousand more prisoners and many more cannon have been captured. The Germans at many places, especially in the northern part of the battle area, seem to be surrendering freely. Many more civilians have been rescued from the towns and districts captured and little processions of these are straggling rearward out of range of the guns and out of the way of the fighting troops. Stories are beginning to come back how liberated Belgian women have seen their sons, brothers or husbands going forward into battle.

The weather today was cloudy, but thus far no more rain has fallen. However, Flanders is mud from one end to the other, and this condition makes movement difficult for the allied troops. The ooze and soft ground make it doubly difficult for the enemy to move back. Therefore, the allied soldiers have put up with great hardships, for they realize that they have the enemy on the run in the most vital section of the west front and do not desire to let him have a chance to reassemble his tattered units.

Outside Courtrai the infantry has progressed about three miles, and here have been compelled to fight their way forward, for the Germans had orders to hold on to the last, and they did so. Not many of those who had been stationed with machine guns to try to hold up the advance of the allied troops managed to escape. Virtually all were killed or wounded, or are prisoners.

**Allied Airmen Work Havoc.**

The Germans appear to be making strenuous efforts to save their munitions and equipment and their material, the accumulation of four years, from the coast districts of Belgium. The roads behind the Germans are littered with all sorts of transport, and Allied airplanes are again playing havoc with the retreating enemy.

At the Thielt positions the French cavalry has begun to come into a country where the ground and roads are harder, allowing them to operate more freely. From here to the Holland border is less than twenty miles, so it through this gap that the Germans throughout the entire Belgian coast system must go if they wish to save themselves, providing, of course, the advance continues. Incidentally, every yard of advance here narrows the enemy's escape gap.

It would seem that, if the weather holds out long enough and the advance continues at the present rate of speed, the Germans soon will have lost control of great stretches of Belgium, especially the coast, which is important for submarines, aside from stretches of Northern France, which all rules of tactics strategy demand, they must evacuate as be being outflanked with their lines turned. So far as is known, the Germans have not any formidable lines in their rear where they can find refuge.

Moreover, the German high command is not in a position to send reinforcements of any consequence to Flanders, as they are all needed and fully occupied elsewhere along the front.

The Belgians, British and French count among their prisoners the entire staff of a crack German regiment, including the Colonel commanding. What has become of the German infantry in the centre of the battlefield is not known. All that is certain is that the advancing Allied troops have not encountered any in some hours.

**Chased Germans in Moonlight.**

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FLANDERS, Oct. 16, (Reuter.)—Throughout last evening in the moonlight the Allies continued tirelessly to follow up their splendid successes in Belgium.

Last night the Franco-Belgian infantry were on the general line of Boscheeweter, Edenwalle, Zwoarteget, and Haentze, thence to a point 1,000 yards east of the Thorout-Roulers road, and on the Wynendael station by Beve to the south of Iseghem, the Lendelede station, Hulste, and Bavinchove to Harlebecke.

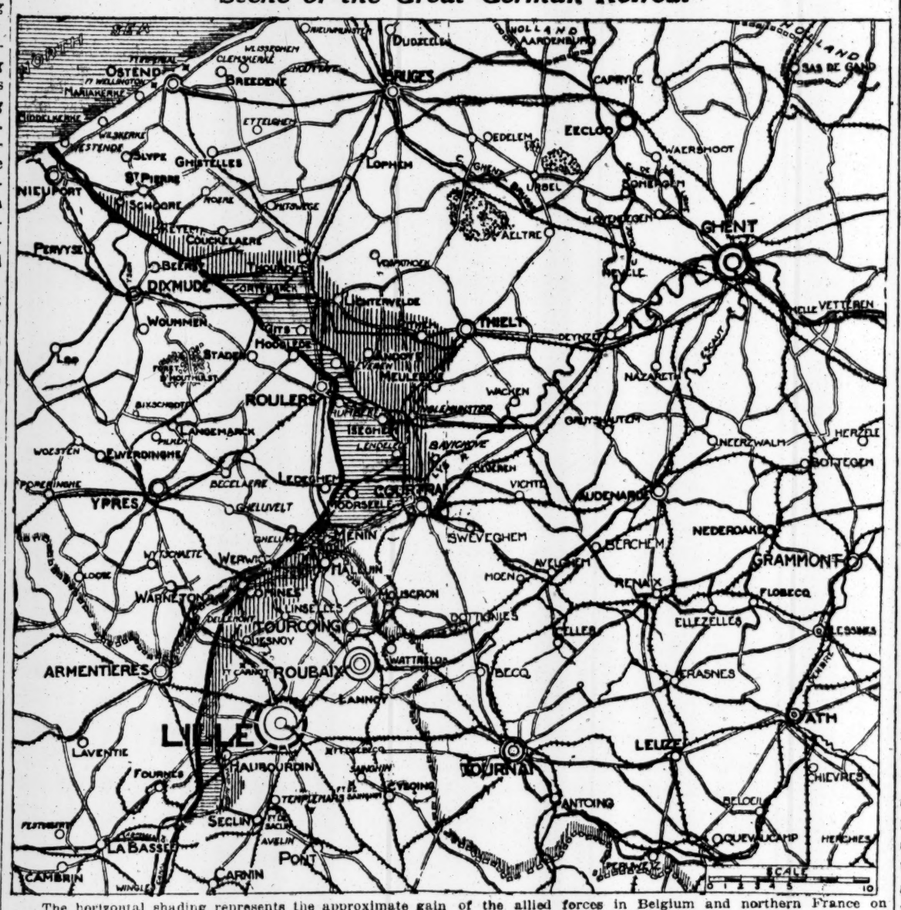
This morning the capture of Boscheeweter and Edenwalle seemed to be confirmed, and French troops were reported to be along the railway west of Lichtervelde. Ingelmunster apparently had been occupied, and the Courtrai railway was reached east of Capelle Ste. Catherine.

The British were reported to be across the Lys east of Comines, with their posts established beyond La Basserville.

**Haig's Report of Gains.**

LONDON, Oct. 16.—Much progress was made by the British forces in Flanders and Northern France today.

## Scene of the Great German Retreat




The horizontal shading represents the approximate gain of the allied forces in Belgium and northern France on Tuesday.

The vertical shading marks the area of the great progress made yesterday, so far as can be gauged from the unofficial reports, which show that a wide retreat of the German forces is in progress.

A noteworthy feature of the day's advance of the Belgians was the sweeping forward of the line in the region northeast of Dixmude and directly toward Ostend. The fact that the German barrier here has been broken at last gives added color to the persistent rumors through Holland that the coast region is to be abandoned by the enemy.

Field Marshal Haig's bulletin tonight reads:

We carried out a successful local operation last night in the Selle Valley, capturing the village of Haussy and more than 300 prisoners.

On the Douai-Lille front the enemy is continuing his withdrawal, closely followed by our troops, who have reached the general line of Oignies, Carvin, Allenes les Marls, Maugre, and Capinghem. Sharp fighting has taken place at different points between the enemy's rear guards and our advance detachments. Some prisoners have been taken.

The British Second Army under command of General Plumer, co-operating with the Belgian and French forces in Flanders, in the course of the last three days, has realized an advance of more than eight miles.

During this period, despite strong opposition, this army captured the towns of Comines, Wervicq, Menin, Wulverghem, Heule, and Guerne, and secured the northern portion of Courtrai.

The left bank of the Lys River has now been cleared of the enemy as far as to the northeast of Harlebecke.

Today our troops crossed the Lys between Armentieres and Menin, in towns and villages captured by the Second Army in Flanders many civilians have been found and freed from the domination of the enemy. More than 4,000 prisoners and upward of 150 guns already have been taken.

In these successful operations the Ninth Division, forming a part of the command of General Jacobs's Second Corps, has again fought with great distinction. Valuable and gallant service has been rendered also by the Twenty-ninth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth and Forty-first Divisions, as well as other divisions engaged.

The Belgians have extended their battlefront north of the Handzeeme Canal, where they have made progress in the region of Schoore, five miles from the North Sea southeast of Nieuport, and generally gained ground eastward as far as Coolscamp, according to the official Belgian communication issued at Havre tonight.

The bulletin reads:

We have made progress in the whole of the front of attack, which has been extended north of the Handzeeme Canal, between Thourout and the Yser. We have gained ground in the direction of Schoore, taken Keyem, reached the Praetbosch Wood and Château Wynendael, and captured the outskirts of Thourout.

To the east our line has been carried as far as the Wynendael-Hooge road running to Thourout and Bruges, where we progressed.

Between Thourout and Mandel we reached Turfhauwe, carried Lichtervelde, and progressed as far as the outskirts of Coolscamp. South of the Lichtervelde Railway, Thielm Ardoye has been passed. Iseghem has been occupied. Several hundred prisoners were taken.

At Coolscamp we are less than three miles from the important Thielt Railroad. We have approached Ingelmunster, Hulst has been taken, and we are along the Lys. Almost everywhere from Menin eastward to Harlebeke we are at the gates of Courtrai.

Further west we have crossed the Lys River and are less than two and a half miles from Tourcoing. The attack is progressing methodically.

The retreating enemy is throwing bombs into cellars where inoffensive inhabitants are awaiting deliverance.

## BAVARIANS FIGHT BRAVELY

### But Most of Enemy Show Morale Weakened by Peace Talk.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Describing the first days of the new offensive in Flanders, the correspondent of The Mail at British Headquarters says the operation has gone ahead with clocklike regularity. The chief German resistance came from the First Eavarian Guards Reserve and the Sixth Cavalry, which fought stubbornly.

"The German front line was held strongly," the correspondent writes. "The Bavarians advanced from their trenches in the face of the British barrage and calmly set up their machine guns. They did all that was asked of them, but they met a famous division, which in its charge went clean through and around the enemy and reached the Roulers Railroad before the German supports could arrive. Highly valuable ground was thus taken at the outset, and bigger objectives were thrown open.

"It is a fact that the enemy has put the most and the best of his men in the front ranks, and when these were forced back the British had much less trouble in advancing. German forces at Wervicq and Menin, which guarded the right of the British attack, apparently made only slight resistance and surrendered at once. The canal was behind them, and when the British artillery had destroyed the bridges the enemy troops felt that they were being sacrificed and ran toward the British lines.

"Before the end of the first day all the principal industrial towns in Western Belgium were being threatened. To the north, the Germans along the coast are also in peril. During the day there was plenty of evidence that peace was expected by the enemy and that this expectation was operating toward lowering the morale of the German forces. The issues of the battle are immense and are already visible on the field."

Twelve hundred civilians were found in the city of Roulers when the British and French reached the place on Monday, according to the correspondent. They had been living a more or less normal life there during the German occupation of the city. The correspondent says the Germans had put up signs and notices in the Flemish language, which may be an indication of the announced German intention to set up a separate Flemish kingdom.

## RESUME FIRE ON DUNKIRK.

### German Shells Obtain Some Civilian Victims.

WITH THE FRENCH FORCES IN FLANDERS, Oct. 16, (Havas.)—The Germans today resumed their long-range bombardment of the French seaport of Dunkirk, on the Strait of Dover. There were some civilian victims.

## BERLIN TELLS OF GROUND LOST

### Admits Retiring Near Lille—Insists Americans Are Checked.

BERLIN, Oct. 16, (via London.)—The German forces in Northern France have withdrawn their lines somewhat in the district west and southwest of Lille, Army Headquarters announced today.

Renewed American attacks between the Argonne and the Meuse failed, it is declared. East of the Meuse, it is added, American attacks resulted in engagements which ended in favor of the Germans.

The statement reads:

In Flanders the enemy continued his attacks. His main thrust was directed against Thourout and the Iseghem-Courtrai railway line. Against the remainder of the fighting front the enemy also launched vigorous attacks often supported by armored cars.

At isolated points our troops held their lines. At others we withdrew, fighting. In many instances we repulsed the enemy at our rearward points of support by counterthrusts.

South of Thourout the enemy attacking wing Thourout remained in our hands. Enemy attempts to thrust forward between Wercken and Thourout in a northerly direction were frustrated in our first line. South of Thourout we hold the Lichtervelde-Iseghem line.

On the northern attacking wing we succeeded in penetrating forward beyond the Iseghem-Courtrai line. East of the railway line we brought him to a standstill.

West and southwest of Lille we withdrew our line somewhat from the enemy.

Between Bohain and the Oise River the enemy again attacked after strong artillery preparation. North of the Bohain-Aisonville road we held him down by means of our fire. Aisonville was retained after stubborn fighting against the enemy, who repeatedly assaulted both sides of the village and attacked the village itself with strong forces.

An enemy attack which broke forward north of the Oise failed before our lines. Engagements took place before our new positions north and northeast of Laon and west of the Aisne, in which we repeatedly inflicted heavy losses upon the enemy. The enemy here stands south of the Serre, on the approximate line of Liesse-Sissonne-le Thour-St. Germainmont.

On the Aisne front there were reconnoitering fights. The small salient position between Olizy and Grand Pre along the Aisne toward Mouron has been evacuated. Our troops fighting there caused the enemy again yesterday to undertake several attacks productive of losses to him, and thereby achieved the object of their temporary holding of the salient.

Between the Argonne and the Meuse renewed vigorous attacks of the Americans failed under our fire and against our counterthrusts.

The enemy yesterday won only little territory, notwithstanding his bringing in of far superior forces and strong artillery, and notwithstanding his support by tanks. North of Juvin, in the Wood of Banthéville and northeast of Cunel [the Americans are fighting in these three regions] the battles came to an end with the approach of darkness.

On the eastern bank of the Meuse attacks directed between the Meuse and northwest of Beaumont broke up into very violent partial engagements in the forest region, where observation was extremely difficult. These engagements ended in our favor. The Americans again yesterday suffered extraordinarily heavy losses.

The War Office bulletin issued this evening reads:

Northeast of Roulers, on the Selle sector, near Haussy, between the Aire and the Meuse, and on the Meuse, enemy attacks failed.

The town of Denain, (five and one-half miles southwest of Valenciennes,) which is filled with French refugees, lies under the continuous fire of the heavy English artillery.

Yesterday the enemy shelled the welfare centre of Liesse, (eight miles from Laon,) which had been carefully spared by us during the war.

## The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

On the fronts in France south of the Lys River the indications are that the German Army is getting safely away. This is not the case, however, north of the Lys. There can be no doubt that this section of the front extending from Nieuport southward was to have been held. Some modifications would have had to be made, of course. Without creating too sharp an angle, a line could have been formed running southeast and covering Bruges, Ghent, and Brusssels, which line would have still covered the much coveted Belgian coast.

This was very evidently what Foch was afraid of. The way things have gone in Flanders, however, has made such a line an impossibility. The Germans, although prepared to defend it, did not look for an attack. They were present in force, and apparently no preparations for a retreat were in progress. When the blow fell, and not only bent but broke the line, a serious debacle was at once threatened. This exists in several forms.

In the first place, there are a number of submarines now at work which, basing on Ostend and possibly on Bruges or Zeebrugge, are not due to return for several days or perhaps even longer. Germany cannot quit the coast while these boats are at sea. To do so would simply mean that they would report back to an allied base instead of a German base. This in itself would mean the capture of a considerable number.

Another consideration grows out of the direction which the extension of the offensive has taken. Up to yesterday's operation the attack had progressed eastward along the Lys and was directed straight at Ghent. Suddenly, however, the direction changed. Instead of pressing their advantage toward Ghent, the Allies struck north toward the sea. A glance at the railroad map of this section of Belgium will show the predicament the Germans are in.

Ostend, Bruges, and Zeebrugge are reached by three railroad branches coming in from the south. One runs from Ypres through Cortemarck and Thourout. This, of course, has been out of action as far south as Staden for some time. A second road runs north from Lille through Roulers and Thourout. This road was unusable as far as Roulers, but above that point was in full use. A third coming in from Ghent run through Thourout. All roads then reaching any of the seaports passed through Thourout, except those which come in directly from the east. Now every one of these roads has been cut. There is no means of rail communication between Lille and the Belgian coast or between any other point in the German lines and the coast except the railroad from Bruges to Ostend. This is one of the great difficulties the Germans are now facing.

Again their line on the coast has been directly flanked, the line of the Allies having been turned until it now runs perpendicular to the German lines south of Nieuport. The last advices we have at the moment of writing are that the Belgians have advanced some distance beyond the road from Cortemarck to Dixmude. The line runs almost due east and west at this point, just south of Thourout, squarely across the railroads centring at that point, although south of the town.

The importance of the town, however, lies in the fact that it is a railroad centre, and if the roads are cut before they enter the town, the town has no further advantage. The net result, then, as matters stand, is that the Germans north of Thourout are in serious danger, and if they can get away at all it will only be with the abandonment of all their supplies. Here, however, there is still a chance for large captures of men. Get out now or get caught seems to be the only alternative.

Further to the south, Lille is also imperilled by the advance in the north, as evidenced by the fact that the Germans are already apparently scurrying out of it. The British line is being drawn close up to the city and is even now at the suburbs. Germany is getting out here as she is everwhere else, getting out to some position further east where, if at all, she must make a stand.

In spite of the persistent talk of peace, it does not seem that there is any strong military force compelling a total collapse at the moment. Such force, if it exists at all, must be either political or economic. Shut off as Germany is, the knowledge which we have of these elements of the problem is uncertain. There are, however, military elements which we do know of, and from these there is no cause apparent why Germany should surrender.

The German Army which began an offensive in March that nearly wrecked the Allies was a powerful army in both numbers and in material. Its numbers have been steadily reduced, and it has suffered enormously, beyond all question. From this standpoint, however, there is no reason to believe that the remnants of this army would not be sufficiently numerous to hold a line 110 miles shorter than the present line.

# ALLIED PUSH AIMS TO BOTTLE UP FOE

### Break in South Would Drive Him from France Through the Liege Gateway.

### MEZIERES THE VITAL POINT

### Our First Army Forging On to Supply Keystone of Region East of Laon.

### FACES BITTER RESISTANCE

### Comparison with Cambrai Shows the Americans' Present Job Is Toughest on Front.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Oct. 16.—In consideration of the German request for an armistice one may consider on a large scale the situation of the German military forces and the present military situation with regard to their withdrawal, unmolested or otherwise, from the great salient, or, in other words, that part of the western front from the sea to the Meuse River, which means troops which are now occupying Belgium and Northern France. One may well look also at the scant supply lines, which are more or less necessarily correlated with withdrawal facilities.

First, one must recognize that in the withdrawal of supply the railroads play a primary rôle. The German Army as an army cannot be withdrawn from France and Belgium, nor can it be supplied where it is, except by the use of railroads. If the Germans had twice the numbers of soldiers and trucks they now have they could not withdraw without railroads.

The German front from the Meuse to the sea may be divided from the standpoint of communications into three sectors. The first extends from the sea to the south of Lille. This sector is served by railroads clearing through Brussels. The second section reaches from south of Lille to Laon, and this is served by railroads through Namur. The third sector, from Laon to the Meuse, has communications clearing through Mezières.

Looking at the map, one sees that the Holland boundary makes a big sweep southward, turning north from Liége. Looking south from the Holland boundary one finds that about seventy-five miles brings one within gun range of the allied artillery. Therefore one has something of a bottle, with a large mouth, but nevertheless a bottle. Through this wide mouth pass the German supply communication and also lines by which forces must withdraw whether in compliance with terms of an armistice or before Foch's troops.

**Two Lines of Communication.**

Look at the transportation map and you will see that there are in this mouth two great arteries of communication. One runs along the northern rim of the mouth through Liége. The other runs through Luxemburg. The lines of communication through Brussels and through Namur, serving the German front from the sea to Laon, pass through Liége. The lines of communication serving the German front from Laon to the Meuse pass through Luxemburg. Between Luxemburg and Liége there are no important railway lines, and the Germans must get out of Belgium and France by these gateways.

Looking closer at the German communication system as involved in the present military operations, one sees that of the railroad lines through Luxemburg the main line sweeps south from the capital of the duchy, passing to branches, one through Stenay, and the other through Montmedy, only a few kilometers apart, to Mezières, from which branches there are roads to various points.

It is true the Germans have a good line from Mezières to Namur, but this in turn loads all traffic that way on to the Liége gateway. That this is an important factor is shown by the fact that a great proportion of the German supplies has been passing the western wing front through the Stenay line.

The American First Army is at Brieules, about twelve miles from Stenay, and is going ahead slowly but none the less surely. This of itself threatens the cutting of the main line to Mezières. But, more important, the French in the Champagne are some twenty-five miles from Mezières, the capture or even effective long-range bombardment of which would absolutely paralyze the German supply communication by rail to the front from the Laon region to the Meuse. To take away rail communication from this sector would mean that the Germans would have to retire between Laon and the Meuse. But this is not all. A glance at the map shows that retirement from this sector would leave a dangerous sharpened salient from the sea to the Laon vicinity, and in the opinion of experts this could not hold.

**Mezieres Vital to Germans.**

In other words, it is not an over-optimistic statement that the taking or control by fire of Mezières would put the Germans out of France. In this connection it must be borne in mind that the advance of the First American Army is considered essential to the reaching of Mezières.

Taking into consideration the question of German withdrawal, one army with supplies and equipment would have but one gateway, Liége, by which to go home.

Captured German documents and other evidence make it perfectly plain that the German command looks at the situation in its real gravity. An order issued Oct. 1 calls on the German troops in front of the Americans to hold at all costs, because of the danger to the Longuyon-Stenay-Sedan-Mezières Railroad, "the most important artery of the Western Army." Because of a realization of the gravity of the situation the Germans have thrown the firmest possible resistance against the First American Army, and making the task assigned to Pershing's men the toughest one on the whole western front.

If the Americans should try to reach and should succeed in taking Stenay and Montmedy, or in getting them under full gun range, or if the French should try to and succeed in taking Mezières, the Germans would literally be in a bottle, with Liége as the mouth. Would that gateway be capable of supplying the millions of men Germany has in France of Belgium, or would be capable of handling a forced withdrawal? German action would indicate they believe it would not.

I have said that the French are twenty-five miles from Mezières and the Americans some twelve miles from Stenay, which means about fifteen miles from Montmedy. On the front in this direction are arrayed the Fourth French Army and the First American Army. The First American Army is astride the last organized defense system the boche has between it and a line running directly before the Mezières-Montmedy position. We are either beyond or on the Kriemhilde Stellung on the entire front of the First American Army. The Americans are up against this line on the positions to which the Germans retired after our reduction of the St. Mihiel salient. The German reserves are about exhausted, while American reserves are far from exhausted.

**Foe's Frantic Resistance.**

The First, Fifth, and Third German armies are before the First American Army, against which General von der Marwitz, according to a captured order, demands successful resistance on which "the future of Germany perhaps depends."

The state of mind shown in the von der Marwitz order explains the frantic resistance of the Germans opposing our advance. As an instance of this fact the enemy has used four or five Prussian Guard divisions, the flower of the German Army, against the First American Army. It has been explained that our advance threatens the railroad which is the feeding point for the German front from the vicinity of Laon eastward beyond the Meuse. Crippling of the transportation in this great sector would imperil the whole German front.

When we attacked on Sept. 26 we hit the Hindenburg line. In bloody fighting we have driven the enemy back to the second line of defense, the Kriemhilde line, which is now pierced in a number of places. The third line of defense in this sector runs from Stenay to Sedan and thence south to Mezières. When the British broke through the German second line in the west the enemy at once fell back toward another line. But to fall back to the Stenay-Sedan-Mezières line before our army would place Mezières under easy fire of our artillery. Knowing the vital importance the German command attaches to the Argonne-Meuse sector, it is believed the boche intends to fight desperately all the way back to his third line of defense.

It is interesting to make certain comparisons between the German resistance in the Cambral sector and in the Argonne-Meuse sector. When we attacked on Sept. 26 between the Aisne and the Meuse, the Germans had four divisions in line on this battlefront. Since then they have had thirteen whole divisions and the equipment of two more divisions, making a total of fifteen extra divisions, of which eight were fresh and two were rushed from the Champagne front, despite important progress being made there by the French Fourth Army.

On the Cambral front the enemy had in line twenty-six divisions when the British and French started their attack, which the boche expected. Since then the enemy has thrown in thirty-four divisions, nine of which were fresh.

**Heavy German Reinforcements.**

Thus, on the Cambral front the reinforcements amounted to one and one-third divisions to a division in the line when the attack started, while on the American front the reinforcement has been four divisions to each division in the line when our drive began. Before the American units had been thrown in in haphazard style because there was neither time nor men available for handling entire divisions.

Incidentally we know that today the Germans have on the entire western front three divisions rested more than a month and six rested two weeks. When they began driving three months ago today, they had sixty-two divisions rested more than a month. One of the divisions which appeared anew in front of us yesterday had rifle strength of less than 1,500, whereas the normal rifle strength is 7,000. Divisions brought in are put into the line in whole strength without holding back reserves, and needed reserves are grabbed up where available. This accounts for the heterogeneous personnel of captured troops. In one formerly crack German regiment all available infantry has been made into one company of a hundred men.

The Germans have had bad luck with tanks against us. While orders to men belittled the effect of our tanks, nevertheless the Germans two days ago brought up a fleet of thirty tanks and put them in the Bois Cunel to be used in the attack against us. Our artillery concentrated on them with the result that what was left yesterday was withdrawn without having taken part in the fighting.

## PERSHING TELLS OF ADVANCE.

### Hand-to-Hand Fighting at New Breaks in Kriemhilde Line.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Substantial gains on both sides of the Meuse against stubborn resistance by a reinforced enemy was reported today by General Pershing in his communiqué for Tuesday. The dispatch follows:

"Headquarters American Expeditionary Forces, Oct. 15:

"Our troops today continued their attack on both sides of the Meuse, encountering stubborn resistance from a reinforced enemy. East of the Meuse, French and American troops have gained ground. West of the river the fighting has increased in violence and our troops have made substantial gains, including Hill 299, which changed hands three times.

"We have broken the Kriemhilde Stellung at new points, where our men closed with the enemy in a series of hand-to-hand encounters in which they took prisoners."

## FRENCH GAIN IN CHAMPAGNE.

### Advance Northwest of Sissonne—Push Toward Rethel.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—Northwest of Sissonne in Champagne the French have captured the town of Notre Dame de Liesse, west of Grand Pré, and have taken the village of Talma, according to the official communication issued by the War Office tonight. The bulletin reads:

We have realized local progress, notably northwest of Sissonne, where we captured Notre Dame de Liesse and west of Grand Pré enlarged our gains in the capture of the village of Talma.

The day report told of progress made toward Rethel. It reads:

In the course of the night we made a little progress to the north of Sissonne and north of Asfeld-la-Ville. We stopped a violent counterattack, strongly supported by artillery, in the region of St. Germainmont.

To the southwest of Rethel we captured the village of Acy-Romance.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY ON THE AISNE, Oct. 16, (Associated Press.)—Favored by the bad weather and bad roads, which are slowing up the advance of the allied supply trains, the Germans appear disposed to make a stand, for a time at least, on the line from the region north of Sissonne to Rethel.

North of Sissonne the French troops are now along the bank of the drainage canal, which constitutes the advanced defense position prepared there as a secondary line of retirement from the Hindenburg line.

Further east the Germans, supported by a violent artillery fire, counterattacked the French troops under the command of General Guillaumat. This reaction was of no avail, General Guillaumat's men maintaining their line a quarter of a mile east of the road from St. Germainmont to Gerzicourt.

FRENCH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Oct. 16, (Reuter.)—General Debeney's troops this morning crossed the Oise River at Choigny, three miles north of its junction with the Serre River.

# OUR MEN GET KEY POSITION

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

cerned they are certainly obeying that order.

Rain today makes air work next to impossible. A few chasse fights have been taking place, and day bombing is at a minimum, but observation airplanes on both sides have been attempting missions, being forced to fly very low to see anything. The rain does not seriously affect the buoyancy of the airplanes, but with an airman going a hundred miles an hour a driving rain makes it very difficult to see any distance ahead, which is a very dangerous situation when flying low.

The 42d Division, which includes the 165th Infantry Regiment, formerly the 69th New York, has taken an important part in the fighting north of Verdun.

## DISORDER REPORTED IN GERMAN TOWNS

### People Said to be in Menacing Mood, Which Means Peace at Once or Revolution.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 16, (Dispatch to The London Daily Express.)—Information reaches me from an authoritative source that within a few days, or even with a few hours, Germany will be faced with a terrible alternative peace on the Allies terms, whatever they may be, or revolution.

Scenes of disorder are already reported from many places in Germany. The only thing that keeps the people in any kind of order is the hope that they will have peace within a very few days.

Every one in Germany seems convinced that the Kaiser will abdicate rather than accept such a peace as Germany can obtain at the present juncture.

A report reaches me that the Crown Prince asked the Kaiser for permission to visit him at Potsdam, but was ordered not to come to Berlin until further notice, for reasons, not military, but concerning his personal safety. It is quite certain that the Crown Prince could not walk in the streets of Berlin today without being in serious danger of his life.

The Kaiser's other sons are also away from Berlin except Prince August Wilhelm, the only democratic Hohenzollern, who might become Kaiser in case Wilhelm abdicated. Strangely enough there seems to be no strong prejudice against the Hohenzollerns, but much against the Kaiser, who is openly called "William the Culprit," and the Crown Prince.

The longer the present suspense lasts the more serious will be the position of the present dynasty.

The Kaiser has been informed by many persons, especially by King Ludwig of Bavaria, of his serious personal position. He is said to be a physical wreck.


## $20,000 Salary—*or more* for a Business Executive

The President and Vice-President of a $10,000,000 corporation in New York City, which is now doing a business exceeding $25,000,000 and rapidly expanding, need a man of their own calibre to share with them their increasing executive duties.

In their opinion, their need offers a real Call of Opportunity to a high type, enthusiastic, broad, brainy business man—who has already made a success.

The problems associated with several thousand employees—with a large number of important departments, each headed by an able, liberally paid executive—and with business expansion, would be a constant charge upon this man.

To get things done—and done smoothly, even in a time of pressure and congestion; to attract the willing respect and hearty cooperation of the many executives under him; to be a sincere and constant antidote to friction; to really lead because of largeness of grasp and of vision and because of tireless energy and unshakable self-control, these are some of the requirements of this position.

It must be clear, therefore, that this is a post for a man who has "arrived"—ripe in experience but not grown old (about 35 or 40)—of demonstrated capacity in at least one high executive post in a large organization.

This man may now be an active Vice-President in a live bank, or a dynamic executive in a large business. He is a man at ease in dealing with men and with large subjects. He emanates a quiet force, and has exceptional personality.

This man is earning *not less* than $10,000 a year, and he has a present rank in business plus an equipment which justify a starting salary of at least $20,000.

Naturally this is more than a salaried position. The man who is chosen will, when it is seen that he has met the need, be given an opportunity to share in the profits of the company.

Letters are invited in full confidence. *They will be read only by our client who wants this man.*

(NOTE) It will have been noticed that an effort has been made to indicate a type of man of whom very few are available—and letters are desired only from these few. Therefore, before replying to this invitation, please read again the seventh paragraph.

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# MILITARY DECISION WANTED BY PARIS

## Bulk of Opinion Favors Exaction of Unconditional, Humiliating Surrender from Germany.

## HOLD CRIMES BAR MERCY

### Soldiers Now Conceal Explosives in Clothing of Dead to Kill Allied Burial Parties.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—Public opinion as manifested since the receipt of the last German reply and modified by events in Berlin seems veering toward the exclusion of any but military methods in bringing the war to a conclusion Whatever sentiment may exist behind, almost the whole front of the stage is occupied by advocates of whipping Germany to a finish and exacting from her absolute, unconditional and humiliating surrender. They want to bring home to her the sense of her crimes and wrongs, and exclude her from any share in the arrangements for the world's future.

This view, which one meets with on every hand, was forcibly expressed to me today by a prominent Frenchman who belongs to Foch's military household.

"We must discard sentimentality and deal with the Germans as they are," he said. "What they are is shown by the fact—and this isn't an isolated fact, but is of a piece with all their doings—that within a few days they have been concealing dynamite and other explosives in the clothes of their own dead so that our people would be killed in the very act of performing deeds of decent respect and mercy.

"A nation from whom such soldiers spring will never accept the order of peace and liberty for which we are fighting until they see our uniformed armies in being in Germany and in actual control of that country. We must march through—French, English, Americans and Italians—and take possession before the Germans will believe. And their acceptance of complete defeat is a condition precedent to the benefits the world expects from that defeat."

While this view is the one that is most vocal, occasionally a dissentient is encountered even amidst the intense reaction that has been proceeding for the last two days. I quote one of them:

"Making a good peace would be best subserved by the unconditional surrender of Germany without military conquest. There must be some sort of resistance from that quarter in order to build up a peace that will endure. A peace whose foundation rests on conquest would have structural defects which would appear in later years."

There are others who shrink from an invasion of Germany by our armies unless rendered absolutely necessary by the Germans maintaining the war. These say it might be good for Germany by way of curing her of war madness, but our army of invasion would come back less fitted for the great burdens and duties of citizenship which await them and will make such demands upon them in their respective countries.

In all discussion the fear of an armistice manifests itself, the idea being widespread that the Germans may secure an armistice over the head of our high military command. One is at a loss to understand whence such fears proceed. Certainly nothing from Washington has justified them. A prominent American said:

"Nobody anywhere has seriously suggested letting the Germans out of the allied ring in which she is inclosed. The mental attitude in some quarters rests on the magnified idea of German efficiency and capacity. The Huns are credited with a cunning foresight certainly not exhibited in this war, which, as one looks back, seems to have been one long succession of German blunders from August, 1914, to the present. Instead of performing prodigies of prescience in these last weeks or months, it will probably happen that the Huns will continue to hang themselves with their own rope."

Among civilian Americans here who first thought the Berlin reply to Washington was the beginning of the end, and a very early end, the cue was quickly taken from the official statement issued in Washington warning against a premature conclusion of judgment, but Americans are apt to examine details less microscopically than Europeans and discount results of the operation of larger forces. I find that most of them believe that by one means or another the big essential fact that Germany is whipped and broken will be expressed in terms of submission in the comparatively near future. As one phrased it:

"They are on the toboggan, and when a fellow's on a toboggan he doesn't find it easy to stop and turn around."

It is expected by those reasoning on these lines that one bad thing after another will happen to make the situation worse for Germany, and whatever the outward changes in the Government, no Ministry in Berlin will be able to make a stand for carrying on the war.

With Foch going after their army as hard as he can and rolling them back in confusion, with civilian Germany split up by bitter differences, and with Austria-Hungary and Turkey threatening separate peace, Germany will continue to look to President Wilson in the hope that the peace terms will conform to his pronouncement of Sept. 27, and that the loss of the war will not be followed by economic discrimination.

Meanwhile the immediate effect of the President's reply to Berlin has been to set at rest the nervous fears about an armistice.

At the bottom of this anxiety lay the utter disgust of Germany and the belief that Berlin was trying to trick the Allies.

The President's note is regarded as a reiteration and immediate application of what he has already said. His position respecting the part which the military command must play in an armistice clears away all doubt that existed on that score.

Placards have appeared throughout Paris bearing words of which the English translation follows:

"With assassins, with incendiaries, with robbers, one does not discuss. One judges. Remember!"

It is confidently expected here that Prince Max's Government will fall within a few hours.

Officers coming in from the American front say our soldiers have hardly given the peace negotiations a single thought. There has been little discussion one way or the other among our troops. They are on their job, and have every confidence that President Wilson will do the right thing.

# PARIS THINKS NOTE MAY END PARLEYS

## Expects Abdication of Kaiser and Revolution in Germany or Only Fighting.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—President Wilson's latest note is entirely satisfactory to France. In the first place, it cuts off all talk by the present German Government, no matter what disguise that Government may try to assume. In other words, according to France's interpretation, the decks are now entirely clear for attaining a complete military victory, which is well within sight of the allied troops.

Paris reads it that President Wilson leaves every phase of the military situation entirely to Foch and that the German troops will have no opportunity to save themselves from the present disaster for hostilities next year.

So far as the political effect of the note on Germany itself is concerned, nobody in Paris pretends to say which one of only two things will happen, but everybody is sure that there can be no third thing, because Wilson has absolutely cut off a middle course. The Hohenzollern dynasty will be eliminated and the German people themselves in revolution, or the people will be duped into standing by the dynasty the little time still required to annihilate it by outside forces. The Wilson note, as read here, is practically a bid to the German people to get rid of the Kaiser at once by revolution. What other meaning France asks, can there be?

### Excuse for Abdicating.

In effect, the Germany of the present regime, is in the category of Governments which Wilson declared at Mt. Vernon must be destroyed. Wilson, by that dictum, has given the Kaiser the best excuse for abdicating that any ruler ever had.

Speculation and rumors of the last few days about such an abdication were revived this afternoon tenfold in Paris after publication of the Wilson note. Such self-effacement of the Kaiser is now considered as an actual probability. It is absolutely the only personal contribution the Kaiser can make in reply to the ultimatum from Washington. Such an abdication with a revolution to make the Hohenzollern succession impossible may now come.

On the other hand, Prussianism may keep control a little longer by promises of political reform and appeals to save the empire, with assurances of a return to military effectiveness. In the latter event the German Government no doubt will tinker itself some more in an effort to appear democratic, and there may be another early change of Chancellors as a preliminary to one more futile attempt to get the world to talk peace with a Government which Wilson again says is beyond the pale of nations with which the Allies can and will treat.

For the immediate present it makes little difference which of these two courses is adopted. The main thing is that fighting goes on without interruption. It is extremely unlikely that the German people can put through a revolution convincing to the rest of the world before their troops are defeated and the disarming and demobilization are compelled by sheer military successes of the Allies.

### Paris Papers Approve Note.

Comment on President Wilson's reply to Germany was scanty in the morning papers here, but those journals which had time to deal with the subject left no doubt as to their deep appreciation of the keenness of the American President's riposte.

The Temps, which this evening publishes, both in French and English, the note signed by Lansing, says:

"After this second reply from Wilson, it is doubtful whether the leaders of Germany are pleased with themselves for having opened correspondence with the President. By recognizing that Germany has given unqualified acceptance to the terms he laid down Wilson has caught the enemy in his own trap. • • • By stating formally the general sense of the stipulations that will be imposed upon Germany before there can be any question of a suspension of hostilities Wilson has taken an excellent precaution, for the German authorities now are placed in a position with the impossibility of pleading that they were taken by surprise, and the opinion of the Allies is assured in advance. • • •

"The people of Germany will read Wilson's words in reference to the continuance of German atrocities in France. They will guess what are the consequences that await them, and they will know upon whom the responsibility will fall. • • •

### Foe Must Publish Reply.

"The Government at Berlin, which is feverishly awaiting Wilson's reply, will be compelled to announce it in all the newspapers on the other side of the Rhine. This will neither strengthen the position of Max, suffering under his annoying letter, nor von Payer, who made the annexationist speech on Sept. 12, nor Solf, who was one of the State Secretaries when Belgium was invaded. Neither will it strengthen the authority of the Prussian General Staff or the personal prestige of William II., or the popularity of the dynasty, or even of the imperial régime.

"The leaders of Germany asked for public discussion. They have had it. And the first result is that they appear in the eyes of their own people, who are thirsty for peace, as the principal obstacle to peace. Their position is certainly risky. Now we await the reply of the German people if, as Wilson says, peace is to come by the action of the German people themselves. If not, it can only come by the action of our arms."

A recuperative diet in influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk, very digestible.—Advt.

# COULD NOT WIN WAR, BURIAN ADMITTED

## Explained to a Hungarian Delegation in Vienna Why Teutons Sought a Truce.

## TOLD HIS FAITH IN WILSON

### Expressed Confidence in Turkey and His Belief in Austria's Loyalty.

BASLE, Switzerland, Oct. 16. — The Central Powers found themselves no longer able to hope for a military decision in their favor, and Bulgaria's demand for peace only hastened the presentation of their peace propositions, Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, recently told the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Hungarian delegation at Vienna.

"Although the Central Powers have been able to face the new military situation," the Foreign Minister said, "it must be stated that we cannot hope any longer for a decisive success by arms, while our adversaries are not sure of their power to crush our resistance. Hence further bloodshed is useless."

Confidence that Turkey would remain faithful to the Teutonic alliance was expressed by Baron Burian, who also reasserted Austria's - Hungary's fidelity to Germany.

"We shall enter upon the negotiations," he said, "closely united with our faithful German ally and with Turkey, which continues to keep her engagement toward the alliance, notwithstanding the difficult situation in which she is placed by the disappearance of Bulgaria.

"I wish to point out as a self-evident fact resulting from this close union of the Allies that we shall always regulate our attitude in the approaching negotiations in constant reciprocal agreement with them. If the bases of the agreements to be concluded exist as the result of the acceptance of the points of the program, [Baron Burian was evidently referring to President Wilson's program,] the application and execution of these divers points in their practical bearing can, nevertheless, give rise to differences of opinion which we must try to dissipate by carefully weighing the opposing points of view and vigorously defending the conditions of our constitutional existence.

"The Allies will have to support each other in these discussions. They will have to find in the settlement of litigious questions that line of agreement which will protect their interests from injury."

Baron Burian said that a sentiment of pure humanity always pervaded President Wilson's ideas on the solution of world problems, "even when he joined our adversaries and laid down certain principles directed against us. His declarations, therefore, never remained without influence among us and were never rejected by us in principle."

The Foreign Minister expressed the view that the creation of a League of Nations constituted a preliminary condition for the establishment of a peace of impartial justice, "such as President Wilson and we desire.

"Such a league," he added, "would form the framework of the new world. It is upon it that the various States will build up their reciprocal relations."

"Such a league will replace the policy of an equilibrium of groups of powers depending on force by an organization of States voluntarily submitting to an international law established by themselves with the creation of an executive power above the State to enforce the law."

International arbitration tribunals will settle disputes, the Foreign Minister said, and armaments will lose the reason for their existence. The Baron then said:

"It is not my place to enter into a discussion as to the reasons why President Wilson delayed his reply to us when he has communicated with Germany with a view to enlightening certain preliminary questions, for I should be reduced to a pure hypothesis.

"I would only say that our confidence in President Wilson's word is so firm that we categorically reject suppositions attributing to this procedure motives, tactical reasons or intentions malevolent toward the monarchy."

Baron Burrian told the committee that President Wilson's assertion that evacuation of territory was necessary before an armistice could be granted was "perfectly just and founded not only on political reasons, but on positive military reasons." • • • "Our agreement and that of Germany to this evacuation is certain," he added.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 16.—Baron Burian in his address to the Foreign Affairs Committee said also: "The peace note sent by the Central Powers to President Wilson opens the prospect that at no far distant date we shall reach a cessation of hostilities and enter into negotiations for the conclusions of a general lasting and just peace."

Baron Burian added that the assent of Austria and Germany to evacuation had been established, and that he certainly was not too optimistic in supposing, in view of this situation, that "we are standing immediately before a cessation of hostilities and shall shortly enter into negotiations with the Entente."

## GERMAN PRESS DIVIDED.

### Some See Peace Hope, but Others Are Defiant to Wilson.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 16.—The Vossische Zeitung says that, according to its understanding, there are no longer any obstacles for President Wilson, although he has not made peace negotiations exactly easy by the tone of his latest note, but, on the other hand, he expresses a desire to continue the negotiations. The note, however, indicates a delay, the paper says, which is certainly not desired by the people of the belligerent countries. The Deutsche Tageszeitung says:

"We cannot understand a German Government which would give any other answer than 'No.' to this note. The time has come when all our forces must be concentrated on the defense of the Fatherland and of Germany's future."

The Kreuz-Zeitung says: "What Wilson demands even Republicans could not concede, for even the purest democracy could not exist. He wants to destroy us and not merely the monarchy. Every one must say to himself in this serious hour, 'We who are loyal to the Kaiser will rally around our ruler.'"

Germania says:

"Wilson appears not to find the Chancellor's answer in the name of the German people sufficient in spite of all the assurances for reforms."

Vorwärts says that the social democracy supported by the Bourgeois Party in Germany is ready to do anything to bring the world out of its terrible situation, and to improve conditions. It must, however, be understood, the paper asserts, that there are limits which cannot be exceeded.

The Berliner Tageblatt says:

"The peace possibilities have been retarded by the new note. The spirit which the note expresses is worse than the demands which are made. Wilson is a prophet of justice, reconciliation, and the happiness of humanity, but the spirit of the note is one of striving for power and force. The new Germany which comes before us and desires reconciliation with all peoples will not forget the tone of the dictator."

The North German Gazette says that the answer to the American note demands naturally through discussion, but the German Government will be led by a spirit of conciliation even now and the wish to the end the bloodshed and will make its decision in consideration of the wishes of the German people.

# OUTBREAK IN PRAGUE; REPUBLIC PREDICTED

## Czechs Start Strike Movement Which Spreads to Moravia—Austrian Troops in Control.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—A dispatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says that in Prague the streets from the suburbs to the city proper are occupied by troops armed with hand grenades and machine guns, in consequence of a threat by the Czechs to call a general strike throughout Bohemia.

The dispatch adds that pamphlets have been circulated declaring that a Czech republic will be proclaimed shortly.

A Zurich dispatch says that a general political strike has been called in Moravia and Bohemia, and great demonstrations in favor of an independent State have taken place at Prague. All theatres and places of public meeting have been closed. Deputies are said to have declared in speeches that the final phase of a Czech revolution has begun.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—Meetings called by the Czechoslovak Council at Prague to protest against the export of foodstuffs from Bohemia resulted in a general strike, which is developing into a revolt, according to dispatches from Zurich to today's Paris newspapers. Martial law has been proclaimed throughout the country and German and Hungarian troops are occupying Prague, Pilsen, Pisek, and Tabor.

The dispatches report that the movement has spread to Moravia and that there has been fighting at Brunn, the capital; Olmutz, and Skoda, the latter the seat of the big Austrian gun plant, where work is said to have been suspended.

Machine guns, it is added, have been posted in the principal streets of Prague and artillery has been put in position. The population, it is declared, is nowise intimidated, and there is reason to believe that the people have arms. It is even reported that fighting is now going on in Prague.

BASLE, Oct. 16.—At a meeting of delegates held at Budapest recently, Deputy Daszinski, a Pole, openly announced that he was in favor of the establishment of a Bohemian republic, with Professor Ernest Denin of Paris, as President, according to the Azujsag of Budapest.

The majority, however, favored a monarchy, headed by Prince Maximilian of Hohenberg, son of Archduke Francis Ferdinand, whose assassination at Sarajevo in June, 1914, gave rise to the ultimatum to Serbia which resulted in the outbreak of the war. It is said that the Duke of Connaught was the second choice.

## PLANNED COUP YESTERDAY.

BASLE, Switzerland, Oct. 16.—According to a Budapest dispatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung, a copy of which has been received here, the Croats intended to solemnly proclaim in the Chamber of Deputies today the independence of Croatia and its separation from Hungary.

# ALLIES AND REDS IN FIERCE BATTLE

## Americans with Forces Repulsing Heavy Attacks on Dvina River Positions.

## ARE GREATLY OUTNUMBERED

### Fighting Waist Deep in Swamps, Garrison Captures Guns—Heavily Shelled by Gunboats.

ARCHANGEL, Oct. 15, (Associated Press.)—Allied forces, including Americans, are engaged in repulsing heavy Bolshevist attacks on both banks of the Dvina, 150 miles north of Kotlas, on the North Russian fighting zone.

The Americans and Russians have advanced in the direction of Welsk, northeast of Vologda.

The Bolsheviki with massed forces are striving to regain the positions which were won after hard fought struggles by Americans and Scotch on Sept. 21. Under an almost constant bombardment for more than a week the Allies have repulsed many infantry attacks and inflicted considerable losses. These positions include villages on opposite sides of the Dvina River, some of which are on a high bluff at a strategic bend in the stream. Around this bend Bolshevist gunboats, protected by mine fields and a low sandy island, have delivered a bombardment with shells of all calibres.

The Allies, meanwhile, have been forced to strive against the rapidly falling river, which is full of sandbars. The garrison, though greatly outnumbered in men and artillery, have struggled waist deep in the swamps and knee deep in the muddy roads, capturing several guns and machine guns. An American engineer Lieutenant and a few men crossed the river under a heavy fire and rescued a gun from a disabled tug on which the Bolsheviki had centred their fire. The next day the same Lieutenant with a Sergeant braved the same dangers in an effort to repair tugs, caught under a heavy shower of shrapnel fire.. They tried to swim for the shore, but were swept away by the swift current and drowned.

The Bolsheviki are now trying to spread their propaganda among the allied troops. Captured trenches and villages on the Dvina front were full of proclamations, printed in English, asking the British and Americans not to fight. These proclamations were laughed at by the British and Americans as particularly inconsistent with Bolshevist treatment of prisoners, whom they many times have mutilated.

## RED TERROR UNABATED.

### British Refugees from Moscow Say Orgy of Slaughter Continues.

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 14, (Associated Press.) — The deplorable conditions brought about in Russia by the Red Terror of the Bolsheviki were reviewed today by the party of Entente refugees which accompanied R. H. B. Lockhart of the British Diplomatic Service, from Moscow. Mr. Lockhart and his party were released by the Bolsheviki in exchange for M. Litvenoff, the Bolshevist representative in London. They were taken from the jail in Moscow direct to the train which brought them to the border.

The French General, Lavergne, and other French and British officers, were besieged in the American Consulate for a fortnight before they were allowed to leave. The Bolsheviki cut off the light and water supply, but frequent rains, caught in tubs, enabled the party to hold out until the release of M. Litvenoff forced the Bolsheviki to liberate the party, some of whom went to the railroad station under guard of Bolsheviki and their women sympathizers armed with revolvers.

Despite protests made by neutral Ministers the wholesale slaughter of persons charged with counterrevolution continues unabated. The Red terror had not subsided in the slightest when the party left Russia. Large numbers were being executed daily on the slightest pretext and under the most revolting conditions.

The mania for murder is so strong among the Bolshevist officials, the refugees say, that they even shoot their own partisans. The firing squads take delight in forcing condemned men to jump from automobiles and in shooting them before the eyes of the other victims. Many executions take place on the Hodinka Parade Grounds. These are in charge of Lettish troops. The victims are shot with revolvers and the bodies fall into open trenches. Wet concrete immediately is thrown over them so that it is impossible for relatives to identify and claim the bodies.

There is much sickness in Moscow as the result of starvation and ill-treatment.

# REPORTS NEW ATTACK ON PREMIER LENINE

## Amsterdam Hears the Bolshevist Leader Was Shot by a Member of Soviet Bureau.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 16.—Another attempt has been made upon the life of Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevist Premier, according to the Leipsic Abendzeitung's Kiev correspondent.

Lenine received a bullet in the shoulder from a revolver in the hands of M. Dwanitzke of the Information Bureau of the Soviet. Dwanitzke was arrested.

## REVOLUTION IN CHEMNITZ?

### Letter of Oct. 9, Taken from Prisoner, Mentions a Revolt.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Oct. 16.—A letter dated Oct. 9, taken from a German prisoner today, contains the following:

"Paul wrote me that he was on his way to Macedonia. He wrote from Dresden, where he had been delayed—he did not know whether on account of the peace rumors or on account of the revolution which has broken out in Chemnitz."

# BRITISH DRAWING LOOP AROUND FOE

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Continued Page 1, Column 7.

to the southern and western sides of Lille.

All this means that they are gradually closing in upon the district where the enemy had many of his headquarter establishments and cowed great populations of civilians in the first wild stampede of panic-stricken people when the enemy's columns struck through Belgium toward the northern edge of France.

I saw crowds of refugees, who poured down to Calais from Lille and its suburbs, and in those days of August, 1914, it looked as if the world had been tipped on end and that nations were falling over their boundaries. They were lucky ones who escaped in time, but tens of thousands were not quick enough or by poverty were unable to leave, or thought the war would end so quickly that they could stay without much misery.

During recent days there has been another exodus from Lille, Tourcoing, and Roubaix. All the men and boys between the ages of 16 and 60 have been driven further back, so that when the British take Lille they will not be there to increase the number of soldiers on the allied side of their power of labor. They are forced laborers of the enemy, building new lines of defense before his frontiers in case the Allies do not grant him peace.

But in Lille and those other towns there are large populations of old people and women and children.

No message comes from those excited hearts, there is still a barrier of machine guns between the British and them, and it is only by the meeting with other people whom the British have liberated in recent days in those villages south of Cambria and at Roulers and in many formsteads where they were found during the last day or two near Courtrai and upon that one may guess how they are stirred by an enormous hope and belief that all their patience through four long years, all their courage, which often was at fainting point, all their wounds and pride, and their lean grey days of waiting for hte war to end will at last be rewarded by liberty and new life on the allied side of the line.

Prisoners taken lately deny any plan of general destruction, and say that they are ordered to destroy only buildings of military importance. No such plea could be given in the case of the buildings I saw destroyed immediately before the German retreat on the south side of Cambrai and Le Cateau, but Roulers is still in fair condition, and apart from bedding and linen has not been looted in so wholesale way as Cambrai and other places.

Many prisoners arrive in the British lines with pamphlets about the German proposal for an armistice, issued by their officers, and bidding them to keep up their hearts because the war will soon be over. They believe that, and if their belief totters their spirit also will fall into the deeper depths of despair. That, I think, will happen throughout their army, but whether after that they will stiffen or weaken, I cannot guess.

Things should move quickly in the north now that the French and Belgian cavalry are reported to be operating around Thourout and Thielt.

I saw French cavalry riding over the Flanders ridges with their lances high and their steel casques wet in the mist and their lean horses at a gallop. As they neared the lines it was a wonderful and stirring sight, for all the men looked fine soldiers, hard as steel, and they stared forward through the mists to the great adventure before them, when they should ride back through the North of France and Belgium with the German Army in retreat before them.

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# FORCING FOE INTO FATAL TRIANGLE

By WALTER DURANTY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

the last five days the demand for supports must have been tremendous in the hard-pressed German Army, and today there can be but dregs in the bottom of the reserve bucket.

No less serious is the shortage of material. Numerous captured orders bear witness to the lack of munitions. The words, "strictest economy," recur with ominous frequency. Though many artillery units have been actually suppressed, it has, nevertheless, been also necessary to reduce the number of guns per battery from four to three in many cases. In three months, the Allies have destroyed or captured over 5,000 cannon—a full quarter of the total artillery force of Germany. At the same time the forced "combing out" of workmen from the factories has seriously lowered production, and this weakness grows daily more pronounced and dangerous.

Hardly less important are the consequences of the withdrawal from the Laon massif. Hitherto the enemy position in France gave him "inside" lines of communication. The Allies, attacking concentrically, could be met by a displacement of troops over an infinitely smaller area. Now the jamming of the boches back upon practically the sole two good lines of communication that remain—via Hirson and Mezières—render aggressive reactions upon anything but a local scale impossible.

Add to all this the inevitable dismay spreading throughout the army in consequence of the total discredit of the militarist party.

The last ray of hope on the German horizon was n attempt to divide the Allies by an appeal for an armistice. President Wilson has nullified it utterly. Nothing remains to save the enemy from disaster or complete surrender, in the opinion of many military experts.

# GERMANS PREPARE TO LEAVE BELGIUM

## Destruction of Property Begun—May Give Up Even Brussels in Ten Days.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—The German right wing is being threatened more and more as the allied wedge in Flanders is driven deeper. There are signs that the Germans realize that the days of their occupation of Belgium are numbered. They have already begun the work of destruction in Western Belgium. According to information reaching Paris the Germans are preparing to get out of Bruges and Ghent, and even Brussels.

A high German functionary in Belgium declared a week ago that German occupation of Brussels would end, at the latest, within fifteen days, according to information received in London, says the correspondent of the Echo de Paris.

All the civilian population along the Belgian coast has been moved back out of the country and British aviators are said to be reporting fires over a vast area.

# REPORT GERMANY ABOUT TO YIELD

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

duct of the war with inhuman practices. The reproach is unjustified, and at least overlooks the military necessities, under pressure of which the German supreme comm and acts."

### Wilson Disappoints Germans.

President Wilson's reply to the German peace note produced "a most unfavorable impression" in Berlin, says a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam today. The publication of the reply, it adds, was followed by a panic in Berlin banking circles and on the Stock Exchange.

The German supreme command, the advices state, will come to Berlin at the end of the present week "to deliberate on mobilization, concentration of the national strength and the raising of the military age."

A Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that the German newspapers assert that President Wilson's note had the effect of a cold douche on the hopes for peace engendered by his first note. Some of the newspapers comment on the note in the sharpest terms and with unbridled words, adding that the "language of President Wilson now has become excited after the conferences he has had with the Allies."

### Sees New Spirit in Note.

The Frankfurter Zeitung says:

"President Wilson's reply cannot be said to mark an advance on the path of peace. On the contrary, another spirit speaks in the note. The spirit of Clemenceau and Lloyd George makes its presence felt and causes doubt to arise whether the path can lead to the goal."

The Cologne Gazette, which often speaks authoritatively, says:

"After President Wilson's note, hope for peace must be lowered a few pegs."

The Cologne Volkszeitung takes the same stand. This newspaper declares that a cessation of Germany's U-boat warfare cannot be demanded before an armistice is concluded.

"The Germans must lower their hopes of a near peace of justice without humiliation," says the Volkszeitung.

The Deutsche Zeitung, one of the principal Pan German newspapers, has been suppressed for three days, according to the Gazette of Essen. This action on the part of the German Government is said to be probably a result of the newspaper describing the German reply to President Wilson as a disgraceful document and saying:

"Furl your flags, brave field grays east and west. You are unconquered by the enemy, but beaten by the crumbling home front."

A Berne dispatch says that German newspapers received there generally reflect considerable disappointment over President Wilson's latest note. The Liberal newspapers express the fear that President Wilson's "new conditions" may fortify the Conservatives and Pan Germans in a policy of desperate resistance.

# LONDON IS PREPARED FOR BERLIN SURPRISES

## Believes That Germany's Internal Troubles Threaten a Crash at Any Time.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—Afternoon reports that some sort of communication tending to confirm reports of Germany's capitulation had been received by the British Government are this evening contradicted.

In the afternoon the report got about London that a message had been received indicating that Germany had intimated her readiness to accept Wilson's terms, provided the national interests of Germany were safeguarded, and a little later a correspondent at The Hague telegraphed that it could be stated authoritatively that Germany's answer would be that she accepted President Wilson's terms, but only under the condition that Germany's interests and those of the German people were guaranteed.

It was half past 10 o'clock this evening when the Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant's withdrawal of its Hamburg statement reached London and about that itme scepticism regarding Germany's reported capitulation was growing strong. Telegrams from The Hague conveying the comments of German papers on Wilson's note struck a note of resistance rather than surrender. THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent has just been in telephonic communication with a number of editors of London papers and found that the general disposition was to hold back in the hope that some light would come literally at the eleventh hour.

The following point that may have importance is made here tonight, when every indication as to the situation in Germany is being scanned:

"The first report of Germany's capitulation came from Hamburg in a dispatch to the Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant. This report may be more or less in the nature of an intelligent anticipation of Germany's answer, but it apparently is the anticipation of Germany's greatest mercantile centre, the chief town of the Hanseatic League, where such traditions of freedom as have survived Prussian militarist domination may still find play. That the German censorship allowed the Hamburg report to pass the frontier would imply recognition by the censorship authorities that what Hamburg expected the Government to reply was an inevitable development in the nature of things.

There is, however, no serious disposition to question the intrinsic accuracy of the reports that have come through Holland, though at the same time it is pointed out that they have no official backing. The rapidity, not to say haste, with which Germany is making its successive replies to President Wilson is believed to have special significance. The military situation alone would not account for it.

The domestic situation may possibly afford the explanation. Before the menace of impending revolution all the saner elements in Germany may have realized that only by surrender can the country be saved from the fate of Russia. Kaiserism being no longer possible after an inglorious war, all speed must be made to erect a from of government which will at the same time satisfy the President's demands and save the nation from the wreckage of revolution. The German bourgeoisie, the industrial, and mercantile classes, may be the moving influence.

That the Kaiser's position is untenable is admitted, but it is not expected that he will go immediately. It seems likely that he will remain to give at least outward support to Prince Max of Baden, whose position is apparently strengthened by a promise of Socialist cooperation.

The German Socialists have proved to possess real qualities in times of crisis and are at the present moment the coolest party in Germany. Their leaders have been of great assistance to the Government and it is assumed that their advent to power, if such is ordained, will not mean anarchy.

A Socialist or semi-Socialist Ministry might contain many elements of stability. It would prove as capable as the reactionaries. In keeping order, if the old police refused to co-operate, the Socialists would be capable of creating a new force.

Neutrals who left Berlin recently bring news of crowds and effervescence, but they saw no machine guns or acts of violence by the police.

It can be said that the London viewpoint is that, while every avenue to a safe peace will be left open, the utmost caution will be shown in closing every gate through which German militarism might hope to escape the doom to which it is destined. Though there is reason to hope that peace will come, to predict it with certainty would even yet be premature. Lord Grey's words at Central Hall the other day, "Peace is in sight, but not yet within reach," have just been recalled to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent by a man in high position, who, speaking with a knowledge of the latest developments, added:

"Perhaps peace is now coming within reach."

## WASHINGTON SKEPTICAL.

### Anything Proposed by Germany Will Be Examined with Most Critical Eyes.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Germany must accept the terms laid down and the conditions precedent set forth in President Wilson's latest note to the Berlin Government, in the opinion of official Washington. How early the capitulation will come, how soon Germany's form of Government must be changed, and when the necessary guarantees for the maintenance of the present military superiority of the allied powers will be given appear to be the only matters in doubt in diplomatic, Congressional, and official circles.

There are two groups of opinion. One thinks that there is yet a great element of resistance in the German military machine and that its masters are not yet ready to yield. The other believes that the German General Staff and the Hohenzollerns are on the verge of surrender to the terms of the allied powers. Both groups believe that Germany will come around to acceptance of the conditions precedent laid down by President Wilson, but there is strong disinclination in high official quarters to believe that Germany is going to yield all at once.

The expectation in well-informed quarters is that events will soon show that the Germans are sensitive, both as to the point of the kind of reforms to be made in their Government and with regard to the character of the safeguards and guarantees that will be required by President Wilson and the Allies, acting on the word of Marshal Foch and the Generals associated with him, before the granting of an armistice.

The best line that has been received through official channels regarding the situation in Germany is regarded as indicating that the Kaiser and the great General Staff of the Germans are now convinced that they cannot win the war, and that the point with them is merely what they save out of the wreckage for the German Government and people. Study of this information by responsible officials inclines them to the opinion that the constituted authorities in Germany are now playing the game of trying to swing public opinion in allied nations into a premature peace discussion, with a view to gaining through interpretation and application of the peace terms laid down by President Wilson what could not otherwise be obtained.

Conflicting reports reached Washington today, through news channels, regarding the internal situation in Germany, where the first publication of the note has been greeted with outbursts of resentment against President Wilson's decision that the autocratic power which led Germany and the world into this war must be destroyed or so shorn as to render it impossible for the military masters of Germany to again disturb the peace of the world.

The reports that attracted the most interest here were those saying that Germany's answer would be an acceptance of President Wilson's terms, but only under the condition that Germany's interests and those of the German people "are guaranteed." If this is the character of the reply it will get be acceptable to the Washington Government, although it might be interpreted as a step in the direction of surrender.

Next in interest was the later report coming via Copenhagen tonight indicating that steps were being taken, designed to meet President Wilson's objections to the German autocratic form of Government. One of these is described as the amendment by the Federal Council of article 2, of the German Constitution, so as to require the consent of the Federal Council and the Reichstag for a declaration of war in the empire's name, except in cases where Imperial territory has been invaded or its coasts attacked. The Kaiser alone has in the past had the power to declare war and make peace. This and other changes in the German Constitution will, however, be very carefully considered by the Washington Government before it will be wheeled into accepting them as marking real steps toward the breaking up of the autocratic power that has hitherto ruled in Germany.

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# 654 NEW CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED BY PERSHING; TOTAL NOW IS 52,206

## 174 Dead and 432 Wounded Named in New Army Lists

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The War Department gave out two casualty lists today, which contained 654 names, bringing the total for the army up to 48,671. No Marine Corps casualties were reported, but the total previously announced for that arm was 3,535, bringing the total for both branches of the service up to 52,206.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 39 killed in action, 31 died of wounds, 7 died of accident and other causes, 47 died of disease, 254 severely wounded, 178 wounded to a degree undetermined, 43 missing and 5 prisoners.

**SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.**

| Deaths. | Previously Reported. | Reported Oct. 16. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Killed in action | 9,110 | 89 | 9,199 |
| Lost at sea | 291 | .. | 291 |
| Died of wounds | 3,286 | 31 | 3,317 |
| Died of accident and other causes | 1,066 | 7 | 1,073 |
| Died of disease | 2,552 | 47 | 2,599 |
| Total | 16,305 | 174 | 16,479 |
| Wounded | 26,036 | 432 | 26,468 |
| Missing, including prisoners | 5,676 | 48 | 5,724 |
| Total | 48,017 | 654 | 48,671 |

**ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED OCT. 16.**

The following army casualties, including names of next of kin and emergency addresses, were issued today:

**KILLED IN ACTION—89.**

**Lieutenant.**

**JEWELL, WILLIAM A.**; T. H. Jewell, Ben Avon, Penn.

**Sergeants.**

**GOLDBERG, ISRAEL F.**; **D. Goldberg, Yonkers, N. Y.**

ATKINSON, ALBERT; Mrs. S. Atkinson, Doylestown, Penn.
GREAVES, ALBERT; Mrs. S. W. Greaves, Somerville, Mass.
IRWIN, HAL A.; G. E. Irwin, Carsseville, Mo.
KRAFT, HELMUTH F.; F. E. Kraft, New Braunfels, Texas.
MOORE, RUSSELL H.; Mrs. A. Moore, Philadelphia, Penn.
REED, GLEN M.; M. H. Reed, Auxvasse, Mo.
ROOB, RAYMOND R.; M. Roob, Cleveland, Ohio.

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**GOTTI, ALBERT J.**; **Mrs. M. Gotti, New Rochelle, N. Y.**
**KLAIBER, C. J.**; **Mrs. C. Nixon, Buffalo, N. Y.**
**BECKER, FRED A.**; **Mrs. V. Becker, Weehawken, N. J.**
**BROWNLEE, JOSEPH**; **W. Brownlee, Paterson, N. J.**
**DOUGHTY, C.**; **Mrs. E. M. Doughty, Fair Haven, N. J.**
**JONES, LAWRENCE E.**; **A. Jones, Almonesson, N. J.**

BRYAN, GUY M.; Mrs. J. Bryan, Spokane, Wash.
COOPER, MERLE C.; W. H. Cooper, Sand Springs, Okla.
DOYLE, EDWARD; Mrs. E. Doyle, Yardley, Penn.
FRYE, DALEY; Mrs. Daley Frye, Sasulpa, Okla.
HENDRIX, JAMES E.; W. J. Hendrix, Roy, Ala.
JONES, ROGERS C.; J. D. Jones, Fort Worth, Texas.
OEHLER, FRED; G. P. Oehler, Uhrichsville, Ohio.
ROMACK, FRANCIS R.; Miss L. Romack, Katy, Texas.
SHARP, FRANK W.; Mrs. Sharp, Sterling, Kan.
WATKINS, EMERYS M.; A. Watkins, Follansbee, W. Va.

**Mechanic.**

**CHAPMAN, LESLIE K.**; **A. L. Chapman, Auburn, N. Y.**

**Wagoners.**

HISER, CLELL; Mrs. J. Hiser, Kiefer, Okla.
SATTLER, LOUIS; F. Sattler, Pittsburgh, Penn.

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**CHAMBERS, JOSEPH C.**; **J. Dutty, 348 W. 50th St., N. Y.**
**COLLINS, JOHN A.**; **Mrs. B. Collins, 159 E. 75th St., N. Y.**
**CUOZZO, GIUSEPPE**; **D. Cuozzo, Buffalo, N. Y.**
**CLARK, MERLIN H.**; **M. Kingsley, Pottersville, N. Y.**
**DREZWICKI, RAPHAEL A.**; **Mrs. Antonette Drezwicki, 635 Humboldt St., Brooklyn, N. Y.**
**FERRARESE, JOHN**; **P. Schino, Nyack, N. Y.**
**MARONA, GEORGE**; **F. Lauria, 223 Mott St., N. Y.**
**THOMPSON, W. J.**; **Mrs. A. Thompson, New Brighton, N.Y.**
**WEHNER, CHARLES J.**; **J. Wehner, Syracuse, N. Y.**
**D'ESPOSITO, ANIELLO**; **T. D'Esposito, Jersey City, N. J.**
**LUNDBERG, R.**; **Mrs. C. Lundberg, Perth Amboy, N. J.**
**WOODRUFF, JAMES**; **I. Woodruff, Palmyra, N. J.**
**DAWSON, GEORGE A.**; **A. Dawson, Norwich, Conn.**

ADAMS, HERMAN W.; J. Adams, Johnstown, Penn.
ALLEN, EMMET F.; R. McBride, Greenfield, Iowa.
ATRIANO, ELIA; F. D'Isinane, Elverson, Penn.
AUFMUTH, ARTHUR A.; F. Aufmuth, Cleveland, Ohio.
BRUCE, FLOYD; Mrs. F. Bruce, Big Sandy, Mont.
BASTIAN, ANTON C.; C. C. Bastian, Wayne, Neb.
BJERKEN, H. L.; L. D. Bjerken, Germantown, Minn.
BOYER, CHARLES G.; H. B. Boyer, Green Lane, Penn.
BRADLEY, FRED A.; Mrs. F. Bradley, Trenton, Penn.
CHRISTIE, MAYNARD L.; Mrs. A. Christie, Helena, Mont.
CADWALLADER, ARTHUR W.; Miss I. Cadwallader, West Lebanon, Ind.
CHARLESON, EDWARD; Mrs. B. Charleson, Chicago, Ill.
CLEMENT, ROY L.; Clement, St. Anne, Ill.
COLL, JAMES A.; Mrs. M. McDonnell, Philadelphia, Penn.
DAVIS, JEFF B.; Mrs. A. M. Davis, Denton, Texas.
DAWSON, ERNEST B.; Mrs. E. Dawson, Stillwater, Okla.
FRANK, HARRY J.; G. Frank, Pittsburgh, Pa.
FRANK, LEONARD; Frank, Leonard, Minn.
GAETINO, HARRY; Mrs. M. Gaetino, Cleveland, Ohio.
GRAHAM, CHARLES E.; Mrs. C. Graham, Dixon, Ill.
HEBNER, LEONARD W.; J. Hebner, Altoona, Pa.
HUDSON, PAUL; P. W. Kuhn, Glasgow, Penn.
ISAACSON, V. S.; Mrs. M. Isaacson, Battle Creek, Mich.
LEE, RAYMOND W.; C. Lee, Waterbury, Vt.
LEWIS, WILLIE C.; Mrs. M. L. Lewis, Carter, Ky.
LONG, EDWARD B.; E. B. Long, Louisville, Texas.
MCCLEARLY, JOHN A.; A. McClearly, Black Hawk, La.
MAGGARD, HENRY; J. Maggard, Van, Ky.
MARTIN, STEVEN; J. Martin, Donora, Penn.
MOTTERT, FRED; Mrs. J. Mottert, St. Louis, Mo.
PRITCHETT, TONER; Mrs. P. Pritchett, Tahlequah, Okla.
QUILLEN, JEFF; Mrs. B. Quillen, Clinton, Ala.
RACHAL, POWELL; E. R. Stanfield, Wilda, La.
RILEY, EDWARD M.; N. H. Riley, Burlington, Vt.
ROUSE, CLAUD; Mrs. S. B. Rouse, Galena, Ill.
SHIELDS, LEX; W. T. Shields, Blenville, La.
SANDSTROM, ARTHUR J.; Sandstrom, Rockford, Ill.
SHIRLEY, ALONZO S.; E. W. Shirley, Clanton, Ala.
SIPE, CHARLES H.; Mrs. L. Sipe, York, Penn.
SPURLOCK, HILLIARY; Mrs. A. Spurlock, Ozark, Ala.
STERNBERG, ARNOLD L.; Mrs. A. V. Sternberg, San Antonio, Texas.
STILLITANO, S.; Mrs. A. Stillitano, Ciro Marina, Italy.
SWAFFAR, WILLIE; W. L. Swaffar, Tupolo, Okla.
VITALETTI, FORTUNATO; A. Vitaletti, Ancona, Italy.
VALLEY, SAMUEL; Mrs. R. Valley, Sanford, Me.
WITHROW, OTIS L.; C. C. Withrow, Buffalo, W. Va.

**DIED FROM WOUNDS—31.**

**Captain.**

**MARTIN, WM. B.**; Mrs. J. Q. Martin, Hazlehurst, Miss.

**Sergeants.**

GRAUER, S. G.; Mrs. C. E. Grauer, Reading, Penn.
MERREM, EDGAR F.; Mrs. L. Merrem, Moulton, Texas.

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**LASHER, JOHN K., JR.**; **Mrs. J. K. Lasher, Yonkers, N.Y.**

ALLISON, EDGAR B.; J. S. Allison, Baltimore, Md.
BOWIE, BENJAMIN; Mrs. A. Bowie, Los Angeles, Cal.
MOLTZEN, G. W.; Mrs. M. L. Moltzen, Hallevville, Okla.

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**CROMARTY, W.**; **J. Goodsire, 5 Orchard St., Liberty, N. Y.**
**DISAPPIO, PAUL**; **Antonto Disappio, 246 E. 80th St., N.Y.**
**FIERMONTE, G.**; **D. Sintollo, 432 Burnett Av., Syracuse, N.Y.**
**GOSSOO, WILLIAM**; **Mrs. M. Gossoo, Shandaken, N. Y.**
**GUILEFUSS, C. F.**; **Mrs. Alfaretta Guilefuss, Athens, N. Y.**
**HOFF, C. T.**; **Mrs. N. Hoff, 7 Matthew St., Binghamton, N.Y.**
**KULAC, JULIAN**; **Mrs. Antino Blizenska, Harrower, N. Y.**
**KUPSICK, HARRY**; **Mrs. Mary Kupsick, 18 Jenkins St., Saranac Lake, N. Y.**
**LEONARD, CLARENCE T.**; **Belle V. Leonard, 12 Hanson Av., Glendale, N. Y.**
**ALVATER, C. C.**; **G. H. Alvater, R. F. D. 1, Pittstown, N.J.**
**EMMONS, L.**; **Mrs. H. Sherman, 434 Bergen St., New'k, N.J.**
**LEWIS, F. E.**; **Mrs. M. Lewis, 38 N. 3d St., Newark, N. J.**
**MARTY, C.**; **Mrs. J. Marty, Main St., Woodbridge, N. J.**

BECK, Conrad R.; Edwin Beck, Waltham, Minn.
BRICE, CHARLIE; Mrs. Ann Martin, Marion, Ala.
BROOKS, LEO A.; Mrs. Susan Brooks, Duluth, Minn.
BURK, JAMES; Mrs. Ida Burk, Crescent, Ohio.
COLE, CASSIE HIRAM; Mrs. M. Ellen Cole, Sulphur, Okla.
CRAVENS, MATHA E.; Mrs. Mathilda Cravens, Eller, Ky.
GAUGHN, Thomas J.; John J. Gaughn, St. Paul, Minn.
LEWIS, JAMES A.; Mrs. Rachel H. Lewis, Welnert, Texas.
MARSHLAY, WM. B.; Mrs. Martha Barclay, Sturgeon, Penn.
OVERLIE, ORIN A.; Mrs. Amelia Overlie, Albert Lea, Minn.

**DIED OF DISEASE—47.**

**Chaplain.**

**HAWKINS, THOMAS J.**; Mrs. E. Hawkins, Detroit, Mich.

**Sergeants.**

COUTRY, LEO J.; Mrs. D. Kauffman, Lewistown, Penn.
GARIEPY, HENRY; T. Gariepy, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.
KAHN, HENRY; Mrs. Louis Kahn, Chicago, Ill.
LARSON, ALMAR C.; Louis Larson, Clifton, Texas.
SOUTH, CLARE; Mrs. Alberta South, Chicago, Ill.

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**MIRAN, SIDNEY J.**; **John Miran, Millerton, N. Y.**

HEWSON, ROBERT J., JR.; Mrs. Mary E. Hewson, Philadelphia, Penn.
O'CONNOR, LAWRENCE S.; Mrs. J. Mack, Lancaster, Ohio.
SHONE, HARRY H.; Mrs. Phebe Shone, Oakland, Cal.

**Wagoner.**

SMITH, FRANK; Mrs. Cornelia Smith, Saugatuck, Mich.

**Cooks.**

FISHER, WILLIAM; Mrs. B. Fisher, Norristown, Penn.
STIDHAM, WM. H.; Mrs. M. C. Stidham, Oak Ridge, Me.

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**BLUMENTHAL, L.**; **Mrs. S. Blumenthal, 296 Brook Av., N.Y.**
**CUNNINGHAM, HAROLD B.**; **Thomas Hall, 316 West Boston Post Road, Mamaroneck, N. Y.**
**EMERICH, CLARENCE J.**; **Stephen Emerich, Webster, N.Y.**
**GOODALE, GEORGE F.**; **Miss Delia T. Charman, 135 Milton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.**
**GRIFFIN, LOUIS J.**; **Mrs. G. Hickox, Macedon, N. Y.**

BAKER, ELIJAH; Mrs. Luna Baker, Boyking, Va.
BRIEVE, JOSEPH; Frank A. Brieve, Holland, Mich.
BRONSTEIN, BENJAMIN; C. Bronstein, Philadelphia, Pa.
BUTTON, ALBERT; Mrs. E. Walker, Chicago, Ill.
BUTTON, A. H.; Mrs. A. [illegible], New Milford, Penn.
CHAPMAN, LEANDER; Mrs. Ella J. Chapman, Novelty, Ohio.
COSTELLO, ROBERT J.; Mrs. Bridget Costello, Elgin, Ill.
CAREY, ANDERSON B.; Mrs. Anna T. Carey, Charlotte Court House, Va.
CLINTON, ERNEST L.; Will Clinton, York, S. C.
CONLEY, ROY PEARL; Mrs. R. Conley, Andrews, N. C.
COX, ROBERT; Mrs. Jessie Cox, East Peoria, Ill.
CREWS, PAUL E.; John W. Crews, Vanoma, Okla.
DOUGLAS, [illegible]; Mrs. Dora Clare Pen-
GREEN, JOE Z.; Mrs. Alice Green, Mount Enterprise, Tex.
HACKER, [illegible]; Mrs. Joe Hackett, Sr., Buffalo, Wyo.
HALLDORSON, RALPH E.; John Halldorson, Chicago, Ill.
HAMBLETON, HORACE E.; Mrs. Mary E. Hambleton, Lancaster, Penn.
HANSON, ARTHUR; H. Hanson, R.F.D.2, Fairbault, Minn.
HAVER, THOMAS W.; J. D. Haver, Chrichsville, Ohio.
HYATT, RAYMOND E.; J. S. Hyatt, Mineral Wells, Texas.
KELLY, JAMES JOSEPH; Mrs. L. J. Kelly, Toledo, Ohio.
KOETTER, BERNARD J.; Mrs. C. Koetter, Minster, Ohio.
MCARTHY, LLOYD S.; Mrs. M. S. McCarthy, Malden, Mass.
MARR, HARRISON; Mrs. N. H. Schappell, Allentown, Pa.
MAYBAUM, HAROLD; Mrs. D. Maybaum, Ainsworth, Ind.
RICHARDSON, JACOB; M. Burrows, New Orleans, La.
ROSS, FLOYD D.; Alvin Marsh, Vicksburg, Mich.
SCOPEL, GIOVANNI; Abele Scopel, Barre, Vt.

**DIED FROM ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES.—7.**

**Sergeants.**

ELLIS, FIFE W., Jr.; Prof. D. W. Ellis, Jr., Chattanooga, Tenn.
HUFF, JAMES O.; Mrs. Edith May Huff, Euchee, Tenn.

**Privates.**

**HEAVEY, HARRY**; **Mrs. Mary F. Heavey, 65 Clinton Av., Jersey City, N. J.**

KUNZ, WM. C.; Mrs. Bertha Kunz, Beaver, Wis.
MARCAURELE, N.; J. L. Marc-Aurele, Worcester, Mass.
RUFFIN, GEORGE; Mrs. Mittie Ruffin, Birmingham, Ala.
VANHOLSBECK, F. C.; Mrs. I. Vanholsbeck, Mishawaka, Ind.

**WOUNDED SEVERELY—253.**

**Lieutenants.**

**HOWARD, LYNN**; **Mrs. Irene Howard, 51 Lathrop Av., Binghamton, N. Y.**

LANOUETTE, K. H.; J. E. Lanouette, Roxbury, Mass.
PFEIFFER, R. R.; Mrs. N. F. Pfeiffer, Chicago, Ill.

**Sergeant Major.**

BENTZONI, WM. R.; Chas. Bentzoni, Stroudsburg, Penn.

**Sergeants.**

**GUNTHER, BRUNO, JR.**; **Mrs. E. Gunther, 231 Grand Av., N.Y.**
**TOOLE, J. L.**; **Mrs. F. Toole, 280 10th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.**
**UNKAUF, W.**; **Mrs. M. Unkauf, 215 Seward St., Syracuse, N.Y.**

ALLISON, PRESTON; E. P. Allison, Longview, Texas.
ARTLRBURY, H. P.; J. E. Arterbury, Fort Worth, Texas.
BEIST, EARL; Mrs. Pearl Davis, Aurora, Col.
BARNES, HORACE W.; Mrs. B. Taylor, Fort Wayne, Ind.
DIXON, LORIE; Mrs. W. T. Dixon, Macon, Ga.
DOBBINS, ANDREW; Mrs. V. Lue Truitt, Anniston, Ala.
DWYRER, EDWIN J.; Mrs. E. Dwyer, Philadelphia, Penn.
EDWARDS, LOY; Dr. W. E. Addison, Provencal, La.
ESSEX, ALBERT; D. A. Crist, Delaware, Ohio.
FORTUN, ARTHUR T.; Mrs. N. T. Fortun, Lyle, Minn.
HANSON, JENS P.; C. J. Hansen, Oconomowoc, Wis.
HEHERIN, M. M., Jr.; M. M. Meherin, San Francisco, Cal.
MITCHELL, ARDEN H.; J. A. Mitchell, Trinidad, Col.
MCCLLDOWNEY, S. A.; Mrs. L. Mcaldowney, Stricklett, Ky.
MATUS, FRANK J.; John Matus, Marion, Iowa.
SCHMIDT, JOHN C.; Ludwig Schmidt, Portsmouth, Ohio.
SILCOCK, GEORGE; Wm. Silcock, Flint, Mich.
ZAHN, JOSEPH; Mrs. J. Zahn, Lima, Ohio.

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**HAUCK, R. E.**; **Helen Langstine, 309 College Av., Elmira, N.Y.**
**MALONEY, ANDY**; **Mrs. Kate Manion, 106 E. 101st St., N.Y.**
**MANDRACCHIA, RAYMOND MARY**; **Mrs. Sina Mandracchia, 164 East 103d St., N. Y.**
**WARD, ROY R. H.**; **Mrs. J. Ward, 547 W. 121st St., N. Y.**
**JACOBS, FRANK WILLIAM**; **Peter Jacobs, 120 East Main St., Torrington, Conn.**

BUELOW, AUGUST L.; Miss A. Buelow, Jefferson, Wis.
BARRICK, RALPH RAY; Geo. Barrick, Muskegon, Mich.
BEULIEU, R. C.; Mrs. Orpha Beulieu, White Lake, Wis.
CREGNAN, W. J.; W. J. Creenan, Philadelphia, Penn.
CURRY, F. P.; Mrs. Onie C. Curry, Lindale, Texas.
CONLEY, JAMES E.; Mrs. G. Diehl, St. Louis, Mo.
COURNAYA, E. L.; G. Cournaya, Manistique, Mich.
FRANKLIN, JAMES W.; C. Franklin, Crossnore, N. C.
HUNTER, ROY C.; J. Hunter, Barnard, Kan.
HERRICK, M. T.; Mrs. C. Lucas, Montoursville, Penn.
JORDAN, JAMES A.; G. W. Jordan, Sparta, Wis.
JOHNSON, BENJAMIN F.; B. P. Johnson, Rapidan, Va.
LILLARD, SMITH A.; Y. Carter, McCurtain, Okla.
MAGUIRE, J. A.; Mrs. L. R. Maguire, London, England.
MCDOWELL, JAMES A.; Mrs. M. McDowell, Chicago, Ill.
MANNING, RALPH E.; J. J. Manning, Hudson, Mass.
RUDD, HENRY W.; W. N. Rudd, Madisonville, Ky.
RYAN, GEORGE J.; Mrs. E. Ryan, Chicago, Ill.
SHATTUCK, PAUL; Miram C. Shattuck, Sparta, Mich.
SWAIN, WALTER L.; Mrs. E. Swain, Kansas City, Kan.
SCOTT, H. B.; P. Scott, Mount Sterling, Ky.
TANT, ORDIE W.; W. M. Tant, Tallassee, Ala.
WOLF, JACOB H.; Mrs. M. C. Wolf, St. Louis, Mo.
WOLRKOM, D. VAN; Hvan Woorkom, Grand Haven, Mich.

**Buglers.**

CURLEY, A. W.; S. Bogdanwiz, Baltimore, Md.
MANNO, MIKE W.; Joe Manno, Straight, Penn.

**Mechanic.**

CAMPBELL, F. X.; A. Campbell Philadelphia, Penn.

**Wagoners.**

**DUFFES, WILLIAM**; **Mrs. Lillian Duffes, Washington Av., Cedarhurst, N. Y.**

BEMENT, C. J.; Mrs. Eva Bement, Miles City, Mon.
CLAYTON, C. F.; Mrs. Abbie McNett, Bent, N. M.

**Cook.**

**WALLACE, CHARLES CLARENCE**; **Mrs. Susan Dressler, 328 Belmont Av., Newark, N. J.**

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**ARNOLD, HARRY H.**; **Mrs. Nellie Arnold, 340 Farnum St., Wellsville, N. Y.**
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**BUSZKA, F.**; **Mrs. M. Buszka, 138 Ashley St., Buffalo, N.Y.**
**BISNER, H. J.**; **A. Bisner, 8 Factory St., Cohoes, N. Y.**
**BROARDT, GEORGE FRANK**; **Joseph Broardt, 1,538 Genesee St., Buffalo, N. Y.**
**COHEN, GUS**; **Mrs. Anna Cohen, 1,485 Vyse Av., N. Y.**
**D'AMATO, ROCCO**; **Mrs. A. D'Amato, 353 W. 41st St., N.Y.**
**GUENTHER, E. A.**; **Mrs. A. J. Guenther, Bowmansville, N.Y.**
**GULLIKSEN, H.**; **Mrs. McDonald, 278 22d St., So, B'klyn, N.Y.**
**HAINES, HARRY H.**; **Mrs. M. Haines, Bay Shore, N. Y.**
**HOCKNELL, BENJAMIN F.**; **Mrs. Anna Hocknell, 3,709 Jerome Av., Woodhaven, Long Island, N. Y.**
**HATLEY, JOHN M.**; **Mrs. J. M. Hatley, Ogdensburg, N. Y.**
**LA DUE, E. J.**; **Mrs. A. La Due, R. F. D. 2, Norfolk, N.Y.**
**McCARTHY, Eugene J.**; **Mrs. Eugene McCarthy, 212 Riverdale Av., Yonkers, N. Y.**
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TRASCHER,

# AMERICANS SAVED PEOPLE OF LAON

## Relief Committee Prevented a Famine While the Germans Exacted Their Toll.

## DEEP GRATITUDE FOR HELP

### French Advance Rolls On Over a Region Once a Buttress of the Enemy's Line.

By G. H. PERRIS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Oct. 15.—Every man going up by Laon on the French front, on the Serre, must pass over the Aisne Heights and then down across the Ailette and the canal and through that wooded valley beside the black buttress of the St. Gobain massif. This countryside, for four years the cornerstone of the German fortification in France, can now be seen as a whole, and I doubt whether in any of the theatres of war there is a landscape in which so much of horror is held in a setting so brilliant.

Seen from a distance on either side, from the south bank of the Marne or the north bank of the Ailette, the two valleys and the hills beyond are masses of varied color, for the woods have put on their brightest Autumn dress. Across them from the south to the north flows the torrent of the French advance, a double line of traffic which constantly gets tied up in little knots that are unravelled with wonderful speed.

Field guns on motor lorries, and heavier pieces with their caissons jolting over the broken roads, columns of marching infantry, ambulance cars, wagons full of provisions not only for the army but for the liberated populations—all is like the immense trek of a host advancing into a desert.

The stream flows slowly through villages smashed to chalky rubble, through old trenches and wire fields, by old dugouts and observatories, dumps and dressing stations. Children of the tropics, with black or yellow faces and gleaming eyes, watch it. Old Territorials watch it. In intervals of their road mending, posts left behind to clear up the litter of the battlefield watch the youngsters going up bravely to victory and death.

**Where History Was Made.**

The story of the Chemin des Dames, of La Faux and Malmaison, of the vast Mont Parnasse Cavern, where I spent a momentous day last Christmas; of the slopes where we were chased by boche airmen, the story of Craonne and Hurtebise, is closed. It and its deeds of valor and humble, silent sacrifices are things of the past, a part of history that will shine in the records.

For the moment it is eclipsed, but I think that when this bright sun sets and the neighboring woods lose their color, and the roads of war fall dim and cold, then the ghosts of the dead will walk among these abandoned trenches. Broken wire will not hinder, nor poisonous odors disturb them. There is no longer even a signpost to show where, among the deep craters, once ran the Ladies' Way, but they will know. Let us leave it to them—this Golgotha between two shining valleys; let us leave it as it is.

In all, it is for me an indescribable foulness and oppression, to be for all time a lesson to mankind. And some day, for those who cannot come so far to learn, a new Dante may find a magic pen to put into worthy words the pictures from which I turn away for the last time with clouded eyes and harrowed memory.

**Deportations by the Foe.**

Last night I could send only a hurried note of what the good folk of Labn told me about their four years' martyrdom. These things should be told with scrupulous exactitude. It is not exact to say that any hostages were taken away in the German retreat. Twenty-four inhabitants, twelve being men, and twelve women, were deported in January last, and the Germans interned the men in Russia and the women at Holtzminden, on the pretext that France had similarly taken Alsatian hostages. By an arrangement signed at Berne, these exiles were either returned to Laon or repatriated to France last April.

The Mayor, Senator Hermant, was removed on Saturday, not as a hostage, but on the pretext that he must give an account of his stewardship to the American Relief Committee. As he could do that as well at Paris, it is evident that the real reason was to prevent him from speaking to his countrymen. Three hundred mobilizable men were also taken, and presumably are now working for their captors or are in prison camps.

Had it not been for the noble work of the American Relief Committee, the people of Laon, as of all the invaded regions, would long ago have suffered actual famine. That most of them are alive is due to no mercy or administrative capacity of the German Army, but to the committee and to it alone. This should never be forgotten. The invaders have simply used this philanthropic work, together with their system of requisition, taxation, and fines, to procure hand labor without cost to themselves while they were sucking out all the natural or accumulated wealth of the country.

**German System of Exaction.**

Broadly, the system was this: First, the population was, as far as possible, compelled by petty persecution to change its French coin or notes into German paper money; but there is still gold in Laon, and even a little German gold. Next, the able-bodied were called, under pressure of fines, to labor at a pittance which the municipality was required to pay in municipal notes. Then, under pretense of continuing the French taxation and on the old scale, the whole community was subjected to a levy, ostensibly to pay the costs of the German administration, though in a civil sense there was no administration, no public service, no social organization, and no protection. The municipality has had to issue several millions of francs of paper money on its own credit for these purposes.

Finally, the people have been compelled to sell to the Germans, always for nearly worthless paper, their cushions, copper utensils, and other articles particularly wanted, and they have been subject to various punitive impositions. For instance, the town was twice fined $25,000 because aviators had thrown bombs on it. Why have houses, shops, and even large cavalry barracks not been destroyed, while many neighboring farm buildings have been fired or blown up partly?

**City Escaped Bombardment.**

Travelers by the Calais route to Switzerland will remember that Laon is situated on a lonely hill. It fell simply by threat of envelopment. There was no fighting in the town, where only a hundred German soldiers remained, and it was not bombarded by either army. There could be, therefore, no military excuse for its destruction. It may be also that the threat of reprisals has had some effect. The German mind is a queer thing, and I do not pretend to explain it.

General Mangin gave me a copy of a leaflet of vulgar abuse of President Wilson, dropped by aviators on the town, as a sort of farewell message. More imbecile attempt at propaganda it would be difficult to imagine. The answer was unconsciously given to me in very pretty terms by a woman who came up to an American colleague and myself while we were making our inquiries, and smilingly asked who we were. On being told that we were an American and an Englishman, she hesitated a moment and in a flash replied:

"Ah, but you are Frenchmen also."

As a proud certificate of naturalization, this is not a legal change, but a spiritual addition. The old patriotism is not less, but is refined by fire, and this fellowship is added. Soldiers, nurses, canteen girls, helpers of refugees, ambulance men, and all witnesses of France's passage through the hell of Prussian aggression, find this reward, to be baptized Frenchman also.

**Dinner in General White's Honor.**

Friends of Brig. Gen. W. A. White, C. B., C. M. G., will give a dinner for him this evening in the Crystal Room of the Ritz-Carlton. About fifty army and navy officers and civilians are expected, among them Brig. Gen. L. R. Kenyon, C. B.; Lieut. Col. F. W. Abbot, Lieut. Col. Jack Giffard, Lieut. Col. Walter Wilson, D. S. O., and others. General White has been head of the British and Canadian Recruiting Mission in this country.

# NO SEDAN IN SIGHT, SAYS GEN. MAURICE

## Deprecates Exaggerated Views of the Military Position on the Western Front.

## ENEMY STILL VERY STRONG

### Has 4,000,000 Men in Line, and His Retreat Has Been Well Carried Out.

By Major Gen SIR FREDERICK MAURICE.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The excitement of the last few days has led not unnaturally to some exaggerated views of the military position on the western front. That position is extraordinarily favorable, but we do not improve it by overestimating the chances in our favor. The Germans have given us a lesson in the dangers of exaggeration, which it behooves us not only to remember, but to mark and learn. There has been talk of cutting off whole German armies, of another and greater Sedan, but I confess that I cannot see any immediate likelihood of a military cataclysm overtaking the German armies in the west.

As a result of Sir Douglas Haig's victory of Oct. 8, the Germans have been compelled to withdraw to the Hunding and Kriemhilde lines, just as by his victory of Aug. 8 they were compelled to retreat to the Hindenburg line. This second retreat has not yet been quite completed, and already the Americans north of Verdun are breaching the Kriemhilde line. The French at Soissons are breaking into the Hunding line, while we at Le Cateau and Solesmes are menacing the northern extension of the Hunding system. It is extremely doubtful, then, whether the Germans will be able to remain long in this new refuge. But, on the whole, their withdrawal has been well carried out. They have been counterattacking fiercely on the Selle, and there is no sign that their fighting spirit has been broken, though it certainly has been sensibly weakened.

It is a very difficult problem to cut off any considerable portion of forces numbering 4,000,000 men who are deployed on a continuous front presenting no flanks open to attack. When the enemy finds that owing to the great allied drive forward part of his troops are left in an awkward salient, he can, by making use of the great delaying powers of modern weapons, protect the flanks of the salient long enough to enable him to get his troops out of it with more or less loss in men and material. His armies, being strung out on a very wide front, can use for retreat every road and every railway behind them, and there are many railways not shown on the ordinary maps, which he has made since the beginning of the war.

In these circumstances, Sedans are hard to come by. None the less, the military situation is one of great promise, because the foe's power of meeting attack everywhere along his front has gone, and Foch's power of attacking everywhere is increasing almost daily. We have evidence of this in the recent changes which have been made in the grouping of the allied forces.

The First American Army, which earned fame at St. Mihiel and has, since that victory was won, been pressing the Germans back into and through the Kriemhilde Line, is barely two months old; and now the Second American Army is in the field. From information which has been given to us as to the number of American troops in France, we may fairly assume that it will not be long before the Third American Army makes its appearance, and in the meantime there will be no cessation in the inflow of American troops into France.

The growth of the American forces in France has enabled General Foch to withdraw the French Army from his centre and send it north to Flanders, where, in conjunction with the Belgian Army and Sir H. Plumer's Second Army, it forms a group of armies under the supreme command of King Albert.

What is now taking place in Flanders is a repetition of what occurred at the end of September. The enemy has to do his utmost to hold Sir Douglas Haig on the Selle, just as he had to do his utmost to hold him on the Cambrai-St. Quentin front, because, if we break through again and advance up the valley of the Sambre, we enforce further and hurried retreat of the enemy on the rest of the front. Similarly, he is forced for like reasons to oppose the Americans strenuously on the Meuse. This means a heavy tax on his dwindling reserves, which he can only replenish by drawing upon fronts which are for the moment less vital.

Foch's resources enable him to strike at these fronts without reducing his pressure against the others. Today he strikes in Flanders, tomorrow it may be somewhere else, and this is a process which he can continue until the Germans know enough to adopt a tone acceptable to the Allies. We have, therefore, to bear in mind that even if a complete break-up of the military forces of the enemy in the west is not in sight, the military situation is so favorable as to make it certain that the enemy can be compelled to accede sooner or later to such terms as the Allies decide to demand.

Further, there are very definite indications that the enemy's internal and political difficulties are certainly as great as are his military problems, and when that is so a sudden collapse, such as we saw in the case of Bulgaria, is always a possibility. That is a situation for which we cannot be sufficiently thankful, but it can only cloud our minds at a time when we need to keep them particularly clear if we allow ourselves to expect at once developments which nothing in the military situation appears to warrant.

As was expected, President Wilson's reply to Dr. Solf insists on guarantees and adequate safeguards of our military supremacy to be determined by the military advisers of the Allied Governments, and it may be presumed that in the term military supremacy the President means naval supremacy to be included. We can unquestionably secure both.

**Naval Aviator Gates Is Missing.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Lieutenant Artemus L. Gates, naval aviator and former Captain of the Yale football team, has been missing since Oct. 4, the Navy Department has been advised by Vice Admiral Sims. The message gave no details and it was announced today that the department has asked for additional information.

**Spain Re-establishes Guarantees.**

MADRID, Oct. 15.—Constitutional guarantees have been re-established by the Cabinet. There has been a modification of the rules of censorship by the Government. The Cabinet has authorized the floating of a loan of 200,000,000 pesetas.


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No more mistakes through poor mathematicians; less inattention on the part of clerks. SOMETHING TO COMPENSATE FOR THE EXIGENCIES OF WAR SHOPPING.

# 10,000 HOUSES RAZED BY GERMANS IN LENS

### Retreating Foe Also Made Mines in the District Enormous Tanks.

### THEN FLOODED THEM ALL

### Preparation Already Made to Pump Them, but Work Will Be Long and Costly.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—The bill which the Germans will have to pay for their wanton destruction in France has been increased many millions by the deliberate damage they have done to the collieries of the Lens field, whence they were recently driven out by the British. The French Minister for the Liberated Regions, M. Le Brun, and the Minister of Mines, M. Loucheur, who went to Lens yesterday to inspect the district, report scenes of devastation that make the blood boil.

Of the 10,000 houses which constituted the garden city of Lens, formerly a workingman's paradise, not one remains standing. Every house has been deliberately razed and the gardens which surrounded most of them have been ruined for a long time to come.

The mines in every case have been flooded. The pumping alone will require nearly two years. At the great Courrieres mines, where one or two pits are already in course of restoration, every scrap of the surface organization, which was reputed the best in France, has been destroyed systematically to the last limits.

As cabled recently, measures were taken two or three years ago to begin the work of restoration immediately after the Germans were driven out. Even in view of this foresight, however, it is not believed that coal production can be resumed in the Lens mine field before eighteen months or two years, and even then only a very small proportion of the former output will be obtainable. Experts report that at least five years will be required before the pits can be brought back to their normal output.

The mines in the Lens and Douai districts before the war produced 12,000,000 tons of coal a year. All these mines were kept working during the whole period the Germans occupied the localities concerned, and an enormous quantity of coal has been extracted by them. Step by step as the Allies advanced, however, the mines have been systematically ruined. In order to prevent use being made of the mines which the Allies wrenched from the enemy the Germans made each mine an enormous tank into which all the surface water overhead was carefully directed.

The work of rehabilitating the French mines has been taken in hand by a specially created Government department, in which are represented the owners and managers of all the collieries in the invaded districts. Thanks to community ideas and plans, the necessary machinery has been ordered in series. Invaluable help has been given in this work by the British War Office.

It is estimated that the pits contain something like 100,000,000 cubic yards of water, which must be brought up from a depth averaging 1,000 feet. The machinery necessary will be the most powerful ever known for such purposes. The electric power necessary for it is estimated at 50,000 horse power. Most of the pumps have been constructed in England and with the help of the British and American troops in France.

## TURK CAPITAL KEPT UNDER GERMAN GUNS

### Black Sea Fleet Threatens to Open Fire at First Sign of Government's Defection.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—With the Berlin-Constantinople Railroad but by the allied occupation of Nish, Germany is relying upon its Black Sea fleet to hold Turkey in line. Information has been received at the State Department that the Turkish Government has been told by Berlin that the fleet will open fire on the Ottoman capital at the first sign of defection.

This German fleet consists largely of warships handed over by the Bolsheviki, but is believed here to be strong enough to control, for the present at least, the Turkish Government. It was pointed out today that, with the British forces rapidly clearing Palestine and Mesopotamia of Trukish control, Turkey must hold to Constantinople as its only hope of maintaining any power as a Government.

News from Copenhagen that Izzet Pasha has been appointed Premier and Minister of War in the new Turkish Cabinet was interpreted as meaning that Berlin still is not without a friend at court. Because of his long service as Chief of the Turkish Army Staff and his association with German officers, Izzet is looked upon as friendly to Germany.

The accuracy of reports that the Union and Progress Club, the most powerful organization in Turkey, had been closed at the demand of the Turkish Army Staff, was doubted by officials here, who said such action would be tantamount to a military revolution. If the report were true, they declared, anything might happen in Constantinople.

## POPE'S GIFT FOR GIBBONS.

### Cardinal to Receive Crucifix and Letter on His Jubilee.

ROME, Oct. 16.—The Right Rev. Pietro di Maria, the new Apostolic Delegate Delegation in Washington, has been intrusted by Pope Benedict to convey a special gift of the Pontiff to Cardinal Gibbons.

The gift, which is in honor of the Cardinal's jubilee, is a metal crucifix with figures of Christ and the Virgin Mary on it. An autograph letter by the Pope accompanies the gift.

### "Rickey" Harrison Captured.

Detectives who have been seeking Richard, known as "Rickey," Harrison since he escaped from the Tombs on Oct. 4 while he was being taken to the Criminal Courts Building in connection with the robbery of the Knickerbocker Waiters' Club at 787 Sixth Avenue on Sept. 7 arrested him in Newark last night. He will be returned to the Tombs as soon as extradition papers have been signed.

Lieutenant William Bonnett and Detective Sergt. Patrick Slevin had been waiting near the Lackawanna station in Newark for Harrison to keep an appointment with a woman. He made no resistance. In the robbery on Sept. 7 Policeman Maskill captured two men and killed a third, and was promoted to a first-grade detective for his bravery.

## 56 AMERICANS LOCATED.

### War Department Names 3 Officers and 53 Men Held in Germany.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Names of three officers and fifty-three enlisted men in German prison camps were announced today by the War Department. The officers, all of whom are at Karlsruhe, are: Lieutenants George T. Wise, Washington, D. C.; William D. Tipton, Jarrettsville, N. D., and Marvin K. Kurtis, (not fully identified.)

The list of enlisted men follows:

**At Cassel.**

CRAIG, JEFFERSON, New Castle, Penn.
BRACCIO, JOHN, Swampscott, Mass.
**CONNELLY, THOMAS, Bayonne, N. J.**
FLEMING, VAN R., Shreveport, La.
THUNEE, JOHN, Vinegar, Minn.
DAVIS, FRED, Havener, N. M.
RUBERT, NICOLAS, South River, N. J.
ROBERTSON, TOM, Brandbury, Texas.
LANGLAIS, ALFRED, Oldtown, Me.
FRANK, HENRY, Morrison, Okla.
**DULNY, DAVID, 2,931 Ridge St., New York City.**
WHITEHOUSE, EDWARD, Laddonia, Mo.
TIGNOR, MAGOR, Johnsons Mill, Va.
REEVES, HOMER, Lenad, Miss.
IOLLIION, ANTONIO, Manchester, N. H.
DEEHAN, MARTIN, Dorchester, Mass.
**GARVEY, JAMES, 134 3d St., Troy, N. Y.**

**At Rastatt.**

SCHUCKER, VERNIE, Kutztown, Penn.
KELLY, FRANK JOSEPH, Philadelphia.
RICE, CHARLES, Stoutsville, Mo.
**KEDANSKY, JACOB, 213 East 3d St., New York.**
**BETTERS, L. N., Blackbrook, N. Y.**
WISNEFSKY, STANLEY, Mount Carmel, Penn.
**ECKSTEIN, GEORGE, 322 East 71st St., New York.**
FAY, L. WILLIAM, Richmond Hill, N. Y.
BAKER, B. B., Alvy, W. Va.
**SAKOWICZ, EDWARD, Hicksville, N. Y.**
**SHITZKO, ALEXANDER, Ansonia, Conn.**
**SILIS, TONI, 224 Woolworth St., Newark, N.J.**
**CENESTEMPO, LUCA, 2,732 W. 16th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.**
**WOOD, J. A., Highbridge, N. J.**
SIMMONS, F. H., Truemans, Penn.
**ALBERT, MAX, New Brunswick, N. J.**
**RUNZ, L. A., Long Island City, N. Y.**
**GRAF, J. J., 211 E. 93th St., New York.**

**At Darmstadt.**

LOGAN, W. W., Surry, Va.

**At Giessen.**

SKARSTEN, R., Turner, Mon.

**At Strakowe.**

**HART, THOMAS, 1 Union St., Hartford, Conn.**

**At Limburg.**

BATCHELOR, AARON, Philadelphia.
HULL, ALBERT, Rocky Gap, Va.
SATHER, ALFRED, Norway.
COMFORT, S. J., Troy, Penn.
HART, FRANK, Somerville, Mass.
CARLISLE, RAYMOND, Lebanon, N. H.

**At Camps Unknown.**

**TRUINO, EMIL, 25 Dixwell Av., New Haven, Conn.**
NEER, E. P., Purcelville, Va.
**KRAJEWSKI, T. S., Saratoga Springs, N. Y.**
**STACHOWSKI, M. H., 164 Gibson St., Buffalo, N. Y.**
ZIMMER, EMERY, Beaver Dam, Wis.
BEWER, A. O., Tuscola, Ill.
TAYLOR, C. E., Silver Hill, W. Va.
SCOTT, HIRAM, Grass Creek, Ind.
**NOWOJSKY, A., 37 Bacon St., Newark, N. J.**


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Saw the refuse wood, the dead trees, drift wood, etc., that may be found everywhere; help the Government solve the fuel problem; save and make money sawing wood with this portable power; can be taken anywhere; used for all kinds of power work; uses KEROSENE or gasoline for fuel; costs but little to run; made in many sizes. CATALOG 2 free on request. Get it now.

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Comprising Fur Sets, Neckpieces, Muffs, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fur and Fur Lined Overcoats, &c., in an Attractive Variety of Skins,
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Salesman, 35 years old, recently returned from third trip through Oriental countries, desires connection at home with manufacturer interested in Oriental markets. Fifteen years' export experience and well versed in general lines of merchandise. W 673 Times Downtown.

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# Hotels and Restaurants

*will invest the*

# Entire Gross Receipts

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# LIBERTY BONDS

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## Friday, October 18th
## Saturday, October 19th

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BILTMORE
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COSMOPOLITAN
CLARIDGE
CLENDENING
COLONIAL
COLLINGWOOD
EARLE
ENDICOTT
FLANDERS
14 EAST 60TH ST.
GRAND
GREAT NORTHERN
GREENWICH
HOLLEY
HARGRAVE
HOLLAND
JUDSON
LAFAYETTE
LATHAM
McALPIN
MAJESTIC
MANHATTAN
MARGARET, Brooklyn
MARLTON
MARTINIQUE
MURRAY HILL
NAVARRE
NETHERLAND
NEW WESTERN
NORTH END
PLAZA
PRESTON
RICHMOND
RITZ-CARLTON
SAN REMO
ST. GEORGE
ST. REGIS
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THERESA
VANDERBILT
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WASHINGTON
WOLCOTT
WOODSTOCK
WOODWARD

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ALAMO
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ASSANTE & GIAQUINTO
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CAPITOL LUNCH
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CAVANAGH'S
CHURCHILL'S
CLAREMONT
DOWN, JOHN J.
FIFTH AVENUE RESTAURANT
FLEISCHER, I. P.
FRANKLIN
GARRET
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GERBEAU
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HARFENIST & BLAU
HEALY, WM.
HENRY'S
JANSEN'S
KAISER, GEORGE M.
LAFAYETTE CAFE
LALOY CAFE
LINCOLN, A. A., CO.
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LUBOLD, WM. H.
LUCHOW
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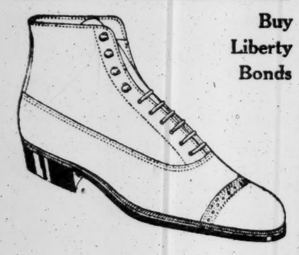

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PRISONERS TAKEN AT ST. MIHIEL... *Photographic reproduction of group of German prisoners taken by Americans passing through a French village under guard, in the Rotogravure Section of The New York Times, next Sunday. Order today.*—Adv.

# 8,390 OF OUR AIRMEN ALREADY IN FRANCE

## 6,210 Others in This Country, Col. Arnold Testified Before the House Committee.

## PLANNING TO TRAIN 30,000

### Army Program Calls for 450 Squadrons—Urges Extra Pay for Flying Cadets.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The present army aviation program contemplates training 30,000 aviators. This became known today when testimony by Colonel H. H. Arnold, as given to the House Appropriations Committee, was made public. Colonel Arnold, who appeared before the committee together with Major Gen. Kenly, chief of the army air division, told the committee that 11,000 fliers have already been trained. During the testimony it came out that there are 8,390 American fliers in France and 6,210 in this country.

Revelations of a "scandal" in the purchase of cameras for the airplanes were made when it was testified that some one in the Aviation Department had been connected with a camera company which obtained contracts. It was implied that Charles E. Hughes is looking into the matter.

It was shown that General Pershing has such faith in the value of the military balloon that he doubled his orders for them. It also developed that Sandy Hook probably will be used for a repair depot for coast defense airplanes.

Chairman Sherley of the Committee asked Colonel Arnold if there was any difficulty in obtaining candidates for fliers' commissions. The officer answered that every time a need for cadets came up more appeared than could be taken care of. He said that none, except a few men from the ranks, had been taken in since last December.

Colonel Arnold said that the army plan was, as far as possible, to get university men, and this was a recent ruling of the War Department. Enlisted men were allowed to enter, and 1,500 of them had qualified, he said.

Testifying on the Division of Military Aeronautics, Colonel Arnold said that there are now 39 balloon companies organized, and that 329 balloons had been produced to date. These, he said, would "take care" of 162 companies. He said there were two balloons to a company.

The disclosures concerning the cameras came out when Colonel Arnold gave the following testimony:

"When the photographic section first started in operation there was competition between three different firms, but for some reason or other there was some breath of scandal and that caused great delay in receiving equipment for several months. The Modiau Camera Company, the Eastman Company, and there was a third camera company, the name of which I have forgotten, bid on the cameras. It appears now that the camera which was accepted was not the most suitable for aerial photography.

"However, a certain number of them were purchased, and they are being used, but they are probably not as good as some other camera which might have been obtained at that time. The scandal part that came about was that a man in the Aviation Section was connected with the firm that was making the camera."

The Aviation Section purchased the Modiau camera, but at present, so the testimony ran, is buying a foreign-made camera and rebuilding it in this country.

At present there are in the army air service 355 squadrons, and 450 are contemplated, according to Colonel Arnold. He said 9,000 enlisted men would be obtained in September, and these would supply about sixty squadrons.

"Just what proportion depends on what General Pershing asks for," he said. "In all probability it will be about fifteen or twenty squadrons more this month, and increased until by the end of November we expect to have them all."

Extra pay for the flying cadets was asked for during the hearings. When they first went into the service, candidates for commissions received extra pay, first of $100 monthly, and then $75, because of the hazard. This was eliminated, but the aviation authorities asked that the extra $75 be restored.

# CLEMENCEAU EXHORTS AMERICA TO BUY BONDS

## *French Premier Says "This Is the Hour of the Supreme Effort."*

The French Premier, Georges Clemenceau, has issued a Liberty Loan appeal which reads in part as follows:

"The people of the United States are preparing to win a new victory. I send them the cordial greetings of France.

"You know what has to be accomplished. Fighting does not alone bring victory. Gold is needed. To equip, feed and transport your heroes, billions are necessary. You have made up your mind to lend your money and be worthy of those who are fighting.

"France, invaded and mutilated, has done its best. French people during the war have drawn on their own resources to the amount of $24,000,000,000, although a third of their wealth is still in the hands of the enemy.

"You have subscribed more than $10,000,000,000 to the Loans. You have advanced almost $7,000,000,000 to the Allies. Today a new appeal is made to you. I feel certain of your response. You will bring the billions which your Government is asking for to the service of your flag, so recently glorified on the plains of Lorraine. This is the hour of the supreme effort for the crushing of military despotism.

"Now, on all fronts, behold the dawn of victory! You soldiers are ready for the attack. Be ready for the Loan. The people of the United States who are so generously shedding their blood with us on the battlefields, where the mad ambitions of the Central Powers have led the world, will not hesitate once more to entrust their savings to the United States Treasury.

"They know that in this war of emancipation in which, as President Wilson has so well expressed it, the United States personifies Justice, there are duties at home as well as at the front. The influence of the new ties which bind all the Allies is felt in all fields, military and economic, as well as financial. Not to answer the call of the Government would be to imperil a sacred cause. I congratulate the citizens of free America, who, by subscribing, work also for victory.

"The inspired words of President Wilson have brought together the free nations of the world, and have given them the same wonderful faith in the future. All the armies of the Allies are fighting under the same leader; their commercial fleets follow the directions of the same council; their products are distributed among all countries, great or small, according to the rules of justice. Personal interests have been given up for an irresistible spirit of love and fraternity.

"Could the citizen of a free country put his wealth, won through liberty, to a more noble use, than to enlist it in the gigantic struggle, the end of which is now in sight, and which is to bring forth a better world?"

# ARMY OF 4,850,000 COVERED BY BILL

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

373, and the Department of Commerce, $983,447.

One section of the bill has met with criticism in the House from Republican members, and a political debate is predicted as a result. This section would allow the President to create a war salvage commission of seven members, at salaries "not to exceed $10,000 each." The Commission, which would exist until six months after peace has been declared, would "make a survey and study of all properties belonging to the United States, and particularly those acquired during the present war, and to recommend to Congress what use or disposition should be made of such in the interests of the Government and people of the United Sttaes." The commission would report to Congress just after the opening of each session, and would undertake investigations at the demand of the President or Congress. The sum of $250,000 is appropriated for expenses.

Swagar Sherley of Kentucky, Chairman of the Appriprations Committee, who introduced the bill today, said no cuts had been made, except those in the "best interests of the country." Speaker Cannon, speaking for the Republicans on the committee, praised Mr. Sherley, saying:

"Under his leadership there has been but one motive on each side, and that is, without partisanship, to give all the money that is necessary. During my forty years of service in this house the Appropriations Committee had never had a finer or superior Chairman."

Ceaseless prosecution of the war, said Chairman Sherley, in presenting the report, is the underlying thought back of the bill.

"This is a measure providing for the prosecution of the war with the utmost vigor and dispatch," he added. "In its preparation no consideration was given to recent peace events. No money has been denied that is believed necessary to carry on the war."

An army of nearly 5,000,000 men, eighty divisions in France and eighteen in training at home by July 1 next, is what the new program calls for. To prepare and maintain it the amount now proposed is sought in addition to $17,500,000,000 provided by the annual Army bill and the Fortifications bill. It will bring the total of appropriations and authorizations for the year up to $36,000,000,000.

Under the bill the powers of the Shipping Board would be increased so as to authorize extension of the facilities of shipyards, dry docks, marine railways and piers.

Authority is granted to the War Department to use $250,000 in developing agricultural activities on land controlled by the army.

More than half of the total of appropriations and authorizations carried in the bill is for the Ordnance Department, to permit the ordnance needs until Dec. 31, 1919, to be planned by the War Department. General Horney, head of the Ordnance Bureau, told the committee that the new program called for 14,600 new guns for the increased artillery.

The Neville Island ordnance plant, near Pittsburgh, for constructing 14, 16, and 18 inch guns, would be increased, he said, so that it would provide for the entire coast artillery needs, as well as for a part of the navy's demands. The output of ammunition at the plant would begin in December, next year, he said, with the first gun being finished early in 1920.

Only on the question of immediate enlargement of the Neville Island plant did the Appropriation Committee take issue with the War Department, declared Chairman Sherley. The committee, he said, believed it unwise to authorize an increased expenditure of $98,000,000 there, because the army program, without this, would test the productive capacity of the country, and the plant's output would not start until 1020. Meanwhile work will proceed under the previous $45,000,000 appropriation.

Requests of various departments for $3,000,000 for additional clerk hire was refused by the committee, Mr. Sherley explained, saying "the remedy for the shortage of clerks in some departments is a rearrangement of clerks among departments." The House applauded this action.

The United States will have an army of 4,850,000, with 3,600,000 in France, the remainder at home, General March told the committee on Sept. 18, as revealed in testimony made public today. During the hearings on the Deficiency bill, the Chief of Staff confirmed his statement of last Summer, that there would be eighty divisions in France, and eighteen in this country. He also said that the present officer personnel of approximately 187,000 must be doubled.

General March was heartily in favor of the enormous sums asked for by the army to meet its expenditures. He said when Germany realized that America was throwing such great sums into the war, it would have great moral effect in the empire.

"It is the best propaganda in the world for Germany," he said, "because she cannot keep her people from knowing that the United States is putting these billions of dollars into this war. It is a concrete, tangible thing, and is very important from that standpoint. They know they are becoming impoverished. They know they are getting down to bedrock, and here is this nation throwing its whole strength into it, which is a very fine thing.

"We propose," said General March, "to have 4,850,000 men, involving eighty divisions in France and eighteen divisions at home. The estimated status of the army on Sept. 17 shows that there are in the United States 1,422,768 men; there are in France, or on the high seas, en route to France, 1,708,437 men; there are in Siberia, our island possessions, and elsewhere, including the Panama garrison and Alaska garrison, 69,958 men. This gives us for the entire American Army, as well as it can be estimated today, 3,201,162 men. That does not include marines, but the number of marines turned over to the army in France or embarked for there is 19,821.

"In drawing up the military program, we have determined, first, the maximum number of troops we propose to use abroad, and then the number of troops necessary to hold in the United States to feed into those divisions. We have determined that number abroad at eighty divisions.

"The scheme that has been worked out for the whole fiscal year of the number of divisions per month that will have to be obtained in order to keep the machine going corresponds quite closely to the number of troops that we are sending abroad each month. For instance, in July we shipped six divisions abroad. As those six divisions went, carrying 300,000 men, we got from General Crowder 300,000 more men to take their places.

"In August the same thing happened. We were able to ship six divisions abroad in August, and six new divisions were organized here. In September we sent very largely S. O. S. (Service Over Seas) troops. We are shipping, or expect to ship, three divisions of combatant troops, plus the necessary S. O. S. troops, and we will form three new divisions at home. We have already, in entering upon the program, organized fifteen new divisions, and the scheme is worked out so as to arrive by June 30 to our estimate of eighty divisions.

"Our estimate of eighty divisions provides for five divisions in October, four in November, four in December, four in January, four in February, and then, during the months between that and June 30, there is to be an average of five divisions per month. We will organize so as to arrive at that point with ninety-eight divisions by June 30, 1919."

General March was asked what period of training was contemplated to keep up with the overseas demands of the army.

"I am called upon," he replied, "to send six divisions abroad per month, and the reservoir is eighteen divisions. That means that those troops will have three months of training at home before going abroad. If I am able to send only five divisions abroad per month, the amount of training at home increases, and if I send four divisions abroad per month the amount of training at home increases still further. If we have 1,500,000 men in the reservoir and we send 300,000 men abroad per month, each one of those men going abroad will have had five months' training in America."

"Is it the idea of the staff that they can by three months' training fit these troops for service abroad?" General March was asked.

"What we propose to do in the United States is to give them the maximum amount of preliminary instruction that can be obtained," he replied. "When they are sent to France they are put in training camps for the final polishing for actual trench warfare for a period of from six weeks to two months. They have trenches constructed on the ground that are exact duplicates of the trenches that they will occupy in actual warfare, and in the training the men in the trenches will have before them duplicates of the German trenches that they will try to take."

General March told the committee that reports from abroad indicated that training abroad was becoming so systematized that the period was being constantly cut down.

Chairman Sherley asked when the "maximum strength abroad" would be reached, and General March replied June 30, 1919.

"You propose to train from the raw 1,000,000 additional soldiers?" the Chairman asked.

"Yes," answered the Chief of Staff. "We will not send any one unless he has had at least two months' work at home."

When Mr. Sherley asked how many men could be taken care of in America, General March said 1,708,000 represented the maximum capacity in this country.

France is supplying the American troops abroad with divisional artillery until "our program comes through," said General March, giving 75-millimeter field guns and 155-millimeter howitzers. England is lending 8-inch and 8.2 howitzers.

Mr. Sherley asked how many men would have to be called to maintain the program of ninety-eight divisions. General March said 2,750,000 must be called. General Crowder, who attended the hearing, was called upon and testified that 50 per cent. of these men would come from the 19 to 36 class, and thus 1,350,000 must come from the 7 to 45 and 18 to 19.

Testimony as to officer material showed that the War Department policy was to take as many men as possible from those inducted into the service.

"We will not make any appointments direct from civil life if we can avoid it," said General March.

When Representative Gillett of Massachusetts asked if men who had been Corporals and Sergeants in France would be used, as having greater experience, General March said:

"We will not make any officers on this side of men who have not gone through the training schools and who are not reported as qualified to be officers. We will have to have 40,000 infantry officers, for example. We have organized officers' training camps, to which there will be sent, say, 60,000 men who have been taken from all of the camps.

"Each one of the organization commanders is called upon to recommend for the officers' training schools a certain percentage of his command. He picks out intelligent men for the officer material and sends them to the training camps. Out of these training camps we graduate something like 75 per cent., or at least 70 per cent., of the men who are sent into them. These men are commissioned as Second Lieutenants. Then we have a scheme of promotion by selection.

"Abroad, General Pershing has training schools for such men as have developed officer qualifications over there, and in addition he has been given authority to recommend for commissions men in the ranks who have shown qualities of leadership or exhibited distinguished gallantry in action."

General March said General Pershing would send from France a number of Lieutenant Colonels, and these men would be promoted to Colonels and placed in charge of regiments.

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If you, as trustee, hold securities, the income from which is paid regularly to a beneficiary, the Fourth Liberty Bonds held for the beneficiary are regarded for income tax purposes as belonging to him, and the income therefrom, up to a holding of $30,000 directly owned or held in trust for each beneficiary will be free from income, excess profits, and war profits taxes for the period of the war and for two years thereafter. By subscribing to and retaining bonds of the Fourth Loan you may also obtain for your trust estates very considerable advantages in tax exemption with respect to such 4% and 4¼% bonds of the old issues as you may hold in trust.

*The Liberty Loan Committee has established a bureau of tax experts at its office, Room 2548, 120 Broadway, and at 509 Fifth Avenue, who will be glad to discuss the above and other features of the law with you if requested.*

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LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE
SECOND FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT
120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

# GRIP IN THE Y. M. C. A. CHECKED BY VACCINE

### Dr. M. J. Exner Tells Beneficial Results from Use in Immunizing War Workers.

### NEW CASES INCREASE HERE

### Dr. Copeland Estimates Only About 50 Per Cent. of Influenza Patients Have Been Reported.

While Spanish influenza cases in this city reached a new high mark yesterday, favorable results were reported from the use of vaccine both in prevention and treatment of the disease, giving encouragement that its general use would check the epidemic.

New cases of influenza officially reported yesterday totaled 5,113, with deaths from both pneumonia and influenza totaling 633. The actual number of cases, Health Commissioner Copeland said, is much greater than the number reported.

The successful use of the vaccine was reported by Dr. M. J. Exner of the Y. M. C. A., whose opinion was based on the immunization of 450 Y. M. C. A. workers. Far-reaching action by the Federal Government as a war measure is expected to bring the use of immunization vaccine into general use.

At a meeting of the Tammany Hall Executive Committee in Tammany Hall last night, the entire organization, with its election district captains, was turned over to the Department of Health to aid Commissioner Copelnad in the Spanish influenza epidemic.

There was a decrease of five deaths directly caused by Spanish influenza in yesterday's report by the Health Department, but an increase of twenty in the deaths from pneumonia. In most of these cases pneumonia was a complication resulting from influenza, so that for practical purposes yesterday's report was the worst yet made.

The Health Department's table on the disease was as follows:

| | New Cases. Inf. | New Cases. Pneu. | Deaths. Inf. | Deaths. Pneu. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Manhattan | 2,232 | 304 | 150 | 127 |
| Bronx | 849 | 123 | 33 | 41 |
| Brooklyn | 1,419 | 84 | 101 | 124 |
| Queens | 460 | 56 | 22 | 17 |
| Richmond | 213 | 18 | 11 | 7 |
| Total | 5,113 | 585 | 317 | 316 |

Since Sept. 18 there has been a total of 48,024 cases reported to the Health Department, including yesterday's figures, and 2,296 deaths from the disease. The pneumonia cases reported for this period total 5,047, while the deaths from pneumonia during that period total 2,806.

**Good Results from Vaccine.**

Dr. M. J. Exner said yesterday of the use of the immunizing vaccine:

"We have given the vaccine as a preventive to 450 Y. M. C. A. workers and the results have been remarkably good. The treatment consists of three injections of the vaccine at intervals of five days. None of those who has taken the three treatments has contracted the disease. Seven who had taken only one treatment reported cases of influenza. Some of these have suffered only very slight symptoms resembling grip, which are produced by the vaccine.

"One who received the first treatment and refused later treatments contracted Spanish influenza and died. The physician who treated her was of the opinion that she would have been saved, except that treatment for the disease was refused. The others who had received only one treatment had very mild cases, without pneumonia or other complications.

"The fact is that the vaccine for influenza and pneumonia was perfected as much as six years ago by Dr. Ellis Bonime. I have personal knowledge of its successful use, both in prevention and treatment of the disease for several years. The one vaccine contains the immunization against influenza, pneumonia, and blood poisoning, which are found in combination in many cases of influenza, especially in the present epidemic.

"Had the immunization been used last year in the army cantonments the ravages of pneumonia there would have been prevented. The technique for using the vaccine has been thoroughly worked out and in use for years. It has been unfortunate that this present epidemic has caused some of the medical authorities to waste time in experimenting when a thoroughly successful vaccine is at hand. I hope that the time for its general adoption by the medical profession will not be long delayed."

Health Commissioner Copeland refused yesterday, in the face of the figures reported, to abandon the optimistic attitude regarding the disease and the ability of the local authorities to cope with it which he has held consistently since the first cases were reported. In the early stages of the epidemic he asserted that the disease was not likely to be serious in this country, because it was comparatively harmless among well-nourished people, and had attained its virulence in Europe because the peoples there were poorly nourished and poorly cared for on account of war conditions. When he was asked yesterday for an estimate of the total number of persons afflicted with the disease in this city, he said:

"In answering this question let us estimate that the average duration of the disease is seven days. I doubt if the average case does last this long, but I want to be conservative in my statement. The total number of cases reported by physicians for the past seven days is 20,332. I estimate that the number of cases reported is about 50 per cent. or less of the total number in the city, so that we would have 60,000 cases or more. This may run considerably higher, but certainly does not reach 100,000."

**Only About Half Reported.**

Commissioner Copeland said he had reached the opinion that only about half the cases were reported, by assuming that the death rate was 5 per cent. for influenza, which was the proportion generally established in army camps where exact medical records were kept. Since Sept. 18 the Health Department has issued death certificates for influenza and pneumonia to the number of 5,102, while during that period only 48,204 deaths have been reported. If the death rate were approximately the same here as in army camps the cases here must have been about twice as numerous as those reported.

When Dr. Copeland was told that some physicians estimated the number of influenza cases in this city as being between 100,000 and 200,000, he said he thought such estimates much too high.

Twenty-three schools reported that about 30 per cent. of their pupils were absent yesterday, some of the absent ones being influenza sufferers while others were kept at home for fear of contracting it. Dr. Copeland issued the following formal statement:

"The situation has not broken bounds, and we still have ample hospital facilities. The figures or daily record are accurate as far as they go, but we realize there are many cases not reported. We now have many additional auxiliaries procuring the statistics. There may for some days be an increase shown in the number of deaths. The report is becoming more accurate each day. Physicians are co-operating with the department and reporting cases and fatalities, and the result is that the percentage of cases reported now is much larger than heretofore."

Dr. Copeland late yesterday afternoon again emphasized the fact that there must be heat in every home in this city. He said it was not safe for persons recovering from influenza or pneumonia to inhabit a cold house, and that chilling of the body is a factor in the development of the disease.

Although the Health Department has virtually demanded that owners of apartment houses and flats heat their buildings, the request has not been carried out. In many instances the owners say they are conserving fuel, despite the fact that State Fuel Administrator Cooke has also asked that owners of dwellings keep their buildings warm.

## NEW CASES DECREASE AT THE ARMY CAMPS

### But Continue to Spread in Some Places—Seems Worst in Illinois and Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—While Spanish influenza continues to spread among the civilian population generally, a continued decrease in the number of new cases at army camps today led army medical officials to believe that the peak of the epidemic among the soldiers has been passed. Secretary Baker, in announcing the good reports, said they indicated that measures taken by the Surgeon General's office had brought the disease under definite control.

New cases of influenza among the troops reported during the twenty-four hours ending at noon today totalled 5,668, against 6,498 yesterday and against more than twice that number only a few days ago. Pneumonia cases today aggregated 1,895, compared with 1,916 the day before, and deaths were 710, a decrease of 179. Influenza cases reported from all camps since the beginning of the epidemic now total 262,186 pneumonia cases 39,276, and deaths 12,340.

Although reports generally today to the Public Health Service showed influenza spreading in most parts of the country, improvement was noted in some states, particularly Vermont and New Jersey. Improved conditions also were noted in parts of Tennessee.

It is estimated that there now are at least 200,000 cases of the disease in Virginia, while the estimate for Connecticut was placed at 110,000 up to yesterday. Epidemics continued to be reported in many parts of Arkansas, while new cases were reported from practically all sections of Maryland, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and other States.

In California 6,500 cases had been reported to Oct. 14. No sharp increase was noted in any of the larger cities, but the number of cases continued to rise steadily.

The epidemic continues unabated in Washington, and as a further step in the fight to control the disease the Red Cross today began distributing gauze masks. Many Government clerks wore them on crowded street cars and at work, while they were in general use in barber shops and to a limited extent elsewhere.

There are 300,000 cases of influenza in Illinois, according to a painstaking estimate made by Dr. C. St. Clair Drake, Chairman of the State Board of Health in Chicago, today. The epidemic shows a steady increase on the whole, it is reported. At Harrisburg the State Health Department authorities report they believe there are in Pennsylvania at this time fully 300,000 cases. The great need is for nurses and the Pennsylvania contingent was increased today by volunteers from New York, which State also sent physicians to work in the anthracite regions.

George Wharton Pepper, Chairman of the Pennsylvania Council of National Defense, has asked for War Department assistance in the coal and industrial centres and has requested that several sanitary detachments be sent from military encampments.

**Saved 8,000,000 Pounds of TNT.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Eight million pounds of TNT were saved from destruction during the recent fire at the Gillespie shell-loading plant at Morgan, N. J., by an army airplane, which flew over the wrecked works at an altitude of 1,000 feet and directed the fight against the flames. The War Department announced the feat today, disclosing that the plane was piloted by Lieutenant Cyrus F. Smythe, with Major H. L. Armstrong as observer.

## SHELL PIAVE FRONT.

### Italians Concentrate Heavy Fire on Austrian Positions.

ROME, Oct. 16.—The Italian official communication issued today follows:

On the whole of the front our artillery has carried out intense concentrations of fire on the enemy's lines, back areas and transport along the Piave.

In a surprise attack on the Asiago plateau and on the Asolone twenty-one men were made prisoner.

Monday night an enemy detachment twice attacked our position on Mount Corno, but was repulsed with heavy losses.

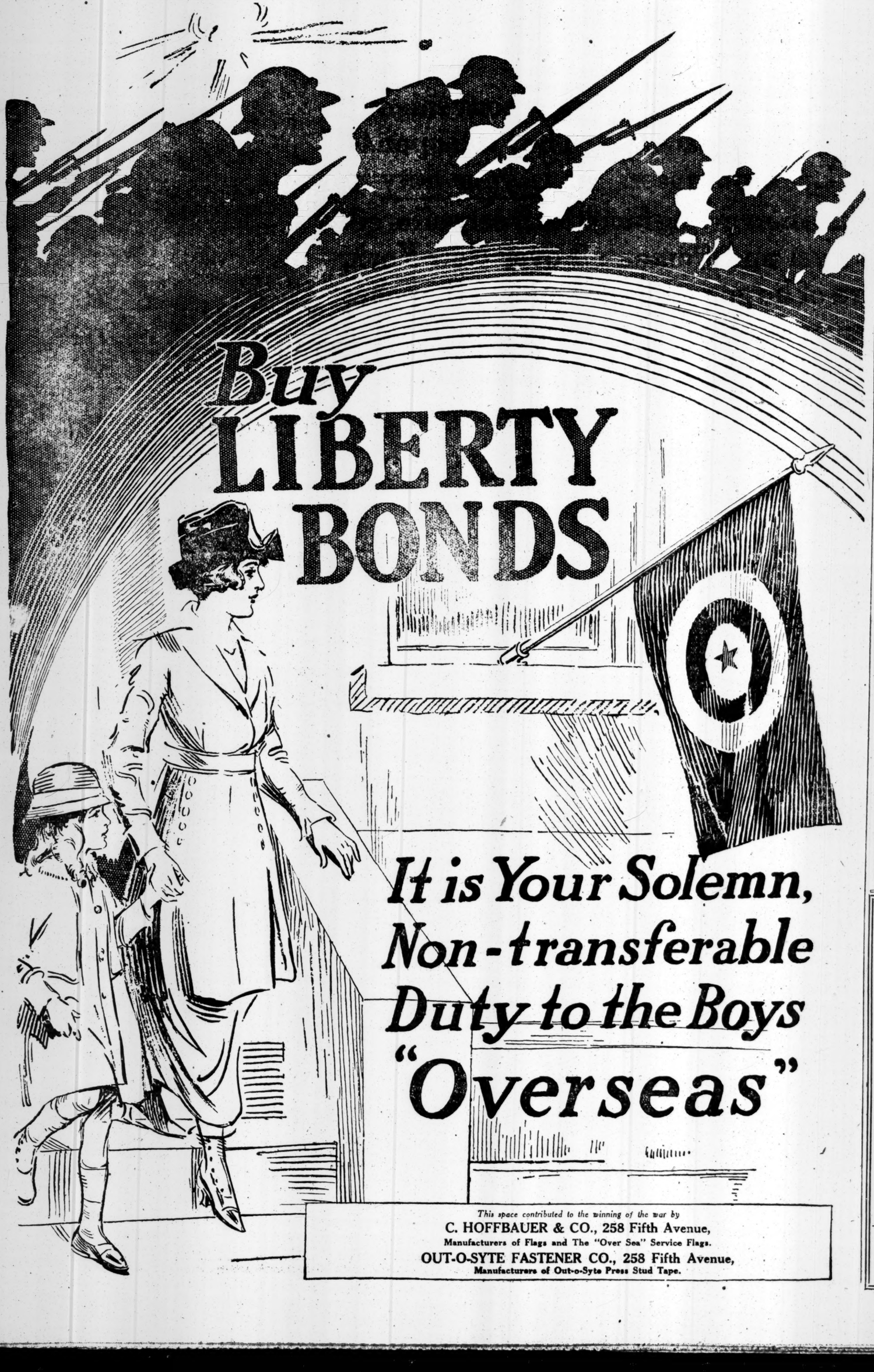
**Dentists Attend 619,648 Draft Men.**

At a meeting of the First District unit of the Preparedness League of American Dentists, held last night at the Academy of Medicine, it was announced that 619,648 drafted men had been operated upon free by the 17,000 members in all parts of the United States. The District of Manhattan had subscribed $263,000 to the Liberty Loan. Dr. Henry W. Gillett presided, and among the speakers was P. W. Wilson, a former British Member of Parliament, who stated that mercantile supremacy had passed from England for all time to the United States, and that financial supremacy for all time had passed to New York.

**Jugular Severed In Auto Crash.**

Julius Heimann, President of Heimann & Lichten, hat manufacturers at 690 Broadway, injured in a collision of automobiles at Central Park West and 106th Street last night, when fragments of glass severed his jugular vein, died in the West 100th Street police station twenty minutes later, while an ambulance surgeon and private physicians were trying to stop the flow of blood.

In the crash all the glass in both cars was shattered, but Mr. Heimann's chauffeur did not see that he had been injured seriously. He started for Mr. Heimann's home at 315 West 105th Street, but when he saw that the cuts upon Mr. Heimann's neck, apparently superficial, were bleeding profusely, he drove to the police station.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## GO INTO A BANK AND ASK! THEN ACT!

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Second Federal Reserve District
120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

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## *in this busy Triangle*

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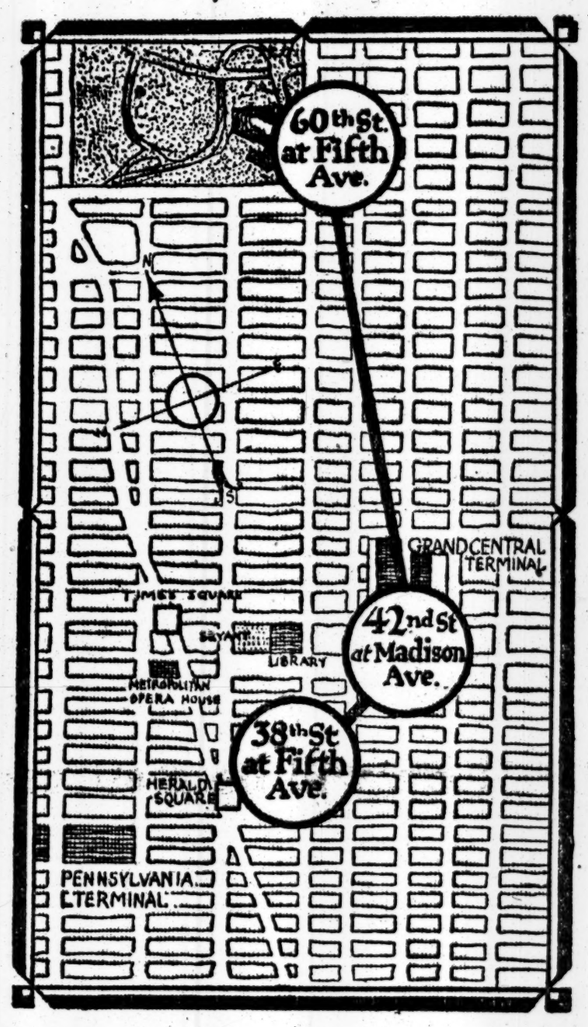


*The Busy Triangle*

Where wealth pours into the city through two great railway terminals; where famous hotels stand and famous shops find countless customers; where realty values are advancing with giant strides—within this busy area three offices of the Central Union Trust Company are at your service, to help you

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# PLAN GRIDIRON BATTLES FOR WAR WORK FUND

## ATHLETES TO RALLY FOR CHEER UP FUND

### Committee Sends Out Urgent Call to Aid in Raising Fund of $170,500,000.

### RECREATION FOR SOLDIERS

### United War Work Council Looks to Sport-Loving Public to Provide the Money.

A universal appeal to every athlete in America was sent out yesterday by the General Sports Committee of the United War Work Council to rally to the support of a great "Cheer Up Fund" and raise $170,500,000 to provide amusement and recreation for soldiers and sailors here and abroad. The committee asks that all effort be concentrated during the week of Nov. 11 to 18 and that games be played in all branches of sports.

The campaign is of such tremendous proportions that it will take some time to formulate the plans which are now under consideration, but there is no doubt that the general participation in all sorts of athletic games during the week will result in the greatest carnival in the history of sports.

The General Sports Committee held its first meeting yesterday at the offices of Collector William H. Edwards at the Customs House. After the plans had been discussed the committee gave out the following statement:

"The announcement of the General Sports Committee of the United War Work Council appeals strongly to every lover of sport, and all football men throughout the country are urged to devote their efforts in the "grand old game" to the boys in service.

"All organized teams are called upon to arrange at least one big game to be played during 'Sports Week,' Nov. 11 to 18, for the benefit of the General War Work Fund, a large part of which will be devoted to athletic equipment for our soldiers and sailors.

"All football men are called upon to organize teams and arrange games for the benefit of the fund to show the Hun that American football is a factor with which he must reckon.

"Subject to approval of the commanding officers of Student Army Training Camps, the War and Navy Departments have sanctioned the playing of such games by the army students of the college camps, and the athletic authorities at these institutions are urged to seek the approval of commanding officers to organize teams and play games during 'Sports Week' for this object."

The committee is made up of the following former college athletes: William H. Edwards, Princeton; William Langford, Trinity; Arthur Cumnock, Harvard; S. Brinkerhof Thorne, Yale; Park Davis, Princeton; E. K. Hall, Dartmouth; John Cates, Yale; John C. Bell, Pennsylvania; A. A. Stagg, Chicago; William Lambeth, Virginia; John W. Heisman, Georgia Tech; William F. Garcelon, Harvard; Dan F. Reed, Cornell; William J. Smith, Columbia; Tom Thorpe, Columbia; Harry Williams, Minnesota; F. H. Yost, Michigan, and W. W. Roper, Princeton.

It is expected that several college games of importance will be arranged with the permission of the commandants of the various student army training corps, and plans are now under way to bring together the elevens representing the different army camps. The football and the boxing features of the drive are expected to arouse unusual interest, and although Jess Willard, the heavyweight champion, has not been stirred by the appeal of war charities up to the present time, the committee hopes that the importance of this drive will stir him into action.

Soccer football will do its share and New Yorkers will have a chance to see some of the best teams in action. It is expected that a team of Belgians will come over here and play some of the best of the American teams. The general committee has placed the supervision of the events in the hands of other committees and the plans for the big sport demonstration have already started to formulate.

In the appeal which the committee sent broadcast yesterday, every one in any way connected with any branch of sport is urged to do everything possible to make the Cheer-Up Fund a success.

The appeal is as follows:

"To the Athletes of America:

"The President of the United States has requested the United War Work Council to raise $170,500,000 to provide amusement and recreation for our soldiers and sailors who are fighting for us. It's the 'Cheer Up' Fund.

"This council represents the Y. M. C. A., National Catholic War Council, (K. of C.,) Jewish Welfare Board, Salvation Army, Y. W. C. A., the War Camp Community Service, and the American Library Association, all of which are working under the direction of the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy of the United States.

"One of the great expenditures of these organizations is for athletic equipment and to provide instruction to relieve the strain of fighting. These 'conditioned' our men for their final winning drive. We know that the great American sport-loving public will provide the money so that our boys may enjoy their leisure moments. Give them this and their punch will land them in Berlin.

"Every athlete knows that the properly conditioned man is the man who always succeeds. The week of Nov. 11 to 18 will be designated as 'Sports Week' by the United War Work Campaign. Arrange all kinds of sports, the proceeds to be turned over to the United War Work Council. Any member of the committee will be ready and glad to give information on any subject that may be requested pertaining to 'Sports Week.'

"Get on the job quick. The money is needed. If you can't arrange a game send a check for one who does."

Plans for the Amateur Athletic Union's part in the War Charities Fund drive during the week of Nov. 11-18, in so far as the metropolitan district is concerned, will be drawn up next Wednesday night at a meeting of Metropolitan A. A. U. Board of Managers. The meeting will be held at the clubrooms of the American Railway Express Employes' Association at Madison Square Garden. President Frederick W. Rubien of this district yesterday sent out notifications of the meeting and requested that all representatives of the 145 local clubs attend the meeting.

## RICE WINS OPENING MATCH.

### Leads Brussel in Handicap 18.2 Billiard Contest.

Julian Rice took the opening block of his two nights' 18.2 balkline billiard match from Sydney M. Brussel last night at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn, by the score of 200 to 136. The former Columbia student completed his string in twenty-four innings for an average of 8 8-24. He had high runs of 28 and 21 and an unfinished run of 24. Brussel averaged 5 16-24 and made high runs of 19, 16, and 14. These runs, incidentally, came successively for Brussel in the seventeenth, eighteenth, and nineteenth innings.

The match is a handicap affair, Rice, a Class B player, playing for 400 points in two nights of play, while Brussel, of Class C calibre, has only to make 300 points to win.

### Mayo Victor at Billiards.

N. Mayo registered a victory for Dodd's Academy last night in the final round of the A. A. B. A. Class D straight rail championship tournament at Schanfield's Academy, when he defeated Paul Gross of the Morningside Academy in an interesting game by a score of 150 to 124. The contest required forty-eight innings, which gave Mayo an average of 2 34-58. He made a high run of 22. Gross had a high run of 20 and averaged 2 8-57.

## SETS WORLD MARK IN TROT.

### Lu Princeton Records Successive Heats in 2:02, 2:04¾, 2:02½.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 10.—A world's record was lowered in the third day of the final week of Grand Circuit racing on the Lakewood track here this afternoon.

Lu Princeton, Cox's fleet stallion, defeated St. Frisco in three straight heats in the free-for-all trot, and in so doing established the world's mark for the three fastest heats ever trotted in a race, scoring in 2:02, 2:04¾, 2:02½. The time lowered the mark made by St. Frisco this year.

From the standpoint of excitement, the feature event of the day was the 2:07 pace, with Belle Ancantara, Edna Early, and John R. Braden as the starters, driven by McMahon, Geers, and Thomas, respectively. The closest of finishes were recorded in each heat, and a blanket could almost have covered the three horses. Belle Ancantara just barely nosed out Edna Early in the first two heats, and the latter reversed the count by a fine burst of speed in front of the grand stand in the final heat.

The summaries:

2:07 CLASS—PACING.

Purse $1,000.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Belle Ancantara, (McMahon) | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Edna Early, (Geers) | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| John R. Braden, (Thomas) | 3 | 3 | 3 |

Time—2:05¾; 2:00; 2:06¼.

FREE-FOR-ALL TROT.

Purse $1,200.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lu Princeton, (Cox) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| St. Frisco, (Geers) | 2 | 2 | 2 |

Time—2:02; 2:04¾; 2:02½.

2:13 CLASS, TROTTING.

Purse $1,000.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Hank's Stout, (Stout) | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Jeanette Speed, (Cox) | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Eva Bingen, (McMahon) | 2 | 3 | 2 |

Time—2:13¼; 2:09¾; 2:09¼.

## CUE RALLY BY CONCANNON.

### State Champion Cuts Down Greenleaf's Big Lead.

Joseph Concannon, New York State champion, made rapid strides yesterday toward overcoming the lead of Ralph Greenleaf, the young Monmouth, Ill., billiardist, in their 1,200 points pocket billiards match at Maurice Daly's Broadway Academy. The State titleholder, showing a wonderful form, took both afternoon and evening games, and in doing so decreased Greenleaf's lead from 175 to 68, in the total score. Greenleaf has a score of 600 for six blocks, and Concannon has 532.

Concannon started his reversal of form in the afternoon match, which he won by a score of 133 to 100. The State champion rolled up his 100 points for the block in seven innings, while Greenleaf, playing in comparative poor form, had only 71. The cueists then continued play until Greenleaf reached the required 100 mark. This required three more innings, and in that tim Concanno added thirty-three more points to his score. The victor ran twenty-one in his best inning, while Greenleaf had a run of fourteen.

The evening game found Concannon continuing his good playing of the afternoon session, while Greenleaf s play fell off proportionately. The Western youngster seemed careless and overanxious, and many of his attempted shots were astray. Concannon played safety shots frequently. There were occasions, too, when Greenleaf slipped up on shots which ordinarily are easy for him. At other moments the ivories just simply refused to respond to Greenleaf's stroke. Concannon, playing consistently, tallied his 100 points in eight innings while Greenleaf was accounting for thirty-five.

The Western youth played for eleven additional innings before he registered his one hundredth point, and in that time Concannon's exceptional play had netted him seventy-four points, giving the State champion the block by 174 to 100. Concannon s highest run was twenty-nine, and Greenleaf's twenty-two.

## LEVY LEADS CUE TOURNEY.

### Well Represented Broadway Academy in Final Round.

Philip Levy last night won the best game played in the elimination round of the N. A. A. B. P.'s novice straight rail championship tournament at Gruhn's Broadway academy, when he defeated J. C. Davies by a count of 100 to 65. Levy played consistently throughout, and completed his string in twenty-four innings. This gave him an average of 4 4-24, the highest recorded for this academy, and he had a high run of 17. Davies returned a high run of 10, and averaged 2 17-24.

This victory practically gives Levy the honor of representing Gruhn's academy in the final round of the championship tournament, making his fourth straight triumph. The defeat he suffered eliminated Davies from further participation, as a player, when he drops two games, is automatically eliminated.

## BILLIARD CHIEF IS BEATEN.

### Gershel Loses to Issaacs in 18.2 Tournament at Fuller's.

William Gershel, President of the American Amateur Billiard Association, sustained his second defeat in the Riverside Handicap 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at Fuller's Academy last night, when he bowed to the superior playing of M. Isaacs. Each contestant was playing for 200 points, and Isaacs completed his string in thirty innings while Gershel was collecting 133. Isaacs returned a high run of 34 and averaged 6 20-30. Gershel's highest run was 22 of 20 and averaged 2 8-58.

## FORDHAM PREP IS STRONG.

### Football Team Getting Ready for Clason Point Game.

Fordham Prep's football team, which opened its season last Saturday with a victory over Princeton Prep at Princeton by 9 to 0, is working out daily for its game with Clason Point Military Academy, which will be played Saturday. The eleven showed up strongly in its opening game, and much is expected of it.

In addition to Clason Point, the team will play Farmingdale, Peekskill M. A., and Cullum Hall, West Point. The back field is composed of Captain Kearns, Sullivan, Fitzgerald, and Turk Mahoney. On the line there are Schultze, T. Campbell, O'Grady, G. Campbell, Flynn, Stafford, and Maloney.

## WOMEN'S NET TOURNEY ENDS

### Miss Wagner and Miss Baggs Winners In Patriotic Doubles.

Miss Marie Wagner, New York State women's tennis champion, and her partner, Miss Edith Baggs, were victorious in a round-robin doubles tournament finished yesterday on the courts of the New York Tennis Club. Miss Wagner and Miss Baggs finished the tournament with a record of having won sixty-four games. Their nearest rivals were Mrs. Percy Wilbourne and Mrs. Ingo Hartman, who captured sixty three games.

Mrs. Albert Humphries and Miss Bessie Holden conducted the tournament, a patriotic affair, in which twenty-six pairs participated. When Miss Wagner and Miss Baggs opposed Mrs. Wilbourne and Mrs. Hartman the latter combination was victorious after a hard-fought set by 6—4. In their initial match, however, Mrs. Wilbourne and Mrs. Hartman were defeated by Miss Fanny Fish and Mrs. W. H. Pritchard, 6—3.

## WAR CLOUD GALLOPS AWAY FROM ROAMER

### Macomber's Crack Racer Turns Tables on Old Campaigner at Empire City.

Roamer was beaten at Empire City yesterday, but the racegoers scarcely had time to realize that the popular gelding was no longer supreme when a bulletin alleging the unconditional surrender of Germany was read and the gloom of the crowd was changed to a demonstration of joy as the band crashed out "The Star-Spangled Banner."

Andrew Miller's gelding was one of five favorites to be defeated during the afternoon, but his failure to capture the Scarsdale Handicap caused the greatest surprise, even though he was conceding weight to his three opponents. A. K. Macomber's War Cloud, one of the crack three-year-olds, completely turned the tables on Roamer, which had defeated him handily enough at Jamaica. Then in the last few strides, when the old champion was tired from chasing the three-year-old, along came R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, Corn Tassel and snatched the place from Roamer.

As the horses were going to the post for the big event, a flock of airplanes came soaring over the track. They flew close to the ground, shooting out thousands of appeals for the Liberty Loan. War Cloud became so restive from the whir of the machines that he cut all kinds of capers while at the barrier. He seemed to have a spite against Roamer, kicking at him several times, and then trying to bite him. Roamer was the only one of the four starters unmoved by the commotion and he maintained his languor when the race was on, never making a serious effort to go to the front.

There was evidence that something was wrong with Roamer when he failed to go to the front as usual, and in the run to the first turn he was squeezed back so that he was absolutely last. Corn Tassel shot round the bend in the lead, closely followed by War Cloud, but as soon as he reached the back stretch, Leftus let War Cloud have his head for a few strides, and he quickly rushed into the lead. Shuttlinger called on Roamer and he moved up into second place, though his stride was short and choppy, and he was not traveling in his usual smooth manner.

Roamer got up to within a length of War Cloud nearing the far turn, but it was only on sufferance, for Loftus let out a link and the Macomber candidate stretched out his lead to two lengths again on the far turn. It seemed no effort for War Cloud to hold this advantage, and when the field turned into the home stretch there was a frenzied cry for Roamer, in the hope that the shouts would rouse the latent speed. For once, the old gelding could not respond, and try as he would, he could not cut down the lead. While Roamer was floundering along behind War Cloud, Ensor saved ground on Corn Tassel at the stretch turn, and finished so strongly that he took the place, a length and a half behind War Cloud, and half a lengh in front of Roamer. Dorcas was last, a length and a half further back. War Cloud's time of 1:43 for the mile and seventy yards is one-fifth of a second slower than the track record.

A straggling start, for which the starter was not responsible, caused another upset in the second race. B. Davis's Columbine was away winging, while Tom McTaggart, the favorite, was a dozen lengths back before he settled into his stride. Tom McTaggart closed gallantly in the stretch, but failed by half a length to catch Columbine.

Before the races the Liberty Loan subscriptions were augmented by contributions amounting to $20,000.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For 2-year-olds, selling, purse $759.80; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:06 1-5.

Thunderclap, Oneck Stable's blk. g., 112 pounds, by Vulcain-Bandana, 4 to 5, 1 to 3, and out, (H. Myers) ..... 1½

Osgood, L. F. Wagner's ch. g., 107, by Garry Herrmann-Ostra, even and 1 to 3, (G. Walls) ..... 2ª

Marmite, B. Davis's b. f., 109, by Sweep-Henpeck, 3 to 5, third, (L. McAtee) ..... 3ª

Minuet and Sailor also ran. Peter, Thistledon, and Under Fire scratched.

SECOND RACE.—Liberty Bond Purse, for 3-year-olds and upward, selling, purse $750.80; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:43 4-5.

Columbine, B. Davis's ch. f., 4 years, 104 pounds, by Garry Herrmann-Navarre's Hope, 2 to 1 and 1 to 3, (L. McAtee) ..1½

Tom McTaggart, Allies Stable's b. c., 4, 112, by Chuctanunda-Toplash, out for place, (W. Lang) ..... 2ª

Piedra, Miss Chris O'Brown's b. g., 3, 109, by Magellan-Premiere Marche, out for third, (T. Rice) ..... 3ª

Nominee also ran. Barry Shannon, Torchbearer, Lively, and Highland Lassie scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For maiden 3-year-olds and upward, purse $750.80; about six furlongs. Time—1:10 1-5.

Sunnyland, W. R. Coe's ch. g., 110, by Sunflower II.-Fair Anna, 10 to 1, 4 to 1, and 2 to 1, (C. Fairbrother) ..... 1½

Bill McCloy, Lieut. W. B. Watkins's b. g., 3, 110, by Dick Welles-Miss Jordan, even and 1 to 2, (C. Hansen) ..... 2ª

Santiago, Marrone Stable's ch. g., 3, 110, by San Souci II.-Alster Cress, even money, third, (G. Walls) ..... 3ª

Peasant, Driffield, Irish Lady II., Caddie, Past Master, Kolinsky, Impetus, and Fair Santa also ran. Liberty Star and Bright Angel scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Scarsdale Handicap, for all ages, by subscription of $15 each, starters to pay $25 additional; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:43.

War Cloud, A. K. Macomber's b. c., 3 years, 117 pounds, by Polymelus-Dreamy, 7 to 5, 1 to 3, and out, (J. Loftus) ..... 1½

Corn Tassel, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, br. g., 4, 109, by Santol-Cornfield, 2 to 1 and out, (L. Ensor) ..... 2½

Roamer, Andrew Miller's b. g., aged, 128, by Knight Errant-Rose Tree II., out for third, (A. Shuttinger) ..... 3½

Dorcas also ran. Motor Cop scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, nonwinners since May 15, claiming, purse $759.80; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:48 1-5.

Ninety Simplex, J. P. Hayes's ch. g., 6 years, 111 pounds, by Marathon-Flash of Lighting, 3 to 1, 6 to 5, and 3 to 5, (F. Robinson) ..... 1ns

Orderly, J. Byer's b. g., 5, 113, by Broomstick-Sweepaway, even and 3 to 5, (E. Haynes) ..... 2ª

Wild Thyme, H. Shields's b. f., 4, 110, by Ben Trovato-Belle of Ormonde, 1 to 3, third, (G. Walls) ..... 3½

Blue Thistle, Intriguer, Elderken, Pollyanna, Rose Flinn, and Ambrose also ran. Highland Lassie, Kebo, Mr. Specs, and Poor Butterfly scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden 2-year-old fillies, purse $750.80; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:06 4-5.

*Alphee, John Sanford's b. f., 114 pounds, by Sardanapale-Noreen Agnes, 5 to 1, 7 to 5, and 1 to 2, (L. Lyke) ..... 1½

Petrol, H. P. Whitney's b. f., 114, by Peter Pan-Folderol, out for place, (F. Robinson) ..... 2ª

Maggie Maitland, J. E. Madden's b. f., 114, by Star Shoot-Our Lassie, 4 to 5, third, (R. Troise) ..... 3ª

*Forfar, Lady Mary, Yvette, *Chateau Briand, and †Tickletoe also ran.

*Coupled as Sanford entry. †Coe entry.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

### EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, claiming; five and a half furlongs. War Zone, 115 pounds; Madam Byng, 112; Sky Man, 112; Terrascon, 109; Goldvale, 109; Loyal Peter, 109; Mine Sweeper, 109; Apple Jack II., 109; Misericorde, 106; Pluriada, 106; *Tiger Rose, 104; *Hand Grenade II., 104; *Timbala, 104; *Blue Devil, 104; *Vigilante, 104.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, conditions; one mile. Assume, 117 pounds; Gloomy Gus, 112; Gex, 107; Manister Tol, 107; Kashmir, 100.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile and seventy yards. Hank O'Day, 120 pounds; Minto II., 111; Barry Shannon, 106; Snapdragon II., 104; *Woodtrap, 95.

FOURTH RACE.—Hartsdale Handicap, for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. War Pennant, 130 pounds; War Marvel, 124; Lord Brighton, 122; Cirrus, 117; Ophella, 112; Star Realm, 110; Young Adam, 106; Scoots, 104; Tableau d'Honneur, 102; Delaware, 98.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming; about six furlongs. Riverside, 119 pounds; Golden King, 114; Bathilde, 111; Langden, 108; Resistible, 102; Seafarer, 100; Agile, 100; Thistle, 97; Poor Butterfly, 97.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; one mile and seventy yards. Pep Sight, 112 pounds; *Lively, 110; Kebo, 110; Favour, 107; Miss Bryn, 105; *Highland Lassie, 105.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

## AIRPLANE WILL RACE AUTO.

### Many Other Thrilling Features for Belmont Aviation Meet.

New and startling features are being added daily to the program of the Army Aviation Carnival to be given at Belmont Park, Saturday afternoon, Oct. 26, by the First Provisional Wing, U. S. Air Service. Aside from being the greatest aviation meet ever staged in America, there will be several features of thrilling sport, different from anything ever seen hereabout. One of these is a senational dispatch bearer's contest in which speed motor cycle carriers will modernize the Greek Marathon method of dispatch carrying.

Among the other features are chariot races, bayonet drills, track athletics, push ball, tug-of-war, and various other contests. Ralph De Palma, the daring champion of the automobile world, will race in his Packard against one of our crack aviators, piloting an airplane.

Some of the foremost "Aces" will take part in the meet and there will be battle formation flying, thrilling sham battles between scout planes, blank cartridges being used in the "bats" instead of bullets. It will be the first time that a sham battle has been enacted in this vicinity in precisely the same fashion as at the front. All of the tricks of the aviators will be explained by megaphone, including the tail spin, barrel roll, nose spin, upward and downward loop.

### Bezdek Must Build New Eleven.

*Special to The New York Times.*

STATE COLLEGE, Penn., Oct. 16.—Coach Bezdek returned to the Penn. State gridiron today after a four-day absence and began the reconstruction of his football eleven. State faces a tough battle with Bucknell here on Saturday and Bezdek has his hands full, as there is not a single veteran in his squad.

The influenza germ has blown to bits the theory that a smart Fall overcoat is worn more for looks than for real need. 'Ware the *ill* in ch*ill!*

Wear a rainproof *"Scotch Mist"! All-wool! Good in all weathers. Durable.

Novelties include Scotch velours, Shetlands and Connemara tweeds.

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In union suits—it's all in getting the right size. Our salesmen know the secret.

Why delay!  Buy to-day!

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "The Four Corners" Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave at 41st St

RACING AT Empire City Track (YONKERS & MT. VERNON) TODAY

The Liberty Bond Hartsdale Handicap and 4 Other High Class Contests

FIRST RACE at 2:30 P. M.

Special race train leaves Grand Central Terminal, Harlem Division, at 1:20 P. M. Regular trains to Mt. Vernon at 11:35, 12:30, 1:35, 2:35 P. M. Additional trains Sats. All trains stop at 125th St. Also reached via Lexington and Jerome Ave. Subway, or West Farms Subway to Mott Ave., transferring to Jerome Ave. Subway, or via 6th and 9th Ave. "L" to Jerome Ave. Subway, thence by trolleys from Woodlawn Station.

Grand Stand, $3.30. Ladies, $1.65., Including War Tax.

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(Courtesy Collier's Weekly)

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It's the third down and everything to gain.

The enemy is licked for all time when you make that touchdown—through the centre, men—hurdling is allowed.

WILL YOU MAKE IT!

You Know How!

Let the men who used to respond to the call of the coach in their football days show the athlete soldiers over there what former athletes can do over here in the hour of national need.

Don't say you can't afford it—

You can't afford *not* to afford it!

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During Epidemic: Open 10 A. M., Close 6:15 P. M.

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Opposite New York Central R. R. Station. Newly furnished single rooms, $6 per week; with private bath, $8; double rooms, $10 per week, with private bath, $12; also suite rooms for families, at very attractive rates; popular-priced restaurant.

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2528 B'way, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.

SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.

RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day. Double, $2.00 to $3.00 a day.

SEE THE GIRLS PLAY HOCKEY

Thomas Healy's Broadway & 66th St., N.Y.

VICTORY REVUE

WORLD'S GREATEST SKATERS & ICE BALLET

The 1919 EDITION OF THE GOLDEN GLADES

Camp of the Allies

THIRD FLOOR

MOST NOVEL IDEA EVER ARRANGED

DINNER at 7.30

MIDNIGHT PARADE at 11.30

AFTERNOON TEA DANCES 3 to 6 o'clock. MAIN FLOOR

NINA WHITMORE

La Jaquette Chic

WHEN cool, crisp days lure into the open, oh! for a brisk invigorating walk in a smart costume topped by a chic, fur jacket, trimmed with soft, rich velvet. And when *Charvet* conceived this ultra-modish creation, fashioned in box-coat effect yet buttoned high with vestee, collar and cuffs of tete-de-negre velvet, it was indeed an inimitable creative accomplishment.

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30th Street and Broadway

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WONDERFUL MUSIC FROM 6:45—DANCING FROM 8 UNTIL CLOSE.

DELICIOUS SOUTHERN CHICKEN DINNER

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A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel

ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES

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Apartments, single or en suite, for any desired period.

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Overlooking Central Park's most picturesque lake. Suites in any desired arrangement, by the year or season. Reasonable transient rates. Restaurant service a la carte, also club breakfasts, table d'hote luncheons and dinners.

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Single rooms, $1 per day. Large rooms, some with parlor, for 2 persons, $1 each person. First-class restaurant, moderate prices. Centrally located.

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# JAPANESE CONDUCTS OWN NATIVE WORKS

### Koscak Yamada Shows His Skill in Modern Orchestral Tints in Carnegie Hall.

### NEW CHORAL SOCIETY AIDS

### His Poetic Songs Also Sung by Clarence Whitehill—Countryman Lauds Japan's Part in the War.

Two of America's allies in two days have sent their music to New York, a coincidence striking in itself and made eloquent hourly by news of war. Many musicians from the Metropolitan, where the French Orchestra had played on the previous night, were themselves on the stage of Carnegie Hall last evening, together with others from the Philharmonic and Symphony Societies, and another hundred men and women of the New Choral Society, to play and sing an entire program of works by one man, Koscak Yamada, the first conductor and composer who ever led such forces here in any music original with Japan. For East and West, in art, save for a Sada Yacco or Tamaki Miura, never yet had met as allies here.

Mr. Yamada, as conductor, overcame any strangeness in the situation by his admirable presence and swift command. As composer he was sparing of melodic line as the master artist Hokusai of his crayon, yet at the same time skilled in every modern orchestral tint, from his own French teachers to the mid-European despots of din. His choral "Festival of Autumn," from Leipsic student days had freshness and charm; two tone poems, "The Dark Gate," of a Shogun's castle of mammoth stones, and "Flower of Madara," of fantastic Buddhist legend, were communicative of their themes, as also told in poetic translations from the Japanese.

Clarence Whitehill sang songs, to fragrant lyric fragments, typical of the East; the first, "Fisher and Sea Gull," with alternate verses of refrain in the native tongue; then a "Flower Song," all in Japanese, that brought great applause, and after the "Imayo" in English, a native Japanese boatman's "Homeward Bound," of which in some embarrassment the famous American baritone gave but one stanza twice over, though he could have repeated the whole air.

Yamada's formal "Petite Suite," from a Kyoto River folk dance, a Daimyo's travel song of the Tokkaido, and a bacchanale of Nagasaki or the "open ports,"—the first "Oriental Suite" written by an Oriental, said the program, completed, but half the concert, and there were after that a choral symphony from Maeterlinck's "Marie Magdalene," two vocal "Legends of Old Japan," and Yamada's "Coronation Prelude" on the national air, the late Empress's "Kimigayo."

Before the concert, Mr. Yamada led "The Star Spangled Banner" with a vigor that Americans could recognize, and during the later intermission, his friend, Jiuji Kasai, who had introduced him to San Francisco recently, made a speech on behalf of Japanese art and music, no less than her part with the Allies in war.

"While cannon thunder on the fields of Picardy and Flanders, while armies of America and Japan are fighting side by side in the Siberian wilderness," the speaker said, "we are here this evening to enjoy Oriental tranquillity and contemplation. Japan speaks to you through Mr. Yamada in a language universal to your hearts, in the mighty voice of music, that has moved armies to victory and led penitents to God; in the language of Beethoven, Mendelssohn, your own McDowell—here, as over there, she speaks to you through her sons.

"If there is a barrier of twenty-five centuries between East and West, let us put that barrier away. Japan was old when civilization was young. She saw the Greeks stand firm at Salamis, she saw the Roman Empire become supreme and return to dust. In these centuries, thanks to her artists, she has developed her senility. Though she may not be so great in her music, yet she has always had her own music; she welcomed gratefully your Mr. Mason, who came in 1875 to teach the Western music in Tokio, and she pays tonight a debt of homage to you.

"On European battlefields with the brave Belgians, French, and British, with Italian sons of Mazzini and Garibaldi, are also the descendants of America Washington and Lincoln, the scions of your Minute Men, your Puritans and pioneers, and beside them are chivalrous sons of the Samurai of old Japan. In their name, my friends, let us be patient to the last; let us fight, fight, fight till the victory is won; let us subscribe to the loan. The 40,000 Japanese citizens here have subscribed already $3,500,000. I offer my heart's prayer for our complete victory over Prussian atrocity and oppression."

Many Japanese were at the concert, which was under the patronage of Ambassador Viscount Ishii and Consul General Yada, together with Dr. Takamine, Messrs. Aral, Nakamura, Banno, and others, while among the New York patrons were Lindsey Russell, President, and Eugene Worden, Secretary of the Japan Society; Judge Gary, Jacob H. Schiff, Mrs. E. C. Chadbourne, the Misses Lewisohn, Otto H. Kahn, and many more.

# GARROS IS KILLED, BERLIN REPORTS

### Famous French Airman Was Shot Down on Oct. 4, Says Message.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 16.—Lieutenant Roland G. Garros, the noted French aviator, who was posted as missing on Oct. 7 after a flight over the German lines, was shot down and killed on Oct. 4, a Berlin message today announces.

## PRESS ON IN ALBANIA.

### Italians Pursuing Austrians Occupy Tirana, 17 Miles from Elbasan.

ROME, Oct. 16.—Italian troops advancing in Albania on Monday occupied Tirana, seventeen miles northwest of Elbasan, the Italian War Office announced today.

VIENNA, Oct. 16, (via London.)—An Austrian official communication issued today says:

In Serbia and Albania our movements and measures are proceeding without interference on the part of the enemy.

## WILL CARE FOR REFUGEES.

### Plans Made for Needs of Those Pushed Back by German Retreat.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Refugees from Northern France and Belgium, who are fleeing before the retreating German armies with the hope of making their way into Holland, may be taken care of in eastern sections of Belgium, said an official dispatch received today by the Belgian Legation.

"Several hundred thousands of French and Belgians have arrived in the Belgian territory administered by the German General Government," said the message. "Other bands of refugees are reported to be on the way, and the National Commission for Assistance and Reclothing is taking measures to feed the refugees during their journey, and also to distribute them throughout the country. The newspapers report that they are traveling toward the Dutch frontier, but they have not yet reached Holland. It is not certain that they will be obliged to leave Belgium, where preparations have been made to care for them.

"In case their exodus from Belgium is necessary, the Holland Government gives assurance that they will be received on its territory. In this case, their feeding will be assured by the Commission for Belgian Relief."

# GOT THROUGH GERMANS TO HELP WHITTLESEY

### Lieut. McKeogh Tells How the "Go to Hell" Major Was Rescued from Boches.

One of thirty American officers who arrived in this city yesterday after six months' fighting in France was Lieutenant Arthur F. McKeogh, formerly a newspaper man of this city, who was acting as Battalion Adjutant under Major Charles W. Whittlesey when he sent the reply, "Go to hell," to the Germans who asked for the surrender of his isolated and surrounded battalion. Lieutenant McKeogh and two others carried through the surrounding ring of Germans a message to the American lines of the plight of the New York battalion, which was rescued after five days' fighting against odds in the Argonne.

"On the night of Sept. 25," McKeogh said, "we relieved the French and the 308th Infantry became a part of the big twenty-mile push. We went over the top behind a heavy barrage at 5:30 o'clock in the morning. The Major just kept hustling us along, although there was plenty of machine gun resistance, until we had outstripped the division on our left and had reached L'Homme Mort, the ravine where the French, at the battle of Verdun, said: 'They shall not pass.'

"As Adjutant I had stationed runner posts at regular intervals as we advanced, but when at l'Homme Mort I tried to send a message through from the Major to the Colonel I found that Post No. 10, in a cemetery, was out of business. Then we began hearing machine guns on our left and realized we were surrounded. The Major ordered us to dig in.

"On the morning of the 29th he told me: 'Take five chauchat (French machine gun) teams, put the machine gun nest in the cemetery out of business, and re-establish communication with the Colonel.' At the cemetery I found there were at least ten machine guns in three different nests in that cemetery. Try as we would we couldn't get around them, and finally the Major called us off and ordered me to take two runners and go back through the German lines to the Colonel in person.

"I picked Jack Munson and a little fellow named Hirschkowitz, and we started crawling through the jungle at noon, using a compass. We soon ran right into a funk hole, with two or three boches in it. We lay still a minute, then tried to crawl around it, and plumped right into a second funk hole. I yelled to my men to separate and make a dash for it, thinking that some one of us might get through, and I darted for cover also. But in doing so I jumped right into a third funk hole and landed astride the shoulders of one of the boches in it. I reached down between my knees and fired my gun into his back. Then I jumped out of the hole and ran like blazes down the side of a hill and hid in a bed of dried leaves until 4 o'clock in the morning, reaching the Colonel about 7:30."

The returning officers who were entertained at a luncheon in their honor at the Bankers' Club yesterday were: Major Curtis G. Rorebeck, Captain Paul P. Goold, First Lieut. Thomas P. Joyce, First Lieut. Arthur F. McKeogh, First Lieut. Casper W. Hahnel, First Lieut. Bernard F. McLain, Jr.; Second Lieut. Remsen B. Ostrander, First Lieut. J. H. Courtney, Second Lieut. John F. Craft, First Lieut. Winfield L. Scott, First Lieut. Baldwin Robertson, Second Lieut. Paul H. Royer, Second Lieut. Junius B. Powell, Second Lieut. E. N. Stephenson, First Lieut. E. J. Dashiell, Second Lieut. Charles G. Cooley, First Lieut. Louis E. Snyder, First Lieut. Phillip T. Williams, First Lieut. Garland D. Runnels, Captain Frank L. Culin, Jr., Second Lieut. Edgar M. Haas, Second Lieut. Americus R. Norment, Second Lieut. Harold G. Leedy and Second Lieut. Charles L. Green.

# SELLS $1,000,000 BONDS BY SONG AT DINNER

### Guests Meet Miss Farrar's Terms —Total of More Than $3,500,000 in Loan Subscriptions.

Subscriptions of $3,500,000 to $4,000,000 for the Liberty Loan were made last night at a dinner arranged by Geraldine Farrar at Sherry's, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street. Thomas W. Lamont of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. presided, and the speakers were Boris Bakhmeteff, Russian Ambassador to the United States; Police Commissioner Enright, United States Marshal McCarthy, and Sheriff David Knott.

The largest subscription was for $1,000,000 by William Boyce Thompson, who gave it on the condition that a second million was obtained. When some one suggested that Miss Farrar sing the "Marseillaise," she said she would comply—for a million dollars. The amount was raised in individual subscriptions and Miss Farrar sang the anthem.

It was announced that half the subscription would be credited to the Police Department staff. Among the large subscriptions were the following: E. S. Rothschild, $250,000; Henri Bendel, $200,000; Hayden, Stone & Co., $100,000; J. P. Morgan & Co., $100,000, and the immediate family of Miss Farrar, $100,000.

In opening his address Mr. Lamont proposed a toast, "To Russia, Our Faithful Ally." He went on to say that the present situation in Russia did not really represent the true Russia; that down beneath the surface there was a Russia that the people of the other allied countries may have forgotten for the moment, but a Russia which Mr. Lamont was certain stood for the same principles as those of the Allies.

Mr. Lamont recalled the early days of the war, when the action of Russia in pressing on Germany's flank was instrumental in keeping from the Belgian and French front millions of troops who might have turned the tide of battle in favor of the Germans, so that the march to Paris and the Channel ports would have been prosecuted without much interference by the unprepared French and British.

The unexpected tribute to Russia caused the Russian Ambassador to respond by thanking Mr. Lamont in the name of "the real Russia." Mr. Bakhmeteff paid a stirring tribute to the valor of the American troops, whom he called the soldiers of democracy.

### Young Soprano Arrives from Tiflis.

Miss Marie Nomicos, a dramatic soprano from Tiflis, Asia Minor, arrived at an Atlantic port yesterday via Moscow and Christiania to sing in opera until the war is over. Her father, who was a wealthy Greek merchant in Tiflis, died six months ago. She sang in Moscow at the Opera House during the Summer season. Miss Nomicos is about 22 years old. She speaks and sings in French, Italian, and Russian, but does not know any English.

### THEATRICAL NOTES.

Clare Kummer's newest comedy, "Be Calm, Camilla," will be produced at the Booth Theatre on Thursday night of next week by Arthur Hopkins. In the cast will be Lola Fisher, Walter Hampden, William Sampson, Arthur Shaw, Carlotta Monterey, and Hedda Hopper.

Loew's Seventh Avenue Theatre will reopen this afternoon with "The Blue Pearl" as its attraction. The house has been dark the first half of the week because of an accident to Julia Bruns.

Winter Garden night will be celebrated at the Century Grove tomorrow night, when the members of "The Passing Show of 1918" will be present.

"Laugh and Grow Thin," formerly known as "The Melting of Molly," is announced for presentation in a local Shubert theatre next month.

"STANDARD FOR FORTY YEARS"
McBride's
THEATRE TICKET OFFICES
UPTOWN 1497 Broadway
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PLAZA ART ROOMS, INC.
547 E. 149th St. (nr. Third Ave.) E. P. O'REILLY
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER.

# CUBA EXCEEDS ITS QUOTA.

### Great Enthusiasm for the Liberty Loan Manifested in Havana.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Oct. 16.—Cuba today passed her quota of $6,000,000, and tonight enthusiasm for the Fourth Liberty Loan is so great that it is freely predicted that over $8,000,000 in subscriptions will be raised, as the fact that the quota has been reached causes no abatement in the enthusiasm. With military and marine bands playing all day and late tonight at Liberty Loan booths, Havana appears more like an American than a foreign city.

As a result of President Menocal's suggestion that Cuba's sugar mills should contribute 10 cents per sack of sugar made this year, $350,000 more in subscriptions were received, and it is estimated that $2,000,000 additional will be raised from this source alone.

The largest subscription received today was $100,000 from the Cuban-American Sugar Company, which already had subscribed the same amount, but in compliance with President Menocal's request for subscriptions for 10 cents per sack promptly doubled its former subscription.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT. LIBERTY BONDS BUILD SHIPS.
NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC: STUDY CAREFULLY THE OPENING TIME OF THE THEATRES IN THIS GROUP. IT IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ORDERS ISSUED BY HEALTH COMMISSIONER COPELAND IN ORDER TO AVOID TRAFFIC CONGESTION. Also: NO SMOKING ALLOWED IN "SMOKING" ROOMS OR LOBBIES.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:15.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
MOST GIGANTIC SHOW IN NEW YORK
PASSING SHOW OF 1918
150 PEOPLE | 30 SCENES | 500 COSTUMES
Sunday Night Concert
BIG BILL OF BROADWAY FAVORITES!

CENTURY Opening Oct. 19 Sat. Eve. Seats Now
LEE SHUBERT & JULIE OPP FAVERSHAM Present the SPECTACULAR PLAY
FREEDOM
Curtain Rises Promptly 8:15.

ROOF CENTURY THEATRE AT 11:30.
CENTURY GROVE MIDNIGHT REVUE
BEAUTIFUL GIRLS 'N' EVERYTHING
TOMORROW—WINTER GARDEN NIGHT
Come on up—Everybody'll be there.

CENTRAL Theatre, B'way and 47th Street. Phone Bryant 17. Evgs. 8:45. Matinees Wed. and Saturday, 2:30.
ALICE BRADY
Returned to the Spoken Stage in
FOREVER AFTER

SELWYN Thea., West 42d St. Evgs. 8:45. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
America's Premier Playhouse
JANE COWL
In "INFORMATION PLEASE"

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings at 9. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
WILLIAM Collier in NOTHING BUT LIES
"Would make a sphynx smile."—Alan Dale.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
The Novelty Hit of the Season,
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers,
The UNKNOWN PURPLE
With RICHARD BENNETT.

JOHN BARRYMORE In TOLSTOI'S PLYMOUTH "REDEMPTION" W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Phone Bryant 40. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

ASTOR Theatre, 45th & B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Mr. and Mrs. SIDNEY DREW
Personally in a Spoken Comedy.
KEEP HER SMILING

LOEW'S 7th AV. POSITIVELY OPENS TODAY MATINEE
"THE BLUE PEARL" 7 Av. Sub. at Door! NOW —With— GEO. NASH
Next Week—"Eyes of Youth," with Alma Tell

CASINO BROADWAY & 39TH STREET. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
28TH WEEK IN NEW YORK.
AL JOLSON
And incomparable Company of 150 in
SINBAD

HUDSON West 44th St. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD IN FRIENDLY ENEMIES

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evgs. 9:00. Mats. Sat. & Wed. (Pop.), 2:30.
UNDER ORDERS
With Shelley Hull & Effie Shannon.

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 9:00. Mats. Sat. & Wed. (Pop.) 2:30.
Marjorie Rambeau
In "WHERE POPPIES BLOOM."

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. (Pop.), 2:30.
A STITCH IN TIME | A New Comedy Drama —with— | IRENE FENWICK

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2.
NOTHING STOPS
MAYTIME
IT RUNS ON FOREVER
A Play with Music.
with JOHN CHARLES THOMAS
JOHN T. MURRAY—Dorothie Bigelow.

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15.
JOHN D. WILLIAMS offers
OSCAR WILDE'S MASTERPIECE
AN IDEAL HUSBAND
NORMAN TREVOR
CONSTANCE COLLIER
JULIAN L'ESTRANGE
CYRIL HARCOURT.

SHUBERT Thea., 44 W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
SOMETIME with ED WYNN
MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 9.00. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JOHN D. WILLIAMS offers THE "COMPLETE SUCCESS."—World.
H. B. Warner in Sleeping Partners | with Irene Bordoni

Maxine Elliott's 39, nr. B'way. Evs. 9:00. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
TEA FOR 3

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 9. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
SHE WALKED IN HER SLEEP

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Today. Best Seats 50c
Highest Price Orch. Seats, Evgs. $1.
"OH, BOY"
NEXT WEEK.....EXPERIENCE

Only 3 Days More to Buy Liberty Bonds!
NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES
NOTICE TO PATRONS OF THESE THEATRES—Patrons are respectfully requested to co-operate with the theatre management and Health Department by being in their seats at the advertised time of the curtain's rise in order to avoid traffic congestion.

New Amsterdam West 42d St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
The Show That Delighted President Wilson Will Delight You.
KLAW and ERLANGER'S Best of All Musical Comedies
The GIRL BEHIND THE GUN

ROOF ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC with WILL ROGERS.
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## AMERICAN AVIATORS IN FRANCE.

Assistant Secretary of War JOHN D. RYAN, in charge of aircraft production, has returned from France and England with such a favorable report of his mission that there should be no more anxiety about America's contribution in material and aviators to the campaign on the western front. Perhaps the best news he brings home is the announcement of an agreement between the Allies to "pool their resources" and to provide for "unity in the air." Each commander, French, British, American, Italian, will direct the operations of his aviation force, but the combined forces will be at the disposal of Marshal FOCH, who may call for concentrations and service at any point to execute his strategical plans. Unified command in the air as well as on the field is assured.

Before Mr. RYAN visited England and France some material was dispatched from the United States to be assembled in France, but there was no compact to "pool resources" and make the best use of labor and material for the common cause. All that seems to have changed; henceforth the Allies will waste nothing, lose no time in production, avoid duplications, and work in harmony toward the peak of production. They will be able, if the war lasts into next Spring and Summer, to overwhelm the enemy in the air, to prevent any reconnoissance at all by him, to smash his troop concentrations, to bomb and destroy his bases.

A few months ago, when American aircraft production was so behindhand that there were no bombing and combat planes of American make on the western front and not enough training planes to supply our large aviation force as organized, no one was disposed to believe that American aviators would take a conspicuous part in the Summer and Autumn offensives in France. It seemed fatuous to hope that General PERSHING would have the American machines and enough American pilots, observers, and fighters. But, thanks to timely exposure of the deficiencies of production and to the rigor of investigation by committees in Congress, also to reorganizations undertaken by the War Department in response to public opinion, motors were at last produced in quantity and a beginning was made in shipping to France airplanes all ready for use and materials to be assembled at the aerodromes. Let Mr. RYAN tell the story of what he was privileged to see at the front:

> I was with our air forces during the St. Mihiel fight and also the one in the Argonne. I believe that in both these offensives the air forces were stronger in numbers and perhaps as high in efficiency as in any battle of the war. This opinion was expressed by both the French and British commanders as well as by our own. The air forces in both offensives were under the direction of the American commander, and while the French furnished a large part of the forces used and the British co-operated, the American squadrons made up about half of the number participating.

The only criticism of the performance of the American airmen was that they were too daring, took too many chances, and did not always make the best use of their opportunities; but the faults were largely virtues, and with more experience our airmen will have no superiors in offensive tactics. About the planes we are now building, installing Liberty motors in them, there cannot be two opinions. The Liberty motor, light and powerful, is so efficient that our Allies will take all that we can spare. The ten thousandth Liberty motor was completed at Detroit while Mr. RYAN was in France. A De Haviland plane equipped with this motor is always a prime favorite with the allied airmen, because it is fast and climbs easily. An American-built De Haviland flew from Dayton to Washington a few days ago in two hours and fifty minutes, at the rate of 143 miles an hour, and the pilot reported that he had no difficulty in holding his course true the entire distance. That is the kind of machine we are sending to the other side. No wonder England and France want the Liberty motor in quantities.

It is high speed and ease of handling that make the American planes so formidable on the western front. In group fighting with the Germans the American airmen are almost uniformly victorious. General PERSHING's bulletins tell the same story every day, a story of unchallengeable superiority. If the war were to end tomorrow, it could be said that the American airmen had excelled in reconnoissance and combat. If the war should go on, the enemy on the American front would soon find himself driven from the air and helpless.

## LET EVERY ONE HELP.

Hosts of volunteer workers all over the country have been helping the Fourth Liberty Loan. They are seen and have been active in the streets, and in places of public assembly, on railroad trains, everywhere; and in countless communities committees have been organized which have charged themselves with the duty of completing and passing the local quota. With only three days remaining, it is time to supplement the labors of the committees and volunteer workers by universal service. It is time for a committee of the whole nation to take up the work. Let every individual take bonds to the full limit of his capacity and credit, and personally assure himself that none of his neighbors has escaped exhortation and solicitation.

The point should be everlastingly pressed that every individual, when he has subscribed for all that he thinks he can afford, can still borrow at the bank to pay for more bonds. By paying down a 10 per cent. installment he can secure from the bank a loan for the balance, with three renewals, covering, in all, the period of a year. That gives him twelve months in which to save up to pay off his loan and to get his bond. It is within the power of persons of moderate means in this country to take the whole loan. They have not all done their duty. Perhaps they have not been reached by individual solicitors, but we do not see how it can have escaped their knowledge that the Government needs and must have six billions by Saturday night.

Something more than half the loan has been subscribed. The six billion subscription must be completed today, Friday and Saturday. It is clear that all of this great sum of something short of six billions cannot now be had from small subscribers, however numerous. The subscribers in larger, even to the largest, sums will in very many cases increase their offerings, and big new subscriptions will come in. But that does not release those of smaller havings from their obligation to do their utmost. Subscriptions must be increased, doubled, trebled. Whatever sums may be necessary must be subscribed and at once. The lagging of the loan has a depressing effect here at home and at the front. General PERSHING makes an appeal which cannot fail to move the most sluggish or the most reluctant: "We have "toiled cheerfully against the Day of "Battle and the spirit that has urged "us on has been the determination "to be worthy of those whom we left "behind when we crossed the seas." We who have not crossed the seas, who have not braved the perils of the battleline, must prove ourselves worthy of the men General PERSHING commands. We must show that we appreciate their valor and their sacrifice. We must support them with all the resources we have. No matter at what cost, the full six billions must be subscribed by Saturday night.

## FAITHFUL ALLIES.

It is edifying to hear that old Magyar fox, Baron BURIAN, Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, reiterating the fidelity of Austria-Hungary and Germany. "We are going to enter upon the negotiations," which are not to be negotiated, "closely "united with our faithful German "ally and with Turkey, which con-"tinues to keep her engagements "toward the Alliance." In Hungary Dr. WEKERLE, the bureaucrat Premier, is more candid. He admits that Hungary's attitude toward Austria is changed. Hungary must be represented on her own hook at the peace conference.

Baron BURIAN's protestations will be regarded cynically in Berlin and in Constantinople; and the Viennese are cynical all the time. If there were any Austrian people, it might be matter of wonder why they don't revolt against the ruinous alliance of which even official and military Austria has long been sick. Most of the Austrian peoples are in revolt, are kept down, if kept down only by martial law. The Czechoslovak political strike is a revolution. The Jugoslavs, the Italians, the Rumanians, have been opposed to and prevented the war's ending right along. The Poles are all for Poland. The German Socialists see the futility of the war. What friends has Germany left in Austria-Hungary? Only the Germans, the German bourgeoisie, with no more sense of humor, outside of Vienna, than their brethren in the other Germany. Only the Germans are faithful to the faithful ally. The execution is really completed. The headsman's work is done. It is only necessary for the victim to sneeze.

In Turkey the people take fortune and misfortune, and especially the latter, with which they are more familiar, with a patient "Inshallah!" A political revolution can only come by means of the army. The feeling of the army may be judged from the course of members of the Military Club of Constantinople, who demanded from the Sultan that the Club of Union and Progress be shut up, Parliament dissolved, a Liberal Cabinet formed, the army demobilized, peace had on any terms. These policies may be supposed to represent the popular feeling. If ABDUL HAMID had been able to keep his place, no doubt Turkey would have kept neutral and got rich from both sides. The Russian catastrophe took away the last excuse for the continuance of the war. TALAAT, the brains of the Young Turks, and ENVER Pasha, the thriftiest and most German of Pan-Turanians and Turkifiers, a gentleman a little careless with revolvers, have fallen. DJEMAL Pasha, a Syrian Pro-Consul, now without a pro-consulate, will be lucky to save his bacon. IZZIT Pasha, sometime Minister of War, has formed a Cabinet, or at least has become Premier. Apparently, TEWFIK Pasha couldn't form a Cabinet. Apparently, too, the Young Turks have been trying to induce the Sultan to consent to a Coalition Cabinet which they would control by their usual method. "Our faithful Ally" on the Bosporus has bet on the wrong horse, knows it and is ready to pay the bill. The war is lost.

## STAND BY RUSSIA NOW.

We have not forgotten Russia; we mean to stand by her when the end of the war comes, but why not stand by her now? Mr. HAROLD WILLIAMS, in the dispatch we printed yesterday, shows that the mere evacuation of Russia by German soldiers will not take Russia out from German influence, and that if we do not act now to drive out that German influence which "poisoned the soul of the great nation" we shall seek in vain to drive it out after peace has come. Horrible as it seems, he tells us only what all who have escaped from Russia have told us with thudding iteration — that the German-guided Bolsheviki deliberately have been attempting to destroy the brain of Russia, so that its body may lie forever under their feet. They are searching out all the educated, all the intelligent, to slaughter them in the new reign of terror directed not against aristocrats, but against brains. "The permanent crippling of Russia," says Mr. WILLIAMS, "is one of Germany's aims."

Is it not time to take some steps to thwart that aim? We must stand by Russia. We shall stand by her when peace is made, but that is not enough; we must stand by her now.

## AUSTRIA IN RUINS.

The Czechoslovak revolution has, according to deputies sent by that nation to the Austrian Reichsrat, entered into its final phase, with a general strike called by the National Council extending throughout the country and rioting in the towns against the German and Magyar troops who have been sent to garrison them. The Polish Regency Council, which was supposed to be well tamed, has suddenly broken out in a demand for a united and free Poland. The Jugoslavs shout down the Austro-Hungarian offer of a specious "autonomy" for only part of their peoples, and demand complete freedom and unity.

No wonder the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger, lately turned a Krupp house organ, sees that "the outline of the "new Austria begins to be visible "above the ruins," or hears "that "thunderous voice of a great Slavdom "which will stretch from Danzig to "the Adriatic Sea"—from Danzig, to be reclaimed from Prussia by Poland, to the Adriatic, which was an essential element in Pan German dreams. Austria-Hungary is in ruins; but the question of what is to take its place is more important than ever. For we do not want any more war-breeding compromises. The question is now whether the Hapsburgs, the ruling classes, and the friends of the Hohenzollerns, can build out of the ruins new shelters for themselves, or whether the material will be used in the erection of the edifices of new free States. The enemy is still trying hard to hold all he can.

It may be well to reread the President's solemn reference, in his latest note to Germany, to that war aim so well stated in his Mount Vernon speech on the Fourth of July:

> The destruction of every arbitrary power anywhere that can separately, secretly, and of its single choice disturb the peace of the world; or, if it cannot be presently destroyed, at least its reduction to virtual impotency.

There is such an arbitrary power in Austria-Hungary, as well as in Germany. If it did not singly and separately disturb the peace of the world in 1914, it was only because it acted with the collusion of the Hohenzollerns. The Austrian ultimatum to Serbia was sent by an autocratic Government, supported in Hungary by a group of landholding oligarchs. The Austrian Parliament had not met for four months before the ultimatum was sent to Serbia; it did not meet for nearly three years thereafter. That ultimatum was the act of just such an arbitrary power as Mr. WILSON described, a power as autocratic and even less representative than that of the Hohenzollerns—for they at least had the moral support of the bulk of the German people, while the Hapsburgs were hated oppressors to all but the aristocracy and a part of the Germans and Magyars.

## THE TRADE COMMISSION SCANDAL

What has been called the Beef Trust scandal turns out to be a scandal of their prosecutors. The Federal Trade Commission cancels seven charges it made that leading packers furnished the army meat unfit for human consumption. If there is anything worse than profiteering, that would be it. In no one of the seven cases does the Commission find that the facts sustain the charges spread through the press in detail far exceeding the acquittal. Sometimes the meat was rejected simply because not the sort ordered; sometimes the meat was bad, but not even offered to the army; sometimes the meat was bad, but not furnished by the defendants; in no case was anything proved beyond that doubt which the Commission felt obliged to extend to the defendants. In short, these seven charges fall worse than even the profiteering charge, which the country promptly put into the same class with the Pujo report on the Money Trust.

What a degradation of the Commission has been witnessed since Mr. HURLEY resigned the chairmanship, as was understood, in protest against tendencies which he could not control. The first thirty charges presented to the Commission of unfair business practices were dismissed as false. Now it is the Commission that makes unsupported charges which it has to retract. In one day thirty-eight concerns were accused by this discredited body, and it is not within any man's knowledge with how much of right or wrong. There are few days when there are not additions to the list of which the public learns little, but which show the Commission's activity. Is this the way to reform business? The country has lost confidence in the Interstate Commerce Commission's efficiency, but the Interstate Commission never descended to the depths of the Federal Trade Commission. Scandal has never touched it, and its members have not abandoned their duties for preferment by pandering to false sentiment on false statements. The United States Chamber of Commerce modestly asked that the three existing vacancies on the Commission should be filled by men who would devote themselves to the Commission's real work. Certainly this is a case where politics should be adjourned.

## SENATOR BORAH.

Some of the militant suffragists, those sages of the National Woman's Party, have invaded the State of Idaho for the purpose of gratifying their curious malice against Senator WILLIAM E. BORAH, whose second term in the Senate ends next March. He is a candidate for re-election. He ought to be re-elected. Few are the States that have a Senator of such intellectual distinction, such knowledge of Constitutional law and history and public affairs, as Idaho possesses in Senator BORAH.

Senator BORAH is a firm believer in woman suffrage, which has prevailed in Idaho since 1896. Having certain old-fashioned Constitutional notions, he holds that the people of the several States should decide for themselves whether they want woman suffrage or not; that it should not be imposed upon unwilling States by means of a Constitutional Amendment. That is his crime in the eyes of the irreconcilable belligerents of the National Woman's Party. What do his pre-eminent abilities, his national reputation, his services to Idaho and the United States amount to? He has committed the unpardonable sin. He would not vote for the Anthony amendment. Away with him!

If the Extreme Left of the suffragists can have its will, Mr. BORAH will be succeeded by some mediocrity who is sound on the one and supreme question in the world of these enthusiasts. Senators of the first rank are so rare that Mr. BORAH's continuance in the post which he fills with such brilliancy and fruitful achievement is a matter of concern to the whole country.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

**Science Has Failed to Guard Us.**

When the history of this influenza epidemic comes to be written, it will not reflect much glory on medical science, or, to be more explicit and to recognize the great truth that responsibility is always personal, on the doctors in whom medical science is embodied. It will have to be admitted that though the members of the profession in the United States had long and full warning that the infection would come to this country, though they had read all about its ravages in Europe, and though it is a disease of few or no mysteries either as to its nature or method of distribution, when it arrived they did little more than tell us that among a well-fed people there would be no widespread infection and the cases that did appear would be far milder than under the much different and far worse conditions existing in the war-worn foreign nations.

That makes strange reading, now, with deaths more numerous in our training camps than anywhere else. One recalls, too, that to early suggestions of strict quarantine the reply was made that such measures could not be taken because they would interfere with the movements of our troops and the general conduct of our war business. Would they have done so more than does an epidemic that now covers practically every State in the Union and practically every town in every State?

That the doctors have been either idle or helpless nobody imagines. Widespread as the malady is, and serious as are its effects, it can be claimed without the possibility of contradiction that it would have been worse, the fatalities more numerous, except for the wisdom of our physicians and the labors of the nurses trained by them. That, however, is poor consolation, as the same method of reasoning always is, for what troubles us are the ills we have, not those we might have had, but didn't.

There has been what seems like a lamentable delay everywhere in the adoption of such precautions as the closing of schools, theatres, and churches, and it is only now, when the epidemic is at its height, that we hear, and hear from Washington alone, as yet, of people who go about the streets and in public conveyances, wearing the gauze masks to which resort was long since made by the members of the attendant staff in all well-regulated hospitals. That device certainly has some merit. If it has much, the experts ought to say so and then we would all follow it.

**Our Clocks Must Be Set Back.**

Senator CALDER is an estimable and thoroughly well-intentioned legislator, but his proposal to continue through the Winter the plan of setting the clocks ahead an hour cannot be commended. That has been highly advantageous to the whole country in the Summer months, and his idea, apparently, is that we cannot have too much of a good thing. But that idea is a wholly fallacious one, with respect to practically all good things, and this is certainly not an exception to the rule.

The United States should be very humble in this matter of daylight saving. Any other policy does not become a nation which in mysterious and decidedly stupid conservatism, delayed nearly ten years in securing for itself the almost innumerable benefits and economies gained by progressive Europe during that period by the ludicrously simple expedient of setting its clocks an hour ahead in Spring and setting them back to true, or rather to standard, time in the Fall. Surely it is not for the laggard to suggest a change in the measure which it was so slow to appreciate, nor is it becoming for it to tell its teachers that they did not know how to use their own invention.

That, however, is not conclusive. Europe has learned of us more than once in the past, and doubtless will in the future. In this particular instance she has no need of our instruction, and the suggested change in her daylight-saving plan would be one for the worse.

Something could be said in its favor, but not much, and the little is unimportant. Against it are many strong and indisputable arguments. In a recent letter to The Evening Post Dr. ABRAM JACOBI, speaking with his high authority, gave warning that in Winter to get everybody out of bed before daylight, or soon after it, would have a deleterious effect on the public health, and that to do so would be especially dangerous in an influenza year, through exposure to early morning chills. That in itself is enough to condemn the CALDER plan. Against it, too, is the fact that by it no daylight would be saved and no measurable savings of any other kind effected. It would make harder and less pleasant the Winter life of an enormous number of people, and, according to the lawyers, it would create serious legal difficulties with respect to the coming election, to insurance, and to many other business matters—difficulties which it would require an immediate special session of the State Legislature to remove.

The Calder bill should not pass the House, and if it does the President should veto it.

**An Appeal We All Must Heed.**

To the request of the telephone company that only really necessary "calls" be made, immediate attention and acquiescence should be given by all the users of that wonderful, and wonderfully beneficent, invention. The company's operating staffs, its advertisements announce, have been grievously stricken by the prevailing plague, and their effective number is now so reduced that only by restricting the service to communications of importance—by eliminating practically all that either can be stopped altogether or conducted in other ways—may the essential business of the country at war be carried on.

Less than forty years ago the telephone was an amusing toy, and not for twenty years after that did it cease to be the luxury of the rich. Now it is become an invaluable implement in daily use, direct or indirect, by all except a small part of our population. Now, nobody can understand how we lived without it, and its value is certain inestimable.

Deprivation of its benefits would be an intolerable calamity, and even a diminution of them is hard to bear. Borne at present, however, the diminution must be, and it will be, done voluntarily and cheerfully by all men and women of good will.

## LIBRARY WORKERS.

### Every One Else Gets More Money; They Need It, Too.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

These are the days of exalted wages. "Big money," to use a phrase of the mart, is being offered even for unskilled labor, and at that, often offered in vain. Even domestic service is receiving a return beyond the former servant girl's dream of avarice. None talk of the minimum wage.

In all this soaring story, one group alone is left untouched by this passing shower of gold—the library staff. Millions for munitions, but not a cent for books. What wonder that the former employe whose salary had always been a bare pittance, tempered by congenial surroundings, should now be deserting Shakespeare for shells.

Long before this war settled down on an unsuspecting world a timid plea was being put forth for more adequate compensation for those who faithfully waited on our intellectual diversions. Then we pleaded on the ground of justice. Now we plead on the ground of necessity.

Of course we can close the libraries. Is that really the wish of the community? MAURICE H. HARRIS.

New York, Oct. 14, 1918.

### The Flag of Monaco.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Attention has been called in your columns to the omission of two flags from the Avenue of the Allies. It is my impression that Monaco also long ago abandoned her neutrality and joined the Allies. You will doubtless know if this is the case.

E. C. FROST.

New York, Oct. 14, 1918.

## BORROW TO BUY BONDS.

### The Duty of the Man of Means or Credit to Protect His Equity in His Possessions.

By THEODORE PRINCE.

Faced, as we are, with the serious problem of raising the studendous sum of six billion dollars, on top of some ten billion dollars that has been raised since June, 1917, some discussion as to the responsibility of the men of means in this task may not be amiss.

Much has been written and said, statistically and otherwise, as to the various proportions of people, wealth, and districts that have subscribed to past loans. Knit together, as we all are, in our tremendous undertaking, criticism is futile unless advantage to the cause ensues. Therefore, aside from statistical data, on what and on whom should this huge financial burden rest?

For this purpose I divide subscribers to the Liberty Loan into two classes, those that have credit and those that have not.

This division is based upon the theory that the now sixteen billions of Liberty bonds cannot be purchased by investors. The amounts are too huge, have followed one another too closely, and have been issued all within a year a half. When one considers that the average amount of investment corporative securities issued per year amounts to about three billion dollars, the notion that these Liberty bonds can be taken for permanent investment as they are issued soon disappears. There is no such amount of savings, investments, or surplus moneys available that can buy these bonds, much less absorb them. To effect the purchase of them, the fixed forms of wealth which we possess must be exchanged for these bonds.

Our estimated wealth of $250,000,000,000 as a basis can readily effect a loan of sixteen to twenty-five billion dollars to the Government. But in order to use this wealth, represented by stocks, bonds, real estate, and other forms, as a basis, credit must be invoked. Credit can exchange our wealth for Liberty bonds. The man possessing wealth in any form must borrow money, and use the proceeds of the loan for the purchase of Liberty bonds. These same Liberty bonds form part of the same basis. In that way, and in that way only, can we continue to loan the Government these huge, stupendous amounts of money essential and vital for our war program and our national existence.

Consequently in reaching a conclusion as to the responsibility that rests upon each one of us as to the amount of bonds we must buy, we are limited by the amount of credit that each can obtain. This in turn depends upon the actual financial resources of each of us, not limited by available cash or income but by the net worth of our entire resources.

The men who have no material resources have no credit; their purchase of Liberty bonds is limited by their actual cash income. To the extent that they invest this in Liberty bonds to that extent they have fulfilled their obligation.

The question then is confined to the man of means, whose material possessions in net worth put him in command of credit resources; it is this—his so-called capital—that must be used for the purchase of these bonds. Unless he is willing to pledge part of his capital to borrow money and buy Liberty bonds, this issue and succeeding issues cannot be taken. Unless the capitalist, the rich man and the man of property resources, no matter how small or large, arranges his affairs so that he can finance the Government by borrowing on such resources, these six billion dollars will not be raised.

The ability to command credit is not enough; it is the desire to obtain it. In this way every man of means can and must constitute himself a banker to the Government.

It is useless for him to compute the difference between the rate of money he receives from the Government and the rate of money he pays. The temporary balance sheet of this financing may not prove profitable, but how much more unprofitable his permanent balance sheet will appear if the loan failed, need not here be described. It is useless for him, in the presence of our world crisis, to bewail the burden of taxation, price fixing, and any other factors which in his opinion make it impossible for him to free larger sums for Liberty bond purchases, other than in the manner indicated. For the responsibility of floating this loan must be laid at his door, and he cannot escape it unless he renounces his material resources. The men who possess, in large part, the wealth of the country possess that which must be the basis of the financing which the Government demands.

After all, the entire process by which these sums are raised and spent for war activities does not mean a destruction of the wealth represented thereby. Whether all our soldiers are clothed and fed by the Government rather than from their own resources does not change our economic balance sheet for the worse. The money spent by the Government in wages and production is spent here, and re-expended by those who have received it.

Naturally, we are poorer by the actual raw materials that have been devoted to no useful purpose and have been destroyed on the battlefield; we are also poorer by the loss of the energies that have been devoted to destructive rather than constructive purposes. But, in the main, the expenditure of these huge amounts mean a redistribution of the moneys represented thereby. The people possessing the wealth of the country lend it to the Government; the Government redistributes it in other channels; these channels retain it until in the course of industrial changes it is again redistributed and repaid first to those who hold the obligation of the Government represented in these Liberty bonds. They not only receive the principal, but the interest, which is a payment for the hire of the money in question. The circle is thus complete.

The bonds received by them follow this wealth, and in time the money that is raised by the Government and expended by it returns to these holders, possessors and creators of wealth.

The past issue of Liberty bonds, together with tax burdens, have apparently absorbed all the surplus floating liquid wealth and savings. The economy and savings to be effected in the future cannot buy the forthcoming issue of Liberty bonds. Accordingly the fixed forms of wealth are alone left to carry on our grim program of war to a successful issue, and must be delivered to the Government as a subsistence upon which our war energies must feed. The holder, however, need not part with the title of any of his property, for through the medium of credit he can loan a portion of it to the Government at a fixed rental.

Let the man of means then borrow money to purchase Liberty bonds.

He should, from a proper sense of duty.

He must, to protect his equity in and holding of material possessions.

## GAS DEPOSITS.

### An Expense, Not a Profit, to the Companies.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Your editorial under the caption "Gas Deposit Graft," in the issue of your paper of Oct. 14, 1918, is perhaps not intentionally misleading and unfair, but written without a full knowledge of the practices of gas and electric companies under the rules of the Public Service Commission and the State law in relation to such deposits.

You recognize the necessity and justice of a company's requiring a deposit, but speak of the responsible good pay customer's being compelled to make this unwilling addition to the company's lawful rate. As a matter of fact, any deposit, either from an irresponsible or responsible customer, is a source of expense to a company in issuing a receipt and keeping a record of each deposit, and in addition the company is compelled by law to pay the customer 6 per cent. on his deposit so long as it remains with the company and the depositor is a customer. I fail to see wherein the deposit could be considered a source of income, and the more the deposits, either in number or amount, the larger the expense to the company.

A company is compelled by the rules of the Public Service Commission to so keep the record of deposits that they can report the age of all deposits, and I doubt if there is a company in the State that could not in a very short time advise any customer in regard to his deposit: It is true that a great many customers forget they have deposits, and in many cases move away without asking for a refund. It is also true that the companies make no little effort to locate a customer and return deposits with interest. If a company is unable to refund a deposit it must still maintain a record of such deposit. It can and does, however, discontinue interest when a depositor ceases to be a consumer.

I know of companies that make a practice of turning back deposits as soon as a customer has established a credit rating, rather than have the trouble and expense of looking after the deposit.

Furthermore, your language in reference to a company's balance sheet rather suggests a lack of principle on the part of the company when you speak of "hidden reserves" and overlooking such items under certain conditions. Consumers' Deposits under the Public Service Commission Uniform System of Accounts is a general balance sheet account, in the schedule of the liabilities, and could not be considered a reserve, could not be hidden, and could not be omitted, overlooked or concealed in a balance statement submitted for rate-making purposes or for any other purpose.

It may surprise you to know that one company has had a number of consumers request that their deposits be retained when the company desired to refund, stating they could not get 6 per cent. for their money in a savings bank and considered the company just as responsible as a bank,

R. M. SEARLE,
Vice President Rochester Railway and Light Company.
Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 15, 1918.

### Uniforms for Munition Workers.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Does risking one's life for nine hours a day working for one's country deserve any public recognition? This is what the munition workers are doing, and they are quite as important a factor in winning the war as the army or navy, for without rifles, ammunition, guns, and all implements of war both the army and navy would be absolutely worthless. The Y. M. C. A. workers, ambulance drivers, and canteen workers deservedly wear service uniforms; why do we not also honor the splendid service of the munition workers by a khaki uniform? From 7 A. M. to 5 P. M. they are not only toiling hard, but are in constant danger of being blown to pieces from the plots of enemy sympathizers or accidents occurring in their work. Give these workers the honor and encouragement of wearing a khaki uniform.

AN AMERICAN CITIZEN.
Montclair, N. J., Oct. 7, 1918.

### ON THE AVENUE.

(AT A LIBERTY LOAN RALLY.)

*"Oh, say, can you see*
*By the dawn's early light."*
'Twas a woman's voice
Ringing over the street,
So high,
So clear,
So piercing sweet,
It seemed that the heart of the world must hear,
And the crowd that passed with its hurrying feet
Stopped short—and its heart drew near.

*"What so proudly we hailed*
*At the twilight's last gleaming."*
And the banner itself
As the high notes rise
So clear,
So sweet,
Swells out and flies
O'er the avenue of the hurrying feet—
O'er the crowd that quiets its shuffling feet,
That its listening heart may hear.

All men bared their heads—
God, I bared my soul,
So swift,
So far,
Could I hear the roll
Of the beating drum and the marching feet,
As my own had marched down this selfsame street,
Where they now plead for paltry gold!

All men bared their heads,
But my soul stood bare,
So swift,
So far,
In the sunlight there
Could my yearning see and my aching find
That flag as it wrapped what had once been mine,
Ere they buried my boy so fair!

*"And the rocket's red glare*
*And bombs bursting in air."*
Women's eyes grew dim.
Blood, my own heart wept,
So far could I see where the storms have swept,
So far,
So swift,
Could I see his gift,
Tossed up where the hopes of a world are kept—
Tossed gladly up with a smiling face,
Tossed lightly up with a boyish grace,
To a God who dreams of a great free race.

And we hold to our paltry gold!

ELEANOR COCHRAN REED.

# SENATORS WILL TRY CAILLAUX ON OCT. 26

### High Court, Not Court-Martial, Will Decide the Fate of the Ex-Premier.

### DEATH PENALTY IF GUILTY

### Two Alleged Accomplices Also Will Be Defendants—Treasonous Plots Are Charged.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—Paris learned with intense satisfaction this afternoon that the Ministerial Council this morning had decided ex-Premier Caillaux and two of his alleged accomplices, Deputy Louis Loustalot, and a lawyer named Paul Comby, shall be tried by the Senate sitting as a high court of justice which is to be convened for that purpose on Oct. 26.

The satisfaction was not due to the fact that Caillaux is to be tried by the high court instead of a court-martial, which was the tribunal originally proposed, but because the highest authorities in the Republic have now definitely fixed the date on which the man who is universally regarded as having been for many years the leader of the now extinguished defeatist movement in France will be placed on trial. It is regarded as eminently fitting that the trial should take place when the invaders at last have also been brought to bay.

The official announcement of this morning's Council shows that the decision was arrived at in consequence of a report from Edouard Ignace, Under Secretary of Military Justice, which asserted that "apart from evidence proving intelligence with the enemy on the part of the accused ex-Premier the preliminary inquiry, which has been going on for some eight or nine months past under legal officers attached to the court-martial, has revealed facts which in their ensemble justify the charge being laid against Caillaux of plotting against the safety of the State as provided for under Article XII. of the Constitutional law of July 16."

On the report of Clemenceau, as Premier and War Minister, and Louis Nail, Minister of Justice, the decree was signed convoking the Senate for the trial of Caillaux and his two fellow prisoners on a charge of plotting against the State and other offenses revealed by the preliminary inquiry. The penalty provided by the code for the offense of intelligence with the enemy is death.

The Temps, in commenting on the decree, calls upon the country to await without comment the issue of the trial, and urges that above all no effort should be made, in view of the extreme gravity of the double accusation—"the most serious that could be brought in time of war against any person brought up for trial"—either to influence the conduct of the trial or to interfere with any judgment that may be rendered. The Temps insists there must not be a renewal of the political intrigues which developed after the Malvy trial with the motive of upsetting the judgment of the Senate.

Indications are that there will be no repetition of the party manœuvres that characterized the trial of Malvy and that Caillaux's trial will be marked with strict impartiality both inside and out of the Senate. The fact that numerous threatened interpellations in the Chamber regarding the sentence of Malvy have never materialized indicates an overwhelming body of public opinion in support of that judgment and has reduced even the most reckless friends and supporters of both the ex-Minister of the Interior and the ex-Premier to a sane recognition of facts.

## WILL HEAR DR. CADBURY.

### Writer of "The Orgy of Hate" Letter Will Be Asked to Explain.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 16.—Francis Fisher Kane, United States District Attorney, tomorrow will determine if "The Orgy of Hate," a letter attacking America's war policy, written to The Public Ledger by Dr. Henry Joel Cadbury, Associate Professor of Biblical History at Haverford College, comes within the scope of the Espionage act. It is probable Mr. Kane will invite Dr. Cadbury to his office to explain the letter.

Both the board of managers of the college and the prominent alumni of Haverford today repudiated Dr. Cadbury's utterances and refused to have the inference drawn that he spoke in any way for the college.

## TURKEY'S NEW PREMIER.

### He Is Now Said to be Izzet Pasha, Instead of Tewfik.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 16.—Upon the resignation of the Turkish Ministry of Talaat Pasha, the Premiership was assumed by Izzet Pasha, a former Minister of War, instead of by Tewfik Pasha, former Turkish Ambassador to Great Britain, as has been previously reported, according to a Constantinople dispatch received here under date of Monday, Oct. 14. Izzet Pasha, it is stated, also took the portfolio of Minister of War.

No Foreign Minister has as yet been appointed, the message adds, but Naby Bey, former Turkish Ambassador at Rome, is in charge of the Foreign Ministry ad interim.

## TARONKA FOR PREMIERSHIP.

### Reported to be New Vienna Chief—Wekerle Stays in Office.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—It is reported in Vienna, according to an official dispatch from Switzerland today, that Emperor Charles has accepted the resignation of Count Hussarek, the Austrian Premier, and intrusted Count Silva Taronka with the task of forming a new Cabinet.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 16.—The Austrian Emperor has declined to accept the resignation of the Cabinet of Premier Wekerle, according to Budapest advices received here. The Emperor said that he had full confidence in the Cabinet.

## McROBERTS TO GO OVERSEAS

### Col. Lamont to Succeed General as Ordnance Procurement Chief.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Lieut. Col. Robert P. Lomont has been appointed chief of the Procurement Division of the Army Ordnance Department to succeed Brig. Gen. Samuel McRoberts, formerly Vice President of the National City Bank of New York, who goes overseas to join General Pershing's staff.

Colonel Lamont in civil life was President of the American Steel Foundry Company of Chicago.

# FORD WANTS TO AID WILSON'S POLICIES

## Tells in a Letter of His Desire to Help in Solving War Problems.

## LEAGUE OF NATIONS IS ONE

### He Fears "Certain Powerful Interests and Politicians" Are Getting Ready to Make Us Military.

*Special to The New York Times.*

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 16.—Henry Ford has taken a more definite position with regard to his willingness to serve as United States Senator, if elected, than he has previously given, the medium of his announcement being a letter to George M. Holley of this city. Mr. Holley in a letter to Mr. Ford said that he found a public impression that Mr. Ford was being forced to run and is not really anxious to be elected. Mr. Ford replied:

"You are certainly at liberty to say to your friends and others that I will be very glad to serve as Senator of Michigan, if elected, and I will make a real job of it. Furthermore, there are a number of great problems which will arise at the close of the war in which the world is deeply interested, and which I would much like to help the President and Congress solve.

"First and foremost, there is the great question of a league of nations to prevent all future wars, so strongly advocated by President Wilson and ex-President Taft. It seems to me that certain powerful interests and politicians are getting ready to fight this plan, and to put this nation on a great permanent military basis instead. I should like to help settle this question right, and, if elected Senator, would favor the plan now advocated by Wilson and Taft.

"The all-important questions of public control of telegraphs and telephone lines and of the railways will be directly in issue. The people should be certain that they are not putting Wall Street tools and stock manipulators into Congress, for Wall Street is already fighting the nation on these questions.

"Other mighty questions will arise concerning the reconstruction of our industries after the war—the rehabilitation of our industrial relations on a peace basis after the war is over, the taking care of our millions of returned soldiers, many of them maimed and crippled for life. All these and many other important subjects will engage our best, most sincere and unselfish thought for the good of all our people. I should be very glad to participate in such capacity as the people may decide."

## SMITH SPEAKS FOR LOAN.

### Time for Firm Talk, He Says, Giving Year's War Cost.

Following a parade through the streets of the lower west side in the interest of the Liberty Loan campaign last night, a rally was held in the 9th Regiment Armory, Fourteenth Street near Sixth Avenue, at which Alfred E. Smith, the Democratic candidate for Governor, was the principal speaker. Frank L. Dowling, Borough President of Manhattan, presided.

In his address Mr. Smith said:

"This is a time for firm talk. We must take stock and commune with ourselves on our duty to the Government before the clock strikes 12 on Saturday night.

"It is difficult to talk in figures, but from a comparison it might be useful. The total cost of the administration of the Government from 1791 to 1917 was about what it has cost us for one year of the war today. The Government wants nothing from its citizens. It can't accept your services without paying for them. All it asks is that you lend to the best of your ability on the best securities the world has ever known. Banking houses may crumble, commercial houses go into bankruptcy, but this Government will stand when all else has gone."

## WILL CALL OLDER DRAFTEES

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Draft calls for men who have passed their thirty-seventh birthdays are expected to begin about March 1. Plans for bringing the older class of new registrants into camp have not been completed, but the approximate date of the first call was disclosed today by publication of testimony by Provost Marshal General Crowder before the House Military Committee.

In all, General Crowder told the committee, 2,300,000 newly registered men between 18 and 45 will be called before July 1 and of that number more than two million will be physically fit fighting men.

The calls for general service will be divided as follows:

October, 345,000; November, 204,000; December, 197,500; January, 147,500; February, 244,000; March, April, May, and June, 244,000 each month. These men will supply both the army and the navy and marine corps.

In addition 20,000 men for limited service will be called each month.

General Crowder said the work of classifying new registrants should be completed by Jan. 1.

### Australia Sends Envoy.

Trade Commissioner H. Y. Braddon of Melbourne, Australia, who has been appointed by the Government of Australia to act as a special representative in this country for the purpose of developing trade relations, arrived last night from San Francisco. His mission here will continue for six months, and his work generally will be to ascertain in what directions and to what extent trade in Australian products may be advanced in the United States. It is understood that his official status here as Trade Commissioner will be recognized by the Department of Commerce and other agencies, by request of the British Government.

### Miss Borg Weds Dr. Alcan Hirsch.

Miss Edith D. Borg, a sister of Myron I. Borg and Sidney C. Borg, bankers, and Dr. Alcan Hirsch of 360 Riverside Drive were married yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Alfred N. Goldsmith, 43 Fifth Avenue, the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise officiating. Dr. Hirsch is one of the prominent chemical engineers of this country, and during the war he has been working largely in dyes and drugs for the United States and the French Governments.

### Barrett-Harned Engagement.

Mrs. Walter S. C. Barrett of 368 West 117th Street announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss F. Vincent Telfer Barrett, to Lieutenant Pomeroy Randolph Harned, U. S. A. Miss Barrett is the youngest daughter of the late Walter Scott G. Barrett of Cheltenham, Gloster, England, and is a descendant of Smollett, the novelist. Lieutenant Harned is a graduate of Leland Stanford Junior University of California.

### Miss Burne to Wed Ensign Packard

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Cotton Burne of New York and Huntington, L. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Charlotte Eden Burne, to Ensign Edward B. Packard, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Packard of Boston. Miss Burne is a graduate of Smith College. Ensign Packard is a graduate of Harvard, and is an aviator at the Naval Air Station, Rockaway Beach.

### Engaged to Lieut. Carman B. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Megeath of 1,000 Park Avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Jessie Megeath, to Lieutenant Carman B. Smith, United States Marine Corps. Lieutenant Smith is a graduate of the University of Wisconsin.

# *CHINA INAUGURATES HER NEW PRESIDENT*

## *Foreigners Not Invited to Ceremony — No Vice President Chosen—Votes at $300 Each.*

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Oct. 16.—Hsu-Shi-Chang has been inaugurated President. The press was not invited to attend the ceremony; neither were foreigners, the reason alleged being the scarcity of accommodation in the Throne Room, which is a spacious building capable of acommodating thousands. The real reason of the authorities is the uncertain attitude which the legations adopt toward the new President.

At the reception the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps tendered congratulations to the President, who responded.

Yesterday Parliament assembled for the election of a Vice President, but there was no quorum, and the Speaker drove to the Zoological Gardens, where a party of members were dining; but the latter, warned of the impending visit, decamped. Votes are quoted at $300 each. There were lively scenes at the banks, the party leaders having stopped payment on checks issued because the election failed.

## STIFLING RUMANIAN REFORM

### Pro-German Cabinet Also Criticized for Bessarabian Policy.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—Private dispatches received here from Rumania show that the pro-German Marghiloman Cabinet at Jassy is handling the Bessarabian question in a manner that will enable the Germans to exploit it in a fashion inimical to Rumania. The Marghiloman Cabinet is influencing the great Rumanian landed proprietors to join with their Bessarabian prototypes with the help of the army of occupation in developing a movement of resistance to the agrarian reforms demanded by the peasantry in both sections of the kingdom.

The Jassy Press indicates that the Bulgarian armistice so far has not had the effect of leading Turkey to break off diplomatic and Consular relations with her former ally.

The Rumanian Government is now issuing an internal loan redeemable in forty years. The amount of the loan is unlimited.

# *TRIBUTE OF CHURCH TO CAPT. C. D. BAKER*

## *Service Held in St. James's for Hero Who Died After Winning Croix de Guerre.*

A memorial service for Captain Charles Dabney Baker, son of Stephen and Mary Dabney Baker, who died in France on Sept. 12 from wounds suffered in battle on July 29, was held yesterday at St. James' Church, Madison Avenue and Seventy-first Street. Captain Dabney was attached to the 165th U. S. Infantry.

Bishop David H. Greer conducted the service and was assisted by Bishop Frederick Courtney, formerly rector of the church; Frank Warfield Crowder, the rector, and Noah J. P. Chalmers. After the singing of the anthem by the choir, a flag bearer took his place at the entrance of the sanctuary and the service flag was held on the altar. A prayer was recited and then a gold star was placed upon that star of the service flag which represented Captain Baker. The congregation sang "The Battle Hymn of the Republic."

Captain Baker, at the time of his enlistment in the service, was in charge of the Christian Nurture classes of the church and one of the ushers at the Sunday services. He won his Captaincy on the field on which he received the wound that resulted in his death. He had previously received the Croix de guerre for gallant service in the trenches.

# *CONGRESSMAN MEEKER DIES AFTER WEDDING*

## *St. Louis Representative, Divorced, and Dying from Influenza, Marries His Secretary.*

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 16.—Congressman Jacob E. Meeker died here this morning of Spanish influenza after his marriage at midnight last night to his private secretary.

Congressman Meeker, a Republican, had served two terms in the House of Representatives from the Tenth (St. Louis) District. He was renominated in the August primary and was here in the interest of his re-election, when he became seriously ill. He was removed to a hospital last Monday.

His marriage at midnight to Mrs. Alice Redmon, his secretary, followed announcement by his physician that he could not recover. He was divorced from his first wife and left four children.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—After receiving news of the death of Representative Meeker of Missouri the House adjourned this afternoon and Speaker Clark appointed a committee to attend Mr. Meeker's funeral.

## LOUIS W. WORMSER DEAD.

### Last Survivor of Family of Bankers Dies in His 46th Year.

Louis W. Wormser, the last surviving member of the family of Wormser bankers, died suddenly of heart disease yesterday morning at his home, 836 Fifth Avenue, in the forty-sixth year of his age. Mr. Wormser retired from business in 1907. He was a son of the late Simon Wormser, who was a member of the famous banking firm of I. & S. Wormser, for many years having a leading place in financial circles of New York. Mr. Wormser was the youngest of four sons, all dead. He is survived by a cousin, Mrs. J. Seligman of New York. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock from the late residence.

### Dr. Charles S. Caverly.

RUTLAND, Vt., Oct. 16.—Dr. Charles S. Caverly, professor of hygiene in the University of Vermont College of Medicine and President of the State Board of Health since 1891, died here today. He was 62 years of age and widely known as a specialist in infantile paralysis. He was born in Troy, N. Y.

### Capt. Taggart Dies of Influenza.

Captain D. M. Taggart, an officer of the British Mercantile Marine who received the Distinguished Service Order for his Government for sinking a submarine in June, 1917, off the French coast, died on Monday of Spanish influenza at his home in this city. At the time he destroyed the U-boat by gunfire the Captain was in command of the steamship Celia, which was sunk under him seven months later in the Mediterranean. He was a naturalized American.

## EMILE GUIMET DEAD.

### Founder of Museum of Religions of Central Asia in Paris.

PARIS, Oct. 16. (Havas.)—Announcement is made of the death of Emile Guimet, founder of the Guimet Museum.

The Guimet Museum is a curious edifice in the Place d' Iena, Paris. It contains collections presented to the State in 1886 by Emile Guimet. These collections consist mainly of a museum of the religions of Central Asia, a special library, a splendid exhibit of Oriental pottery and antiquities. Emile Guimet was born at Lyons on June 2, 1836. He was author of a number of books and pamphlets, and was an Officer of the Legion of Honor.

## Obituary Notes.

Dr. LEONARD CASSELL McPHAIL, a specialist in the diseases of children and for many years connected with the Brooklyn City Dispensary and the Brooklyn Orphan Asylum, died yesterday at his residence, 161 Hicks Street, Brooklyn. Dr. McPhail was a graduate of the New York University and a member of the Hamilton Club and the Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club. He was 63 years old.

First Lieutenant ROBERT HARRY SCOTT, a surgeon in the U. S. Navy, assigned to the Naval Rifle Range at Peekskill, N. Y., died at Peekskill on Tuesday in his thirty-third year. Lieutenant Scott was a graduate of Amherst College and the Long Island Medical College, and before his enlistment in the navy was a practicing physician at 128 Reid Avenue, Brooklyn. He was a member of the Kings County Medical Society, the Pathological Society, and the Municipal Club.

ARTHUR C. JACOB, 25 years old, who saw service in the American Ambulance service in France and enlisted in the United States Navy on his return to this country last June, died at the Pelham Bay Naval Training Station yesterday of pneumonia. His home was at 1,009 East Fifth Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. JULIA J. ARMBRUSTER, wife of Eugene L. Armbruster, a manufacturer in Manhattan, died on Tuesday at her home, 263 Eldert Street, Brooklyn, aged 49 years.

MAX HERRMAN, a salesman for the Independent Beef Company of Manhattan, died at his home, 1,469 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, on Monday.

Mrs. SUSAN W. BURROUGHS, widow of James Burroughs, a builder, died in her eighty-third year on Monday at the home of her daughter, 319 Lincoln Road, Flatbush. She was one of the earliest members of All Souls Universalist Church in the Eastern District.

THEODORE VELSOR, a prominent resident of Oyster Bay and a Trustee of the Oyster Bay High School, is dead at his home there.

JAMES J. DOOLEY, for ten years with the Kings County Register's office, died on Tuesday at his home, 855 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, of pneumonia. He was 50 years old.

EDWARD HAMPTON BROWNELL, Treasurer of the E. P. Reichheim Company, manufacturers of jewelers' tools, died in the Brooklyn Hospital on Monday. He was 82 years old and lived at 68 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM HEINRICHS, 71 years old, a retired confectioner of the Greenpoint section, died on Monday at his home, 210 Kelford Street. He was a Trustee of St. John's Lutheran Church.

HAROLD WILARD HICKS, who was taking a special course at New York University as a member of Company B of the Signal Corps, died Tuesday of influenza at his home, Great Neck, L. I. He was 23 years old and a son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hicks.

MATHEW KOCH, 40 years old, and his son, John Joseph Koch, ten months old, died Tuesday of influenza at their home, 1,284 Eighteenth Street and Seventh Avenue, Whitestone, L. I. Mr. Koch came here from Virginia three weeks ago.

Mrs. MARY ISABELLE RYAN, 63 years old, one of the first circus performers in this country, died yesterday at her home, 241 West Forty-third Street. She was born in Edwardsville, Ind. Her two daughters played on the vaudeville stage for many years as Lillie and Anna Kenwick.

TONAMAN HAGIMORI, 33 years old, member of the Kishira Mining Company of Japan and in charge of its New York office at 26 Cortlandt Street, died of pneumonia Monday at Roosevelt Hospital.

Lieutenant L. W. DANIEL, attached to the Quartermaster Corps at the Raritan Cevernment Reservation, near Metuchen, N. J., died there yesterday of pneumonia, following Spanish influenza. He was 26 years old and a native of Springfield, Ohio.

Dr. CHARLES H. ELLIS, Jr., pharmacist of Fort Chester, N. Y., died in the United Hospital there yesterday of pneumonia. Dr. Ellis, who was 34 years old, was a graduate of the New York College of Pharmacy and Columbia University.

Miss LEAH DALTON of the Sam Howe "Butterfly of Broadway" Burlesque Company, died yesterday of Spanish influenza at Lincoln Hospital. Her husband is in the service in France.

NORBERT ULLMAN, 22 years old, Quartermaster in the United States Navy and son of Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Ullman, died yesterday of pneumonia at the home of his parents, 316 West Eighty-fourth Street. Before enlisting he was employed by N. Erlanger & Co., Inc., impertera.

Coswain REGINALD BUSHNELL, son of Mrs. William Palmer of 200 Glenwood Avenue, East Orange, N. J., died of pneumonia in the Brooklyn Navy Yard Hospital of pneumonia, following influenza. He was 23 years old and was in the Naval Reserves.

Councilman ROBERT MUNN DIXON of East Orange, N. J., President of the Safety Car Heating and Lighting Company and of the Flintsch Compressing Company of New York, died of heart disease yesterday at his home, 27 North Walnut Street, East Orange. He died in the house in which he was born Sept. 19, 1839. Mr. Dixon was a Trustee of the United Engineering Society of New York.

ARCHIBALD S. VAN ORDEN, a veteran of the civil war, died Tuesday at his home, in Sherwood Park, Yonkers, N. Y., in his seventy-third year. He enlisted in the Union Army at the age of 16. Mr. Van Orden was for nearly forty years treasurer of the North Side Republican Association.

Dr. I. JACQUES GROSSMAN, 27 years old, is dead at his home, 22 Prospect Park Southwest, Brooklyn. A graduate of New York University, he was house physician of the Brooklyn Jewish Hospital and was a member of the Kings County Medical Society.

Mrs. ANNA ALLAINDIE JOHNSTON, wife of William A. Johnston, editor of The Motion Picture News of New York, died last night of pneumonia at her home in Bradish Avenue, Bayside, L. I. She was 28 years old.

FRANK X. HERRMAN of South Amboy, N. J., 36 years old, an employe of the T. A. Gillespie plant at Morgan, N. J., died Tuesday night in Martinsville, N. J., of pneumonia, contracted while helping to rescue people during the explosion at the shell loading plant.

ROBERT PARKER STAATS, son of J. Henry and Mary D. Staats of 410 Park Avenue, died Monday of pneumonia at Camp Hancock, Ga. He was married and lived at 375 Park Avenue.

Ensign HARRY A. FALLON, who was home on a leave of absence, after fifteen months' service in France, died Tuesday of pneumonia at the home of his parents, 770 St. Nicholas Avenue. Ensign Fallon was graduated from Fordham University in 1916.

DAVIS W. MILLER, 62 years old, President of the Bloomfield Board of Trade and owner of extensive properties in Glen Ridge, Montclair, and Morris Park, N. J., died yesterday at his home, 356 Bloomfield Avenue, Bloomfield. He was born in Newark.

JOHN P. BEGLEY, 26 years old, an Assistant United States Attorney for Connecticut, died in Hartford yesterday of pneumonia. He was a Trinity College and Harvard Law School graduate.

HOWARD BREESE, 29 years old, formerly employed by the New York Telephone Company, but recently a member of the Tank Corps, stationed at Camp Colt, Gettysburg, Penn., is dead there of pneumonia.

Dr. CHARLES RYTTENBERG died yesterday at his home in Port Chester, N. Y. Dr. Ryttenberg was 34 years old and was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, this city, in 1906. He was a fellow of the American Medical Association, a member of the National Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis and of the Association of Surgeons.

*Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.*

### Born.

SAMUELS.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Samuels (nee Annette L. Roberts) of 600 West 109th St. announce the birth of a son, Oct. 15, at Alston's Sanitarium.

### Engaged.

CULLISON—WALKER.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Walker announce the engagement of their daughter, Beatrice, to Cadet Douglas Lincoln Collison of Enid, Okla.

### Married.

HIRSCH—BORG.—On Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1918, Edith D. Borg to Dr. Allan Hirsch.

### Died.

ARNHEIM.—On Oct. 12, at Camp Green, Charlotte, N. C., aged 27 years, David, beloved son of Charles and Fannie (nee Froehlich,) and devoted brother of Clara and Myra. Funeral from the chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 2,003 7th Av., on Friday, Oct. 18, at 10 A. M.

ARMBRUSTER.—Oct. 13, at her home, 263 Eldert St., Brooklyn, Julia J., (nee Meury,) wife of Eugene L. Armbruster. Services Friday, Oct. 18, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

BENEDICT.—Zoe Papin, wife of C. W. Benedict, suddenly, in St. Louis, Oct. 15.

## Died.

BERG.—On Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1918, Alice A. Berg, (nee Archer,) beloved wife of George Chris Berg. Funeral services at her late residence, 19 Hillside Av., Orange, N. J., Thursday, evening, private. Interment Friday at the convenience of the family.

BIER.—On Wednesday, Oct. 16, after a short illness, Florence Cosbland, beloved wife of Arthur M. Bier, in her 40th year. Funeral at convenience of family.

BLAKE.—Bernard Thomas, St. Paul, Minn., Y. M. C. A. Secretary, Oct. 15. Camp Mills, pneumonia.

BLAUNER.—Anna Miriam, (nee Gordon,) on Oct. 16, beloved wife of Dr. Samuel A. Blauner, mother of Robert, daughter of Joseph Gordon, and sister of John J., Mrs. Jennie Watkins, Isaac J., Mansen, and Samuel. Funeral from her late residence, 204 West 110th St., Friday, Oct. 18, 11 A. M. Kindly omit flowers. Kingston, N. Y., papers please copy.

BLUMENTHAL.—Abraham, traffic officer, Oct. 16, 2:30 P. M. Funeral Friday, at 8:30 A. M., from mother's home, 808 Dawson St.

BLUMENTHAL.—Ritta, (nee Ritta Holstein,) wife of Samuel Blumenthal, Wednesday, 7 P. M. Funeral from Meyers' funeral parlor, 228 Lenox Av., Friday, 9:30 A. M.

BOHN.—Augustine, beloved wife of Louis E. Bohn and mother of Paul and Ralph, suddenly from heart failure Tuesday morning. Funeral services Thursday, 8 P. M., at her late residence, 108 North High St., Mount Vernon. Funeral private.

BOWDEN.—John R., aged 54 years. Private funeral services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St.

BRANDES.—On Wednesday, Oct. 16, at her home, 97 Liberty Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., Anna Margaretha Thaden, widow of the late Frederick Brandes, in the 82d year of her age. Notice of funeral later.

BREEDE.—At White Plains, N. Y., Oct. 15, 1918, Helen M., beloved wife of Walter Breede, in her 38th year. Funeral services for relatives at 1 Charterton Parkway, on Thursday, at 8 P. M.

BRENNAN.—John G., 27, son of the late Thomas F. Brennan, 223 West 147th St. Requiem mass, Roman Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart, Highbridge, Bronx Borough, Friday, 10 A. M. Interment St. Raymond's.

BROWN.—At White Plains, N. Y., Oct. 15, 1918, Elizabeth S., daughter of the late Wilson Brown, in the 85d year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, 55 Fisher Av., White Plains, Thursday, 4 P. M. Interment Keyport, N. J.

BUNCE.—Suddenly, on Oct. 16, Edward R., son of the late Mary J. Bunce. Services, "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway and 66th St. Notice of funeral later.

BURLING.—At his home, 693 Quincy St., on Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1918, aged 26 years, Pay Clerk Joseph Edgar Burling, U. S. N. R., beloved husband of Elsie Meng Burling and only son of Charles E. and Clara D. Burling. Funeral services at James M. E. Church, Reid Av., corner Monroe St., on Friday, Oct. 18, at 3:30 P. M.

BURR.—On Oct. 14, 1918, Emeline Alstyne, widow of Joseph Arthur Burr. Funeral from her late residence, 145 Rodney St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 17, 1918, at 2 P. M.

BURT.—Alfred S., in his 23d year. Funeral from his late residence, 238 Echo Place, Bronx. Funeral services Friday evening, 8 o'clock, at Pilgrim Congregational Church, 175th St. and Grand Concourse, Bronx. Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend. Interment at convenience of family.

CHRISTIAN.—Tuesday, Oct. 15, Edith E. Christian, at 1,101 5d Av., N. Y. City. Funeral private on Friday, Oct. 18, 2 P. M.

CONNOR.—On Tuesday, Oct. 15, at Camp Wadsworth, S. C., Private Joseph M. Connor, 62d Pioneer Infantry, beloved son of the late Patrick and Jane Connor and brother of Mary, Margaret, Bessie and Patrick. Notice of funeral hereafter.

COOK.—On Oct. 15, David Cook, son of the late William J. and Elizabeth M. Cook. Funeral services Friday, Oct. 18, at 2:30 o'clock, from chapel at Greenwood Cemetery.

CUOMO.—John, age 48, of pneumonia, Oct. 15, at his home, 429 7th Av. Will be buried Friday morning from St. Clair Church.

OUTWATER.—At Charleston, W. Va., Oct. 14, 1918, Edmund J., beloved husband of Alice Scott and son of Edwin and the late Anna Gregor Outwater. Funeral service at 400 Convent Av., Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Interment private.

D'AGARIOFF.—At Camp Humphreys, Va., Oct. 15, 1918, of pneumonia, Genia, Second Lieutenant of 5th Engineer Regiment, U. S. A., in his 33d year. Interred at Arlington National Cemetery, Washington, D. C.

DALTON.—Mrs. Leo. Lying in state THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell Building.)

DANZIGER.—On Oct. 15, Bella, beloved wife of Samuel Danziger. Funeral from her late residence, 251 West 89th St., Thursday, 10 A. M.

DIMOCK.—Edith Sinclair, aged 25, at Bridgeport, Conn., on Tuesday. Funeral services at 1,304 Findlay Av., Thursday at 12 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

DIXON.—Suddenly, at East Orange, N. J., on Oct. 16, 1918, Robert M. Dixon, in his 50th year. Funeral services at his residence, 37 North Walnut St., Friday, Oct. 18, at 4 P. M.

DUGAN.—William, 37. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," B'way and 66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Friday, at 11 o'clock.

EDWARDS.—Oct. 16, Ronald, aged 36 years, beloved husband of Amelia M. Bissle Edwards. Funeral from the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Company's new Harlem Chapel, 2,348 8th Av., near 125th St., Friday, 11 o'clock.

EVANS.—On Oct. 16, Ruth Louise, wife of Albert R. Evans, in the residence of her mother, Mrs. I. E. Brown, 50 Morningside Drive. Funeral services private. Interment Saturday, 3 P. M., at Leicester, Mass.

EVANS.—On Tuesday, Oct. 15, Anne Evans, wife of John Evans, after a lingering illness, in her 71st year. Funeral services at the Welsh Church, 305 West 155th St., on Friday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery.

EVANS.—On Oct. 15, 1918, Frances Louise, wife of William A. Evans, at her residence, 229 West 83d St. Funeral services Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Cypress Hills.

FALLON.—On Tuesday, Oct. 15, Ensign Harry A. Fallon, U. S. N. Funeral from the residence of his parents, 770 St. Nicholas Av., on Friday, Oct. 18, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, 142d St. and Convent Av. Interment at Woodlawn. Automobile cortege.

FALLON.—The Fordham University Alumni Association learns with regret of the death of its Fourth Vice President, Ensign Harry A. Fallon, Jr., U. S. N., Class of 1916, who succumbed to pneumonia at the home of his parents, 770 St. Nicholas Av., while on leave of absence, after fifteen months' service in France. Members are requested to attend the mass at the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, 146d St. and Amsterdam Av., at 10 A. M., Friday. CHARLES J. McCAFFERTY, President.

EDWARD P. GILLERAN, Secretary.

FENN.—In Hartford, Conn., Oct. 15, 1918, suddenly, Hart Conklin Fenn, aged 52 years. Services at his late residence, 12 Corraine St., Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Funeral private.

FERGUSON.—Wallace, aged 17 years, on Oct. 16, from pneumonia, youngest son of Juliana Armour and the late Dr. Farquhar Ferguson. Funeral private.

FOX.—On Monday, Oct. 14, 1918, Elizabeth C., wife of Seth W. Fox. Funeral from her late residence, Seven Oaks, Palisades, N. Y., Thursday, Oct. 17, at 3 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Sparkill depot to meet train leaving Jersey City 1:29 P. M., via Erie RR.

GAYLOR.—Corinne Whitmore, on Tuesday, Oct 15, 1918, at her residence, 30 Willow Av., North Pelham, N. Y., in her 68th year. Funeral Saturday, at 8 P. M. Interment Scarsdale Sunday. Connecticut and East Orange papers please copy.

GOLDRICK.—At Kingston, N. Y., on Oct. 15, John J. Goldrick, beloved husband of Joan M. Dwyer and son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Goldrick of Goldrick's Landing, N. Y. Interment private, St. Mary's Cemtery, Kingston, N. Y.

GOLDSTEIN.—Frieda, beloved sister of Edward I., Joseph M., Albert M., George, and Samuel Goldstein, and beloved fiancee of Ira A. Schiller, departed this life Oct. 16, 1918. Funeral Thursday, 3 P. M., Oct. 17, 1918, from 540 West 144th St. Interment Washington Cemetery.

GORE.—Charles F. Funeral 81 Bedford St., Manhattan, Saturday, 9:30 A. M.

GROSSMAN.—Gertrude, late wife of Morris Grossman, and daughter of Joseph Cohan, on Oct. 16, 1918, after a short illness. Funeral from her late home, 1,080 Findlay Av., Bronx, on Oct. 17, 1918, at 9 A. M.

## Died.

HALST.—On Oct. 16, 1918, Joseph Halst, beloved husband of Sarah Halst, (nee Ryan,) at his late residence, 2,360 Webster Av. Notice of funeral later. Chicago papers please copy.

HADDEN.—Oct. 16, 1918, entered into rest Alice M. Harrison Hadden, beloved wife of A. Lewis Hadden, daughter of Thomas F. and Emily De Wilton Harrison. Funeral services at her late residence, Cornwall Heights, Friday evening, 8 P. M. Interment at Flushing Cemetery, Flushing, L. I., Saturday morning.

HAMPSON.—On Oct. 15, of pneumonia, Eleanora Aloysius, (nee O'Sullivan,) 34 years, beloved wife of Charles G. Hampson, formerly of Richmond Hill, N. Y., now 232 East 26th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral from mortuary chapel of Leonard Ruoff, Ozone Park, L. I., at 2 P. M. Friday, Oct. 18, 1918.

HANO.—On Wednesday, Oct. 16, Fannie, (nee Leffler,) beloved wife of Philip Hano and devoted mother of Philip Leffler, Edward Hano, Mrs. George A. Gottlieb,) Herbert and Robert Hano. Funeral from her late residence, 374 West End Av., Apt. 51, Friday, Oct. 18, at 10 A. M. Savannah and Philadelphia papers please copy.

HARTMAN.—On Wednesday, Oct. 16, of pneumonia, in his 29th year, Jacob W., beloved husband of Ray, father of Elaine, devoted son of Wolf and Anna Hartman and brother of Max, David, Aaron, Irving, and Beatrice Hartman. Funeral from the Jewish Hospital, Classon Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 17, at 12 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers. Relatives and friends are invited.

HEIMANN.—Julius, beloved husband of Ida Stieglitz, died suddenly, as a result of automobile accident, in his 65th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HETTLING.—At Naval Hospital, Pelham Bay Park, of pneumonia, on Sunday, Oct. 13, in his twenty-second year, Frederick C., beloved son of Frederick H. and Marie E. Hettling, (nee Breimfoerder.) Funeral services at St. Peter's Lutheran Church, 54th St.-Lexington Av., Thursday evening, Oct. 17, at 8 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

HOWLAND.—Suddenly, at Spring Lake, N. J., Oct. 14, 1918, Sarah C. Howland, daughter of the late William Hazard and Annie M. West Howland. Funeral from her late residence, Morristown, N. J., Friday, Oct. 18, on arrival of the 9 o'clock train from New York.

JACOB.—On Oct. 16, of pneumonia, in his 26th year, Arthur C. Jacob of Pelham Bay Naval Training Camp, beloved son of Henry and Charlotte Jacob. Funeral service at the residence, 1,009 East 5th St., Brooklyn, Friday evening at 8:30. Interment private.

JACOBY.—Victor E., 314 West 106th St., New York, Oct. 16, 1918, son of the late Gustav Jacoby and Carrie Jacoby, husband of Gertrude H. Jacoby. Funeral services Thursday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Private. Interment at Salem Fields.

KELLER.—Isidor, at Camp Meade, Md., Oct. 9. Funeral from Meyers Funeral Chapel, 228 Lenox Av., Oct. 17, 3 P. M. Interment Mount Hebron Cemetery, Flushing, L. I.

KELLER.—Members of Manhattan-Washington Lodge, 19, I. O. B. B., are invited to the funeral of Brother Corporal Isaac Keller, Co. D, 17th Infantry, Thursday afternoon, Oct. 17, 3 o'clock, Meyers' Mortuary Chapel, 228 Lenox Av.

G. DAVIDSON, President.

P. COWEN, Secretary.

KELLY.—On Oct. 15, 1918, William, native of Banagher, Kings Co., Ireland. Funeral from Dargeon's Funeral Church, 554 Amsterdam Av., Saturday, 8:30 A. M. Thence to St. Joseph's Church, 125th St. and St. Nicholas Av. Interment St. Thomas's Cemetery, Fairfield, Conn. Bridgeport and Fairfield (Conn.) papers please copy.

KEMP.—On Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1918, of influenza, Pauline, daughter of the late Phillip and Pauline Kemp, and dearly loved sister of Lena Kemp. Funeral private from her late residence, 1,215 Madison Av., Friday, at 1:30 P. M. Additional services at Washington Cemetery, at 3 P. M., Friday. Kindly omit flowers. Members and seatholders of Central Synagogue, the Sisterhood and Ladies' Auxiliary are hereby notified of her demise.

KENDALL.—Raymond M. Kendall, aged 41 years. Funeral Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St.

KISER.—Oct. 15, 1918, Stephan J., son of Matthias Kiser, age 26. Funeral from Engel's Funeral Parlors, 305 East 82d St., Manhattan, thence to St. Joseph's Church, 87th St., between 1st Av. and Av. A, Friday morning, 9:30. Interment Trinity Cemetery, Brooklyn.

KLENKE.—Entered into rest Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1918, Louisa Margaret, dearly beloved daughter of John H. Klenke and Flora Meyer, in her 22d year. Services Friday evening, 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 1,165 Park Av. Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend. Interment private.

KOPLIK.—Herman C., Vice President of the Liberty Cloth Sponging Works, passed away Tuesday morning at 6:30 o'clock, at his residence, 1,013 Bryant Av., Bronx. Funeral will be held at the above address Thursday, Oct. 17, at 9 A. M. Please omit flowers. All friends are respectfully invited.

LAWFORD.—Harrison Haring, on Oct. 15, 1918, in the twenty-eighth year of his age, only son of Hugh Reid and Georgina F. Lawford. Funeral at convenience of family.

L'HOMMEDIEU.—Suddenly, on Oct. 16, 1918, at his residence, 490A Monroe St., Brooklyn, Samuel, beloved husband of Dr. Minnie Cebelia L'Hommedieu, (nee Holister.) Notice of funeral later.

LOESER.—Oct. 15, Minnie Schrader, beloved wife of George C. Losser. Funeral services at her late home, 157 West 83d St., Friday, Oct. 18, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

LUTHER.—At his residence, 465 Western Av., Albany, N. Y., early Tuesday morning, Oct. 15, John A., son of the late George W. and Phebe Andrews Luther, and brother of the late George Martin Luther. Funeral Thursday, Oct. 17, at 3 o'clock.

McCARTHY.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1918, Jeremiah J. McCarthy, aged 40 years, beloved husband of Mary McCarthy, (nee Fox.) Funeral from his late residence, 898 10th Av., on Saturday, the 19th inst., at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of St. John the Evangelist, where a requiem mass will be offered at 10 o'clock. Members of Santa Marie Council, 185, K. of C., are invited.

McPHAIL.—On Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1918, at his residence, 181 Hicks St., Brooklyn, Leonard Cassell McPhail, M. D. Services Friday evening, Oct. 18, at 8:30. Interment Saturday morning.

MAHON.—Suddenly, on Oct. 15, 1918, by auto accident, Hester A. Mahon, beloved sister of William Mahon and Mrs. Charles H. Bowen. Funeral services at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Bowen, 604 West 158th St., on Friday afternoon, Oct. 18, at 2:30 o'clock.

MARKS.—Dr. David, on Wednesday morning. Funeral service at residence, 50 East 119th St., on Friday at 11.

METZGER.—Rose S., beloved wife of Louis Metzger, on Oct. 15. Funeral Oct. 17 from her late residence, 853 Stebbins Av., Bronx, at 10 A. M.

MICHAEL.—On Oct. 15, 1918, Marc Murray Michael, Jr., beloved son of Marc Murray Michael and Cornelia Lefferts Whitlock, in his 21st year.

MICHAEL.—On Oct. 16 after a short illness, Brother Albram Michael, (Patrick O'Connor,) Christian brother of New York Catholic Protectory. Solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated at N. Y. C. P. Chapel, on Saturday, at 9 A. M.

MILLER.—Oct. 16, 1918, at the Nurses' Infirmary, Bellevue Hospital, Rosabel, be

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'As long as there is a German Army in the field, the soldier's job is to fight, whether the Germans are talking peace or not---to keep on fighting with all his might.

And the men of Foch and Haig and Pershing are fighting with all their might.

As long as there is a German army in the field, your job is to buy bonds whether the Germans are talking peace or not---to buy to your utmost limit.

We are winning battles.

Our biggest war need right now is an oversubscription of the Fourth Liberty Loan.

Buy as you never bought before!

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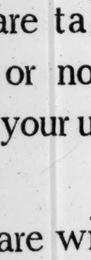


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Second Federal Reserve District
120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

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# FINANCIAL MARKETS

## Foreign News Creates Cross-Currents in Markets—Some Stocks Are Strong.

Cross-currents of sentiment in respect to the relation of the length of the war to security quotations were much in evidence in yesterday's dealings both on the Stock Exchange and in the outside markets. The dispatches received from European centres contained such conflicting comment on the effect of the President's reply to the German note that speculators and investors alike found it difficult to establish a stable basis of judgment for their commitments. The indication was noted from one source of news that the military leaders were reacting to President's Wilson's demands in a way which appeared to forecast renewed measures by Germany to fill up her depleted ranks by drawing on older men than have been inducted into service heretofore. It was also stated definitely that efforts would be made by the Germans to increase their war materials, an intention which carried the natural inference that the military party was preparing to fight on. Toward the close of the business day there came various reports from neutral cities that, quite contrary to the earlier inferences of a protracted struggle, the Teutonic leaders were preparing to accept the full allied terms. It was not surprising from these conflicting items that stocks should move feverishly, some displaying exceptional strength and others declining a substantial distance.

A feature of the market session was the reaching out of speculative interest into groups of stocks which had before been only moderately dealt in. Public utility issues, automobile stocks, rubber shares, and railroad equipment issues were bought in considerable volume, the broadening tendency of speculation among them being a subject of comment. The oil stocks were bid up rapidly in the morning and retained much of their gains to the close. The railroad stocks at the same time tended to sag. Generally speaking, the constructive effort of participants received its greatest demonstration among stocks classed as specialties, while many of the standard issues were neglected or subjected to pressure. Sharp upward movements, running from 3 to more than 8 points here and there, were chiseled down before the close, but the list left off with the tone strong.

Bonds were active, with a broad list of securities in demand. Foreign exchange rates, after recording a new low record for Swiss quotations, turned upward on what appeared to be, in part, the covering of short contracts, and left off higher than on the preceding day.

The weekly reviews of the steel and iron trade indicated that an early end of the war was receiving consideration among manufacturers, although it was believed that in major lines the after-war needs would insure a continuance of current demand, materials for shipbuilding and the railroads being mentioned particularly. It was made clear that thoughts of peace were not affecting output; on the contrary, The Iron Age issued a report on 85 per cent. of the country's ingot operations, showing that this proportion of the whole had turned out steel in September at the rate of 47,000,000 tons per year, a new high record for the industry.

## GOOD UNDERTONE IN LONDON.

### Business Limited Owing to Disposition to Await Developments.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—Money was in good demand today and discounts were steady. There was a good undertone on the Stock Exchange, but business was moderate, owing to a disposition to await developments.

French and Mexican stocks were the best of the foreign securities.

Shipping stocks were active owing to a strong revival of rumors regarding new control. Gilt-edge British securities were steady, with the exception of consols, which were slightly easier.

### Trading Quiet on Bourse.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 62 francs for cash. Exchange on London 26 francs 8 centimes. Five per cent. loan 88 francs 50 centimes.

## MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

**Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.**

| MIXED COLLAT'LS. | ALL INDUSTRIALS. |
|---|---|
| High ....6 | High ....6¼ |
| Low ....6 | Low ....6¼ |
| Renewals ....6 | Renewals ....6¼ |
| Last ....6 | Last ....6½ |

**Call Loans on Acceptances.**

Prime eligible acceptances....4½

**Time Loans.**

| MIXED COLLAT'LS. | ALL INDUSTRIALS. |
|---|---|
| Sixty days ....6 | Sixty days ....6 |
| Ninety days ....6 | Ninety days ....6 |
| Four months ....6 | Four months ....6 |
| Five months ....6 | Five months ....6 |
| Six months ....6 | Six months ....6 |

**Bank Acceptances.**

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4½@4¼
Non member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4¾@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5¼@6

**Commercial Paper.**

Best-Known Names.

| | |
|---|---|
| 60 to 90 days | 6 |
| 4 to 6 months | 6 |

Other Names.

4 to 6 months....6

**FOREIGN EXCHANGE.**

**Range of Rates.**

| Sterling— | High. | Low. | Last. | Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Demand | $4.75½ | $4.75½ | $4.75½ | .. |
| Cables | 4.76⅝ | 4.76⅝ | 4.76⅝ | .. |
| France— | | | | |
| Demand | 5.48¼ | 5.48¼ | 5.48¼ | —.00¼ |
| Cables | 5.47½ | 5.47½ | 5.47½ | —.00½ |

**Closing Rates.**

| Normal Rates of Exch. | Yesterday's Close.—Demand or Checks. | Cables. |
|---|---|---|
| 4.8665 | London | $4.75½ | $4.75⅝ |
| 5.1826 | Paris | 5.48¾ | 5.47¾ |
| | China— | | |
| | Hongkong | 81.75 | 81.75 |
| | Peking | 134.50 | 134.75 |
| | Shanghai | 127.00 | 127.25 |
| 19.30 | Greece | 19.40 | 19.45 |
| 40.20 | Holland | 43.125 | 43¾ |
| 32.44 | India— | | |
| | Bombay | 35.48 | *35.73 |
| | Calcutta | 35.48 | *35.73 |
| 5.1826 | Italy | 6.86 | 6.35 |
| | Japan— | | |
| | Kobe | 54.50 | 54.75 |
| | Yokohama | 54.50 | 54.75 |
| 19.30 | Spain | 20.95 | 21.00 |
| 50.00 | Philippine Islands— | | |
| | Manila | 49.875 | 50.00 |
| 24.90 | Scandinavia— | | |
| | Stockholm | 29.875 | 29.75 |
| | Copenhagen | 27.875 | 27.65 |
| | Christiania | 27.85 | 28.90 |
| | South America— | | |
| 42.64 | Buenos Aires | 44.875 | 45.125 |
| 44.42 | Rio | 24.35 | 24.50 |
| 5.1826 | Switzerland | 5.01 | 4.99 |
| 51.46 | Russia— | Bid. | Asked. |
| | 100 rubles | 17.80 | 18.10 |
| | 500 rubles | 17.70 | 18.00 |

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

| Bankers'— | | Commercial— | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 60 Days. | 90 Days. | 60 Days. | 90 Days. |
| $4.72½ | $4.71½ | $4.72¾ | $4.70½ |

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

**Clearing House Exchanges.**

Clearing House exchanges, $679,405,201; balances, $71,342,384; United States Treasury debit balance, $2,315,712; Federal Reserve credit balance, $54,445,531.

**Domestic Exchange.**

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@18c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.9375 premium.

**Silver Quotations.**

Bar silver in London 49¼d, official; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

## THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Receipts and expenditures:

| | This Month. | Fiscal Yr. |
|---|---|---|
| Customs | $4,343,524 | $47,076,241 |
| Internal revenue: | | |
| Income and excess profits taxes | 7,797,355 | 572,327,563 |
| Miscellaneous | 36,423,694 | 315,113,821 |
| Miscellaneous rev. | 4,427,537 | 62,804,488 |
| Total receipts | $52,992,110 | $997,402,109 |
| Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts | 440,222,647 | 3,355,012,871 |
| Excess of total receipts over total disbursements | 455,880,780 | 270,668,123 |
| Expenditures | 493,314,758 | 4,053,494,980 |

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 16, 1918.

| | 1918. | 1917. | 1916. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Day's sales | 918,301 | 794,324 | 1,102,275 |
| Year to date | 104,876,369 | 149,287,720 | 154,262,575 |

| Closing Bid. | Ask. | Sales. | | First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Chge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 53 | 57 | 100 | Adams Express | 54¾ | 54¾ | 54¾ | 54¾ | — ¼ |
| 16½ | 17½ | 100 | Advance Rumely | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 | + ¼ |
| 48 | 48¾ | 500 | Advance Rumely pf. | 48½ | 49 | 48¾ | 49 | +1½ |
| .. | .. | 100 | Ajax Rubber | 66¼ | 66¼ | 66¼ | 66¼ | .. |
| 3¼ | 3⅝ | 500 | Alaska Gold Mines | 3¼ | 3¾ | 3¼ | 3½ | + ⅛ |
| 1⅞ | 2 | 800 | Alaska Juneau | 1⅞ | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 27¾ | 28 | 1,100 | Allis-Chalmers Mfg. | 27¾ | 27¾ | 27 | 27⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 80½ | 82 | 500 | Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf. | 80½ | 81 | 80¼ | 81 | + ⅛ |
| 101⅝ | 102 | 1,000 | Am. Agricul. Chem. | 100⅝ | 101⅜ | 100⅝ | 101⅜ | +2 |
| 67⅞ | 68¼ | 100 | Am. Beet Sugar | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 | — ⅛ |
| 44¼ | 45 | 1,600 | Am. Can | 44¼ | 44⅞ | 44 | 44¼ | + ¼ |
| 92½ | 92¾ | 300 | Am. Can pf. | 92½ | 92½ | 92¼ | 92¼ | — ¼ |
| 85½ | 86 | 2,900 | Am. Car & Fdry. | 86 | 86½ | 85½ | 86 | +1 |
| 43¼ | 43½ | 3,600 | Am. Cotton Oil | 42¾ | 44 | 42¾ | 43½ | .. |
| 17⅞ | 17¾ | 500 | Am. H. & Leather | 17½ | 17¾ | 17½ | 17¾ | — ⅛ |
| 84 | 86 | 100 | Am. H. & L. pf. | 84½ | 84½ | 84½ | 84½ | +½ |
| 44⅜ | 45 | 17,000 | Am. Ice | 41 | 44⅝ | 41 | 44⅜ | +3 |
| 54½ | 54⅞ | 2,500 | Am. Ice pf. | 52 | 54½ | 52 | 53⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 58¼ | 59 | 4,400 | Am. International | 58 | 59⅛ | 58 | 58⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 41¾ | 41¾ | 1,400 | Am. Linseed | 41¾ | 42 | 41¾ | 41¾ | — ⅛ |
| 78¾ | 78⅝ | 700 | Am. Linseed pf. | 78½ | 78⅝ | 78½ | 78¼ | — ⅛ |
| 66 | 67 | 3,600 | Am. Locomotive | 66½ | 67⅜ | 65⅞ | 66 | + ¼ |
| 99½ | 100 | 100 | Am. Locomotive pf. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | .. |
| 4¼ | 4¼ | 100 | Am. Malting | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | .. |
| 83½ | 83¾ | 34,700 | Am. Smelt. & Ref. | 82¾ | 84 | 82¾ | 83¾ | +1 |
| 103½ | 103⅞ | 200 | Am. Smelt. & R. pf. | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | + ⅛ |
| 86½ | 86¾ | 1,800 | Am. Steel Fdries. | 85¾ | 86⅜ | 83¾ | 86½ | +1½ |
| 110¾ | 110¾ | 500 | Am. Sugar Ref. | 110½ | 110¾ | 110½ | 110¼ | + ¼ |
| 111¾ | 112¾ | 3,500 | Am. Sumatra Tob. | 113½ | 113½ | 111 | 111⅝ | —1⅞ |
| 52 | 60 | 25 | Am. Tel. & Cable | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | .. |
| 105⅛ | 106 | 1,200 | Am. Tel. & Tel. | 107¼ | 107¼ | 105¾ | 106¼ | —1¼ |
| 186 | 187½ | 100 | Am. Tobacco | 187¼ | 187¼ | 187¼ | 187¼ | +2½ |
| 51 | 52 | 300 | Am. Woolen | 51 | 51¾ | 51 | 51 | — ⅜ |
| 35 | 35¾ | 1,400 | Am. Writing P. pf. | 33½ | 35¾ | 33½ | 35⅝ | +2½ |
| 14¾ | 14⅝ | 200 | Am. Zinc, L. & S. | 14¾ | 14⅝ | 14¼ | 14⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 71¼ | 71½ | 7,700 | Anaconda Copper | 71⅜ | 71½ | 71 | 71½ | + ⅛ |
| 64¼ | 65 | 900 | Associated Oil | 63⅜ | 65 | 63⅜ | 63⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 90 | 90½ | 3,700 | Atch., Top. & S. F. | 89¼ | 90 | 89¼ | 90¼ | + ⅛ |
| 84 | 84½ | 200 | Atch., T. & S. F. pf. | 84½ | 90 | 90 | 90 | .. |
| 98½ | 100 | 100 | Atlantic Coast Line | 99 | 99 | 99 | 100 | —1 |
| 106 | 107 | 1,700 | At., Gulf & West I. | 107 | 108 | 106 | 108 | .. |
| 76½ | 76¾ | 11,100 | Baldwin Loco. | 77¾ | 77¾ | 75⅝ | 76¼ | — ⅞ |
| 55 | 55¼ | 1,800 | Baltimore & Ohio | 55½ | 55¾ | 55 | 55 | — ⅛ |
| .. | .. | 600 | Baltimore & O. pf. | 57 | 57 | 56¾ | 56¾ | —2 |
| 56¼ | 56½ | 10 | Bank of Commerce | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | .. |
| .. | .. | 28,900 | Beth. Steel, class B | 72¾ | 72¾ | 70⅝ | 70⅝ | —2 |
| 70½ | 70¾ | 100 | Beth. Steel pf. | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | + ⅛ |
| .. | .. | 500 | Beth. Steel 8 pc. pf. | 103¾ | 103¾ | 103¾ | 103¾ | + ⅛ |
| 103¼ | 103¾ | 1,100 | Brooklyn Rapid Tran. | 43 | 43 | 42½ | 43¾ | + ⅛ |
| 42½ | 43 | 100 | Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S. | 118 | 118 | 118 | 118 | + ⅛ |
| 118 | 12 | 1,600 | Burns Brothers | 159¾ | 160¼ | 158 | 159¼ | + ¼ |
| 158 | 159½ | 800 | Butte Cop. & Zinc | 10 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10 | + ⅛ |
| 10 | 10¼ | 300 | Butte & Superior | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23 | 23 | — ⅛ |
| 22½ | 23½ | 1,700 | California Petrol | 21 | 21½ | 21 | 21⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 21⅜ | 21½ | 1,100 | California Pet. pf. | 63 | 63 | 62½ | 62⅞ | —1⅛ |
| 62¼ | 63 | 4,700 | Canadian Pacific | 170 | 173½ | 170 | 170¾ | —1⅜ |
| 170½ | 171 | 2,100 | Central Leather Co. | 67 | 67¾ | 67 | 67⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 67¼ | 67½ | 8 | Cent. & So. Am.Tel. | 102 | 102 | 102 | 102 | .. |
| 100 | 105 | 200 | Cerro de Pasco Cop. | 35¾ | 35¾ | 35 | 35 | — ⅛ |
| 34½ | 35 | 600 | Chandler Motor | 94¾ | 95 | 94¾ | 94¾ | +1 |
| 94½ | 96 | 500 | Chesapeake & Ohio | 59 | 59 | 59 | 59 | + ½ |
| 58¾ | 59 | 300 | Chi., Great Western | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | + ¼ |
| 7¾ | 8 | 2,400 | Chi., Mil. & St. P. | 49 | 49¾ | 48½ | 49¼ | + ¾ |
| 49¼ | 49¾ | 1,300 | Chi., M. & St. P. pf. | 78½ | 79⅛ | 78½ | 79 | .. |
| 78½ | 79½ | 400 | Chi. & Northwest'n. | 97½ | 98 | 97½ | 97½ | + ⅛ |
| 97½ | 98 | 5,400 | Chi., Rock Isl. & P. | 26¾ | 27¾ | 26¾ | 26¾ | + ⅛ |
| 26⅝ | 26¾ | 960 | C., R. I. & P. pf. | 80 | 81 | 80 | 81 | +1 |
| 80 | 80¾ | 600 | C., R. I. & P. 6 p.c. pf. | 68¾ | 68¾ | 68¾ | 68¾ | + ¼ |
| 68 | 68¼ | 9,000 | Chile Copper | 20¾ | 21¼ | 20¾ | 21 | .. |
| 21 | 21½ | 200 | Chino Copper | 39¾ | 39¾ | 39¼ | 39¼ | — ⅛ |
| 39¼ | 39½ | 100 | Clev., C., C. & St.L. | 38 | 38 | 38 | 38 | +1 |
| 37 | 38 | 400 | Col. Fuel & Iron | 42¾ | 43¼ | 42¾ | 43½ | +1½ |
| 42⅜ | 43¼ | 9,100 | Columbia Gas & El. | 38¾ | 40⅜ | 38¼ | 38¾ | .. |
| 38¾ | 40⅜ | 2,000 | Consolidated Gas | 102 | 103 | 102 | 102 | + ⅛ |
| 101¾ | 102 | 1,300 | Continental Can | 72¼ | 73½ | 72¼ | 73⅛ | +1 |
| 74 | 74 | 100 | Continental Insur. | 51¾ | 51¾ | 51½ | 51⅝ | +1¾ |
| 50 | 52 | 5,700 | Corn Products Ref. | 43¼ | 43¼ | 43¼ | 43¼ | — ⅛ |
| 43 | 43¾ | 100 | Corn Prod. Ref. pf. | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | .. |
| 100¾ | 101 | 4,000 | Crucible Steel | 56⅜ | 56½ | 56 | 56¼ | — ⅛ |
| 55¼ | 55¾ | 2,100 | Cuba Cane Sugar | 29 | 29¼ | 28¾ | 28¾ | — ⅛ |
| 28⅜ | 28¾ | 700 | Cuba Cane S. pf. | 78¼ | 78¼ | 78¼ | 78¼ | — ⅛ |
| 78¼ | 78¾ | 200 | Delaware & Hud. | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | +3½ |
| 112 | 113½ | 100 | Del., Lack. & West. | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | .. |
| 185 | 188 | 100 | Detroit Edison Co. | 107 | 108 | 107 | 107¼ | .. |
| 107 | 109 | 2,300 | Distillers' Secur. | 48¼ | 48¾ | 47½ | 48¼ | — ⅛ |
| 48 | 48¾ | 400 | Dome Mines | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ | — ⅛ |
| 10¼ | 10¾ | 300 | Duluth, S. S. & A. | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | + ⅛ |
| 3 | 3½ | 2,900 | Erie | 16¼ | 16⅝ | 15⅝ | 16¼ | + ⅛ |
| 16 | 16⅛ | 3,800 | Erie 1st pf. | 33¼ | 33¾ | 32¾ | 33¼ | + ⅛ |
| 32⅝ | 33¼ | 200 | Erie 2d pf. | 23¾ | 24 | 23¾ | 23¾ | — ⅛ |
| 23½ | 23¾ | 300 | Federal M. & S. pf. | 39 | 39 | 38 | 39 | + ⅛ |
| 38½ | 40 | 1,000 | Gaston, W. & W. | 27¼ | 27¾ | 27 | 27¾ | + ⅛ |
| 27½ | 27⅝ | 100 | General Chemical | 178 | 178 | 178 | 178 | .. |
| 170 | 180 | 2,100 | General Electric | 155 | 157¾ | 155 | 157 | +½ |
| 156 | 156¾ | 8,700 | General Motors | 122¼ | 124½ | 121¾ | 121¾ | +1 |
| 121¾ | 122 | 700 | General Motors pf. | 76 | 77 | 76 | 77 | +1 |
| 77 | 78 | 5,400 | Goodrich Co. | 53¾ | 57 | 52½ | 56¼ | +3¼ |
| 56 | 56¼ | 3,700 | Great Northern pf. | 92¾ | 93 | 92 | 92¼ | — ¼ |
| 92 | 92½ | 1,300 | Greene-Can. Copper | 31⅜ | 32½ | 31⅜ | 32¼ | +1 |
| 31⅝ | 32¼ | 1,300 | Gulf States Steel | 51⅞ | 53 | 51⅞ | 53 | +1½ |
| 53 | 53½ | 100 | Haskell & Barker | 70⅝ | 70⅝ | 70⅝ | 70⅝ | .. |
| 70 | 71 | 100 | Illinois Central | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | +1 |
| .. | .. | 300 | Inspiration Copper | 88¼ | 98¼ | 88½ | 98⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 97⅞ | 98 | 2,300 | Interboro Consol. | 54¾ | 54⅞ | 54 | 54⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 54 | 54¼ | 200 | Interboro Cons. pf. | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | +1½ |
| 84 | 85 | 100 | Int. Agricultural | 15½ | 15½ | 15½ | 15½ | + ⅛ |
| 36½ | 37 | 800 | Int. Agricultural pf. | 59¼ | 60 | 58 | 60 | + ⅛ |
| 15 | 16 | 900 | Int. Harvester, new. | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107½ | 107⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 104½ | 107 | 43,800 | Int. Mer. Marine. | 31 | 33 | 31 | 32 | —1½ |
| 31¾ | 32 | 67,500 | Int. Mer. Marine pf. | 118¼ | 121⅜ | 117⅝ | 118⅝ | —1½ |
| 118½ | 120 | 1,300 | Int. Nickel | 30¾ | 30¾ | 30½ | 30⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 30 | 30¾ | 1,200 | Int. Paper | 34¾ | 34¾ | 34 | 34 | .. |
| 34 | 34½ | 200 | Int. Paper pf. sta. | 62¼ | 62¼ | 62 | 62 | .. |
| 62 | 63 | 400 | Kansas City South. | 19¾ | 19¾ | 19¼ | 19¼ | + ⅛ |
| 19 | 19½ | 1,200 | Kelly Spring. Tire. | 49¾ | 50 | 49¾ | 50 | +3¼ |
| 51¾ | 53 | 200 | Kelsey Wheel | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | +3⅝ |
| 28 | 30 | 3,400 | Kennecott Copper | 35⅝ | 35⅝ | 35 | 35⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 35¼ | 35⅝ | 10 | Kings Co. E.L. & P. | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | .. |
| 100 | 102 | 600 | Lackawanna Steel | 73½ | 74¼ | 73 | 74 | — ¼ |
| 73¾ | 74¾ | 300 | Lee Rubber & Tire. | 19⅝ | 20 | 19⅜ | 20 | +1⅛ |
| 19½ | 20 | 400 | Lehigh Valley | 60¾ | 61 | 60¾ | 61 | +1 |
| 60½ | 61 | 200 | Loose-Wiles Biscuit. | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | +1 |
| 30 | 30½ | 100 | Lorillard (P.) Co. | 157 | 157 | 157 | 157 | — ¼ |
| 157 | 160 | 100 | Louis. & Nash. | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | — ¼ |
| 116 | 117 | 100 | Mackay Cos. | 76¾ | 76¾ | 76¾ | 76¾ | — ⅛ |
| 73 | 79 | 6,700 | Maxwell Motors | 32¼ | 35⅞ | 32¼ | 34½ | +2⅝ |
| 34 | 34½ | 1,500 | Max. Motors 1st pf. | 62¼ | 64¾ | 62¼ | 64½ | +2¼ |
| 62 | 64 | 2,500 | Max. Motors 2d pf. | 24 | 25½ | 24 | 25 | + ⅞ |
| 24⅜ | 25 | 200 | May Dept. Stores. | 55¾ | 55¾ | 55¾ | 55¾ | — ⅛ |
| 56 | 57½ | 85,000 | Mexican Petroleum. | 143¾ | 152 | 143 | 147¾ | —2⅞ |
| 147½ | 147⅞ | 3,900 | Miami Copper | 28 | 28 | 27¾ | 28 | —1¼ |
| 27¾ | 28 | 3,400 | Midvale Steel | 48 | 48 | 46¾ | 46¾ | +2 |
| 46¾ | 46⅞ | 300 | M., St. P. & S. M. | 92 | 93½ | 92 | 93½ | .. |
| 5⅝ | 5¾ | 4,700 | Missouri Pacific | 5⅜ | 5⅜ | 5⅜ | 5⅜ | .. |
| 24¾ | 25 | 200 | Missouri Pacific pf. | 24¾ | 25¾ | 24¾ | 24¾ | — ⅛ |
| 57¼ | 58½ | 400 | Montana Power | 57¾ | 57¾ | 57¾ | 57¾ | +2 |
| 74 | 75¾ | 200 | Nat. Biscuit | 72¾ | 72¾ | 72¼ | 72¼ | .. |
| 103 | 107½ | 200 | Nat. Cond. & Cable. | 107 | 108 | 107 | 108 | — ⅛ |
| 16¾ | 17 | 200 | Nat. Enam. & St. | 17 | 17 | 16⅞ | 16⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 45 | 46 | 400 | Nat. Lead | 45¾ | 46 | 45¾ | 46 | + ⅛ |
| 59 | 59 | 400 | Nevada Con. Cop. | 59 | 59 | 59 | 59 | .. |
| 20¼ | 20½ | 900 | N. Y. Air Brake | 20¼ | 20¼ | 20 | 20¼ | .. |
| 115½ | 118½ | 200 | N. Y. Central | 75¾ | 78 | 75¾ | 76 | + ⅞ |
| 76 | 76¾ | 2,400 | N. Y. Dock | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | —2 |
| 40 | 40¼ | 100 | N. Y., N. H. & H. | 40¼ | 40¾ | 40 | 40 | .. |
| 106¾ | 107 | 2,100 | Norfolk & Western | 106¾ | 107¾ | 106¾ | 107½ | +1 |
| 72 | 72 | 800 | Northern Pacific | 71 | 72 | 71 | 72 | +1 |
| 91¾ | 91¾ | 3,600 | Ohio Cities Gas | 40¼ | 45 | 40¼ | 44¾ | +3⅝ |
| 44¼ | 45 | 31,500 | Ontario Mining | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | 7¼ | 7¼ | .. |
| 7¼ | 7⅜ | 200 | Owens Bottle Mach. | 60½ | 60⅝ | 60½ | 60¾ | + ⅛ |
| 60¼ | 60⅝ | 300 | Pacific Mail | 32 | 32¼ | 32 | 32¼ | + ⅛ |
| 32 | 32⅜ | 4,700 | Pan-Am. P. & T. pf. | 109½ | 117½ | 109½ | 115 | +6 |
| 114 | 115½ | 5,568 | Penn. R. | 44¼ | 44¼ | 43¾ | 44 | — ¼ |
| 44¼ | 44¾ | 2,300 | People's Gas, Chi. | 54 | 56 | 54 | 55 | + ¾ |
| 54 | 55 | 1,000 | Philadelphia Co. | 31¾ | 32 | 31¾ | 32 | .. |
| 31¾ | 32 | 9,200 | Pierce-Arrow | 40¾ | 42¾ | 40¾ | 41½ | +1⅝ |
| 41½ | 42 | 300 | Pierce-Arrow pf. | 99½ | 99½ | 99 | 99 | + ⅜ |
| 99 | 99½ | 29,800 | Pierce Oil | 18¾ | 19½ | 18¾ | 18⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 18⅝ | 18¾ | 100 | P., C., C. & St. L. | 54 | 54 | 54 | 54 | .. |
| 54 | 55 | 1,200 | Pittsburgh Coal | 48¾ | 49¾ | 48¾ | 49¼ | + ½ |
| 49¼ | 49½ | 100 | Pittsburgh Coal pf. | 83 | 83 | 83 | 83 | — ¼ |
| 82½ | 83 | 1,800 | Public Service N. J. | 36 | 37¼ | 36 | 36¾ | + ¼ |
| 36½ | 37 | 300 | Pullman Co. | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | +1 |
| 90 | 90¼ | 700 | Railway Steel Sp. | 127⅜ | 128 | 126 | 128 | —2 |
| 127⅜ | 128 | 100 | Railway Steel S. pf. | 67⅝ | 68 | 67⅜ | 68 | + ⅛ |
| 67⅝ | 68 | 100 | Ray Con. Copper | 102¼ | 102⅜ | 102⅛ | 102⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 102⅛ | 102⅜ | 200 | Reading | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | — ⅛ |
| 24 | 24⅛ | 18,200 | Reading 2d pf. | 90 | 91¼ | 89¾ | 89¾ | — ¼ |
| 89¾ | 90 | 100 | Reading 4th pf. | 38 | 38 | 38 | 38 | — ¼ |
| 38 | 38¾ | 5,100 | Rep. I. & S. pf. | 86½ | 86⅞ | 86 | 86 | — ¼ |
| 86 | 87 | 3,100 | Royal Dutch Co. | 110 | 118¾ | 110 | 118¾ | +9¾ |
| 118¾ | 119 | 700 | St. Louis-San Fran. | 11½ | 12¼ | 11½ | 12 | + ⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 12 | 100 | St. L.-San Fran. pf. | 28½ | 28½ | 28½ | 28½ | + ⅛ |
| 28½ | 29 | 200 | St. Louis Southw. | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | +1 |
| 20 | 20½ | 100 | Savage Arms | 63½ | 63½ | 63½ | 63¾ | + ½ |
| 8 | 8¼ | 1,900 | Saxon Motor | 7 | 8¾ | 7 | 8 | +1 |
| 8¾ | 9 | 100 | Seaboard Air Line | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | + ⅛ |
| 21¾ | 22 | 100 | Seab. Air Line pf. | 21¾ | 21¾ | 21¾ | 21¾ | + ⅛ |
| 163 | 165 | 19,300 | Sears, Roeb. & Co. | 165 | 166¾ | 163½ | 163½ | +1¾ |
| 35¼ | 35¾ | 5,800 | Sinclair Oil Refin. | 35¼ | 37½ | 35¼ | 35¾ | +1¼ |
| 55 | 55 | 300 | Sloss-S. Steel & I. | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | .. |
| 90¼ | 91⅛ | 5,800 | Southern Pacific | 90¼ | 91⅝ | 90¼ | 91¼ | + ⅝ |
| 80¼ | 80¾ | 22,300 | Southern Railway | 80¼ | 81½ | 80¼ | 80¾ | + ⅝ |
| 89 | 89¾ | 300 | Southern Ry. pf. | 89 | 89¾ | 89 | 89¾ | + ⅛ |
| 65½ | 66 | 62,300 | Studebaker Cor. | 65½ | 70 | 65 | 67½ | +2½ |
| 41¾ | 42 | 500 | Stutz Motor | 41¾ | 42 | 41¾ | 42 | + ⅛ |
| 38½ | 38¾ | 100 | Superior Steel | 38½ | 38¾ | 38½ | 38½ | + ⅛ |
| 16¾ | 16¾ | 1,400 | Tenn. C. & C. | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16 | 16¼ | — ⅛ |
| 192 | 193¾ | 8,500 | Texas Co. | 192 | 194¾ | 191½ | 192¼ | + ⅛ |
| 16 | 17¾ | 1,400 | Texas & Pacific | 16 | 17¾ | 16 | 16½ | — ⅛ |
| 73¼ | 73½ | 3,900 | Tobacco Products | 73¼ | 73½ | 72¾ | 72¾ | — ⅛ |
| 37⅝ | 37¾ | 100 | Transue & Wms. | 37⅝ | 37¾ | 37¼ | 37⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 132 | 134 | 13,900 | Union Pacific | 132 | 134 | 131¾ | 132⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 70¼ | 70¾ | 300 | Union Pacific pf. | 70¼ | 70¾ | 70 | 70 | .. |
| 37 | 37 | 100 | United Alloy Steel. | 37 | 37 | 37 | 37 | .. |
| 103 | 103 | 2,600 | United Cigar Stores. | 103 | 103 | 101½ | 102 | —1 |
| 143 | 143 | 400 | United Fruit | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | —1¼ |
| 9 | 9 | 100 | United Ry. Investment | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | .. |
| 16¾ | 17 | 300 | United Ry. Inv. pf. | 16¾ | 17 | 16¾ | 17 | + ⅛ |
| 14½ | 14¾ | 200 | U. S. C. I. P. & F. | 14½ | 14¾ | 14½ | 14½ | + ⅛ |
| 22 | 22 | 200 | U. S. R. & Imp. | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | + ⅛ |
| 103¼ | 103¾ | 4,000 | U. S. Indus. Alco. | 103¼ | 103¾ | 103 | 103 | +3⅝ |
| 67¼ | 67⅝ | 16,500 | U. S. Rubber | 63¾ | 69¼ | 63¾ | 67⅛ | +3⅛ |
| 102½ | 103½ | 200 | U. S. Rub. 1st pf. | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | +1½ |
| 44¾ | 45¼ | 1,800 | U. S. Sm. R. & M. | 44¼ | 45¼ | 44¼ | 45 | +1⅛ |
| 43¾ | 44¾ | 700 | U. S. S., R. & M. pf. | 43¾ | 44¾ | 43¾ | 44¾ | + ⅝ |
| 108 | 108¾ | 87,100 | U. S. Steel | 106¾ | 109¼ | 107½ | 108 | — ⅝ |
| 110¾ | 110¾ | 600 | U. S. Steel pf. | 110¾ | 110¾ | 110¾ | 110¼ | — ⅝ |
| 84¼ | 84¾ | 900 | Utah Copper | 84¼ | 85 | 84¼ | 84½ | +1 |
| 12¼ | 13¼ | 300 | Utah Securities | 13 | 13¼ | 13 | 13½ | +2½ |
| 56½ | 56⅝ | 6,300 | Va.-Car. Chemical | 54 | 57¼ | 54 | 56½ | .. |
| 8 | 9 | 800 | Wabash | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | .. |
| 38½ | 39 | 900 | Wabash pf. A | 38½ | 39 | 38¼ | 38⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 92¼ | 92⅝ | 1,600 | Western Union Tel. | 92¼ | 92½ | 92 | 92 | .. |
| 44¾ | 45¼ | 6,700 | Westingh. E. & M. | 44¾ | 45¼ | 43¾ | 44⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 60¾ | 61 | 300 | Westingh. 1st pf. | 60¾ | 61 | 60½ | 61 | + ⅛ |
| 61 | 63 | 100 | Wheeling & L. E. | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 | — ⅛ |
| 18¾ | 20 | 100 | Wheel. & L. E. pf. | 19¾ | 19¾ | 19¾ | 19¾ | — ⅛ |
| 47 | 47¾ | 900 | White Motors | 47 | 47¾ | 47 | 47 | .. |
| 57 | 57½ | 1,500 | Wilson & Co. | 57 | 59¾ | 57 | 57¼ | —1½ |
| 23¾ | 23⅝ | 38,300 | Willys-Overland | 24 | 24 | 22½ | 23½ | —1½ |
| 126 | 127 | 2,000 | Woolw. (F. W.) Co. | 122½ | 128¼ | 122½ | 126¾ | —3¼ |
| 53 | 55 | 100 | Worthington Pump. | 54 | 54 | 54 | 54 | .. |

## Republic Iron & Steel Co.'s Report.

The Republic Iron and Steel Company reports net income from operations in the quarter ended Sept. 30 amounting to $2,830,555, a decline of $548,880 from the total in the preceding quarter. After providing for depreciation, exhaustion of materials, and bond interest and paying dividends, a surplus of $1,261,653 remained, compared with $2,120,407 in the June quarter. The unfilled orders on Sept. 30 amounted to 815,164 tons,

# THINK! HAVE YOU BOUGHT TO YOUR UTMOST?

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE SERIAL 6% GOLD BONDS of the
INDIAN REFINING COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Bankers' Trust Company, as Successor Trustee under a mortgage dated March 27, 1911, made by the Indian Refining Company to The Mercantile Trust Company, as Trustee, will receive until 12 o'clock noon, October 28, 1918, sealed proposals for the sale to it on November 6, 1918, of bonds secured by said mortgage, sufficient in amount to exhaust the sum of $221,117.94 in the Sinking Fund Account, at a price not exceeding one hundred and two per centum (102%) of the principal and accrued interest of such bonds, as provided in Article V. of said mortgage.

Dated at New York, this 10th day of October, 1918.

BANKERS' TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. P. Wilson, Jr., Vice President.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.
Baltimore, Md., October 17, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Baltimore, Maryland, on Monday, November 18, 1918, being the third Monday of said month, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing twelve Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented.

The Transfer Books will close at 12 o'clock Noon, October 19, 1918, and remain closed until 10 o'clock A. M., October 22, 1918. C. W. WOOLFORD, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York, Oct. 16, 1918.

The annual meeting of the New York County Chapter of the American Red Cross for the election of officers and members of the Executive Committee and for such other business as may be brought before it will be held at 425 Madison Avenue, New York City, on Wednesday, October 23, 1918, at four o'clock P. M.

CHARLES [illegible]

# WAR PRIORITY PLAN TOLD BY OFFICIALS

## 1,200 Manufacturers and Jobbers Hear Win-the-War Regulations Explained at Meeting.

## SOME CHANGES TO BE MADE

**Federal Board Members Explain How Rulings Are Governed by the Military Program.**

Questions of priority regulation were discussed and explained yesterday at a meeting of 1,200 manufacturers, jobbers, and exporters, held in the Hotel Astor under the auspices of the Merchants' Association.

William Fellowes Morgan, President of the association and Regional Adviser for the New York District, presided, and introduced Charles K. Foster, Vice Chairman of the Priorities Committee of the Federal War Industries Board, and Maurice Hirsch, Secretary of the Priorities Division. Both outlined the Government preference program considered essential to win the war, and answered numerous questions. The requests for information came from big and little business alike, in practically every field.

"'Priority' is a new word in the vocabulary of business," Mr. Hirsch said. "Formerly it was a question of knowing the sources of supply and of bargaining and of paying the price for your delivery. That is not true today. Delivery must be regulated in accordance with the urgency of the need to be satisfied, and that is the function of the Priorities Division.

"The military program is of course mapped out and controlled by those in authority in military ways. They present their necessities with their eyes on the front line trench and all the way back. They present those necessities to the Priorities Division and to the War Industries Board as a whole, and it is then our duty to attempt as best we may to co-ordinate the productivity of this country to meet those military requirements.

"In priority we think of various things; we are frequently confused in getting things to the front or to get materials where they are most needed. We must consider fuel; we must consider electrical energy; we must consider labor; we must consider transportation, and we must consider the delivery of the materials themselves."

He explained the several subdivisions of the Priorities Division, which, he said, was a co-ordinating group on which were representatives of the various Government departments, as well as of various industries. These men attempt to lay down the fundamental principles which will co-ordinate the industrial activities with the needs, from a military viewpoint. Mr. Hirsch went into a detailed explanation of the priority regulations concerning the preference list, automatic classifications, labor priorities section, production, and delivery. In announcing that changes are about to be made in some of the regulations, he continued:

"There will be a change which I conceive to be a real help to the concerns which place a great many orders. We are going to allow a blank certificate. We are going to allow a concern intending to place a large number of orders with another concern to make an affidavit to that second concern, stating that all the orders placed with the concern will be entitled to the automatic rating, as suggested in the certification to accompany the order.

"When that affidavit has once been presented to the second concern, all that will be necessary under this new supplement will be that the concern that has so presented the affidavit place on its orders from that time on a certification stating precisely what rating the order is entitled to, and sign it. No further affidavit is necessary."

The speaker then went into details concerning ratings for manufacturers operating under direct contracts with the Government through the War Department, Navy Department, United States Shipping Board, or Emergency Fleet Corporation, and particulars bearing on various ratings and priority certificates."

Vice Chairman Foster told the assemblage that a movement was on foot to decentralize to the greatest extent possible the activities of the War Industries Board, and added that the members of the Board were "tremendously interested in the office of the Regional Advisers."

# DISCUSS STEEL OUTLOOK.

**Manufacturers Consider Effect of Possible Early Ending of War.**

Reports from centres of the steel and iron trade yesterday indicated that a possible early ending of the war was receiving attention among manufacturers. At the same time figures and facts were presented showing that the industry in many important lines is now running at its highest speed of the year, making materials needed to defeat the Teutonic forces.

"What would come to the steel industry from a sudden ending of the war," says The Iron Age, "has been a large factor in the trade comment of the week, yet not a disturbing one. Generally the view is taken that, apart from shell steel, in which an early peace would cause some cancellations, the materials now most in demand would show no great falling off. Government shipbuilding would go on and rail and railroad equipment contracts would keep many mills busy for months.

"Under cancellation clauses, Government munition contracts could be cut down and the manufacturers reimbursed; yet it is pointed out that in a good many cases manufacturers made plant extensions for war work without any guaranty of reimbursement. In any event, compensating payments by the Government would not keep workers employed, and it is conceded that in some lines an early peace would cause unsettlement and a process of readjustment.

"Steel ingot production in September made a much greater gain than was shown in pig iron, companies representing 85 per cent. of the country's capacity producing 3,200,000 tons, which is at the rate, for the whole industry, of nearly 47,000,000 tons a year. On that basis the shortage so long advertised from Washington is materially diminished."

The Iron Trade Review says: "Attuned to President Wilson's demands for a peace based on a complete military decision, production of iron and steel for war requirements is going forward at top speed. The output of the mills and furnaces now more clearly reflects the intensive efforts put forth by the Government and the manufacturers to surmount the obstacles that had been holding it back. October bids fair to uphold its traditional position as the year's banner month for operating results."

# WAR WORK OF LUTHERANS.

**$1,375,540 Raised for the Welfare of Soldiers and Sailors.**

At the annual meeting of the National Lutheran Commission for Soldiers' and Sailors' Welfare, held at the Hotel Astor, E. F. Ellert, the Treasurer, reported that subscriptions for the work of the organization had reached $1,375,540. Statistics showed that eighty-one Lutheran chaplains had been assigned to the army and navy, twenty-five of whom are in France, while civilian chaplains and camp pastors numbered 136. The Lutheran Brotherhood has eight buildings in army training camps, and in one of these 1,000 Lutheran soldiers received Holy Communion in a single day.

Dr. Robert H. Speer and Professor William Adam Brown, Chairman and Executive Secretary, respectively, of the General Wartime Committee of the Churches, addressed the conference. Dr. H. A. Weller of Philadelphia reported on church work to be done in war-time industrial centres, and it was decided to co-operate with the joint committee representing all churches in this work. Dr. Knubel was re-elected President, the other officers for the ensuing year being: Vice President, Professor C. M. [illegible], Treasurer, E. F. Ellert, and Secretary, Reverend Otto Mees.

# NEWBERRY WITNESSES LOSE

**Order Committing Them for Contempt Sustained by Judge Clayton.**

The order of Federal Judge Cushman committing for contempt the three witnesses who refused to testify before the Federal Grand Jury in the inquiry concerning the expenditure of $176,000 in the primary campaign of Lieut. Commander Truman H. Newberry for United States Senator from Michigan was sustained yesterday by Judge Clayton. The writs of habeas corpus were dismissed and the three were paroled in the custody of Commander Newberry's counsel, Martin W. Littleton, pending an appeal to the United States Supreme Court. Each of them promised to pay a forfeit of $5,000 if he failed to appear in court when wanted. The contumacious witnesses are all from Detroit. They are Frank W. Blair, Allan A. Templeton and Thomas P. Phillips, Treasurer, Chairman and Assistant Publicity Director, respectively, of the Newberry Campaign Committee.

Judge Clayton held that no question of jurisdiction was involved, and that there was no doubt as to the power of the Court to make such an order. The opinion admitted the hardship placed upon the witnesses in compelling them to attend court in this district and produce here a number of records and documents, but it was held that the Corrupt Practices Act could not be attacked in this proceeding.

# NEW INCORPORATIONS.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, Oct. 16.—Twenty-eight new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $931,551, were chartered today. They include:

Greenberg-Dobshutz, Manhattan, ladies' waists; $10,000. M. Dobshutz, S. M. and C. H. Greenberg, 324 West 84th St.

Sanitary Flooring Co., Manhattan, $25,000. J. B. Cheney, C. H. Pardee, L. R. Lord, 809 West 137th St.

Superior Ivory Novelty Co., Manhattan, $7,500. S. Selkowitz, M. Reitzfeld, H. Weinstein, 124 Second Av.

Standard Appliance Co. of America, Manhattan, telephone apparatus; $95,000. H. Goodman, J. L. Olz, N. Shaw, 32 Cooper Square.

Isear Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000. E. Fichlander, J. and B. Isear, 481 East 174th St., Bronx.

Chatham Pictures Corp., Manhattan, $15,000. S. Wynne, A. Bremmer, M. Altschuler, 840 Whitlock Av., Bronx.

Leeshutz Realty Corp., Manhattan, $20,000. A. Lifshutz, M. Goldstein, S. Leeshutz, 165 East 66th St.

Frankel-Lewis, Manhattan, merchandise and food products; $25,000. C. Frankel, H. Lewis, B. Levy, 76 Rockaway Av.

J. P. Andrews Co., Manhattan, misses' and women's wearing apparel; $10,000. C. M. Rosenthal, M. M. Goldstein, T. A. Liebler, 1,476 Broadway.

Cohn & Co., Manhattan, tobacco; $201,000. E. S. Levy, R. Baum, M. L. Cohn, 305 West End Av.

Williams Cottage, Saranac Lake; realty; $10,000. J. A. Davidson, F. H. Quinby, E. W. Williams, Saranac Lake.

Quality Yarn and Thread Corporation, Brooklyn; $5,000. J. and H. and E. Frankel, 502 Elton Street, Brooklyn.

Wasco Segar Company, Brooklyn; $75,000; R. Waldner, H. S. Jacoby, M. P. Sarr, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

Chemical Recovery Corporation, Manhattan; $200,000. W. W. Cunningham, M. M. Coughlin, L. Bevier, 27 William Street.

Household Cloths Company, Manhattan; $50,000. O. Kraushaar, W. E. Keating, J. J. Weinblatt, 467 Broadway.

Elder Arms and Aeroplane Company, Manhattan; 150 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 350 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $16,750. F. Gilroy, A. J. Norton, W. A. Read, 358 Fifth Avenue.

Hild and Sam Hensen, Manhattan; ship chandlery; $20,000. E. Thompson, S. and H. Hansen, 90 Broad Street.

American Cotton and Grain Exchange Clearing Association, Manhattan; $50,000. C. G. Healy, S. P. Hackley, T. C. Burke, 71 Wall Street.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Powell's, Manhattan, $500,000 to $900,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Poale Zion Publishing Association, Manhattan, $325,000 to $260,000.

Maynard & Woodward, Utica, $300,000 to $1,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Hanisano Airplane Corp., Manhattan, to Aircraft Eng. Corp.

High Street Baptist Church of Buffalo, to Third German Baptist Church of Buffalo.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Tully & Buckland, Inc., Manhattan.
Royal Operating Corp., Manhattan.
The Auto Lock Clasp Co., Buffalo.
Edward Hill's Sons & Co., Manhattan.
Hannis & Levey, Manhattan.
P. Breuer, Inc., Bronx.
The Sloan Farm Egg and Poultry Co., White Lake.
Hugo Miller Co., Manhattan.
The Stippletone Co., Manhattan.
Richard W. Krause, Manhattan.
Rega Realty Co., Manhattan.

**New Jersey Charters.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 16.—New charters filed:

Allenby Silk Co., Paterson, $80,000; Mike Saco, Albert Zaloom, and John Markana, Paterson.

Century National Chemical Co., Paterson, $100,000; Jane D. Keller, William J. Lickel, and Franklin J. Teller, New York.

New Jersey Mercantile Co., Hoboken, $6,000; Max and Anna Sternberg, Hoboken, and Otto J. Sternberg, Jersey City.

**Delaware Charters.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

DOVER, Del., Oct. 16.—Charters filed: New Granada Corp., to deal in investments of all kinds, $200,000; S. B. Howard, P. Smith, W. Rogers, all of New York.

William G. Abbott Shipping Co., $100,000; W. G. Abbott, W. S. Howell, A. Francis, H. Abbott, all of Milford, Del.

Greenwood Oil Co., $25,000; W. C. Arnold, Russell Berger, M. E. Elliott, all of Philadelphia.

Sunset Soap Dye Co. changed to North American Dye Corp.

# COMMODITIES MARKETS.

## CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| October | 1.20 | 1.22⅞ | 1.22⅝ | 1.25¾ | 1.14⅞ |
| November | 1.25¼ | 1.17⅛ | 1.17⅜ | 1.24⅝ | 1.10 |
| December | 1.22½ | 1.14½ | 1.14½ | 1.21⅝ | 1.10⅝ |

## OATS.

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 73c; No. 2 white, 73¾c; No. 3 white, 73c; No. 4 white, 77½c; ordinary clipped, 73c.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| October | 69¾ | 67¾ | 67⅝ | 69¼ | |
| November | 68⅞ | 65⅞ | 66⅜ | 68¼ | 58½ |
| December | 68⅛ | 65¾ | 65⅝ | 67⅞ | 60¼ |

## PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lard— | | | | | |
| October | 26.85 | 26.15 | 26.15 | 26.65 | 23.62 |
| November | 26.75 | 25.12 | 25.12 | 23.62 | 21.67 |
| Ribs— | | | | | |
| October | 22.15 | 21.80 | 21.80 | 22.27 | 27.00 |
| November | 22.55 | 21.92 | 21.92 | 24.42 | 22.05 |
| Pork— | | | | | |
| October | 36.07 | 36.07 | 36.07 | 38.07 | .. |
| November | 38.27 | 38.00 | 38.27 | 38.27 | .. |

## COFFEE.

| Range of prices: | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|
| November | 8.65 | 8.65 |
| December | 8.80 | 8.80 |
| January | 8.85 | 8.86 |
| May | 9.55 | 9.55 |
| July | 9.85 | 9.85 |
| September | 10.15 | 10.00 |

RYE.

| | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| November | 1.64 | 1.63⅛ | 1.63½ |
| December | 1.65¼ | 1.65¼ | 1.64 |

## BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 8,769 packages. Buyers taking hold slowly and with pretty full receipts, the tone of the market is barely steady. This applies to all grades of creamery. Ladies and packing stock ruling firm. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 60¾@61c; extras, 92 score, 60c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 57½@59½c; seconds, 85 to 87 score, 54½@57c; thirds, 50@54c; unsalted, higher than extras, 52@62½c; extras, 61@61¾c; firsts, 58¼@59¾c; seconds, 56@58c; State dairy tubs, finest, 58@59½c; good to prime, 55@58c; common to fair, 47@54c; renovated, extras, 51¾@52c; firsts, 49@50c; lower grades, 43@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 45@48c; ladies, current make, firsts, 41½@42c; seconds, 40c; lower grades, 38@39½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 40@40½c; No. 2, 39½c; lower grades, 38@39c.

EGGS.—6,852 packages. The market is firm, out trading generally quiet. Receivers are not disposed to push sales in spite of the slow trading, and the tendency of arrivals to accumulate. Good demand for refrigerators and moderate offerings. Fancy white eggs continue very scarce. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 57@58c; extra firsts, 54@56c; firsts, 52@53c; seconds, 49@51c; poor to fair, 42@48c; dirties, No. 1, 43@46c, No. 2 and poorer, 40@44c; checks, good to choice, dry, 40@42c; under grades, 35@39c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 45@46c; firsts, charges paid, 44@45c; seconds, charges paid, 42½@44c; undergrades, 39½@42c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 82@85c; ordinary to prime, 80@86c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 82@85c; Pacific Coast whites, firsts to finest, 76c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 62@77c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 60@63c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 60@64c.

# BRITISH FREIGHTER SUNK IN HARBOR

## Rammed by a United States Collier as Both Were Outward Bound.

## WENT DOWN IN TEN MINUTES

**Fifty-five Officers and Men in Crew Escaped in Lifeboats, Although One Was Upset.**

The British freighter Port Phillip, outbound for England, with 6,000 tons of steel and general cargo in her hold, was rammed and sunk yesterday morning in the lower bay, near Norton's Point, by a United States collier, also outward bound.

The crew of fifty-five officers and men launched three lifeboats as the steamship was sinking, and two got away safely. The third boat was drawn down by the suction of the propeller, and the twenty men in her weer thrown into the water. They were rescued, and brought to the battery by the United States coast guard cutter Hudson.

The cause of the collision was said to have been a mistake in signals. The naval vessel struck the Port Phillip on the port quarter, making a great hole which caused the freighter with her heavy cargo to sink in ten minutes. There were some depth bombs stowed down below, close to the spot where the impact took place, but fortunately were not exploded.

The engineers and firemen on watch at the time of the collision rushed on deck, and jumped down into the lifeboats alongside, taking with them their mascot, Billy Sunday, a white-faced monkey, wearing a green sweater. The naval collier was practically undamaged, but she was ordered back to the anchorage for inspection.

The Port Phillip was built in Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, in 1906, and was a single screw vessel of 4,006 gross tonnage, 380 feet long, 49 feet beam, and 25 feet depth of hold. She was owned by Watts, Milburn & Co., and was under charter to the Cunard Steamship Company. The Captain of the freighter tried to beach her after the collision, but the water rushed in too quickly, and she went down in twelve and a half fathoms.

# NEW CLUB FOR WOUNDED.

**It Provides Entertainment for Men Not Yet Discharged from Hospitals.**

The Château-Thierry Club for wounded soldiers and sailors, at 21 Beekman Place, near Fiftieth Street and the East River, was formally opened yesterday afternoon. It will be open every day from 1 to 6 o'clock in the afternoon for the entertainment of wounded soldiers and sailors in hospital and not yet discharged as convalescent.

Soldiers and sailors from Flower Hospital, the Hospital for Crippled and Ruptured and the Park Hospital were entertained yesterday. The club was the idea of Mrs. S. K. de Forest, Chairman of the Executive Committee, who modeled it after Kitchener House in London, established early in the war by Miss Heineman, of California.

On a high bluff overlooking the East River, the club has a smoking room, games, magazines, billiards, and musical instruments for the entertainment of its guests. To become a member it is necessary for a man to send his name and the address of his hospital to the club. The building was donated by Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., to the New York County Chapter of the Red Cross. The officers in charge are H. K. Knapp, President; Walter Frew, Vice President; Mr. S. K. de Forest, Secretary, and Wilson M. Howell, Treasurer.

**Pro-War Socialists to Meet.**

The Social Democratic League, of which John Spargo is Chairman, issued a call yesterday for a national conference of pro-war Socialists. The conference will be held in this city on Oct. 26 and 27. It was announced that Charles Edward Russell, Charlotte Perkins Gilman, Frank Bohn, Robert Rives La Monte, and Allan L. Benson, Socialist candidate for President in 1916, would attend the conference. Mr. Benson has become a member of the league's National Committee. The league, after a conference with President Wilson, is preparing to send a new delegation to Europe.

**Club for Girls Going Overseas.**

A clubhouse for girls who have volunteered for overseas duty with the Y. M. C. A. was opened last night at 230 Madison Avenue. The building was presented to the Y. M. C. A. by Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes for use during the war. It will accommodate thirty girls. Mrs. Louis Slade, in charge of the Women's Division of the Y. M. C. A., made a short address at the exercises. Miss Hope Butler told of her experiences at the front, and Mrs. Francis Rogers sang. Miss Julianna Cutting will be in charge of the club.

DIVIDENDS.

THE PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA RAILWAY COMPANY.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND NUMBER 6.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company for the quarter ended September 30th, 1918, payable November 30th, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on November 15th, 1918.

D. W. SUMMERFIELD, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, October 8th, 1918.

Continental Guaranty Corporation,
248 Madison Avenue, New York.
October 14, 1918.

The Board of Directors of Continental Guaranty Corporation has this day declared a dividend for the quarter ended September 30 of Two Per Cent. (2%) on the capital stock of the Corporation, payable October 18, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on October 16, 1918. The transfer books will not be closed.

H. M. BENSON, Secretary.

PORTLAND GAS & COKE COMPANY,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND No. 35.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. has been declared on the Preferred Stock of Portland Gas & Coke Company, payable November 1, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 22, 1918.

GEORGE F. NEVINS, Treasurer.

**American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co.**

The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the preferred capital stock, payable November 1, 1918, to stockholders of record Oct. 25, 1918.

S. E. FARWELL, Treasurer.

THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK.

New York City, Oct. 16, 1918.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank, held October 9, 1918, a quarterly dividend of four per cent. (4%) was declared, payable November 1, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 31, 1918.

EDWARD S. MALMAR, Cashier.

COSDEN AND CO.,
New York, October 14, 1918.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of Cosden and Co. held this day, a dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) in cash was declared, payable November 1, 1918, to stockholders of record October 19, 1918.

JAS. E. WHITNEY,
Assistant Secretary.

GENERAL CIGAR CO., INC.
New York, October 16th, 1918.

A quarterly dividend of one dollar ($1.00) per share will be paid on the Common Stock of this Company on November 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record on October 24th, 1918, at 3:00 P. M.

H. V. SHICK, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Great American Insurance Company,
NEW YORK,
Incorporated 1872.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the GREAT AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Thursday, October 24, 1918, at twelve o'clock, noon, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of the Company from $2,000,000, par value, to $5,000,000, par value, to consist of 50,000 shares, of the par value of $100 each.

By order of the Board of Directors,
C. G. SMITH, President.
E. M. CRAGIN, Secretary.

New York, October 7, 1918.


Franklin Trust Company
Will Help You Buy
LIBERTY BONDS
To Your Utmost
1 YEAR TO PAY
We Will Lend You Money
On Your Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds Subscribed Through Us Before Oct. 19.
ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:
At 4¼% for 90 days and three renewals for 90 days each at 4¼ per cent.

Franklin TRUST CO.
Established 1883
46 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
166 MONTAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN.
509 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.
1091 WALLABOUT MARKET, BROOKLYN.

Their Task Over There
Points to Our Duty Here
The Brooklyn Trust Company will make loans secured by Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds subscribed for through it, at 4¼% for 90 days, with renewals at the same rate covering the entire period of one year.
Buy Liberty Bonds
To Your Utmost
Brooklyn Trust Company
Member of the Federal Reserve System and the New York Clearing House Association
177 MONTAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN
Bedford Branch, Fulton St. and Bedford Ave. Manhattan Office, Wall St. and Broadway
Chartered April 14, 1866

LIBERTY BONDS
THE FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST COMPANY
20 WILLIAM STREET 475 FIFTH AVENUE

4TH LIBERTY LOAN
All subscriptions to the 4th Liberty Loan placed through this company will be carried, if desired, for 90 days at
4¼%
With privilege of 3 renewals of 90 days each at the same rate.
Scandinavian Trust Company
56 Broadway New York
Member Federal Reserve Bank of N. Y.

The President's Pledge
"The Government will continue to send over 250,000 men, with their supplies, every month, and there will be no relaxation of any kind."
BUY BONDS TO YOUR UTMOST!
Double the Third!
ONLY THREE DAYS MORE!
THIS SPACE CONTRIBUTED BY
F. S. Smithers & Co.
R. C. Megargel & Co.
Hannevig & Co.
Frederic H. Hatch & Co.
I. D. Noll & Co.
American Credit Indemnity Co.
Foreign Trade Banking Corporation
Flint & Co.
A. D. Converse & Co.
Handy & Harman
The J. G. White Companies
Buy Liberty Bonds To Your Utmost In The Last 3 Days Of The Loan
W. C. Langley & Co.
Investments
115 Broadway, New York

Fidelity Trust Company, N. Y.
respectfully announces that it has subscribed, on behalf of its customers and itself, to the full quota of the Fourth Liberty Loan as fixed by the Liberty Loan Committee, same being double in amount of the Third Liberty Loan.
SAMUEL S. CONOVER, President.
New York, October 16, 1918.

We Specialize in
Mexican Bonds
Mexican Currency
Inquiries Invited.
Herbert M. Solomon & Bro.
30 Broad St. New York.

You Are Still In the Fight
The story is told of a wounded American soldier who complained so bitterly that a surgeon hurried by other cases to learn the cause. "Are you badly hurt?" he asked. "No," was the answer, "but they took me out when I hadn't shot all my ammunition."
Your money is ammunition, and you are in the Liberty Loan fight until midnight of October 19th. But don't wait until the last minute; DO IT NOW.
MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE
JOHN MOODY, President.
35 Nassau St., New York. Tel. 2947-8-9 Rector.

Liberty Loan
Be a spendthrift for Bonds.
Frank Kiernan & Co
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
25 Broadway, N.Y.


FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE OWNERS AND HOLDERS OF PREFERRED STOCK OF A. O. SMITH CORPORATION.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, by order of the Board of Directors of said corporation, and in accordance with the Certificate of Incorporation, the sum of Seventy-Nine Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy-One and 38-100 Dollars ($79,771.38) has been set apart and credited to the Sinking Fund of said corporation out of its surplus profits for the twelve months' period ending July 31, 1918, for the purpose of purchasing and retiring on November 15, 1918, so far as the funds of the sinking fund may permit, the outstanding preferred stock of said corporation that is offered at the lowest prices at which such shares may be offered for sale to the corporation, not exceeding, however, the sum of One Hundred Seven Dollars and Fifty Cents ($107.50) per share.

All owners and holders of the preferred shares are hereby invited to send sealed offerings to the Columbia Trust Co., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the First (1st) day of November, 1918, stating the number of shares of preferred stock offered for sale, the prices at which such shares are so offered for sale, and such sealed offerings must be signed by the owners and holders thereof.

A. O. SMITH CORPORATION.
By J. J. STAMM, Treasurer.

Dated, New York, October 7th, 1918.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

CENTRAL VERMONT TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

To the Holders of Steamship Guaranteed Gold Bonds, Series "B":

Notice is hereby given that in the exercise of the power reserved in Central Vermont Transportation Company Steamship Guaranteed Gold Bonds, Series "B," and in the Agreement and Mortgages securing the same, all of said bonds outstanding now subject to redemption—namely, bonds of said issue maturing subsequently to November 1, 1918—are hereby called for payment and redemption on November 1, 1918. On and after said date the said Company will pay off and redeem all of the said bonds outstanding and so maturing on presentation thereof at the office of the Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York City, at their face amount, together with a premium of two and one-half per centum thereon and the accrued interest thereon to November 1, 1918. On November 1, 1918, the principal of all of said bonds will become due and payable, and after said date interest on said bonds will cease to accrue.

Dated September 26, 1918.

CENTRAL VERMONT TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
By E. C. SMITH, President.

THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK, located at Philadelphia in the State of Pennsylvania, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

JOHN SCHLAGLE, Cashier.
Dated Aug. 21, 1918.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the VIKING SIGN COMPANY, INC., will be held on twenty-fifth day of October, 1918, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the office of the company at 527 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its preferred stock from $5,000, consisting of 500 shares of the par value of $10 each, to $9,000, to consist of 900 shares of the par value of $10 each, and by increasing its common stock from 500 shares of no par value to 900 shares of no par value.

Dated, New York, N. Y., October 9, 1918.

P. SCHUYLER VAN BLOEM, President.
F. E. d'HUMY, Secretary.

THE CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY CO.

Cincinnati, O., October 10, 1918.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company, in the city of Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday, the 30th day of October, 1918, at 10 o'clock A. M. The poll will continue open until 11 o'clock A. M.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS of the GERMAN SHEPHERD DOG CLUB OF AMERICA, INC., will be held at the Hotel Gregorian, West 36th Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 26th day of October, 1918, at 8 P. M. The purpose of the meeting is to change the present name of this Corporation which is "The German Shepherd Dog Club of America, Inc." to "The Shepherd Dog Club of America, Inc."

Dated, New York, Oct. 16th, 1918.

ELEANOR W. YATES, President.
BENJAMIN H. THROOP, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between Max Hirsch, Julien Picard, and Tom I. W. Heyman, under the firm name of MULTI ALLOY STEEL PRODUCTS CO., having its office and doing business in Manhattan Borough, New York City, has been dissolved.

JULIEN PICARD,
MAX HIRSCH.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

First and General Mortgage Gold Sinking Fund Bonds.

Coupons from these bonds payable by their terms on Nov. 1, 1918, or at the office or agency of the Company in New York or Boston, will be paid in New York at the office of the Treasurer, Room 675, 13 Cortlandt Street.

WALTER BROWN, Treasurer.

CARTER COAL AND IRON COMPANY First Mortgage 6% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated the first day of October, 1898, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M. on the 25th day of October, 1918, for the sale to it of bonds, as above described, at a price not exceeding 100% and accrued interest, to an amount sufficient to use the sum of $38,000. The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Successor to Continental Trust Company of the City of New York, Trustee.
By R. G. CURTIS, Secretary.

New York, October 1, 1918.

## RALLY IN COTTON AFTER EARLY BREAK

### Japanese and New Orleans Interests Reported to be Among the Chief Buyers.

The cotton market yesterday opened unchanged to 5 points lower and, influenced by the sharp break occurring on the Liverpool Exchange, declined 44 to 49 points. There was considerable selling by spot houses, but the Wall Street buying which was in evidence on Tuesday appeared to be lacking. Following the decline, the market rallied and the closing was barely steady. Final quotations showed a net loss for the day of 24 points in December contracts, a loss of 12 points in the case of March and 11 points for July.

The market was quiet during the early trading, but became more active in the afternoon, when prices advanced sharply. December contracts sold up to 30.51c., or within 1 point of Tuesday's closing figure, and March contracts sold up to 29.95c., or 15 points above its final quotation on the previous day. It was reported that Japanese and New Orleans interests were among the chief buyers while there was also some covering by local traders.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct. | 31.15 | 31.44 | 31.00 | 31.30@31.35 | 31.30 |
| Nov. | .... | .... | .... | 30.36 bid | 30.61 |
| Dec. | 30.23 | 30.51 | 30.10 | 30.30@30.36 | 30.60 |
| Jan. | 29.80 | 30.12 | 29.65 | 29.87@29.89 | 30.14 |
| Feb. | .... | .... | .... | 29.44 bid | .... |
| Mar. | 29.50 | 29.95 | 29.32 | 29.68@29.69 | 29.80 |
| April | .... | .... | .... | 29.03 bid | 29.73 |
| May | 29.17 | 29.85 | 29.16 | 29.57@29.61 | 29.68 |
| July | 29.10 | 29.20 | 29.01 | 29.47 bid | 29.58 |
| Aug. | .... | .... | .... | .... | 28.80 |

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, unchanged at 32.30c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 32.25c; New Orleans, 30.75c; Savannah, 30c; Augusta, 30.32c; Memphis, 31.50c; Houston, 31.75c; Little Rock, 31.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

| | Yesterday. | Last Wk. | Last Yr. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pork receipts | 88,022 | 26,142 | 34,478 |
| Exports | ..... | ..... | 38,800 |
| Exports, season | 740,642 | 658,776 | 1,097,763 |
| N. Y. stocks | 88,091 | 80,850 | 79,785 |
| Port stocks | 1,105,873 | 1,057,356 | 693,470 |
| N. Y. arrivals | 3,132 | 3,998 | ..... |

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 22.23d for middling and 21.77d for good middling. Sales, 2,000; American, 1,000; imports nil. Futures opened quiet, 9 to 19 points decline, and closed steady, 7 to 11 points advance on the day. Prices: October, 22.33d; November, 21.52d; December, 20.85d; January, 20.35d, and February, 19.90d.

Manchester: Yarns and cloths quiet and firm.

### FINANCIAL NOTES.

Austin B. Fletcher has been elected a Trustee of the Bowery Savings Bank.

T. B. Lyon, formerly with Sheldon, Dawson, Lyon & Co., has become associated with E. W. Wagner & Co.

The income account of the Cities Service Company for September shows gross income of $1,907,155, an increase of $312,194, compared with September, 1917, and a gain of $211,000 over August of this year.

Houston Oil Company's No. 7 well has been brought in, in the first sand, with a flow of 8,000 barrels of high grade oil a day.

Paine, Webber & Co. have opened a branch office at 90 State Street, Albany, with J. R Stevens, Jr., as manager.

## DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

| | Rate | Period | Payable. | Holders of Rec. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Cigar | 1¾ | Q | Nov. 1 | Oct. 15 |
| Am. Sumatra Tob. | 2½ | Q | Nov. 1 | Oct. 25 |
| Cent. of N. J. | 2 | Q | Nov. 1 | Oct. 23 |
| Cons. P. Ry. & L. pf. | 1¾ | Q | Nov. 1 | Oct. 16 |
| Federal Sugar pf. | 1¾ | Q | Nov. 1 | Oct. 19 |
| Ft. Worth P. & L. pf | 1¾ | Q | Nov. 1 | Oct. 20 |
| Kellogg Switch & S. | 2 | Q | Oct. 31 | Oct. 26 |
| N. Y. & H. R. M. | 15 | Q | Oct. 25 | Oct. 15 |
| Pacific Development | 1¾ | Q | Nov. 15 | Oct. 15 |
| Sears Roebuck | 2 | Q | Nov. 15 | Oct. 31 |

*Payable in scrip. †Including 4 per cent. from amortization.

The circulation of The New York Times represents the largest and most widely distributed group of intelligent, discriminating, and responsive readers ever assembled by a newspaper.—Advt.

## UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

| | Bid. | Ask. | | Bid | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2s, registered | 99¼ | 99¾ | 3s, conversion, 1947 | 99 | 99¼ |
| 2s, coupons, 1930 | 99¼ | 99¾ | 4s, registered, 1925 | 106 | 106¾ |
| 2s, Panama, '38, reg. | 99 | 99½ | 4s, coupon, 1925 | 106 | 106¾ |
| 2s, Panama, '38, coupon | 99 | 99½ | 3s, Panama, '61, reg | 88 | 92 |
| 3s, registered, 1946 | 89 | .. | 3s, Panama, '61, coupon | 88 | 92 |
| 3s coupon, 1946 | 89 | .. | 3s, Fed Land Bank, '58-'64 | 104¾ | .. |

## NEW YORK CITY BONDS

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Ask. | Tuesday. Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4½s July, 1967 | 98½ | 99¼ | 98½ |
| 4½s June, 1965 | 98½ | 99¼ | 98½ |
| 4½s March, 1963 | 98½ | 99¼ | 98½ |
| 4½s Nov., 1957 | 98½ | 99¼ | 98½ |
| 4½s May, 1957 | 98½ | 99¼ | 98½ |
| 4½s Mar., 1960-30 | 92½ | 93½ | 92½ |
| 4½s Mar., 1964 | 92½ | 93¼ | 92½ |
| 4½s Apr., 1962 | 92¼ | 93¼ | 92¼ |
| 4½s Mar., 1962 | 92¼ | 93¼ | 92¼ |
| 4½s Sep., 1960 | 92½ | 93 | 92½ |
| 4s May, 1959 | 89 | 89½ | 89 |
| 4s Nov., 1958 | 88 | 89 | 88 |
| 4s May, 1957 | 89 | 89½ | 89 |
| 4s Nov., 1956 | 88 | 89 | 88 |
| 4s Nov., 1955 | 88 | 89½ | 88 |
| 4s Nov., 1936 | 89 | 90 | 89 |
| 4s Nov., 1917 | 99¼ | .. | 99¼ |
| 4s Nov., 1918 | 99½ | .. | 99¾ |

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Ask. | Tuesday. Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3½s Nov., 1954 | 80 | 81 | 80½ |
| 3½s May, 1954 | 80 | 81 | 80½ |

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4½s 1921-1923 | 4.70 | 4.45 | 4.70 |
| 4½s 1921-1923 | 4.70 | 4.45 | 4.70 |
| 4½s 1917-1922 | 4.70 | 4.45 | 4.70 |
| 4½s 1918-1923 | 4.70 | 4.45 | 4.70 |
| 4½s 1924-1952 | 4.70 | 4.45 | 4.70 |
| 3½s 1940-1953 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 |
| 3½s 1930-1952 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 |
| 3½s 1922-1929 | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4.70 |
| 3½s 1919-1921 | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4.70 |
| 3½s 1918 | 4.50 | 4.00 | 4.50 |
| 3s 1940-1958 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 |
| 3s 1918-1926 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 |

## OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

### BALTIMORE.

**Stocks.**

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 10 Con. Coal | 87 | 87 | 87 |
| 244 Camden | 20 | 19 | 20 |
| 120 Elkhorn | 20 | 20 | 20 |

### BOSTON.

**Mining.**

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 60 Allouez | 48½ | 48 | 48 |
| 100 Anaconda | 71¾ | 71¾ | 71¾ |
| 750 Ariz Comb | 15¾ | 15½ | 15¾ |
| 50 Butte & Sup | 24¾ | 24¾ | 24¾ |
| 50 Calu & Ariz | 67½ | 67¼ | 67¼ |
| 5 Calu & Hec | 560 | 560 | 560 |
| 10 Cap Range | 47½ | 47½ | 47½ |
| 110 East Butte | 10¾ | 10½ | 10¾ |
| 25 Island Creek | 54 | 54 | 54 |
| 50 Mayflow-O C | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 150 Michigan | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| 75 Mohawk | 54 | 54 | 54 |
| 25 Old Domin | 41 | 41 | 41 |

**Railroads.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5 Bos & Alb | 132 | 132 | 132 |
| 233 Bos Elev | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼ |
| 100 Do pf | 66½ | 66¾ | 66¾ |
| 80 Bos & Me | 34¾ | 34 | 34 |
| 5 Conn River | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 10 Fitchburg | 61¾ | 61¾ | 61¾ |

**Miscellaneous.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 75 Am Agr | 101¾ | 100¾ | 101¾ |
| 79 Do pf | 93 | 92¾ | 93 |
| 30 Am Sugar | 110¾ | 110 | 110¾ |
| 425 Am T & T | 107¼ | 105¾ | 106¾ |
| 124 Am Wool pf | 95 | 94¾ | 94¾ |
| 55 Booth Fish | 25 | 24¾ | 24¾ |
| 635 Century | 13¾ | 13½ | 13¾ |
| 10 Cub Pt Cem | 14¾ | 14½ | 14¾ |
| 9 East S S pf | 40 | 39 | 40 |
| 77 Edison | 165 | 160 | 162 |
| 1,570 Fairbanks | 58¾ | 57¾ | 58 |
| 1,500 Gorton Pew | 32¾ | 31¾ | 32½ |
| 4 Gen Elec | 137½ | 137½ | 137½ |
| 100 Int Pt Cem | 6 | 6 | 6 |

**Bonds.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $2,000 Am T & T 4s | 83 | 83 | 83 |
| 1,000 Do 5s | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 2,000 A. G&WI 5s | 73½ | 73½ | 73½ |
| 2,000 Mass G 4½s | 88 | 88 | 88 |

### CHICAGO.

**Stocks.**

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 50 Armour pf | 100 | 99¾ | 99¾ |
| 25 Booth Fish | 25¾ | 25¾ | 25¾ |
| 50 C C & Pkgd | 13¾ | 13¾ | 13¾ |
| 50 Chi Pn Tool | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 355 Cudahy | 125 | 124 | 124 |
| 98 Com Edison | 110¾ | 110 | 110¾ |
| 38 Deere pf | 97½ | 97 | 97½ |
| 10 Dia Match | 109 | 109 | 109 |
| 100 Hart S & M | 60 | 59¾ | 59¾ |
| 60 Hart Corp | 48 | 48 | 48 |
| 20 Ill Brick | 53 | 53 | 53 |
| 150 Lib McN&Lib | 25 | 23½ | 23¾ |

**Bonds.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $7,000 Chi City & Conn 5s | .. | .. | 55 |
| 3,000 Wilson 1st 6s | .. | .. | 93 |

### PHILADELPHIA.

**Stocks.**

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 53 Camb Steel | 126 | 125¼ | 125¼ |
| 25 Cramp | 78 | 78 | 78 |
| 130 Elec Stor | 54 | 54 | 54 |
| 1,260 Gen Asphalt | 53¾ | 53¼ | 53¾ |
| 220 Do pf | 72 | 70½ | 72 |
| 15 Lehigh Nav | 68½ | 68¾ | 68¾ |

**Bonds.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $6,000 E & P 4s | 69¼ | 69½ | 69¼ |
| 1,000 L Sup Inc | 52 | 52 | 52 |
| 17,000 Ph El 1st 5s | 90¾ | 90¾ | 90¾ |
| $11,000 Rdg gen 4s | 83 | 83 | 83 |
| 5,000 Un Ry 5s | 58 | 58 | 58 |

## PUBLIC UTILITIES

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1258 Cities Service | 274 | 254 | 273 | 275 |
| 2849 Cities Service pf | 76 | 75¼ | 75½ | 76½ |

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adiron Elec Power | 10 | 12 | Miss River Power | 12½ | 15 |
| Adiron Elec Pow pf | 60 | 65 | Miss River Power pf | 42 | 46 |
| Am Gas & Electric | 82 | 85 | Northern Ohio Electric | 15 | 18 |
| Am Gas & Electric pf | 39 | 41 | Northern Ohio Elec pf | 39 | 45 |
| Am Light & Trac | 230 | 235 | North Ont L & Pow | 11 | 15 |
| Am Light & Trac pf | 93 | 95 | North Ont L & P pf | 52 | 55 |
| Am Power & Light | 40 | 44 | Northern States Power | 47 | 52 |
| Am Power & Light pf | 80 | 83 | Northern States P pf | 82 | 85 |
| Am Public Utilities | .. | 25 | Northern Texas Elec | 61½ | 65 |
| Am Public Utilities pf | .. | 45 | Northern Tex Elec pf | 76 | 75 |
| Am W W & Electric | 5½ | 6½ | Pacific Gas & Electric | 37½ | 39 |
| Am W W & E 1st pf | 60 | 63 | Pacific Gas & Elec pf | 83 | 85 |
| Am W W & E partic | 12 | 14 | Puget S T, L & P | 10 | 15 |
| Carolina Pow & Light | 25 | 28 | Puget S T, L & P pf | 45½ | 46½ |
| Carolina Pow & Lt pf | 86 | 88 | Ry & Light Secur | 87 | 93 |
| Colorado Power | 22 | 24 | Ry & Light Secur pf | 17 | 19 |
| Colorado Power pf | 89 | 94 | Republic Ry & Lt | 55 | 58 |
| Columbus Electric pf | 70 | 76 | Southern Cal Edison | 73 | 76 |
| Com Pow, Ry & Light | 23 | 25 | South Cal Edison pf | 92 | 96 |
| Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf | 43 | 45 | Stand Gas & Electric | 83 | 85 |
| Conn Power pf | 75 | 80 | Stand Gas & Elec pf | 28 | 28 |
| Consumers Power | 80 | 85 | Tampa Electric | 100 | .. |
| Consumers Power pf | 85 | 90 | Tenn Ry, L & P | 2¾ | 3 |
| Eastern Texas Electric | 56 | 58 | Tenn Ry, L & P pf | 13 | 14 |
| Eastern Texas Elec pf | 72 | 76 | Texas Power & Light | 30 | 32 |
| El Paso Electric | 75 | 80 | United L & Rys pf | 60 | 62 |
| Electric B & S pf | 90 | 95 | United L & Rys pf | 60 | 63 |
| Empire Dist Elec | 70 | 75 | Wash I W L & P | 82 | 84 |
| Empire Dist Elec pf | 70 | 75 | Wash I W L & P pf | 82 | 84 |
| Federal Light & Trac | 10 | 12 | Western Power | 11 | 13 |
| Federal L & Trac pf | 30 | 40 | Western Power pf | 50 | 52 |
| Galveston-Hous Elec | 21 | 25 | West, Church & Kerr | 60 | 65 |
| Galveston-Hous Elec pf | 60 | 65 | West, Church & K pf | 74 | 79 |
| Gas & Elec Securities | 200 | 250 | Yadkin Riv Pow pf | 98 | 100 |
| Gas & Elec Secur pf | 80 | 85 | | | |

**Bonds.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alabama Water 6s, '20 | 96 | 98 | Miss V G & E 5s, '23 |
| Appalach Power 6s, '32 | 65 | 68 | Nor States Pow 6s, '26 |
| Cin Gas & El 5s, '56 | 87 | 90 | Nor States Pow 5s, '41 |
| Cities Service deb 7s | 103 | 106 | Nor Tex Elec col 5s |
| Col G & E deb 5s, '27 | 70 | 76 | Omaha & C B 5s, 1923 |
| Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944 | .. | 97 | Pac Pr & Lt 1st 5s |
| Conn Power 5s, 1963 | 84 | 89 | Roanoke W W 5s, '19 |
| Dallas Elec 5s, 1922 | 84 | 88 | So Cal Edison 5s, '30 |
| East Tex Elec col 5s | 82 | 88 | Twin States Gas & El 5s, 1953 |
| El Paso Elec col 5s | 82 | 88 | Un L & R 1st 5s, '52 |
| Gt West Pow 5s, '46 | 72 | 74 | Un L & R deb 6s, '26 |
| Gt West Pow 6s, '35 | 87 | 90 | Un Util cv 6s, 1943 |
| Ind-M Ry C & P 6s | 98 | 99 | Utah Securities 6s |
| Middle W U 6s, 1925 | 85 | 90 | Wash I W L & P 6s |
| Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s | 72 | 74 | |

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Miss V G & E 5s, '23 | 78 | 80 |
| Nor States Pow 6s, '26 | 89 | 91 |
| Nor States Pow 5s, '41 | 82 | 85 |
| Nor Tex Elec col 5s | 79 | 85½ |
| Omaha & C B 5s, 1928 | 75 | 85 |
| Pac Pr & Lt 1st 5s | 98 | 99 |
| Roanoke W W 5s, '19 | 96½ | 96¾ |
| So Cal Edison 5s, '30 | 87 | 90 |
| Twin States Gas & El 5s, 1953 | 77 | 83½ |
| Un L & R 1st 5s, '52 | 79 | 82 |
| Un L & R deb 6s, '26 | 83 | 87 |
| Un Util cv 6s, 1843 | 80 | 95 |
| Utah Securities 6s | 92 | 94 |
| Wash I W L & P 6s | 94½ | 96 |

## TOBACCO STOCKS

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Ask. | Tuesday. Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Am Cigar | 90 | 102 | 98 |
| Do pf | 83 | 89 | 83 |
| Conley Foil | 190 | 205 | 190 |
| J S Young | 120 | 150 | 120 |
| Do pf | 97 | 102 | 97 |
| MacA & Forbes | 150 | 165 | 150 |
| Do pf | 80 | 90 | 80 |

| | Yesterday. Bid | Yesterday. Ask | Tuesday. Bid |
|---|---|---|---|
| P R-Am Tobacco | 122 | 130 | 122 |
| R J Reynolds, A | 310 | 325 | 295 |
| Do B com | 345 | 355 | 335 |
| Do pf | 102 | 104 | 102 |
| Weyman-Bruton | 150 | 165 | 150 |
| Do pf | 96 | 101 | 96 |

### BOSTON CURB.

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Oil | 9¼ | 10 | Iron Blos. | 35 | 45 |
| B. St. Gas. | 7 | 9 | Iron Cap. | 18½ | 19½ |
| Begole | 50 | 60 | La Rose | 48 | 52 |
| Bohemia | 80 | 90 | Majestic | 19 | 20 |
| Boston Ely | 97 | 1 | Mex. Metals | 30 | 32 |
| Black Hawk | .. | 80 | Moj. Tung. | 8½ | 9 |
| Boston Mon. | 44 | 45 | New Baltic | 80 | 80 |
| Butte & L. | 13 | 16 | N. Z & L. | 9 | 11 |
| Boston & A. | .. | 1¾ | N. Cornelia | 17½ | 18 |
| Calaveras | 50 | 1¼ | Nev. Dcug. | 37 | 42 |
| Crown Res. | 17 | 25 | Nixon Nev. | 32 | 34 |
| Cortez | 12 | 16 | Oneco | 15 | 25 |
| Cham., old | 3½ | 4¼ | Onondaga | 10 | 17 |
| Chief Con. | 3¼ | 3½ | S.W. Miami, full paid | 85 | 1¼ |
| Denbigh | 65 | 66 | U. V. Ext. | 37 | 39 |
| Earl-Eagle | 2 | 4 | Victoria | 3 | 70 |
| Fortuna | 3 | 5 | Yukon Gold | 85 | 1 |
| Houghton | 40 | 75 | | | |
| Homa Oil | 38 | 41 | | | |

### METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Asked. | Tuesday. Bid. | Tuesday. Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Spelter | 9.00 | 9.25 | 9.00 | 9.10 |
| Antimony | 13.62½ | 13.87½ | 13.62½ | 14.00 |
| Quicksilver | $125.00 | .... | $125.00 | .... |
| Aluminium | *33.00 | .... | *33.00 | .... |
| Iron, No. 2X f'y | .... | 34.05 | .... | 34.05 |

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 26c.

London quotations were:

| | Yesterday. £ | s. | d. | Tuesday. £ | s. | d. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Copper, spot | 122 | 0 | 0 | 122 | 0 | 0 |
| Tin, spot | 334 | 0 | 0 | 335 | 0 | 0 |
| Tin, futures | 334 | 0 | 0 | 335 | 0 | 0 |
| Spelter | 54 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 0 | 0 |
| Lead | 29 | 10 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 |

### SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at the Auction Salesroom yesterday:

5 shares Hudson Trust Co., $100 each, 139.
5 shares United Gas and Electric Corporation first preferred, (Conn.,) $100 each, 40.
250 shares Liberty Farms Corporation preferred voting trust certificates, $10 per sh.
250 shares Liberty Farms Corporation common voting trust certificates, $10 per share.
$1,000 bond and first mortgage of Sixte Busoni and his wife to Francis Bendelari, covering property in Monmouth County, N. J., due Jan. 7, 1919, $750.

### Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Forecast: N. C., S. C., and Ohio—Fair Thurs. and Fri. Ga., Tenn., and Ky.—Fair Thurs.; Fri. rains.

Fla. and Mich.—Rains Thurs. and Fri.

Ala. and Miss.—Cloudy and rain Thurs. and Fri.

Ind.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

## CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Realization sales in the final hour of trading yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange made for resultant reactions from previous high levels and in many issues, notably the steel and equipment shares, net losses were recorded. These stocks were reactionary in tendensy throughout the session and susceptible to selling pressure. The market was irregular in movement, unsettled at times, and price fluctuations were wide. In a general way it was a conflict between the peace and war issues.

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 20 Allis-Chalm | 27⅜ | 27¼ | 27¼ |
| 50 Am Can | 44½ | 44 | 44½ |
| 10 Am C & F | 85¾ | 85¾ | 85¾ |
| 10 Am Cot Oil | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ |
| 40 Am Ice | 44¾ | 43¾ | 44⅛ |
| 150 Am Internat | 30⅝ | 30 | 30⅝ |
| 110 Am Loco | 67¾ | 66¾ | 67 |
| 2,500 Am S & L | 91¼ | 89¾ | 89¾ |
| 10 Am S R Pds | 85½ | 85½ | 85½ |
| 540 Am Su Tob | 112⅜ | 111¾ | 111⅞ |
| 10 Am T & T | 106⅛ | 106⅛ | 106⅛ |
| 1,070 Anac Cop | 71⅝ | 71⅜ | 71¾ |
| 300 Atl G & P | 90½ | 90 | 90½ |
| 1,830 Bald Loco | 77⅜ | 75¾ | 77⅛ |
| 2,200 Beth St'l B | 72⅜ | 70½ | 70⅝ |
| 100 Butte & Sup | 25¾ | 24 | 24 |
| 40 Cal Petrol | 21½ | 21½ | 21½ |
| 20 Ch Gt W | 9¾ | 9¾ | 9¾ |
| 70 Can Pacific | 172¾ | 170¾ | 172¾ |
| 250 Cen Leather | 67⅜ | 67⅛ | 67⅜ |
| 50 Ches & Ohio | 59¾ | 59¾ | 59¾ |
| 250 C, M & St P | 49¾ | 48¾ | 49¼ |
| 50 C, R I & P | 27 | 27 | 27 |
| 40 Chile Copper | 21¼ | 21¼ | 21¼ |
| 20 Chino Copper | 30¾ | 29¾ | 30⅛ |
| 170 Colum Gas | 40¾ | 39¾ | 40¾ |
| 30 Con Gas | 103 | 102¾ | 103 |
| 460 Corn Prod | 33¾ | 33¼ | 33¾ |
| 550 Crucible St'l | 59¾ | 58¾ | 59¾ |
| 80 Cuba Cane Su | 28⅞ | 28¾ | 28¾ |
| 160 Dist Secur | 48⅜ | 47½ | 48⅜ |
| 50 Erie | 16¼ | 16¼ | 16¼ |
| 50 Do 1st pf | 29½ | 29½ | 29½ |
| 240 Goodrich Co | 53¾ | 52¾ | 53¼ |
| 30 Gt Nor Ore Sub | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| 1,300 Gt Nor Iron Ore | 32 | 31¾ | 32 |
| 210 Inspir Cop | 53¾ | 53 | 53¾ |
| 1,500 Int Harv | 106¾ | 105¾ | 106¼ |
| 6,020 Do pf | 112⅞ | 111⅞ | 112⅛ |
| 30 Int Nickel | 30⅝ | 30 | 30⅛ |
| 40 Int Paper | 34¾ | 34 | 34 |
| 20 Kenne Cop | 35¾ | 35¼ | 35¾ |
| 20 Lack Steel | 72¾ | 72¾ | 72¾ |
| 290 Max Motors | 35¾ | 33¾ | 34¾ |
| 7,140 Mex Petrol | 151¼ | 143¾ | 147⅞ |
| 140 Midvale Steel | 48¾ | 46¾ | 47¾ |
| 220 Mo Pacific | 25¾ | 24¾ | 25 |
| 240 N Y Cent | 76 | 75¾ | 75¾ |
| 250 N Y, N H & H | 40½ | 40⅜ | 40⅜ |
| 50 North Pac | 92 | 91¾ | 91¾ |
| 540 Ohio C Gas | 43 | 40¾ | 44 |
| 10 Out Silver | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ |
| 80 Pac Mail | 32¾ | 32¾ | 32¾ |
| 50 People's Gas | 55¾ | 54¾ | 55¼ |
| 1,960 Pierce Oil | 19¼ | 18⅜ | 18⅜ |
| 300 Pitts Coal | 49¾ | 49¾ | 49¾ |
| 10 Ry St Spgs | 67¾ | 67¾ | 67¾ |
| 1,870 Reading | 93¼ | 89¾ | 90 |
| 50 Rep I & S | 80¾ | 80¾ | 80¾ |
| 1,130 Republic I & S | 99 | 97¾ | 98¾ |
| 100 South Pac | 91¾ | 90¾ | 90¾ |
| 730 South Ry | 31¾ | 30¾ | 31 |
| 4,775 Studebaker | 70¼ | 65¼ | 67⅜ |
| 10 Tenn Cop | 15⅝ | 15⅜ | 15⅜ |
| 120 Tex & Pac | 24¾ | 24¼ | 24¼ |
| 220 Union Pac | 134¼ | 131⅝ | 132¾ |
| 140 U S Ind Al | 103 | 102 | 103 |
| 980 U S Rubber | 68⅜ | 64½ | 68⅜ |
| 1,100 U S Steel | 109¾ | 107⅝ | 108¾ |
| 50 Utah Cop | 84½ | 84½ | 84½ |
| 650 Va-Car Ch | 57 | 51⅜ | 57 |
| 300 Westing El | 45¾ | 44¾ | 44¾ |
| 1,920 Willys-Over | 24¾ | 22½ | 23¼ |
| 100 Wilson | 27 | 27 | 27 |
| $1,350 Lib 3½s | 101.16 | 101.14 | 101.16 |
| 1,150 1st 4s | 99.22 | 99.10 | 99.12 |
| 2,250 2d 4s | 98.28 | 98.26 | 98.24 |
| 1,500 1st 4¼s | 99.26 | 99.22 | 99.26 |
| 1,000 2d 4¼s | 98.28 | 98.26 | 98.26 |
| 8,150 3d 4¼s | 97.30 | 97.28 | 97.30 |
| 3,000 4th 4¼s | 97.58 | 97.50 | 97.58 |

†Prices include interest.

## CURB TRANSACTIONS

### INDUSTRIALS.

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6,000 ‡Aetna Expl | 9¼ | 8¾ | 8¾ |
| 100 B-A Tob reg | 18⅝ | 18⅜ | 18⅝ |
| 300 B-A Tob cp | 19¼ | 19 | 19¼ |
| 2,500 Burns B Rc | 47¾ | 43½ | 46½ |
| 5,400 Chev Motor | 142 | 136 | 140 |
| 1,000 ‡Gen Asph | 36¾ | 34½ | 36¾ |
| 75 ‡Gil S Raz | 100¾ | 100¾ | 100¾ |
| 500 Hupp Ar Car | 15½ | 15½ | 15½ |
| 600 ‡Lake Tor B | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 100 ‡Lima Loco | 33 | 33 | 33 |
| 4,000 Marc of Am | 4¾ | 4¼ | 4¼ |

### STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1,800 ‡Anglo-Am O | 12½ | 16 | 16 |
| 80 ‡Ohio Oil | 326 | 323 | 325 |
| 1,400 Penn-Mex O | 47 | 44 | 45 |
| 180 ‡Prairie O&G | 557 | 535 | 548 |

### MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 150 ‡Barn O & G | ⅞ | ¾ | ¾ |
| 3,000 ‡Cos & Co | 7⅛ | 6⅞ | 7 |
| 500 ‡Ell B Pet | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 1,800 ‡‡Ramer Oil | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 500 ‡Federal Oil | 23¾ | 23¼ | 23¼ |
| 2,700 ‡Glenrock Oil | 55¾ | 55 | 55¾ |
| 4,000 ‡Houston Oil | 85 | 81½ | 82 |
| 1,700 ‡Inter Pet | 14¾ | 13¾ | 14⅛ |
| 2,000 ‡Int'l O & T | 38¾ | 38 | 38¾ |
| 1,100 ‡Merritt Oil | 13¾ | 13¼ | 13¾ |
| 200 Met Petrol | 11¾ | 11¾ | 11¾ |
| 3,000 ‡Mid Oil | 106 | 102 | 104 |
| 1,025 ‡Midw Ref | 126 | 123 | 125 |

### MINING STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7,760 ‡Al-Brit Col Metals | 53 | 48 | 52 |
| 4,000 ‡Am Mines | 86 | 85 | 85 |
| 2,000 Big L Cop | ⅞ | ¾ | ⅞ |
| 6,000 ‡Bos & Mon | 14 | 13 | 13 |
| 3,500 ‡‡Caledonia | 50 | 49 | 49 |
| 5,000 ‡Cal & Jer | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ |
| 700 ‡Canada Cop | 148 | 147 | 148 |
| 2,200 ‡‡Candel Sil | 45 | 44 | 45 |
| 869 ‡Cer S M & M | 1¼ | 1 | 1¼ |
| 4,000 Con Ariz Sm | 1¼ | 1⅛ | 1¼ |
| 2,500 Con Cop M | 5¾ | 5¼ | 5¾ |
| 500 Cress Con G | 4⅝ | 4⅜ | 4⅝ |
| 200 ‡Denbigh M | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ |
| 1,000 Dun-Aric | .. | .. | .. |
| (a pros.) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1,600 ‡Eureka C M | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1¾ |
| 1,000 ‡‡Fort Con | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 700 ‡Gold Cons | 21 | 20 | 21 |
| 500 ‡‡Hat G M, (a pros.) | 56 | 56 | 56 |
| 560 Hecla Min | 5½ | 5 | 5⅛ |
| 1,150 ‡‡Moth Lode | 35 | 34 | 35 |
| 2,000 ‡Nat Z & L | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 3,500 ‡Ohio Cop | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝ |
| 1,300 ‡Onon Mines | 3¾ | 3 | 3⅜ |
| 100 ‡Ray H M | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ |
| 1,000 ‡Roch Com | 36 | 35 | 36 |
| 2,000 ‡Roch Mines | 36 | 35 | 36 |
| 4,350 ‡Sil Can M | 75 | 72 | 74 |
| 660 ‡Sil Fls Sil | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ |
| 2,500 ‡‡Silver Pick | ⅜ | 3 | ⅜ |
| 300 S K of Ariz | ⅓ | ⅓ | ⅓ |
| 2,300 Stand Sil-L | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ |
| 1,000 ‡Success Min | 12 | 11½ | 11¾ |
| 300 Tono Ext | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 1,000 ‡‡Troy-Ariz | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 820 Un Eastern | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 1,000 ‡‡U S L & Z | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| 12,000 ‡‡Ward&M | 28 | 25 | 27 |
| 600 ‡Wash G Q | 77 | 76 | 77 |
| 700 ‡WestECon | 97 | 96 | 97 |
| 15,000 ‡‡WUExt(p) | 18 | 16 | 18 |

### Bonds.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $1,000 ‡Beth St'l 8% | 20.100 | 100½ | 100¾ |
| 5,000 ‡ Do 1921 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 15,000 ‡ Do 1923 | 100 | 99¾ | 100 |
| 80,000 ‡Can Pac 6s | 97½ | 97¾ | 97½ |
| 5,000 ‡Cud'a'23,wi | 90¾ | 90¾ | 90¾ |
| 5,000 ‡Fed P L 5s | 104½ | 104½ | 104½ |
| $4,000 ‡G El 6s2yn'19 | 99¾ | 99¾ | 99¾ |

### CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Tuesday:

**INDUSTRIALS.**

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Ask. | Tuesday. Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| F Blumenthal | 93 | 95 | 93 |
| Carbon Steel | 95 | 105 | 95 |
| Car Lt & P | 1¾ | 2 | 1¾ |
| Curtiss Aero | 30¾ | 32 | 30¾ |
| Gillette S R | 100 | 102 | 100 |
| Lake Tor Bt | 2¾ | 3¾ | 2¾ |
| L Val Coal | 85 | 90 | 85 |
| Lima Loco | 35 | 40 | 35 |
| N Am P & P | 2¾ | 3¼ | 2¾ |
| N Y Shipbldg | 41 | 43 | 41 |
| Penn C & C | 27 | 29 | 27 |
| St L, R M&P | 33 | 44 | 38 |
| St Joe L | 14 | 15 | 14 |
| Steel Alloys | 4 | 5½ | 4 |
| Thlogen | 3½ | 5 | 3½ |

**OIL STOCKS.**

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Ask. | Tuesday. Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cos & Co pf | 73 | 78 | 73 |
| Int Petrol | 13½ | 17 | 13½ |
| Savoy Oil | 6¾ | 7¼ | 6¾ |
| Way O & G | 2¾ | 3¼ | 2¾ |

**MINING STOCKS.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Kerr Lake | 5¾ | 6¼ | 6 |
| Marsh Min | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| San Toy | 7 | 9 | 7 |
| Rex Con | 6 | 8 | 6 |

**BONDS.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| ‡Ar&Co6s,'19 | 99¾ | 100¼ | 99¾ |
| ‡Ar&Co6s,'

# THE BUSINESS WORLD

## Buyers' Wants

*30 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Jullliard, qual. 118 black, in exchange for brown and taupe. Telephone Greeley 4563.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany, navy; will pay $8.10. Elnhorn, 112 Madison Av.

COATS Wanted.—Will buy 1,000 old style or ladies' damaged coats. Andre, Mad. Sq. 3069.

COTTON Wanted.—Open for a quantity of White cotton Gabardine at a price for cash; quantities no object. Merchants Fabric Exchange. Stuyvesant 3411.

CRYSTAL CLOTH Wanted.—Any shade, any quantity, for cash. Greeley 4321.

GEORGETTES Wanted in all colors, also large quantity of crepe de chine. Bronner Mfg. Co., 1,270 Broadway.

GLOVES Wanted.—Ladies' fleaher in black and gray, one and two clasp, large sizes; will pay cash. Chelsea 3005.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring line of taffeta and satin dresses; call with samples. M. Weisman & Son, 118 W. 22d St.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists Wanted.—Better grade; cash. National, Franklin 4343.

FUR COLLARS Wanted, of all kinds. S. Adler & Son, 22 West 32d.

PEAU DE SOIE, Black Taffeta, and Fancies Wanted. Pansy, 145 West 30th St.

POPLIN Wanted.—Dobson's, Stevens' or Joel's, all shades; must be cheap for cash; any quantity. Greeley 4609.

SERGES Wanted.—209-2; will pay cash. Spring 756. Davidson, till 12 o'clock only.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use 09070, navy only; must be cheap. Chelsea 6549.

SILKS Wanted.—Manufacturers, what have you in silks that you cannot use? Cash for large or small lots. Madison Square 376.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden Leonard's 602, Joel's, Andrew's 3920, Buckley & Cohen's 438, all colors. Ritter Bros., Greeley 4376.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Buckley-Cohen's 488. Gramercy 6174.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Brown H. & L., also navy velour; spot cash. Chelsea 9513.

TAFFETA SILK WANTED.—Good quality, suitable for hat lining, black and white, for immediate and future delivery. Fulton, 49 East 21st St

TAFFETA AND GEORGETTES Wanted.—In all shades. M. Welsman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

TAFFETAS, Crepe, Meteors, Georgettes Wanted.—Good quality, for cash. J. Leibner, 24 East 33d St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash. Farragut 5759.

TWEEDS Wanted.—Open for all wool tweed or mixture. Madison Square 9415.

TUB SILK.—150 pieces white Simons quality, 87½c net, immediate delivery. G 9 Times.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity of colors of 11050, K544, 13046, 13009; will pay cash; state amount of pieces of each color. A 840 Times.

VELOURS Wanted.—American or Wyandotte heavyweight taupe and burgundy, for cash; pom pom 12075, navy and brown. Chelsea 1172.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360, burgundy and brown. Chelsea 6549.

VELOURS Wanted.—Black velour, American 0650 or F. & H., 11-inch. Bldg., 1 Sq. Dudley.

WAISTS AND PETTICOATS Wanted.—Attention! Will buy any quantity seconds, factory rejects or damaged silk waists and silk petticoats. Andre, Mad. Sq. 3069.

WOOLEN SUITINGS Wanted.—Overcoatings for young men's clothing. Daube, Rosenthal & Co., 615 South Franklin St., Chicago, Ill.

WORK wanted for two Union Special double needle machines. International Initial Co., 693 Broadway. Phone 1858 Spring.

## Offerings to Buyers

*50 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

BEAVER TRIMMINGS.—Salt's mohair, B 150; Blumenthal's Furist XW., Hudson Bay; Timme's 27-inch; cheap. Greeley 4376.

BEAVER TRIMMING for sale cheap. M. Feldman, 153 West 23d St. Farr. 715.

BROADCLOTH.—Jullliards 110, in taupe, black, burgundy; velours 032, 0360, 544, 11052; serges 87, 54289, 104, 7120, 87, 41-105, 6482, 3810, and others; also plushes; prices inducing. Phone Hydol, 5204-5. Madison Square.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315; reindeer, burgundy, plum, and black, $3.15; Talbot H-90 taupe, $3.10; Jullliards 110 black and taupe, $2.75 and $3; cash only. Manson Mills, 1133 Broadway.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany and F. & H., 1,500 yards, all colors, with and without original tickets; price, $3 net cash; also velours; buyers must call. 5 West 31st St., 9th floor.

BROADCLOTH.—Gera Mills, 18 pieces assorted colors, 010 McKinney's, ten pieces Oxford 12075, 2 pieces pom pom; will close out very low price. Madison Square 8178.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315, green, at a price, quantity of Jullliards 110, 2002 Metcalf, 9190 kersey, American 11052. Gramercy 5037.

BROADCLOTHS and Velours.—Botany's radium, 360 and others; low prices; terms. Barnett, Farragut 3148.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315, navy, gazelle, cranberry, maroon, black, &c., $3.15; also F. & H. taupe. Madison Square 1520.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Will exchange botany 315, cranberry 777, green 581 for black. Madison Square 1520.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315 and Columbia; also F. & H. Duvet-de-Laine. Madison Square 914.

BROADCLOTH.—All makes, Thibets, black, all mixes; prices reasonable; terms. Farragut 2378.

BROADCLOTH.—310, 355, and radium; all colors. Orchard 5433.

BURELLA.—American 09057; have 15 pieces taupe, 25 pieces green, 20 pieces navy; sell below market price. Stuyvesant 3204.

BUTTONS.—Large quantities of pearl buttons in bulk; 12 to 40 ligne at a sacrifice. Gramercy 6,507.

CLOAKINGS. — Three-quarter McKinney's meltons 010, 014C, all different grades, will sell cheap. Spring 6421.

CLOAKING.—Plushes, back 1107; Stursberg-Schell brown. Greeley 6172.

CLOTH.—Chases Delhia, in 54-inch, in brown. If interested Phone Hydol, 5264 Madison Square.

COATEES AND STOLES.—Plushes, keramil, Behring seal, and all fur effects; we are seadquarters. Michael Bros., 115 W. 29th.

COATINGS.—Bachman 18567, 3 green; 3 oxford, 3 navy; $3.50 nets. Madison Square 4082.

COATS.—500 Peerless plush, trimmed with goatskin, 10-inch border, 6-inch collar and cuff, satin lining, $20; other plush coats, $14 up; immediate delivery. Ulin Bros., 348 East 149th St.

COATS.—Intermediate children's and juniors' from $5.75 to $12.50, all desirable materials, immediate delivery. American Maid Coat Co., 37 West 20th St.

COATS—High grade models, silvertones, pom poms, broadcloths, and velours, nutria, and sealed trimmed, to close out. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th St.

COATS.—Special offering of large quantity children's and juniors' coats from $6.75 to $16.50; immediate delivery. D. Pankin & Son, 37 West 20th St.

COATS.—Big drive on plushes, velours, ladies', children's coats, with fur collars; cheap; immediate deliveries. Schwartz, 31 West 15th.

COATS.—Wonderful job in velour and broadcloth, all fur trimmed, at surprisingly low prices. Ace Cloak Co., 128 7th Av., 2d floor.

COATS.—Odd and stylish stouts on rack; immediate delivery. Dunn, 127 West 25th.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed pom poms, broadcloths, silvertones, Bolivias, and plushes; immediate delivery. Harry Greenberg, 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—Exceptional values, three leading styles, velour, half-lined, fur and plush trimmed; $13.50. Alex Kogut, 129 West 22d.

COATS.—200 wool velour, all colors, all lined, plush collar and cuffs, to close out cheap. A. Russakow, 164 5th Av.

COATS.—250 coats to close out; wool, velour, and broadcloth. 38 West 26th St., one flight up.

COATS.—Children's, juniors', ladies', to close out; reasonable prices. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d St.

COATS.—Velour, broadcloth, and burella coats to close out. Samuel Ullman, 28 West 25th St.

COATS.—Special velour coats, $10.75; F. & H. broadcloth coats, $16. Klar Bros., 56 West 20th St.

COATS.—Big job of coats to close out at very low price. Abraham Lustgarten, 8-10 W. 19th St.

COATS.—Smart styles in junior and ladies' coats on the rack. I. Novick & Co., 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Job of cloth pile fabric coats; about 300 to close out; cheap. Freed Rapkin, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—Fur trimmed, desirable materials, cloth and plush; well made. Blumenson & Co., Manufacturers, 56 West 22d St.

COATS.—Stouts, broadcloth, $14; also jobs in plushes. Schoen & Weissman, 48 West 27th st.

COATS.—Special Southern trade; 150 to close out. Ullus, 37 West 32d.

COATS.—Snappy junior models, $10.75 to $16.50. Ullus, 37 West 32d.

COATS.—Job lots to close out. I. Zelikow, 19 West 24th.

COATS & SUITS, 700 new fall to close out at sacrifice. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th St.

COATS.—Wonderful values, $10.75 to $24.50, immediate delivery. Crockett, 28 West 22d.

COATS.—Big slaughter; handsome styles; $5.75 to $12.75. Emanuel, 48 West 27th.

COATS.—Plush, jobs; velours, broadcloth, jobs; silvertone. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Infants', children's, novelties, juniors', $12 dozen up. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Job, 600 ladies' coats to close out. Zimmerman & Carner, 48 West 22d St.

COATS.—Jobs, 2 to 6 and 6 to 10, to close out. Peerless, 28-30 West 25th St.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, fur-trimmed; big sacrifice. Feldman, 54 East 13th St.

CORDUROY.—800 yards of medium wale brown corduroy. Farragut 3073.

COTTON GOODS.—Large quantities, Laurence crepes, all cotton serges, ginghams, chambrays, flannels. Mrs. Ginsberg, 475 Broadway. Canal 9499.

COTTON THREAD on 100, 200, and 500 yard spools, in white; very large quantity; sizes 40, 50, and 60; prices reasonable. Ira J. Levy & Co., 853 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Black, heavy, three-thread; reasonable. Winter & Co., 129 West 27th St. Farragut 2766.

CRYSTAL CORDS and silvertones, Holden Leonard's; bolivias, F. & H. and botany broadcloths; McKenny's thibets below cost. Harry Wadler, 105 Madison Av. Mad. Sq. 1063.

DRESSES.—Very newest velveteens, serges, immediate delivery, jobs to close jersey, serge, satin, weekly special French serge embroidered dresses, $0.50. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES, 1,000 serges and satins, mostly large sizes, to close out; especially good assortment of afternoon dresses on hand. Princess, 10 West 24th St.

DRESSES.—The very latest models in serges and satins at unusually low prices; immediate delivery. Klif Dress Co., 3 West 20th St.

DRESSES.—2,000 silk, serge, and velveteen dresses to close out at a price. Pan-American Waist and Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—Wool jerseys, serges, satins, and velvets on racks for immediate delivery at unusual prices. Tip Top, 184 West 37th St.

DRESSES.—Contractor has 175 dresses, serge, velvet, velour, and satin; will sell very reasonable. L. & K., 12 West 32d, 8th floor.

DRESSES.—Latest models in serge, velvet, and satin for immediate delivery at reduced prices. Casino Dress Co., 868 6th Av., city.

DRESSES.—Big values; satins, serges, jerseys, $6.50-$16.75; immediate delivery; jobs to close out. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Dress contractor has 200 serge dresses; will dispose of at a reasonable price. 138 West 17th St., 5th floor.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, beautiful styles, excellent workmanship; closing out. Labes, 16 W. 45th.

DRESSES.—Serge and velvet, job lot, for sale cheap. Hirschhorn & Kessler, 133 West 24th St. Telephone Chelsea 4621.

DRESSES. — Jerseys, tricolettes, velvets, silks and serges, better kind; immediate delivery. Glockner Dress, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Silvertone jersey and plain jersey dresses for immediate delivery; big value. Wm. Stechel, 34 East 20th St.

DRESSES.—1,000 to close out; velvets, serge, Georgettes, satin, tricolettes, wool jerseys. 118 West 29th St., ninth floor.

DRESSES.—Special offering in many styled serge dresses at $4.75 up. Kirschner & Bosnlak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Tricolette jersey, serge, satin, and velour dresses to close out. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—Will back, Worrall dye, velveteen dresses, 37 net immediate delivery. I. Rand & Co., 37 W. 28th St.

DRESSES.—1,000 serge and satins, latest models; close out at a price. Ideal Garment Co., 18 W. 33d.

DRESSES.—2,000 serges, silks, jerseys; close out cheap. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 20th.

DRESSES.—1,000 serge satin velvet jersey to close out at sacrifice. H. Wohl, 12 W. 17th.

DRESSES.—Big assortment, all wool French serge, $6.75. Pauline, 36 W. 33d.

DRESSES.—Chiffon velvet dresses, $19.75 net. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th.

DRESSES.—200 satins, all sizes and colors; close out $5.50. Hoffman Bros., 65 4th Av.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge, silk, many styles, to close out. Paris, 18 West 27th.

DUVET DE LAINES.—F. and H. and botany, all colors. Mad. Sq. 5825.

FLANNELS. — Bleached and unbleached; suitable for interlining. Gramercy 1660.

FLANNELS. —Bleached and unbleached; suitable for interlining. Gramercy 1660.

FURS.—Will sell kit coney collars, borders, below market. Merit Co., 1,333 B'way.

GABARDINES.—Lorraines 3617, five black, seven brown; will sell cheap. Spring 6421.

GAITERS.—Job lots assorted high-class, for cash; call any afternoon. 129 Grand Av., Brooklyn.

GEORGETTE, all silk, pure dye, manufactured by Kniekerbocker Ribbon Co., 45 4th Av., 31st St. Phone Mad. Sq. 1034.

HOSIERY—Ladies' cotton hose, black and white. Leben, Room 709, 300 Broadway.

JAPANESE FANCY GOODS.—Sample lines of all kinds of Japanese fancy goods; toys, brushes; snap for retailers. Gramercy 2457.

JULLIARD.—For sale cheap, on terms, A. D. Julliard 4061 and 54289, Whitman 774.

Call Waterfalls Woolen Mills, 45 East 17th St.

KERAMI and PLUSHES Wanted; also panama cloth. Gramercy 1807.

KERSEY.—150 yards black botany, No. 398, $3 yard, cash. Dave, Farragut 2068.

KERSEY.—XXXX black, price $4.75; 31 blue black River, $4.60. Stagg 4108.

KHAKI REMNANTS.—Fine qualities; reasonable. Alden Woolen Co., 160 Greene St.

KHAKI COATING Wanted.—18 to 24-ounce. S. A. Francke, 55 West 26th St.

LINENS.—A large shipment of ecru and white linens, 36 to 72 inches, in stock to deliver. The F. Schulemann Co., 45 East 20th St.

PLUSH.—Fred Pearson's Egyptian plush, black, 24 frames; will sell reasonable; also Salt's beavers and Chase's mole strips. Brannon Bros., 48 West 25th. Farr. 6264.

PLUSHES AND ⅝ GOODS.—Pearsons mercerized plush, Libby 282; Meinhard, B. Schwartz 400, Baruch Wolff, Newhouse; below market. Greeley 1121.

PLUSH.—Blumenthal's high pile, called Prybiloff; cheaper than in the mill. Phone Hydol, 5264 Madison Square.

PLUSHES.—Reasonable prices. New England Woolen Co., 215 4th Av. Stuyvesant 4542.

PLUSHES.—Cotton and Mercerized; Broadtails and Velours. Madison Square 4,362.

PLUSHES. Esquimette.
Farragut 3678.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Blumenthal's lapinax. Madison Square 8564.

PLUSH.—Have 100 pieces T-10 to sell below market price. Stuyvesant 3204.

PLUSH.—Have 100 pieces T-10 to sell below market price. Stuyvesant 3204.

POM POM.—Reindeer, taupe; also other pom pom for sale. Far. 9585.

POM-POM.—American, 12075, at a sacrifice price. Farragut 9498.

POPLIN AND SERGES.—American 09077, 09070, 0609; Selden 1067, 1095; Jolesch 777, 1100, 6614, 7301; Parker Wilder 4084; below market prices. Greeley 1122.

POPLINS.—767-774 Whitmans, navy only; $2.15 net cash; 09077-9061, all shades, $2.75 net cash. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 699 Broadway. Tel. Spring 6311-6312.

POPLIN.—Amoskeag 8158 A. W. Co. 0609, 09070. Phone Spring 606.

POPLINS.—8158, serges 6301, coatings, ⅝ goods. Stuyvesant 1648.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—09077, 4768, 9302, 555, 6614, 6301, 4060. Greeley 4376.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—11435, 809, 1464, 519, 7120, 838, 4860, 774. Gramercy 4552.

SATEENS for sale; blacks 36 in. Chelsea 7544.

SATIN.—Skinners satin, a quantity of navy, to close out at the price. Madison Square 6090.

SATIN. — Washable, Schroeder's, 6 pieces flesh, $1.15 yard. Ruby, 116 West 20th.

SERGES.—Lorraine 1653, 3665, also 42-inch wool taffeta, poplin, Pacific W. F. X., Jullliard's 54289, 54221, Amoskeag 7120, 7512, botany, 809, 11433, 764, 2137, Ottoman poplin, Garfield 510-528, Whitman 104, 99, 87, Cleveland 9288, 7713, Stevens 2950, Gera Mills 7008, 9056, velour American 544, kersey 11052; also cotton warp velours; terms or cash. Gramercy 4475-6.

SERGES, Poplins, and Wool Jersey. — All shades 09070, 1464, 7120, 54289, 528, 7008, 9056, 10463, 10707; Lorraine 3665; Broadhead 600, 5000, 7801; American 90610, 09077; P. P. L.; B. P. N. L.; M. F. L.; Amoskeag 8158; C. F. S. 9204. Henry Samson, 456 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—54289, Hare, 200 pieces in navy, black, brown, plum, taupe, and copen; excellent assortment; will close out below prevailing price for quick action. Drop line to box W 274 Times.

SERGES.—Gera 9056, navy, black, and tan, $2.85; Jullliard's 4061, navy, $1.42¼; Jullliard's 2080, oxford, $1.57½; Whitman 774 poplin, navy, $2.20 net cash. Madison Square 7543.

SERGES, 6120, 7122, 6122, 99, 809, WFX, 764, 4408, 4421, VSL, MFL, SEGL, CSG, 1205, 1209, 1210; low prices; terms. Barnett, 1,133 Broadway. Farragut 3148.

SERGES.—0696, 0609, 838, 3850, 54289, 4061, WFX; also all wool and cotton warps, 32, 36, 50, and 54 inches. Telephone Gramcy. 2991-2992.

SERGES.—No. 1209, 87, 4061, 7301, 8, 7614, 925, 780, 54289, 9056, 7120, 104, 99, 838, 7512, 1464, 11438, 6968. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 699 Broadway. Tel. Spring 6311-6312.

## Offerings to Buyers

*50 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

SERGES.—104 Whitman, 19 pieces, all navy, original, $2.45 net cash. S. & R. Manufacturing Co., 12 East 4th St. Spring 8063.

SERGES.—M. F. L., S. B. G. L., S. F. A., V. S. L., W. F. X., 7120-54289 Call Mad. Square 7080. Mr. Shreero.

SERGES.—09070, fifty-five pieces navy, velour, 032, 0360, all colors; pom pom 12075, all colors. Chelsea 8246.

SERGES.—Mostly navy, 100 each, 11433, 6120, 7120, 3665, W. F. X. Poirot twill; terms or cash. Serges, 120 Times.

SERGES.—0606, twenty pieces; 774, 15 pieces; 41-102 ten pieces; No. 8, ten pieces; very cheap. Gramercy 3481.

SERGES.—25 pieces navy Botany 7648; 10 pieces navy Brightwood poplin 4768. F., Madison Square 2657.

SERGES.—All colors, 11435, 54289, 54249, 7120, 6120, 6122, 6301. Superior Waist Co., 114 West 26th St., city.

SERGES, Poplins.—6301, $1.75; 519, $2.42½; 538, $2.82½; 09077, $2.62½. Chelsea 6549.

SERGES.—54289, 4061, M. F. L., very reasonable. Onyx Mills. Phone Farragut 2932.

SERGES.—59 pcs. navy; 50 pcs. Fastolite 1166 and 9 pcs. 7614. Orchard 7698.

SERGES. — U. S. 833, Jullliard's 54289. Madison Square 3121.

SERGES.—7120, 1464, 90610. Call Madison Square 8169. P. Sobel, 280 5th Av.

SERGES.—7120, 1464, 90610. Call Madison Square 8169.

SERGES.—Am. 0609, $2.25 net. Gramercy 1432.

SERGES—838, 99, 104, 4061; very cheap. Joseph Cohen, 4020 Madison Square.

SILKS.—Flesh wash satins, flesh cotton-back satin, colored Jap silk, foreign georgettes, organdies, cotton nets, and mallines to close out under price. Phone 8500 Madison Square. C. C. Striker, 887 4th Av., New York.

SILKS of every description for the dress, waist, underwear, and retail trade, for immediate delivery; buyers are invited to call at our show rooms; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 334 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 6256.

SILKS.—Black satin Duchesse, finest quality; also messaline; cheap. Mad. Sq. 509.

SILVERTONES.—All colors and makes. Madison Square 1520. 1,170 Broadway, Room 501.

SILVERTONE.—Mers 6627, assorted shades. Farragut 602.

SILVERTONES.—Brown, burgundy, taupe, reindeer, plum and delphine. Mad. Sq. 5825.

SKIRTS and PETTICOATS.—Have big job of silks to sacrifice, $2.50 up. Room 1424, 1,133 Broadway. 9509 Farragut.

SUITS AND COATS.—Important to jobbers and manufacturers: If you wish to brighten up your line with a few special fur-trimmed silvertone models in suits call to see Louis Bloom, 48 West 24th St. A quick and get the best number. Phone, for appointment, Farragut 3892.

SUITS AND COATS.—Of the better grade, for immediate delivery, exceptional values. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

SUITS.—Silvertone suits to close out at a cheap price. Louis Bloom, 48 West 24th St. Farragut 3892.

SUITS.—Our suit stock is worth while seeing; furtrimmed suits, $9.90 up. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

SUITS.—Closing out 200 in velour and broadcloth, fur-trimmed and plain. Cohen & Edelman, 35 West 31st St.

SUITS, COATS.—Best sellers; immediate delivery; special. M. B. Kaufman, 6 W. 32d.

THIBETS.—W98 McKinney's, 50 pieces, $1.20. Spring 6421.

VELOURS.—American heavyweight, all styles, all colors, $3.35; Stevens 4251, taupe, burgundy, plum; also other lightweight velours, $2.95; Saxonia 954; burgundy, brown, taupe, $3.30; Brightwood blacks, $2.75; net cash. Madison Square 7548.

VELOURS.—American, heavyweights, K544, 13009, 13046, 13045, 11050, 13020, quantities of all colors. Speedilate delivery and right price. Phone Mad. Sq. 2404.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS. — American, Holmes, Laussers, Kelleys, Stoney Starkey, Holz, Parker Wilder, Brightwoods; below market prices. Greeley 1121.

VELOURS.—A. W. Co. 0360, 032; J. F. Stevens, Co., Buckley-Cohens, 715; colors; taupe, burgundy, plum; 60 days'; very reasonable. Gramercy 1,660.

VELOURS.—F. & H., all colors; price $3.25 net cash; also botany broadcloth 315, black, navy, green, and brown; price $3 net cash. Y 295 Times Annex.

VELOURS.—American 0360, taupe; Stevens 4281, taupe, plumb, burgundy, $3, net cash. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 699 Broadway. Tele. Spring 6,311, 6,312.

VELOURS, Serges, Poplins, Oxfords, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 292.

VELOURS.—American heavy weight; price reasonable. Call in person, Leibman & Hurwitz, 133 West 21st.

VELOURS.—0360, 032, 544, 11050 taupe, Burgundy, Pekin, navy, green and brown; also serges and poplins. Orchard 5433

VELOURS.—K 544, 13046, 11050, Wyandotte, in all shades, for immediate delivery. Milford Woolen Mills, 231 4th Av.

VELOURS.—Broadcloth, Kerseys, Botany, American Wyandotte, Stoney, Ottaquaches, below cost. Farr. 2357.

VELOURS and Broadcloths.—11050, 032, 0360, 4281, 110, 7022; also American and Stevens poplins. Telephone Gramcy. 2991.

VELOURS.—11050, 544, 0360, Saxonia 954; also 15020 and 81. Call at 6 West 18th, 10th floor.

VELOURS.—Saxonia 954 American 13009, 544 botany 5818 and F. & H. Madison Square 914.

VELOURS—5816, 5935; assorted colors. Gramercy 251.

VELOURS.—American heavyweight, sealette peco plush; cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

VELOURS.—Navy, brown, green; reasonable prices. New England Woolen, 215 4th Av.

VELOURS.—0360, 032, Stevens 4281, taupe, under market price; terms. Farragut 2816.

VELOURS. — 032, 13048 Brightwood; Stevens's black 7422. Madison Square 3121.

VELVETEENS.—Will close out 10 pieces each, black, laurel, Havannah, and light navy velveteen, 24 inches wide, at $1.10. Madison Square 577.

VELVETEENS.—27 inches Worral dye, twill back, all colors; also 44 inches Jullliards, all colors, for immediate delivery. Madison Square 6590.

VELVETEENS.—24-inch wide tw l back black and brown, reasonable. Republic Textile Co., 244 Fifth Av.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—27-inch wide twill back, worral dye; all colors. Roshkind & Saloff, 244 Fifth Av.

VELVETEEN.—24-inch twill back, 12 pieces taupe, 10 green, 3 plum, 2 wine. Madison Square 7748.

VELVETEEN.—27-inch twill back, black, blue, brown, green; $1.50. Vanderbilt 3225.

VENETIANS AND SATEENS.—Dura-Luxe, Monarch 36-inch, all colors; motor, Al. Greeley 4376.

VENETIANS.—32-inch brown, taupe, black, cheap for cash. Fluegelman, Gramercy 1586.

VENETIANS.—32 and 36 blacks, high lustre; exceptional value. Gramercy 8004.

VOILES.—2,000 pieces fancy voile, 22½c, upward; must be sold at once. Farragut 8494, 110 West 27th St., first floor, between 7th and 8.

WAISTS.—Jobbers only, for immediate delivery; cheap. Mildred Waist Co., 7th floor, 48 West 25th St.

YALAMA CLOTH, botany, shades 777, 771, 616, immediate delivery, $3.25 net, 60 days. Gramercy 2460.

### Allied Industries.

REASONABLE, 20 Singer power tables, 1 2 H Deal motor, direct drive; 2 Singer over locks, 1 Metropolitan beading machine, 6 96-1, 10 24-26; 2 individual motors, with tables. United Infants' Wear, 463 Broadway.

### Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS wanted on a good line of middy blouses in quantities; steady work. Friedman, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

### Help Wanted.

BOOKKEEPER, with cloak and suit experience, to take full charge of office. Relkes & Hantman, 15 West 20th.

EXPORT MANAGER wanted, preferably one experienced converting, buying, and selling cotton piece goods, and able to correspond in Spanish. Address by letter only, stating references and salary required. Friedman & Krieger, 225 5th Av.

SALESMAN, about 25 to 28 years of age, bright and energetic, familiar with selling cotton goods to jobbers; best references; state salary; permanent position. A 598 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—One who is familiar in the line of ladies' silk underwear; salary and commission. P 556 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN.—One who is familiar in the line of ladies' silk underwear; salary and commission. P 556 Times Harlem.

### COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....6 per cent. for the best names
Tuesday .....6 " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

### Spinners' Wool Needs Drawn Up.

At a meeting held in the rooms of the Woolen Goods Exchange in the Metropolitan Building yesterday by the National Association of Woolen and Worsted Spinners, the Executive Committee of the organization presented to it a statement of theneeds of the industry either for the resumption of military orders or the release of wool for civilian purposes. The statement, which included a record of idle machinery, was approved, and is to be forwarded to the War Industries Board at Washington. A. T. Skerry, President of the association, presided.

### Gray Goods Sales Fair.

Sellers in the local gray goods market yesterday continued to dispose of cloths for shipment in the early months of 1919. This time, however, the sales were confined to printcloths, and included 39-inch 68-72s, 38½-inch 64-60s and 38½-inch 60-48s. All brought full prices for deliveries ranging from January to April. Sheetings were quiet. Fine-yarn goods were again featureless, but in the sateens November-December deliveries were sold at Government figures.

### Silver Lace Liked for Hats.

Silver lace, combined with velvet or panne velvet, or, in some cases, used entirely alone, is daily gaining favor here as a material for dress hats for women. Two or three large velvet flowers in silver metallic or shaded effects laid flat on the crown, or one such flower on the brim, is used for trimming. In some models fur has been combined with the lace. Another favored material is monkey fur. In some hats this fur is thrown over the crown and falls gracefully over the upper brim.

### Camphor Prices Advancing.

The advance in the price of camphor from $2.75 a pound to $3.25, and the firmness of products used in preparations for the Spanish influenza were the features of the last week, Drug and Chemical Markets will say today. The general situation in drugs was strengthened by the refusal of the Government to consent to armistice, and prices of crude drugs are firmer. In chemicals the general tendency is toward higher prices, now that the talk of peace is ended with the publication of President Wilson's reply to Germany.

### Carpet Prices Not Yet Made.

Many lines of carpets and rugs for the coming season are as yet unpriced, and indications were yesterday that this situation is liable to continue for some time. Not only does the question of available raw materials preclude any other course, excepting in some instances where definite price lists have been issued, but so also does the amount of labor and machinery that can be given to the making of these goods as long as the war lasts. At the present time practically all, if not all, of the carpet and rug mills are making war supplies, ranging all the way from cotton duck to 4.7-inch shells for the artillery.

### South American Goods Held Up.

More than $5,000,000 worth of various kinds of merchandise, destined for South American countries and fully paid for by the buyers there, is now being held up here as a result of the scarcity of shipping space. Shipments going to the Southern republics at the present time, exporters say that priority is being given to agricultural implements, packers' supplies, and other materials calculated to increase food production in that part of the world. In one instance, a great quantity of assorted goods had been loaded on a ship in the local harbor and the documents sent by mail when the merchandise was ordered out of the steamer and had to be carted back to the warehouse.

### Linoleum Lines Reduced.

Following the action of the War Industries Board of putting the linoleum trade on short production, a number of steps have been taken to meet the order. Among them are the decisions that only one grade of printed goods is to be made and that the patterns of this line will be restricted in number. Lines of plain, heavyweight goods also are to be cut down. The policy of producing inlaid goods has advanced so sharply that they had been curtailed of necessity. Spring prices continue unmade, but leading factors in the trade agree that they will have to be higher. As to buying, at the moment the bulk of it is being done by the Western jobbers.

## BUSINESS RECORDS

### In Town.

HERBERT BRENON.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Herbert Brenon, a motion picture film producer and director living at 125 East Seventy-second Street, by these creditors: Lewis Publishing Company, $2,700 for advertising; Dramatic News, Inc., $75 for advertising, and Joseph Rosenthal $1,200 for jewelry. It was alleged that he confessed he was insolvent and willing to be adjudged bankrupt on that ground.

BESLOWITZ BROTHERS. — A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Herman and Samuel Beslowitz, comprising the firm of Beslowitz Brothers, manufacturers of skirts at 56 West Twenty-seventh Street, by these creditors: A. H. Cohen, $421; I. R. Kafka, $172, and Samuel Meyer. Judge Hand appointed Jesse Knight receiver. Liabilities are $7,500 and assets $6,500.

MAX REISFELD.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max Reisfeld, trading as the Reisfeld Cloak and Suit Co., manufacturer of cloaks and suits at 150 West Twenty-second Street, by these creditors: Max Kleinman, $350; Harry Schwartz, $108, and Emanuel M. Seligson, $68. Mr. Reisfeld also made an assignment to Morris Israel. Liabilities are $6,000 and assets $1,000.

REPUBLIC NOVELTY AND TRIMMING COMPANY of 156 Fifth Avenue.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Naidel, trading as the Republic Novelty and Trimming Company, by these creditors: David Hersh, $153; Widman & Nathanson, $235, and William Loeb & Co., $142. Liabilities are stated to be $10,000 and assets nominal.

ORIGINAL TOY COMPANY of 168 Wooster Street.—Isidore Hersh and Jacob Goldman, doing business as the Original Toy Company, have filed a petition in bankruptcy showing liabilities of $5,618 and assets of $3,930, consisting of machinery $2,181, stock and notes $225, accounts $424, cash in bank $20, and a claim against the United States Government for cancellation of a contract to manufacture bed sacks $1,000

JOHN C. SHILLING, proprietor of Park Hill Hotel at Yonkers.—John L. Little has been appointed receiver. Liabilities are over $20,000 and asse's $6,000 to $8,000.

## JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

### In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bornfriens, Sigmund—H. L. Engel | $1,378.47 |
| Blank, Isaac—L. N. Littauer | 186.20 |
| Bondy, Anton—American Nerv. Co | 412.31 |
| Brown Bros., owners and builders—C. B. Rutherford | 1,158.47 |
| Same—Same | 1,109.70 |
| Berthuert, Isidore and Johanna—Dancey Davis Press | 295.28 |
| Blackley, Kenneth C. B.—Macombs-Nelson | 124.25 |
| Buffin, Harry, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c. | 500.00 |
| Breese Aircraft Co.—F. C. Bouckbout | 1,495.70 |
| Blake, A. M.—L. C. Hebbard & Co | 1,004.30 |
| Bergfeld, Sol.—Greenwich Savs. Bank | 440.40 |
| Boogjian, Lee and George—M. L. Margolish | 1,363.80 |
| Barth, Trygue—E. G. Titus | 1,812.19 |
| Cohen, Louis—D. Cohen et al | 133.28 |
| Cotter, Anna L.—I. Grafeld | 115.77 |
| Crimmins, Patrick W.—M. Lane | 163.75 |
| Dumas, Alexander G.—G. C. Sherman | 406.97 |
| Same—F. McDermott | 545.94 |
| Fried, William—A. Kornblum | 369.20 |
| Ferri, Evelina—C. J. O'Reilly | 109.95 |
| Ginsburg, Moses A. J. Bernstein | 1,905.35 |
| Hopkins, Augustus O.—J. Del Drago | 174.90 |
| Hechheimer, Harry S.—B. Steinberg | 120.94 |
| Holmes, Arthur D.—B. Altman & Co | 102.63 |
| Hendrick, Harry—Lords Court Bldg | 264.33 |
| J. Stoll & Co.—S. Jacobson | 419.42 |
| Kennedy Theatres—C. J. Dryden Co | 310.10 |
| Karp, Hyman—J. H. Reeves et al | 114.88 |
| Krantheimer, Benj.—E. Kirschbaum et al | 142.95 |
| Lewis, F. N.—Conners Bros. Co | 30,647.35 |
| Levine, Philip—Barnard, Phillips & Co | 929.73 |
| Lane, Edward—C. Fayon | 480.41 |
| Long, Frederick, (Junior Training Camps Ass'n)—Institution Equipment Co. | 183.70 |
| Lawson, William, (Lawson Motor Car and Garage Co.)—Motor Car Equipment Co. | 197.41 |
| Mendoza, Ralph—G. G. Bohrer | 213.41 |
| Marino, Paulo—J. Kulla Co | 176.35 |
| Miller, Hugh G.—K. McGarry | 1,576.88 |
| Orsini, John L.—J. G. Johnson & Co | 4,531.95 |
| Oakes, Arthur G.—D. W. Herrmann | 149.20 |
| O'Leary, P. J., and J. F. Sample—C. F. Anderson et al | 472.15 |
| O'Farrell, Val, and Harold Norris—H. Karger | 3,067.60 |
| Pettit, Robert M.—J. A. Davis | 41,663.56 |
| Plunket, James and Owen—Von Twistern & Volk | 116.57 |
| Patriarche, Philip H.—J. M. White | 1,086.77 |
| Reilly, John F.—White Co | 182.37 |
| Reynolds, Frances—Gene Realty Corp. | 167.91 |
| Runkel

# CITIZENS ORGANIZE TO WORK FOR SMITH

## Many Foes of Tammany Getting Behind the Democratic Candidate for Governor.

## NOTED WOMEN TO SERVE

### Chairman Elkus Says Aldermanic President Always Championed Legislation to Favor Them.

Independent Democrats in this city who for years have been up in arms against Tammany Hall are getting behind Alfred E. Smith in his fight to become the next Governor of the State. A citizens committee of which Alfred E. Smith, which was formed yesterday with Abram I. Elkus, ex-United States Ambassador to Turkey, as its Chairman, is composed almost exclusively of Democrats of this type. With them are many women of prominence who will vote for the first time and for Mr. Smith.

The Citizens Committee, which is composed of several thousand members, opened headquarters yesterday at the Hotel Biltmore. From now until the end of the campaign the committee will conduct an aggressive fight for the Democratic nominee. The following list of Vice Chairmen of the Citizens Committee was made public last night:

Robert Adamson,
John G. Agar,
Charles B. Alexander,
Henry de Forest Baldwin,
William A. Barber,
George Gordon Battle,
Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch,
Charles L. Bruns,
Tom B. Clark,
Mrs Thomas L. Chadbourne, Jr.,
Miss Mary Chamberlain,
Mrs. Walter B. Chambers,
Mrs. Sarah Conboy,
Frederic R. Coudert,
Mrs. Frederick L. Cranford,
William E. Curtis,
William N. Dykman;
Mrs. William Temple Emmet,
Lyttleton Fox,
John J. Freschl,
James W. Girard,
Stuart G. Gibboney,
Henry A. Gildersleeve,
George J. Gillespie,
Mrs. Charles L. Guy,
Edward I. Hannah,
Lamar Hardy,
A. Augustus Healy,
Harry I. Huber,
Nathan Jones,
Eli Joseph,
Mrs. Frederic Kernochan,
Lee Kohns,
Miss Anne Lee,
David Leventritt,
Martin W. Littleton,
William F. McCombs,
Miss Elizabeth Marbury,
H. Snowden Marshall,
Joseph B. Mayer,
William Wirt Mills,
Robert Grier Monroe,
Mrs. Henry Moskowitz,
Richard Newcombe,
Morgan J. O'Brien,
Mark W. Potter,
Mrs. Miriam Sutro Price,
Mrs. Albert de Roode,
Augustus J. Powers,
Joseph M. Proskauer,
Lawrence E. Sexton,
Franz Sigel,
Mrs. Mary G. Simkovitch,
Mrs. William Spinney,
John B. Stanchfield,
Mrs. Ella O'Gorman Stanton,
Miss Ethel Stebbins,
Jesse Isidor Straus,
Miss Maud Swartz,
Mrs. Laurence Arnold Tanzer,
Howard Taylor,
Augustus Thomas,
Jefferson de Mont Thompson,
Miss Helen Todd,
Calvin Tompkins,
Samuel Untermyer,
William J. Welsh,
Mrs. Blanche Wylie Welzmiller,
Mrs. William G. Willcox,
Egerton L. Winthrop.

"Not for twenty-five years has the Democratic Party been so united as it is today behind Mr. Smith," said Mr. Elkus last night. "Democrats of every section, from all parts of the State, are unanimous in their sincere support of him. Besides that, many men who have heretofore been affiliated with the Republican Party or who have held aloof from party affiliations, have come out unreservedly for Mr. Smith. There is a distinct feeling among all the people, not only among those who are of Democratic faith, but others, that the President and the Federal Administration must have behind them a Democratic Governor in this State. Even the Republicans appeal for support because, they say, they are backing up the Federal Administration.

"Mr. Smith has won to his support a large group of former members of the Progressive Party who admire his broad humanitarian viewpoint and his splendid record in the way of progressive legislation. He will receive a large percentage of the women's votes. More than any other man in this State, he has always championed legislation to protect and safeguard women and children. He has done this not on grounds of political expediency, but because he honestly and sincerely believed in humanitarian legislation.

"When the Factory Commission, of which Mr. Smith was Vice Chairman, obtained a law creating an Industrial Board in the Department of Labor, he insisted that a woman be made a member of the board, so that the welfare of thousands of women workers would be amply protected. Miss Pauline Goldmark was appointed on the Industrial Board and rendered most valuable service. Immediately after Governor Whitman was elected this board was abolished and the State Industrial Commission created in its place. No woman was appointed a member of this commission, the Governor ignoring numerous requests made by labor and civic organizations of the State. Recently, since women have obtained the vote Albany has seen a little light, and the Governor has appointed a woman in a subordinate place in charge of one of the bureaus of this commission, but on the commission itself the women of the State are as yet unrepresented.

"The Republicans are trying to raise an objection against Mr. Smith on the ground that he is a Tammany man. The presence on the committee of such pronounced independents as Robert Adamson, Robert Grier Monroe, Frederic R. Coudert, John G. Agar, Lamar Hardy, Martin W. Littleton, David Leventritt, William R. Willcox, Lawrence E. Sexton, and many others show how highly Mr. Smith is regarded in independent circles. It proves beyond all doubt the emptiness of the Tammany cry."

## ROOSEVELT TO HELP WHITMAN

### Agrees to Make One Speech for Governor During the Campaign.

Colonel Roosevelt, it was announced yesterday, has consented to make one speech for Governor Whitman and the Republican State ticket in the campaign which will open on Monday. The speech will probably be delivered in this city toward the end of the campaign, but the date and hall have not been determined. The Colonel had indorsed the Whitman ticket, but that he would take an active part in the campaign caused surprise because of the strained relations between him and the Governor ever since Mr. Whitman first was a candidate for his present office in 1914, when the Colonel put him in the Ananias Club.

Governor Whitman informed the Republican State Committee yesterday that he had canceled the plans for his personal campaign, involving a tour of the eastern, southern, central and western portions of the State by special train, which would have begun on Monday. Chairman George A. Glynn of the committee, who made the announcement, said that on account of the epidemic of Spanish influenza up-State it would be inadvisable to start the special train.

Whether the speaking program laid out for Alfred E. Smith up-State would be abandoned had not been decided by his campaign managers last night. An up-State campaign is far more essential to the Democrats than to the Republicans, and in some quarters the action of Governor Whitman was interpreted as a strategic move to force his opponent, whose strength is growing up-State, to cancel his speaking dates there.

United States Senators Wadsworth and Calder, it was announced last night, would address a number of Republican meetings up-State. There will be a number of woman speakers, among them Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Chairman of the New York City Woman Suffrage Party; Miss Helen Varrick Boswell, Vice President of the New York County Republican Committee; Mrs. John Francis Yawger, Mrs. Rosalie Loew Whitney and Mrs. Olive Stott Gabriel. Ex-President Taft has written to Joseph H. Sears, Chairman of the Whitman White Book Committee, indorsing Governor Whitman and accentuating the importance of electing Republican Congressmen and keeping this State in the Republican column.

## CRUTCH FUND DISCONTINUED

### Several Other War Charities Halted by District Attorney's Office.

Assistant District Attorney Kilroe, who has investigated numerous war charities, announced yesterday that he had requested several to discontinue their activities and commended or permitted others to continue work. One of those told to discontinue was directed by Mrs. Smith of 195 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn.

"Mrs. Smith was called to this office and asked to explain her activities," said Mr. Kilroe. "She stated she was conducting a boarding house and had collected upward of 200 canes and crutches, which she intended to distribute to hospitals for wounded soldiers. Many of the canes are very valuable, having expensive silver and gold mountings. Mrs. Smith has been making her collection for some time and no attempt has been made to distribute. She was directed to cease adding to the collection and to turn over the canes and crutches she now has to the Red Cross."

The National War Relief Committee at 42 Wall Street, which was known as the Teutonic War Relief Committee previous to the entry of the United States into the war, has been disbanded and its funds of $6,000 paid to the Red Cross. Mr. Kilroe said this fund was well managed and that he had made inquiry concerning it because of complaints from the National Intelligence Bureau and charity organizations, but that the only objection to the fund to its activities was on the ground of duplication of the work of the Red Cross.

Mr. Kilroe said the Polish White Cross, which was formerly the Helena Paderewski's Comfort Committee for the Polish Army in France and established under the auspices of Ignace Paderewski, the pianist, had collected $145,164.71, but its monthly salary list exceeded $1,000. This has now been reduced to $250 a month, and the work will be continued by an arrangement between it and the Red Cross so that the work will not be duplicated.

Mr. Kilroe questioned the Countess Laura de Gozawa Turczynowicz, who was formerly Miss Laura Blackwell of Canada, concerning her war lectures and writings describing her captivity and misfortunes when she was taken prisoner by the Germans at the invasion of Poland, when, she says, von Hindenburg made his headquarters in her home. Mr. Kilroe said she told him she gets $200 for each of her war lectures and $5,000 yearly in royalties.

## DELIVER EIGHT NEW SHIPS.

### Government Gets 42,350 Deadweight Tons for Week of Oct. 11.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Eight ships of 42,350 deadweight tons were delivered to the Shipping Board for the week ended Oct. 11, the board announced today.

Five ships were steel and three wood.

The deliveries included the first contract steel ship from an Atlantic shipyard since the Government began new war construction. It was turned out by the Federal Shipbuilding Company of Kearny, N. J.

## NO FREE-LUNCH CHEESE NOW

### Federal Food Board Asks That It Be Saved for Army.

The Hotel and Restaurant Committee of the Hotel, Restaurant, Dining Car and Steamship Division of the United States Food Administration, formerly at 334 Fifth Avenue, has been merged with the Federal Food Board, and beginning today its offices will be on the eighth floor at 6 West Fifty-seventh Street, in charge of R. A. Gushee. Beginning today the committee will answer inquiries concerning the new conservation program for public eating places, which goes into effect next Monday.

The Federal Food Board yesterday requested hotels and cafés to eliminate cheese from the free-lunch counters because of the demand for cheese by the American Army and the Allies, and the hotels were also asked to refrain from buying small turkeys before next month in order to increase the supply for Thanksgiving.

### Washington Needs Stenographers.

The Quartermaster's Department of the army is in immediate need of 500 stenographers to go to Washington at once. Through Miss Nellie Thompson, their agent in New York, they offer places at an initial salary of $1,100, to be increased to $1,200 in three months and $1,320 in six months. The department guarantees that there will be absolutely no difficulty in obtaining quarters at reasonable rates. A committee from the department will meet the girl at the station, will escort her to the office, and will thereafter see that at all times she has proper accommodations. If the girl fails to meet the test of eighty words a minute, she will not be enabled in Washington, as another situation will be found for her. The average cost of board is from $40 to $45 a month. Applications should be made to Miss Thompson at the Quartermaster's New York Office, 39 Whitehall Street.

### No Fraternities Now at N. Y. U.

Fraternities at New York University have disappeared for the duration of the war and their fraternity houses that fringe the campus at University Heights, 181st Street and University Avenue, have been taken over by the university, it was announced yesterday. Most of the members of the fraternities, it was added, have enlisted in the service and are among the more than 1,700 New York University men now in the war. All the buildings will be converted to war purposes for use by the Students' Army Training Corps.

## BRONX COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers.)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mella<Chelsea Exch Bank. | Eschen<CNY. |
| Watkins<Walsh. | Re Sheffield Farms Co. |
| Kenemund<Hall. | |

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.

| | |
|---|---|
| Laudo<Laudo. | Re CNY. |

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Ottinger, J.

| | |
|---|---|
| Dragonetti<Callan Bros. Inc. | Finkel<Bock Tochterman<N Y Cons |
| Provaly<W L Realty Corp. | RR Co. Goodman<Int R T Co. |

Highest number reached in regular order 2,000.
PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

### Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

### County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers.)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—Aug<Union Ry Co.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

### Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Conklin<The Bronx Dock & Land Co (2)—James B Mitchell. New York Investors Corp<Olds Holding Corp et al—Joseph P Morrissey.

## QUEENS COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| Kramer<Kramer. | Inq—Queen Co T Co<Mann. |
| Tarnowsky<Tarnowsky. | Middle Village Bldg Co<Abrams. |
| Coastwise Lumber & Supply Co, Inc<Owl Const Co. | |

Highest number reached on calendar 717.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wettje<Goldstein. | Brewster<Woodbury. |
| Houlihan, an infant<B H RR & ano. | Eger<NY Cons RR. |
| Tudin<Cohen. | Reilly<Int R T Co. |
| Schulman<Callan. | Merz<Astoria Taxicab Corp et al. |

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call:

| | |
|---|---|
| Booregard<42d St. & St Nicholas Ry. | Carlson, an infant, &c<Hochberg Cont Co, Inc. |
| Nuhn, as admx, &c<Bevers. | Hecher<Turano. |
| McGowan, as admx<Same. | Morrison<Davison. |
| Unger, as admx<Belt Line Ry Corp. | Krueger<Von Madaler |
| Kessler<N Y Consol Ry Co. | Ferguson<Pure Oil Co |
| Irion<Hill et al. | Schmelke<Supreme |
| Ehlers<Goldstein. | Tent, Maccabees, &c |
| Simione<N Y Rys Co. | Silas, as admr, &c<Comey Co. |
| Adamson<Fleming | Furlong, as admr, &c<B H RR Co. |
| Mallon<N Y & Q Co Ry Co. | Bradle<Gillen Co. |
| Randall<Blumstein. | Teten<Hoffman. |
| Bevingorda<Goodberg. | Moniz, an infant, &c<B H RR Co. |
| Delsarrange<CNY. | McCarthy<The Hupfel Brewing Co. |
| Follini<Int R T Co. | |

Highest number reached on general calendar is 2576.

# CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

## FEDERAL.

### Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, N. Y., at 10 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| US<John Weinegel. | |
| Common law calendar | at 10:30 A. M. |
| Lukosewicz<Phila & Reading Coal & Iron Co. (on trial.) | US<Mozian & Zadorian. |

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 328, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, N. Y., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.

| | |
|---|---|
| US<John J Kelly. | Same<Piza & Castellano. |
| Same<Karper, Kuhne & Kuck. | Same<Frank Accardi. |
| Same<S Millar. | Same<Oscar Anderson |

### Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Ward, Rogers, Hough, and Manton, Circuit Judges—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, Post Office Building.

| | |
|---|---|
| Smith<Standard Co. | Cornell Co<Musconetcong. |
| Daly<N Y Dock Co. | |
| Insurance Press<Ford. | D, L & W<Hercules. |
| Intern'l Ry<Crawford. | Re US Chrysatile Co. |
| Chapman<Hunt. | Gold<Newson. Abdur<SS Nigretia. |

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—In Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

| | |
|---|---|
| B & O RR<Penn RR. | US<Tug Princess, &c. |
| US<Tug Juniata, &c. | |

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 401, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar. Case on.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sloane<Whitcomb M B Co. | No Day Calendar. |

### STATE.

### Court of Appeals.

George et al<City of Schenectady.
Wickenheiser et al<Herring et al. (2)
Crocker Point Assn<Courand.
Wallach<Baumtryer et al.
Stafford<Broth of RR Trainmen
Ostrander<Bricks. Hyman<Barrett.

### NEW YORK COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Smith, Shearn, and Merrell, JJ.—At 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.

| | |
|---|---|
| Kunkel<Howley. | Vrion<Kruenaker. |
| Hanna<Stedman. | Nat'l Surety Co<Nat'l City Bank. |
| Judson<Gibbs. | Hubbard<Hubbard. |
| Visono<Union Ry. | People, &c, <De Royster<Bayliss. |
| Heckscher<Bayliss. | Lukacewicz. |
| Warfield<Wm. Wheel Corp of Am. | Guaranty Trust<Schmidt, Jr. |
| Armour<Minor. | Wilds<Board of Education. |
| Netherland<Dunn. | |
| Duffy<Kalbach. | |

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Weeks, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

| | |
|---|---|
| People ex rel Schultz<Gould. | Frooks<Sorkin. |
| People ex rel Stansky<Guttchen. | Whitney<Hepner's Hair Emporium. |
| Osterweil<Bensch. | Lehr<Cosmopolitan Bank. |
| Lipew<Dupel. | Re Rogers, (Yale Club) |
| De Terrouenne<Stern. | Goldfarb<L I RR. |
| Re Hoffman. | Jacobs<same. (2.) |
| Emigrant Ind Sav Bank<Solomon. | Goldman<Goldman. |
| Lieben<Emerald Rty. | CNY<Cohen. |
| McCall<Burnham. (2.) | Baum<Scholz. |
| Kedrovsky<Archbishop & Consistory, &c. | Carroll<Kenny. |
| Allano<Fitzpatrick. | Collins<Collins. |
| Re Mindlin. | Union Trust Co<Donnelly. |
| Bernstein<Finkelstein, (2.) | Miller<Hirsch. |
| Lauer<Czame, (2.) | Dresser<Lipkien. |
| Carroll<Stimer. | Deponce<Windham Realization Co. (2.) |
| Feldman<Schimmel. | McDonnell<Gerken. |
| Feingold<B H RR. | Levinson<Rosen, (2.) |
| Fordin<same. | Kraus<Bourne. |
| Weinstein<same. | Equit Life Assur Socy<Golding. |
| Badigley<Lichtfield Con Co. | Hannevig<Standard Shipbldg Co. (2.) |
| Welch<NY Con RR. | St John's Church in the Wilderness<Tracy. |
| Re Smith, (Hoffman St.) | People, &c<Lawrence. |
| Re McGown, (Washington Av.) | Cohen<Cohen. |
| Re Kaiser, (Summit Av.) | Int Battery Co, Inc<Westreich. |
| Re Bresse, (Aqueduct Av.) | Hyman<Morris. |
| Re Doyne, (European Av. Bank.) | Fitch<Davis |
| Krakowska<Lehigh Val Coal Co. | Dickey<Heaton. |
| Re Starrs. | Stein, Hall & Co, Inc<23 Brown, Inc. |
| Re Starr, (Eastchester Road.) | Re Barrs. |
| Re Chesebrough, (Whitlock Av.) | McCallum<Beau-Site. |
| Goldfarb<L I RR. | Avedon<Estate James Gridley, Inc. |
| Pechikauski<Leh & Wilkes-B Coal Co. | Bruckheimer<Bruckheimer. |
| Estate Miner, Inc<Roman Baths Co. | Globe Leaf Tobacco Co<Luckhurst. |
| | Solomono<Sager. |

PART II.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

| | |
|---|---|
| Schwertfeger<Scand Am Line. | Von Meyer<Varcoe. |
| Riggi Bros<Irving Nat Bk. | Weston<Weston. |
| Guenther Pub Co<Ridgway Co. | Kaback<Hamilton |
| Blaney<Blaney. | Levy<Levy. |
| Bierbrier<Bierbrier. | Dillon<Smith & Co. |
| N Y Mfrs R E Co<Hillebrand Co. | Lindemann<Schuessler. |
| Everett<Sokolewitz | Helm<Helm. |
| Hansen<Uchida Trad Co. | Katzowitz<Katzowitz |
| Stone<Town & Country Estates (2.) | Nierenberg<Nierenberg. |
| Re Harlem's Point Road. | Knick Mills Co.<Meyer Foote & Dayton Co. |
| Finkelstein<Finkelstein. | Conron<Bennett Surpassing Coffee Co. |
| Kutner<Shapiro, Bernstein & Co. | Leturgin<Leturgin. |
| Preferred cause. | Hartman<Hartman. |
| Harper<Cinci. General calendar. | Kulka<Fantel. |
| | Rabinowitz<Rabinowitz. |

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

| | |
|---|---|
| | U S Trust Co.<Spear & Co. Clear. |

PART V.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Clear.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| Inq—Karf-Kirsch, Inc<Joffe. | Kourcik<Halck. |
| Cole&Dixon, Inc<Jacobs. | Klebanov<Brustein. |
| Seller, Rogers, Brown Co<McNary. | Sandler<Cont Aircraft Corp. |
| Calder<Stern. | Linde Paper Co<Rockland Printing Co. |
| Porges<Bonzella. | Dingfelder<Schmuelb. |
| Ury<New Amst Cas Co. | Bernstein & Shapiro, Inc<Brenner. |
| Morrell<Levy Finkelhor & Perlstein, Inc. | Odell Mfg Co<Berman Bros Co. |
| Onyx Blouse Co<1st Nat Bank of Spring Valley. | Schlam<McMorrow. Clear. |

PART III.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| Inquest Anderson<De Peon. | D'Esposito<Schonfeld. |
| Inquest Donner<Rush. (2.) | Stamoolis<S S Brown & Co. |
| Dalton<Maine Cent RR | D'Esposito<Schonfeld. |
| Gaynor<same. | Lowonchuk<NY Cent RR. |
| Raftis<same. | Sternberg<Starr. |
| Kessler<Lehigh Valley RR (2.) | Brennan<Kemp. |
| Evans<Childs Co. | H Moskowitz<NY Rys. |
| Matich<Baker, Smith & Co. | F. Moskowitz<NY Rys. |
| Silver<Rosen. | Laquidara<NY Rys. |
| Scott<Sheffield Farms Dairy Co. | Geizler<NY. Rys. |
| Law<Goldberg & Son Co. | Wilson<NY Rys. |
| Laykind<Bloomingdale. | Rankin<Wimpie Electric Co. |
| Murphy<Strauss. | Spanberger<NY Rys. |
| Catobetti<NY Con RR. | Shaumlieffel<NY Rys. |
| Klotz<Belt Line Ry. | G Yellman<Union Ry. |
| Hoff<NY Rys. | P Yellman<Union RR (2.) |
| Bruon<Int R T. | Hartney<Andrade. |
| Berge<Buchbaum. | Gibbons<Heil. |
| Gellella<Owens & Co. | Giudice<Bunyard. |
| H Poncher<N Y Rys. | Phillips<City NY. |
| M Poncher<same. | Curran<NY Hippodrome Corp. |
| Crausman<Hewey. | Ruyaneve<Woodmansten Inn. |
| Newfield<Schleisser, (2.) | Gerli<Bernstein. |
| Pauker<Graff. | Bonnlar<Interborough RT Co. |
| Stevens<Vanderwater | Mahan<Russell. |
| Byrd<Anderson. | Waldle<Empire Carrying Corp. |
| Tulitsky<Con Gas Co. | H. Mahan<Russell. |
| Mannion<NY Rys. | Grossman<Kalem. Co. |
| Miller<Harrisetta Holding Co. | Napoletano<Hogan & Sons. |
| Spring<Simmons. | Mazur<Sayers |
| Anderson<I R T. | Rettenberg<Cnamax Realty & Const Corp. |
| Sepi<NY Rys. | Orbach<Brio RR. |
| Wolter<same. | Ricci<Miller. |
| Moran<42d St. &c, RR | Kanner<Falk. |
| Glinn<I R T. | Fischer<Herslikowitz. |
| Perler<NY Rys. | De Nell<Rosenberg. |
| Perler<same. | Feingold<Abrahams. |
| Mischel<Nassau Elec RR. | Woecz<Union Ry. |
| David<Wall St Taxi. | Keenan<Wilson. |
| Glassman<Empire State Liquor Co. | Easton<Elite Co. |
| Re Chessbrough, (Whitlock Av.) | Woerz<Union Ry. |
| Goldfarb<L I RR. | Doheney<Pinkelstein. |
| Pechikauski<Leh & Wilkes-B Coal Co. | Muller<Volken. |
| Estate Miner, Inc<Roman Baths Co. | Lam<Bloomingdale. |
| | Herskovitz<NY Rys. |
| | Lina Onorata<John Welden Trucking Co. |
| | Liborio Onorata<John Welden Trucking Co. |
| | Fine<Commercial Delivery Co. |
| | A. Hiecke<Grieco. |
| | H. Hiecke<Grieco. |
| | Macchio<Goldstein. |
| | Finley<Boomhower. |
| | Cooper<NY Rys. |
| | White<Brennan |
| | Steinhaus<Pelham Operating Co. |
| | Bartolotti<Schapira. |
| | Bender<Balfour. |
| | Kanzitzky<Libow. |
| | Levin<Carey. |
| | Wunsch<NY Rys. |
| | Miller<NY Rys. |
| | White<Chelsea Fireproof Storage Warehouse, Inc. |
| | Abrahams<Papin. |
| | Dugan<Salina Realty Co, Inc. |
| | Mulroy<Tarulli. |
| | Flynn<White Fireproof Const Co. |
| | Korman<Levinson. |
| | Diamond<Standard Oil Co of NY. |
| | Armstrong<NY Rys. |
| | Washlowitz<Storch. |
| | Good, Jr<NY Rys. |
| | M Miller<NY Rys. |
| | L Miller<NY Rys. |
| | A. Greenleaf<NY Rys. |
| | E Greenleaf<NY Rys. |
| | Maloman<NY Rys. |
| | Cahn<Townsend. |
| | Kane<NY Rys. |
| | Pritzger<Educational Alliance. |
| | Dover<NY Rys. |
| | Gordon<Third Av RR. |
| | Lazicky<Mosner. |

PART XIV.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M.—Inq—Williams<De Witt.
Inq—Kessel<Khouleesserian.
Smith<Banco Nacional De Cuba.
Stange<Walker.
Zuniga<Favodi Cigar
McDonald<Streitwolf
Stanz<Orion Textile Co, Inc.
Morris<Price.
Swiss Colours Co<Cassileth.
Moch Co<Security Bk.
Col & So Ry<Chi, R I & Pac Ry. (3.)
Lichtenstein<Orenstein, Arthur, Koppel & Co.
King<Marx-Singer Co, Inc.
Gulick<Canadian Car, &c, Co.
Gulick Henderson Co<same.
Standard Italian Products, Inc<Societa Industriale Candia, &c.
Stickels<Oliver.
Holman<Munson SS Line.
Geer<Carpenter.
Loewy<Karjeles.
Skinner<Windsor Realty.
Kronman<Brown.
Wilkening<Moore.
Goldberg<Smith.
Boker<Hirschhorn.
Ofler Bros<Armour & Co.
Roberts<Nat Drama.
Swit & Co<E F Drew Co.
Nat Printing & Eng<Shubert Theatrical
Leszynsky<Lewinsohn.
Bailey<Greenwich Sav Bank.
Hoyt<Brandon.
James McCreery Realty<Sandowsky.
Hearn Const<Naughton.
Delmonico, Wallace & Cutler<Antique Rug Studios.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.

PART III.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Whittaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Drinane<N Y Rys.
PART VIII.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART IX.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear
PART X.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART XI.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—....., J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART XIV.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M Case on.
PART XV.—Goff, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART XVI.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ascher Dot Agency<CNY.
PART XVIII.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

### Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler S.—At 10:30 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| Estate: | Louis J Friend, |
| Harvey S Shern. | Charles A Scherer, |
| Wills for probate: | Rachael Bachrach, |
| Jeremiah Hefferman, | Charles Lang, |
| Adolph Ondricek, | Theodore Todd, |
| Daniel McAnerney, | James M Donald, |
| Emanuel Goldberg, | Henry Hinkel, |

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Karlene E King, Charles Qualey.

At 10 A. M.: Charles A Tyrell.

### City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

| | |
|---|---|
| N Y Overseas Co<Lancaster Eng Corp. | Goldberg<Bierman. |
| Fox Const Co<Wemlinger Steel Piling. | Weinberg<same. |
| Calender & Co<Munro. | Rosenfield<Sternberg. |
| Grossman<Finkelstein. | Dobss & Co<Trainer. |
| Simon<Phillips. | Bijur & Herts<Ireland. |
| Aspery<N Y Rys. | Dwyer<Harlem & Bronx Live Poultry Association. |
| Klein<Concord Holding Co. | Maxey<Hughes. |
| Schiaka<Schall. | Larkin Lumber Co<Schneider. |

PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| Storch<Hutner. | Fuchs<Hotel Netherland Co. |
| Kanowitz<Parrett. | Lerner<Kerskowitz. |
| Michael<Schuster. | Beluck<970 Prospect Av Corp. |
| Katfelt<Robinson. | Troskofsky<Lincer. |
| Wischel<Lafayette Inv Co. | Laurie<Kirschner. |
| Raskin<Berger Rty, &c, Co. (2.) | Cecil Co<Wood Elec. |
| Kaplan<N Y Rys. | Gerard<Kahn. |
| Lichtendorf<same. | Falvey<Neugass. |
| Lipshitz<Wittenauer. | Barse<Spitz. |
| Greenberg<NY Rys. | Abolaffia<Int R T Co. |
| Stansky<NY Rys. | |

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hershon<Abrahams. Case on. | |
| PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on. | |
| PART III.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar. | |
| Herkovitz<Moyses. | Klein<Elbschutz. |
| Friedlander<Davidov. | Evans<A Phillips & Co. |
| Thompson Bros<M Baird Con Co. | Elkind<Spindel. |
| Solomon<Gold. | Smith<Citizens' Inv. |
| Cohen<Long Motors. | Atlantic T C Co<G B Mills & Co. |
| Mortensen & W Co<Raabe. | Malkin<Rubin. |
| Newman<Baldwin. | Stolkin<Dolmate. |
| Rubin<Rubinstein. | Pyrnene Mfg Co<Chevrolet M Co. |
| Rifkind<Oriental Pye Works. | Constwise L, &c, Co<Hirsch<Blair. |
| Burke<Hanover F I. | Gogut<Hauptman. |
| Klein<Perlin. | Brown<New Amsterdam Gas Co. |
| Gogut<Weisner. | Cohen<Cohen. |
| Gold<Brit-Am Assur. | Nestor Mfg Co<Marshall. |
| Le Roy Sil Co<Lepow | Interstate Fruit Co<Thomas. |
| Midland Trading Corp<Hechtkopf. | Carroll<B'way-John St Corp. |
| Bihler<Shoninger Bros. | Kramer<R & R Bay. |
| Bruckner<Berman. | Security Bank<Mann. |
| Goldman<Brownstone & Co. | German Ins Co<Woods Const Co. |
| Kanner<Rotalo. | Lion<Lahn. |
| Hirschhorn<Schiffman & Co. | Cohen<Moss. |
| Mills & Co<Ferlentino. | Clear. |
| Market Rty Co<Cohen | |
| Karden<Epstein. | |

PART IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Finelite, J.—At. 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART VIII.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

### Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Delehanty, J.—Root<Brainard—Lyman A. Spalding.

## KINGS COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Lazansky, J. At 10 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| Fox River Butter Co<Schinofsky | McMahon<May, (2.) |
| Ryon, K<Hyler. | Lenthan<CNY. |
| Ryan, D<same. | Sudarsky<same. |
| Re Weinsoft. | Zuckerman<same. |
| Stehli<Town of Oyster Bay. | Seht<same. |
| Ryan, K<Hyler. | Murphy<same. |
| Ryan, D<Hyler. | McCoo<same. |
| Hanley<Hanley. | Lunberg<same. |
| Baer<Klemt. | Brown<same. |
| Lange<same. | Dunn<same. |
| Weir<same. | Piermann<same. |
| Re Jersey St. | Irvin, J<same. |
| Harley<Hartley. | Irvin, F<same. |
| McKinney, A<Clarendon Sales Co | Cole<same. |
| McKinney, R B<same. | Rice, H T<same. |
| Burnstein<Dintenfass | Layman<same. |
| Nevins<Bklyn Citizen. | Rice, H<same. |
| Screiber<Rusling Co. | Conway<same. |
| Wilson & Co<Wehrob | Finer<same. |
| Re Mehr. (Goldberg) | Miller<same, (2.) |
| Burnstein<Dintenfass | Hartley<Hartley. |
| McSweeney<McSweeney. | Fingerhut<Lambert. |
| Pellegrino<Pellegrino. | Peterson, Henry Mfg Co<Frank. |
| Re Chaffee. | Fireman<Black & White Cab Co. |
| Lennon<Cash. | Klitzner<Goldreyer. |

PART II.—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M.
PART III.—Fawcett, J.—Ex parte business.—At 10 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| Stander<Stander. | Farnolo<Ackerman. |
| Zevin<CNY. | Castelleno<Valva. |
| Frank<Katz. | Lise<Calderazzo. |
| Same<Greenberg. | Castellano<Sanchairico. |
| Same<Moilner. | Dooley<Dooley. |
| Gilroy<Russo. | Mooney<Mooney. |
| Tulin<Tulin | Fries<Fries. |
| Schenkin<Schenkin. | Cooper<Center. |
| Meyenberg<Meyenberg. | Municipal Liens Co<Bullion Rty Co. |
| Haendel<Haendel. | |

Highest number reached on the regular call, 1155.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Callaghan, J.; Part III., Aspinall, J.; Part IV., Van Siclen, J.; Part V., Faber, J.; Part VII., Seeger, J.

| | |
|---|---|
| Barwick<Nat Fireproof Door Co. | Kenny<B, Q Co & S RR. |
| Rafter<Liggett Co. | Webb<Twyeffort. |

# REAL ESTATE FIELD

Another investment purchase in the old midtown residential section, where there has been considerable activity during the last few months, was reported yesterday by William B. May & Co., who sold for the 11 West Fifty-first Street Corporation the two private dwellings 11 and 13 West Fifty-first Street, held at $200,000.

The structures occupy a plot 50 by 100, and are under lease for a term of years to the present occupants. They carry an assessed valuation of $185,000.

**$7,026,000 for Liberty Loan.**

The Liberty Loan Committee of the Real Estate Division reported the biggest day of the drive yesterday, adding $1,080,100, and bringing the real estate subscription total to $7,026,000. Alfred E. Marling, Chair

## HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

### Manhattan.

78 East 92d st.; rent $1,650.
76 East 91st St.; rent $2,000.
Electric lights; parquet floors; two baths; perfect condition. Caretaker on premises.

### Queens.

$6,750—WORTH $8,000.
New eight room house; enclosed porch; all modern improvements; heart of Jamaica; convenient to all transit; plot 40x100; a rare bargain; come and see. B. H. Sweet, 324 Fulton St., Jamaica.

### Long Island.

Wonderful opportunity; beautiful stucco residence, 4 lots; restricted; convenient. R 796 Times.

### New Jersey.

Another Bargain.—Must sell within 20 days my fine home property, consisting of dainty Dutch Colonial house of 7 rooms and bath; every improvement; and 1-3 acre plot with fine lawn and garden; easy commuting distance out in Jersey's cleanest cut country community; 5 minutes to express station; $6,000, on easy terms; worth $10,000. Serious, 310 Times Downtown.

Glen Ridge, N. J., Ridgewood Av.
Finest section; 14-room house.
Hardwood floors; lot 107x300.
Block to Lackawanna Sta.; 2 to trolley.
Elegant shade and fruit trees.
Mus. sell; this close estate.
No reasonable offer refused.
H. Beach, 180 Market St., Newark, N. J.

RARE BARGAIN.—$30 monthly, nothing down, buys a 6-room house, with bath, good condition, five miles from Times Square, near station, and on trolley line to all ferries; opposite Post Office, in a good, industrial town. Call, write, or phone, Owner, M. D. Ayers, 146 West 56th St. Tel. Greeley 4535.

### NEW HOUSES.

Six and seven rooms; steam heat; tiled baths, open fireplaces, large living rooms, large kitchens, with pantry; plot, 40x150; prices, $4,200 and $6,000; terms to suit; also desirable home sites for sale. FRANK MILLER, 13 Park Row, N. Y. Tel. Barclay 9085.

Bargain.—Six rooms, bath, all improvements; steam heat; hollow tile stucco dwelling; half hour, Erie; $3,750; easy terms. W. Brady, 154 Nassau St. Tel. 3809 Beekman.

At Grantwood, opposite 125th St., near cliff, 50x100, view of New York; one-family residence with steam, gas, electric, 7 rooms, in perfect condition; ready now for occupancy. Terms. A wonderful bargain. Geo. H. Limbach, Palisade, N. J. Telephone 752 Cliffside.

Montclair, Near Glen Ridge Lackawanna Station.—Naval officer ordered away will rent beautifully furnished house, 8 rooms, 2 master's, servants' bath, sun parlor, garage; coal in cellar. Apply owner, Woodland Av., corner Pierson Place. Montclair 4027.

$15,000, terms to suit, 14 rooms, 3 baths; all improvements; grounds, with garden and fruit trees. Owner, 221 Park Av. Phone 613M Orange.

I will sacrifice my home in best section Jersey City Heights; $8,250; telephone 2886 Beekman. Howard Goldsmith.

### Connecticut.

Beautiful nine-room furnished house in real country, near Stamford; summer rent, $200 per month; will rent until May 1 at $50 per month. Y 291 Times Annex.

## REAL ESTATE.

### Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

SCARSDALE.—Beautiful country home; stucco; five minutes' walk from station; 8 rooms, 2 baths, 2 verandas, glass sun parlor, open fireplace, shades, screens, double windows, all new; plot 180x92; large old trees; well-preserved grounds; 270 elevation, with magnificent view of Bronx Valley; coal and logs on hand for entire Winter; owner must sell; price $15,500. ANGELL & CO., at station, Scarsdale, N. Y.

AUCTION.—To settle an estate, a corner store and dwelling property at Ardsley, N. Y.; unusual opportunity for thrifty family. Send at once for full particulars. Sale takes place SATURDAY, OCT. 26, 1918, at 2:30 P. M. ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES.
GEORGE HOWE,
527 5th Av., New York.

### Real Estate for Exchange.

LYNBROOK, L. I.—Elegant residence, 10 rooms and bath, with garage; store ground; near station; will exchange for 1 or 2 family residence. Levy Bros., 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

### Real Estate Wanted.

Will lease improved tenement; security bank reference. Edward Baer, 240 East 79th St.

## TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Fine suite in the Singer Building, sumptuously furnished to sub-let or will sell furniture; suitable for private banker or other high-class business. Inquire at Room 318, Singer Building, 149 Broadway. Phone 5749 Cortlandt.

To let for manufacturing purposes, a well-built brick building containing about 3,000 square feet; good light; ground floor; steam heat; low rent. Apply to Gus Segschneider, 314 North Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.

Space in private office, with desk service; rent $10. Suite 502, 299 Broadway.

### APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
### MANHATTAN—West Side.


2 ROOMS
BATH & KITCHENETTE
Maid or Valet Service Optional.
Rent $1,000 to $1,400.
21 West 50th St.
Apply on premises or
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue

Unexcelled Transit Facilities

Express Stations New 7th Av. Subway. 9th Ave. Elevated.
All surface car and bus lines adjacent.
335 WEST 14TH ST.
Well Managed Elevator House.
6 Rooms, $50-$60
FOR ARRANGEMENT OF ROOMS, SERVICE AND CONVENIENCE OF LOCATION THESE APARTMENTS ARE PARTICULARLY DESIRABLE.
THE MAJESTIC
680-684 St. Nicholas Ave. (145th)
All-night elevator and phone service.
7-8 Rooms, $72.50-$80.
All rooms large, light and airy.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

815 ParkAv. S.E.Cor. 75th St.
NEW BUILDING,
7-ROOM APARTMENTS
of the Very Highest Class,
ESPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR
SMALL FAMILIES
Large Living Room, Dining Room, Foyer, Kitchen, 2 Master's Chambers & Baths, and 2 Maids' Rooms & Bath.
Also one 3 ROOM Housekeeping Apartment
Agent on Premises, Rhinelander 499.

40TH ST., NO. 36 EAST
High Class. Elevator. All Improvements;
3 ROOMS and BATH;
non-housekeeping; including service.
$900 to $1,200.
Bohnenkamp & Schneider, Agts.,
542 5th Av., N.Y. Tel. Vanderbilt 2839.

Doctor or Dentist.
Seven rooms ground floor, $1,300.
MAPLE COURT
1229 PARK AVE., COR. 96TH
High-Class Elevator Apartment (Corner)
Apply Premises, or A. Brandstein, 74 Broadway.

645-647 Madison Ave.
1-2-3 Rooms & Bath—$40-$75. Elevator, Telephone, and Maid Service.
MARSTON & CO.
540 Fifth Avenue. Tel. Murray Hill 540.


### APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.


Beautifully Furnished
two-room and bath apartment, hotel service. Can be had from Nov. 1st until Oct. 1st next or for a shorter period.
Located in the Fifties, Near Fifth Avenue.
BLAKEMAN QUINTARD MEYER,
Tel. 2465 Murray Hill. 50 E. 42d St., N. Y.

166 WEST 72D ST.
APARTMENTS OF THREE AND FOUR EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS; sumptuously furnished; all appointments are of highest standard; fine tiled kitchens, with ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 7640.


## TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

To Let.—Large, light and well ventilated floor, 3,000 square feet in area, 11 large windows, two skylights, southwest corner 50th St. and Broadway. Apply Photo Repro. Co., 3d floor, 50th St. entrance.

28TH ST., COR. 1ST AVE.
20,000 feet; light, steam, power, sprinklers, elevator, garage; heavy construction. Apply on premises. Rieser. Phone 5350 Madison Square.

2D AV., COR. 90TH ST.
3rd loft, 45x99; rent $75.
Light 3 sides, heat, elevator.
Ames & Company, 26 West 31st St.

Two three-story buildings, 50x100 feet, suitable for garage or storage, convenient to depots and piers. Address Owner, Box H. G., 59 Times.

ATTENTION, PHYSICIANS!
The office and use of waiting room of the late DR. EDWARD J. WARE, at 152 West 73d St.

Up-to-date garage, fully equipped, 25x100, on west side, midtown section; rent reasonable. Frederick Starr Contracting Co., 220 West 42d St.

Very large, light store and basement, suitable any manufacturing purpose or wholesale business. Rasmussen, 1,827 Washington Av., 175th.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE,
UPTOWN AND DOWNTOWN.
G. M. PEARSON & CO., INC.,
527 FIFTH AV.

Sublet desirable front offices modern building, furnished or unfurnished, 150 or 500 square feet; Room 1201, 295 Broadway.

Use of rolltop desk in furnished suite; telephone attendant; $5 monthly; mailing privilege $3. 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

28TH, 6 WEST.—Studio, suitable for artist or business, elevator, sign privilege; rent $30. Apply on premises.

Offices, $25 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1,203.

5th Ave., 507, private office, with service, $25. Murray Hill 5022.

Desk room, mail address, service, &c., 507 5th Av. Tel. 5022 Murray Hill.

57TH AV., 489, near 42d St.)—1 or 2 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with separate entrance and use of outer offices, stenographic and telephone service, in roomy, odorless lawyer's suite. Apply Suite 500.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

508, (Murray Hill Section.)—Handsomely furnished elevator apartment, seven rooms, bath, $180 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

408, (near 5th.)—Handsomely furnished apartment two rooms, kitchen, bath, piano; $135 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

808, (near 5th Av.)—Handsomely furnished apartment seven rooms, two baths; grand piano; $250. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

59TH ST., 51 EAST.—Large parlor, chamber and bath. Tel. 3022 W. Hill.

620 ST., 27 EAST.—Sunny, 6th floor; two masters, two baths, two maids; season $2,800. Plaza 6746.

76TH, 55 EAST.—Handsomely furnished seven rooms, bath; piano; immediate possession; long or short lease. Coyle, 1690 Lenox.

77TH, 60 EAST.—Attractively furnished suite two rooms and bath, running water, gas, electricity, open fireplaces; breakfast optional; will divide.

830, EAST, (Corner.)—Elevator; seven beautiful, sunlit rooms; piano. Frank, Lenox 4087.

ALL DESIRABLE FURNISHED APARTMENTS, PARK AV. SECTION. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

APARTMENT HOMES
Personally inspected; east, west sides.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Columbus 1217.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
HERBERT M. SEIXAS CO.
4520 Murray Hill. Tel. Vand. 6000. (42d.)

ATTENTION: APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath; $14 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Benton, 35 East 27th St.

MADISON AV., 780, (between 66th and 67th Sts.)—Two rooms, bath, furnished or unfurnished; maid service, reception room and restaurant; resident manager.

MADISON AV., 578, (BET. 57TH AND 57TH STS.)—TWO ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED, SUBLET 1 TO 6 MONTHS.

PARK AV. apartment; exceptional advantages; furnished Louis XVI period; three master rooms, salon, (25 by 35,) open fire, Steinway grand; cafe voisin in building; owner anxious to leave Nov. 1. Plaza 2468.

PARK AV., (76th.)—Handsomely furnished seven rooms and bath; all large, sunny rooms; long or short lease. Telephone 1690 Lenox.

PARK AV., (70s.)—Exquisitely furnished 10 rooms; sell or sublease. Telephone appointment Columbus 3974.

PARK AV., 940, (East 81st.)—Attractively furnished; 7 sunny rooms. Telephone 8468 Lenox.

PLAZA Section, 7 rooms, 3 baths, handsomely furnished; season; year. Columbus 3974.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 66TH ST.
Apartment selections, 1, 2, or more rooms, bath; complete service and restaurant.

### Furnished—West Side.

10TH ST., 60 WEST.—4 outside rooms and bath, for 2 persons; artistic furnishings; elevator, telephone; year's lease; only $100 per month. GOING. Call between 10 and 12, or by appointment.

12TH ST., 88 WEST.—Artistic elevator apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath; Christian gentleman will share with one, two refined young men; piano; subway, elevated; references. Chelsea 4430. Apt. X.

32D, 9 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, service, furniture; large rooms, fireplace. Steigelman.

11½ WEST 37TH ST.
Unusually wonderful studio, three rooms and bath; (studio room 23x65 feet, two open fireplaces;) most artistically furnished.

11½ WEST 37TH.
Two beautifully furnished apartments, two rooms and bath, (living rooms 20x20 feet; open fireplaces;) Steinway Grand piano.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness, furnishings unequaled; one, two, three rooms; bath, shower, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $50 to $100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, completely furnished, 2, 3 rooms, bath; $85 to $100, including service; also unfurnished, $65 to $75; modern building; elevator. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th. Telephone Murray Hill 8200.

47TH ST., 132 WEST, (Felix-Portland Hotel.)—Desirable suites, two rooms and bath, $21 per week up; high-class American plan; rooms and meals, $24.50 per week up; special monthly rates.

47TH ST., 7 WEST.—A few small apartments, studios, and rooms for rent, furnished or unfurnished. Howard Studios.

48TH, 13 WEST.—Non-housekeeping 1 and 3 room suites; service; elevator; references.

50'S, NEAR 5TH.—Handsomely furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath; year's lease, $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

50TH, 162 WEST.—Call on Miller. Eight rooms, 3 baths. Circle 8067.

50TH, 162 WEST.—Call on Miller. Attractive 4 rooms; $125. Circle 8067.

55TH, 105 WEST.—Beautifully furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Apartment 6 B.

57TH, 130 WEST.—Beautifully furnished 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; 12th floor. Southern.

59TH, 116 WEST. (Overlooking park.)—Sublet exquisitely furnished apartment three rooms, kitchenette.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Apt. selections, 2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette.

67TH ST., 1 WEST
2 and 3 room duplex apartments, furnished and with cook's services, $200 and $250 per month.

70'S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, five rooms, bath, piano; year's lease, $150 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

72D, (Subway.)—3 rooms, new building, exquisitely furnished; $175. Columbus 3974.

74TH, 108 WEST.—Beautiful front studio, kitchenette, private bath; all conveniences; reasonable.

76TH ST., 245 WEST.
Absolutely new, furnished, one room and bath; electricity, telephone, continuous hot water.

79TH, 307 WEST.—Eight outside rooms, two baths; southern exposure; Grand piano; year, $3,200; monthly, $315. Apt. E-6.

79TH, 302 WEST.—Unusually sunny, attractively furnished five-room apartment; homelike; $135. Borsodi.

80'S, NEAR DRIVE.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; year's lease, $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80'S, (West End.)—6 rooms, 2 baths, charmingly furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

82D ST., 5 WEST.—Six rooms; year $1,500; month $175. MacLaren.

85TH, 101 WEST.—Four sunny rooms, kitchenette, maid service, elevator. Schuyler 6864.

85TH, 101 WEST, (Apt. 4.)—6 rooms, bath, well furnished, subway; $125.

88TH, 78 WEST.—Modern, sunny, five-six rooms, kitchen, elevator. 8th floor.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Artistic, newly furnished five-room, sunny, front apartment. Schuyler 5200.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Furnished—West Side.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Lady leaving city, sacrifice attractive 5 rooms, (front,) $140 month.

86TH, 43 WEST.—Beautiful, newly furnished, large, sunny, second story front room, private bath, kitchenette; $100 monthly.

88TH ST., (Riverside Drive.)—$1,000 a month; handsomely furnished, 10 rooms, 3 baths; corner apartment. Tel. 6830 Schuyler.

91ST AND BROADWAY, 2,469.—Six rooms, 7th floor; southern exposure; sunny, handsomely furnished front; $125. Chirong.

92D, 251 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive and handsomely furnished apartment overlooking Riverside Drive; six rooms, large foyer, 2 baths, southern and western exposure, 10th floor front; all outside rooms; $300 for seven or eight months, $250 a year. Apart. 10C.

93D, 317 WEST.—High class elevator apt. house; 7 beautiful rooms, 3 large rooms front; sunny; furniture nearly new; very desirable; $140 up, according to length of lease. Superintendent, phone Schuyler 8197.

93TH, 330 WEST.—A well furnished six-room apartment, $150 monthly.

98TH ST., 307-311 WEST.—Hotel Schuyler Arms; subway to 96th, two blocks up and one block west; leases are not required, but references are; newly furnished suites of two, three, four, five, and six rooms, from $75 to $180 a month, with or without kitchens; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included, in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; restaurant of quality.

104TH, 245 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—7 rooms, substantially furnished; electricity; clean. Beldler.

110TH, 601 WEST.—Luxurious home, six rooms, two baths. Gale. Morningside 6600.

113TH, 517 WEST.—2, 4, 5, 6 rooms, furnished with extraordinary care and good taste; very high class elevator apartments. Telephone Morningside 8240.

113TH ST., 315 WEST, (Georgette Court.)—Four front outside rooms; handsome piano; silver, linen; couple only; $70. Apt. 4.

115TH, 620 WEST.—High class elegantly furnished six rooms, two baths; private house; river view. Apartment 63. Morningside 3899.

116TH, (Subway.)—7 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Attractively furnished, three-room, modern apartment. Murphy, Apt. 1.

118TH, 210 WEST, (Hotel Cecil.)—Attractive 2-room suites with private bath; also 1 room, private bath; full hotel service.

119TH, 419 WEST, (Near Columbia.)—High-class 2-room light apartment, bath, kitchenette, fully furnished. Wallace, Morningside 7700.

119TH, 420 WEST.—Large, sunny, corner room; 2 windows, overlooking park; $10.

121ST, 527 WEST.—5 well furnished rooms, outside and sunny. Mrs. Pinch.

A LADY compelled to rent her home, seven-room apartment, ELEGANTLY and COMPLETELY furnished; high-class corner apartment house, located in select neighborhood, between Riverside Drive and Central Park West; references exential. Chislett, 170 West 78th St.

APARTMENT HOMES.

MISS ISABEL DAINTRY of LONDON and PARIS has solved the problem of making Furnished Apartments synonymous with HOMES. She has a few choice APARTMENT HOMES, centrally located, Office, 66 West 58th St. Tel. Circle 3095.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman. Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Artistically furnished, newly decorated, modern six large rooms; linen, silver; river view; immediate possession; $175 monthly. Shown 10 to 2. Apt. 3E. Riverside 4093.

ATTRACTIVE Apartments — Hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited; coolest and healthiest location in city.
ST. AGATHA-IMPERIAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments,
$35, $45, $55 UP MONTHLY,
Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease, or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to be appreciated. Phone Academy 613. 5th Av. bus stops at door.

Business couple, well-furnished housekeeping apartment, living room, bedroom, bath; no sharing; 72d to 110th St., West; $85 to $100 per month. W 262 Times.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished, sunny, seven rooms, two baths, fine location, short or long period. Audubon 4075. Apt. 24.

Call on Miller, 162 West 50th, near 7th Av., good apartments. Circle 8067.

Choice furnished apartments. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

Completely, handsomely furnished 6-room, front elevator apt., 6th floor; Claremont Av., one minute Riverside or subway express; $150 month; occupancy Nov. 15. Appointment phone Morningside 4783. Apt. 22.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

PINEHURST Av., 40.—Three-room front, high-class elevator, $55 monthly. Operator.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 250.—Attractively furnished six-room and bath apartment; one master chamber. Apt. 27. Parke.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440.—Attractive, sunny, five rooms, two master bedrooms; rent $100; until June. See Supt., Apt. 97.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,090.—Reasonable apartment, one or two rooms, kitchenette, elevator. Apt. Mrs. Gilday, Apt. 33.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.
9 West 9th St.—3 rooms and bath, furnished or unfurnished; open fireplace, steam heat, electricity, service; unusual apartment.

WE HAVE A COMPLETE
LIST OF MOST EXCLUSIVE
FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
L. J. PHILLIPS & COMPANY,
148 West 72d St. Columbus 2750.

WASHINGTON SQUARE DISTRICT.—5-room apartment, steam heat, open fire, electric light, mahogany furniture, distinctive atmosphere, $105; another apartment, same description, 4 rooms, $115. The Greenwich Village Home Finder, 70 5th Av. Chelsea 1705.

WEST END AV., 562, (87th St.)—High-class apt. house, four attractive rooms, bath; couple; year, only $80; best references; seen between 11 and 4 Thursday.

WEST END AV., 780.—Attractively furnished 5-room apartment; rent $200. Brabin.

### Unfurnished—East Side.

57TH AV., 210, (Opp. Madison Square.)—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette and bath; very desirable for business people or bachelor. Inquire on premises.

4TH AV., 460, between 31st and 32d Sts.—2 and 3 rooms and bath; $45 to $60; new; modern, electricity, fireplace, shower bath; maid service. Apply on premises or Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 1100.

12TH, 5 EAST.—Parlor floor, fireplace, bath, electricity, kitchenette; other rooms.

44 EAST 34TH ST.
2 very large rooms, bath, $1,200.
AMES & CO., 26 W. 31ST., OR JANITOR.

49TH, 36 EAST.—1 to 4 rooms, bath, kitchenette; gas and electric light free; also parlor floor and basement; business or residence. Herbert A. Sherman, 41 East 41st St.

78TH, 42 EAST.—New elevator apartments, 2 or 3 large light rooms with bath, all hotel conveniences, including excellent French restaurant; agent on premises.

311 5TH AV., (32D ST.)
3 large rooms, baths, $900.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or PREMISES.

MADISON AV., 167, (Cor. 33d St.)—Choice light 2 and 3 rooms and bath, $70 to $80. A. B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION.
19 East 9th St., 1 and 2 large rooms; apartments, skylight studios, $900-$1,200.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

### Unfurnished—West Side.

49TH ST., 28 WEST.—Elegant 3-room apartments; excellent location; telephone; modern improvements.

56TH, 327 WEST.—Two, four, seven large, light rooms; elevator; desirable location.

57TH, 140 WEST.—Single studio, north light, high-class building, 9th floor or suitable for living. Apply A. B.

61ST ST., 106 WEST.—7 rooms and bath; electric light, steam heat, hot water; $75.

76TH, 110 WEST.—Unfurnished floor in exclusive house, two large rooms, dressing room, bath; $125 month; lease.

82D, 66 WEST.—Floor 3 large rooms, bath; remodeled private house; unsurpassed view.

92D ST., 204 WEST.
Seven rooms, exceptionally large and bright living and dining rooms; all improvements; will decorate to suit; good heat assured; rent $125.

94TH, 308 WEST.—3 rooms, 2 baths, large apartment; fine location.

100TH, 215 WEST.—Two sunny rooms, running water, elevator. Mornings, Apt. 3E.

111TH ST., 528 WEST.—Four-room apartment, newly decorated; immediate possession; $80.

113TH ST., 517 WEST.—4 and 8 rooms; very high class elevator house. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

2,128 BROADWAY.
Two and three rooms, with bath; maid service; references required.

APARTMENT STUDIOS.
132 W. 34th.; 2 rooms, bath, kitch., $45.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST., or JANITOR.

APARTMENT STUDIO.
128 W. 34th; two rooms, bath; skylight; $60.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST. or JANITOR.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. OF 160TH ST.—PHYSICIAN OR DENTIST, 3 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR PROFITABLE PRACTICE.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Unfurnished—West Side.

CLAREMONT AV., 180, (125th St.)—2-room, kitchenette, and bath, elevator apartment. Apply on premises.

DUPLEX APARTMENT, eight rooms, two baths, in private house. Apply Wm. A. Taylor, Inc., 205 Columbus Av.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, $55-$60.
274-276 W. 10th, 5 and 6 all light rooms.
AMES & CO., 26 W. 31ST, or SUIT.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 900 (Cor. 161st St.)—5-room apartment, with 2 baths; on the 1st floor; suitable for doctor's apartment. Inquire office, on premises.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 853, (153d.)—8 rooms, bath, high-class elevator apartment; immediate possession; $900; exceptional value.

Sublet below cost, 3-room hotel apt.; centrally located, near Columbus Circle. Address Desirable, 150 Times.

UNIVERSITY AV., 1,269, (Cor. 169th St.)—7-room apartment in two-family house; steam heat, hot water, and electric light.

## APARTMENTS WANTED.

### Furnished.

113TH ST., 567 WEST.—7 rooms, corner apartment, southwestern exposure; Apartment 4 W; furnished home for 7 months or longer. Apply Earle & Calhoun, 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5116 or 6700 Morningside.

Below 122d, West, 2 to 4 room housekeeping apartment; $70; family of three; excellent references; best care of furniture. James G. McDonald, 79 Wall.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.
Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Would like to sublease apartment of two bedrooms, sitting and bath room. W 278 Times.

Call on Miller, 162 West 50th St.; my clients want apartments. Circle 8067.

### Unfurnished.

Wanted—Apartment suitable for dental office; west side preferred; would consider taking over dentist's lease. W 220 Times.

Apartment wanted, 4 rooms, elevator, Washington Heights preferred. Address Real Estate, 260 Lenox Ave.

Will pay $40-$50 for two-room bath apartment, with or without kitchenette, not above 59th. K 714 Times Downtown.

Apartments wanted for good clients. Miller, 162 West 50th St. Circle 3067.

3-room or 2 rooms and kitchenette apartment; about $30. K 744 Times Downtown.

Small apartment on west side; moderate rent. Jacobs, 814 West End Av.

Three or four rooms, modern building, north of 145th St. D 334 Times.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

### East Side.

157TH, 165 EAST. (Apt. 72.)—Handsomely furnished suite; one, two gentlemen; bath; electricity, elevator; $80 month. Call evenings.

167TH, 206 EAST.—Medium room; steam heat. Call A. M. Telephone 4065 Stuyvesant.

307TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny, telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $12 weekly; front rooms with running water, $14 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

307TH, 125 EAST.—Front room; southern exposure; suitable two gentlemen; private family; references.

307TH, 7 EAST.—Elegantly furnished front parlor, private bath, telephone, clean house.

34TH ST., 120 EAST.—Attractive room in elevator apartment; business woman preferred. Apartment 9.

35TH, 29 EAST.—Large room, 3 flight; southern exposure; electricity, bath $12.50; gentlemen.

77TH, 60 EAST.—Attractively furnished room, with bath; running water, gas and electricity, in strictly private dwelling.

79TH ST., 112 EAST.—Entire, part second floor; bath; adults; private house; references.

GRAMERCY PARK, (125 East 21st St.)—Newly decorated large furnished rooms; private baths; steam heat; electricity; references.

### West Side.

167H, 51 WEST, (Washington Square District.)—For artistic and business people; floor with bath for two to four persons; electricity; old mahogany; chintz; dining room; shown afternoons, weekdays.

497TH, 68 WEST.—Large front parlor, private bath, telephone; excellent location; reasonable.

507TH, 14 WEST.—Luxurious suite; gentlemen; permanent; reference.

51ST, (Near 5th Av.)—Private home; choice 1 or 2 rooms, bath; permanent; references. Tel. 239 Circle.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Very comfortable room for gentleman; steam heat; electric light.

67TH, (Near Carnegie.)—Music studio, part time; Circle 419. A 215 Times.

67TH 164 WEST.—Physician, owning modern house, parlor, bedroom; steam; phone; $6.50.

69TH, 118 WEST.—Large, attractive bedroom and connecting private bath.

69TH, 139 WEST.—Furnished rooms, with or without bath. Col. 4359.

70TH, 220 WEST.—Well furnished warm room; running water, electricity, phone; gentlemen or business couple; references.

70TH, 200 WEST.—Attractive room, running water, adjoining bath; breakfast. Apart. 2.

71ST ST., 147 WEST.—Attractive, homelike room; hot, cold, running water; bath adjoining.

71ST, 341 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, with bath; reasonable; telephone, electricity.

71ST, 222 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room; private bath; gentlemen.

72D ST., 301 WEST, (Corner West End Av.)—Nonhousekeeping suites, large and small; also single rooms, with or without baths; references required.

72D, 152 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor, bedroom, bath, with kitchenette privileges; other rooms, with bath; electricity; maid services included.

72D, 251 WEST.—Desirable rooms, private baths; modern conveniences; steam heat; private family; references.

72D, 22 WEST.—Delightful, airy room, near bath; electricity; large basement studio.

74TH, 25 WEST.—Unsurpassed accommodations for two bachelors; elegant private residence; service. Wheeler.

74TH, 161 WEST.—Large sunny room; bath; electricity, steam heat; gentleman; references.

74TH ST., 242 WEST.—Attractively furnished room, with private bath; Japanese service.

74TH, 111 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, with bath; all conveniences; reference.

75TH ST., (325 Amsterdam Av.)—Nicely furnished rooms; also suite, homelike surroundings; reasonable. Apartment 23. Telephone 7017 Schuyler.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Small room, $4.50; desirable, large, $10-$12; electricity, parquetry, exclusive.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean, large, pleasant front room, private bath; electricity.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; good location; refined surroundings.

76TH, 176 WEST.—Large back parlor, suitable for gentlemen; running water.

76TH, 45 WEST.—Large, comfortable front parlor; southern exposure.

77TH ST., WEST.—New opening, attractive; entire house, separate or suite; electricity, hot water, private bath; furnished to suit. Appointment, Riverside 7987.

77TH, 170 WEST.—Sunny room, dressing room; running water, bath, electricity; refined atmosphere.

78TH, 110 WEST.—Private home; beautiful light rooms; high-class people; references essential.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Just opened (new addition;) beautiful large rooms, single or together.

78TH, 168 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive large southern room, private bath room; electricity, steam.

78TH, 115 WEST.—Rooms beautifully furnished single or en suite, with private bath in refined home; electricity; gentlemen.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Very attractive rooms, $7 to $10; refined surroundings; telephone.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Large, small; conveniences, electricity; store opportunity, adjoining Broadway Subway.

82D, 20 WEST.—University professor's home; large, warm room, near park; electricity; references.

83D, 36 WEST.—One or two attractively furnished rooms, running water, in exclusive private home; gentlemen; reference exchanged.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Beautiful front parlor; southern exposure; fine piano; bath; instantaneous hot water; electricity; suitable for; $11.

86TH, 238 WEST.—WELL FURNISHED, MEDIUM ROOM, SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; EXCLUSIVE HOUSE; ADJOINING RIVERSIDE.

86TH, 204 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private home; gentlemen; call any time except Monday and Wednesday evenings. Cardozo.

86TH, 140 WEST.—Unusually well-furnished rooms in select neighborhood.

88TH, 335 WEST, (Droocan Hall.)—Exclusive bachelor dwellings, rooms $5-$15; references.

89TH, 36 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room; private bath.

92D ST., 288 WEST.—Handsome large front suite, electricity, elevator. Apartment 5W.

93D, 269 WEST.—Beautiful room, private bath; other rooms; near Broadway.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

### West Side.

94TH, 51 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished rooms for high-class business people; must be seen to appreciate; reference.

94TH, WEST.—Comfortable, clean room, private apt., $5.50. Riverside 3875.

95TH, 225 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Large and small room in handsomely appointed apartment; gentlemen. Phone Riverside 3973.

95TH, 4 WEST.—Beautiful rooms for couples, with board; select neighborhood.

96TH, 64 WEST.—Desirable two rooms, bath; complete; electricity; breakfast; privileges; references.

97TH, 209 WEST.—Side room, running water; modern apartment. Apt. 3A.

101ST, 238 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms in private house; running hot and cold water; refined lady or gentleman; pleasant surroundings; breakfast optional.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Business lady will rent 2 front rooms, furnished or unfurnished; electricity, elevator; responsible; to lady who would give motherly attention to child, (six,) during day. Apartment 43.

109TH, 229 WEST.—Sunny room, bath adjoining; $6.50; high-class; elevator; Apartment 82.

110TH, BROADWAY.—Superior home accommodations for one or two gentlemen. Cathedral 9088.

112TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive, one or two newly decorated front rooms, running water, near bath; private family. Gilbert.

112TH, 533 WEST, (3A.)—Attractive room with bath; no other roomer.

113TH, 328 WEST.—Living room and bedroom; corner; opposite Morningside Park. Davies.

118TH, 400 WEST. (Corner Morningside Drive.)—Bright, airy, double room; beautiful view; refined people; references. Apartment 42.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Newly furnished room, private family; adults; high class. Apartment 36.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, opposite Teachers College, Columbia University; southern exposure; kitchen privileges. Mrs. Pinch.

121ST, 420 WEST.—Newly furnished 2-room suite in French teacher's apartment; elevator, bath, electricity, service. Apartment 25.

122D, 512 WEST.—Clean, attractive rooms; single and double; elevator; shown. Nichols.

122D, 563 WEST.—Opportunity, high class two rooms, breakfast; gentleman; reference. Constantine.

BROADWAY, 2,783, (107th.)—Large room, adjoining bath; cultivated home. Apartment 5 North.

BROADWAY, 3,810, (159th St.)—Outside room, high-class apartment; no other roomers. Shaw.

BROADWAY, 2,647, (101st.)—Sunny parlor and bedroom; all comforts desirable.

CONVENT AV., 423, (Near 148th ST.)—Large second floor, steam-heated room; private residence; breakfast optional; telephone. Owner.

CONVENT AV., 415 West 148th.—Large room, private bath; small room.

DESIRABLE SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH; NEWLY DECORATED AND FURNISHED; $12 

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN, draft exempt, 26, energetic and capable, desires to represent good staple wholesale manufacturing line preferred. W 273 Times.

SALESMAN, draft exempt, desires position in city only; experienced. S 431 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 20 years' executive ability selling men's and women's cutting up trade, desires change reliable firm. R 385 Times.

SALESMAN SPECIALTY MAN, age 29, draft exempt, desires staple line or article of merit to sell; can produce. R 380 Times.

SECRETARY, assistant office manager; extensive office experience, stenographer; salary $30. D 475 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK, draft exempt, experienced woolens, silks, 7 years, like connection with reliable concern; best credentials. W 257 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Young man, 23; thoroughly experienced; deferred classification. O 311 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE, DRAFT EXEMPT, 3 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; COMPETENT CORRESPONDENT. W 267 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner, neat, willing worker, graduate good business college, desires position. Emil Ulrich, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2904.

STENOGRAPHER, 24; expert; six years' experience; knowledge bookeeping; draft exempt. H 740 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, and A-1 bookkeeper; Class 4-A in draft, desires employment with essential industry. L 388 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT of high-class elevator apartment house, American, desires to change position; expert mechanic at all repairs; understands management of help thoroughly; excellent references. Phone Audubon 2766. O'Neil, superintendent.

YOUNG MAN, 21, college graduate, exempt, desires responsible position requiring initiative and executive ability; effective correspondent; traffic, export, and claim experience; $25. O 320 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 29, American, married, desires permanent position with reliable concern; executive ability; ten years' Post Office clerk. B. Ernstein, K 758 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, of good education, draft exempt, desires position in office; have some knowledge of bookkeeping. Address Edward Polachoff, 3,605 Broadway, care Keene.

YOUNG MAN, 27, desires position reliable house doing business with Japan; spent one year in Japan; knows the business; thorough inside man. P 553 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN desires position anything; some experience operating turret lathe machine, &c.; draft exempt. Box 41, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN (19) desires position; mail, file, office experience; typist, adding machine operator; knowledge bookkeeping; $20. S 437 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, Christian, wants position as aid to business man; selling ability; not afraid of work; draft exempt; salary $30 weekly. R 388 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position evenings at most anything; hours from 5:30-12. W 265 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17, desires to connect with reputable concern. W 674 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wishes clerical position; five years' office experience; $18. S 436 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (19) wishes position in office; four years' experience. K 743 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, good education, references, wishes position where ability is appreciated. S 426 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position; outdoor work preferred; selling experience. R 386 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) discharged from army, 15 years in last place, wishes clerical position. T. L. B., 337 10th St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN wishes to learn textile or silk business. H 800 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) wishes to learn silk or textile business. H 801 Times Downtown.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.

We have permanent positions at liberal salary for saleswomen in our Hosiery, Silverware, Dress Goods, Linen, Silk, Toy, Leather Goods, Grocery, Housefurnishing and Women's Neckwear Departments. Applications may be made any day at the Superintendent's Office, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 6 P. M., or by mail.

ALSO
FUR LINERS AND FINISHERS.

We require Fur Liners and Finishers for our Fur Workrooms. Apply to Manager, Fur Department, Second Floor, Central Building.

ALSO
WRAPPING DEPARTMENT.

Require a number of girls to act as parcel wrappers; experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, Subway Floor, Central Building.

ACCOUNTANT for large retail shoe department; capable of handling shoe industry; experience; salary $20; strictly confidential. O 323 Times.

Apply for
PATRIOTIC SERVICE—GOVERNMENT WORK.

Absolutely permanent positions, with many opportunities for advancement.

Young women, 18 to 25 years of age, wanted for

telephone operating.

"SOLDIERS OF THE SWITCHBOARD,"
$8 to $9 per week first four weeks while learning the business in Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn.

$9.50 to $12.50 per week within the next few weeks, with frequent increases thereafter.

No experience necessary.
Good health, eyesight, and hearing.

Employes are especially well cared for. Meals served at cost, anniversary payments, sick benefits, vacations with pay, pensions, superior environment, and delightful quarters. 7 to 8 hour working day.

Apply between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Manhattan.....58 West Houston St.
Miss K. M. Schmitt.

Brooklyn.....81 Willoughby St.
Miss M. T. Murray.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

ARTIST—PEN AND INK,
Who can do furniture, rug and drapery ideas for retail stores; permanent position; state age and salary wanted. Address W 288 Times.

ASSISTANT in collection department of large manufacturing concern; must possess tact and ability to make collections by correspondence; state qualifications, age, draft status and salary expected to start. A 406 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and Several Clerks.—Permanent positions with large steamship company; state age, nationality, education, experience, and salary desired. S 432 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, in retail furniture house; quick and accurate at figures; state age, experience, salary expected. Box 96, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER. — Typewriting desired but not essential. Call at Mariani Bros., 506 West Broadway, city.

ASSISTANT HOUSEKEEPER. Hahnemann Hospital, 67th St., Park Av.

BILLING OPERATORS,
experienced on Underwood machines. Quick and accurate at figuring. Apply Thursday morning.

H. E. VERRAN CO.,
19 Union Square West.

BILL CLERKS, capable of substituting on switchboard; state experience and salary desired. S. A., 306 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; salary commencing $15; steady position; rapid advancement; state age and experience. Stores, E 391 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and Stenographer.—Must be accurate, thoroughly familiar with simplified bookkeeping; state experience and salary expected. S 427 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER,
thoroughly experienced; permanent position; state salary expected and reference. Address Office, 180 8th Av.

BOOKKEEPER to take charge set of books; must know stenography. Apply Room 628, 30 Church St.

BOOKKEEPER, in small printing plant; double entry; state salary, experience. K 756 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER by shoe curtain manufacturer; state full particulars and salary desired. A 398 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—EXPERIENCED ASSISTANT AND STENOGRAPHER; GOOD AT FIGURES. LION WAIST, 10 WEST 22D.

BOOKKEEPERS wanted to learn Ellis bookkeeping machine. 206 Broadway, Room 5.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, to take charge of office. Stacy, 201 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER EXPERIENCED
with executive ability to take full charge of office of wholesale stationery house; knowledge of controlling accounts, trial balances and correspondence; pay most liberal to one who can produce results. Frank Levy, 483 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED DOUBLE ENTRY; MUST COME WELL RECOMMENDED; ONE PREVIOUSLY EMPLOYED WITH DRESS MANUFACTURER OF SIMILAR LINE PREFERRED; ANSWER STATING REFERENCES AND SALARY DESIRED. IMPERIAL DRESS, 25 WEST 31ST.

BOOKKEEPER.—One who is used to do detail work and with experience in contracting or manufacturing line preferred; permanent position; old-established firm. Chamberlin Company, Room 1037, 47 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER for ledger and entry work; shirt house; closed Saturdays, open Sundays; state age, references, salary, experience. A 410 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, also to act as private secretary. Apply by mail only, stating experience and salary expected. M. J. Shanley, 252 West 71st.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Take entire charge of books; experienced; state qualifications, &c. A 408 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent; one with knowledge of stenography, in manufacturing line; only experienced need apply; reference. A 376 Times.

CASHIERS—CASHIERS.

FULL TIME OR PART TIME; DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE PREFERRED BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; LIBERAL SALARY IF EXPERIENCED. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT, ROTHENBERG & CO., 34-42 WEST 14TH ST.

CASHIER in meat market wanted; permanent position. M. Buchsbaum, 792 Columbus Av.

CLERICAL
ASSISTANTS

wanted for our accounting and auditing departments; must be thoroughly experienced, rapid and accurate; positions are permanent with advancement; liberal salary assured to those who can qualify. Apply at Main Office, 6th floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

CLERICAL WORK.
Girls wanted in large office for various kinds of clerical work. Apply Thursday morning.

H. E. VERRAN CO.,
19 Union Square West.

CLERKS.

Grammar school graduates between the ages of 16 and 23 for work in the accounting department; experience unnecessary; rapid advancement for those who qualify; hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., and 4 P. M. to New York Telephone Company, Room 502, 25 Church Street, New York, N. Y.

CLERK in large publication office doing considerable Government work; high school girl preferred; salary $12-$15; state experience. R. B., 115 Times.

CLERKS in subscription department of a weekly magazine; $8 per week to beginners. Room 92, 50 Bible House, 4th Av. and 9th St.

CLERK.—Age 20 to 25; high school graduate; excellent opportunity for promotion into advanced clerical work. A 405 Times Downtown.

COLORISTS FOR LANTERN SLIDE WORK;

HIGH-CLASS WORKERS; HOURS 9 TO 5;

SATURDAY 9 TO 12. APPLY IN PERSON,

MR. GRAY, 920 BROADWAY, 17TH FLOOR.

COOK and general housework, (white,) for business woman alone in small apartment, good wages. Apply at my office, Room 508, 663 5th Av.

FILE CLERK.—Young woman wanted to take complete charge of files of engineering firm; must understand files along construction or railroad lines thoroughly; state particulars as to practical experience, age, references, and salary desired. O 299 Times.

FILING CLERK, experienced, acquainted with library bureau system. Address, stating salary expected, A 378 Times.

FILE CLERK.—Large, reliable firm; state fully qualifications, age, salary, experience. A 403 Times Downtown.

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.,
5th Av., 37th and 38th Sts.,

REQUIRE
STOCK CLERKS

in the various merchandise shops.

Apply
SUPERINTENDENT'S
OFFICE.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—White, preferably under 35; 3 in family; small suburban house, 25 min. from Grand Central Station; reference; room and bath; good home. Phone Bronxville 1461 and reverse charge. Tel. after 7 in the evening.

GIRLS!!!

For office and clerical work; splendid chance of advancement; good salary to start; short hours, half day Saturday. See Mr. Feerick.

COLLIER'S WEEKLY,
425 WEST 13TH ST.

GIRLS WANTED FOR LIGHT FACTORY WORK; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; GOOD WAGES; PERMANENT POSITION, WITH RAPID ADVANCEMENT. APPLY MR. SOMMERS, 483 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

GIRLS
over 16 years to put up seeds in paper packets; light, clean work; no experience required; wages $9 per week; opportunity to make up to $5 per week extra with brief experience if efficient. Peter Henderson & Co., 35-37 Cortlandt St.

GIRLS, 15 TO 21,
FOR OFFICE AND CLERICAL WORK
in large mail-order house; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement.
BELLAS, HESS & CO.,
95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station, 9th Av. L.

GIRLS OR YOUNG WOMEN
For clerical work;
good chance advancement;
in large downtown wholesale house;
state experience and salary expected.
K. B. 317 Times.

GIRLS, opportunity for beginners with large corporation, clerical work; hours 8:30 to 5; Saturday, 12:30 all year; write or call personally. A. C. Simpson, 151 5th Ave, 8th floor.

GIRL—Banking house wants bright girl, age 16 to 18 years, as office girl and messenger; salary $9 weekly; references required. Apply by letter to A 563 Times Downtown.

GIRL to file stencils in mailing department of large 5th Av. publishing house; hours 8:30 to 4:30; Saturday, 12:30; church references required. Leslie Judge Co., 225 5th Av.

GIRL for taking advertisements in newspapers; experience unnecessary; pleasant working conditions. Call before 12 M. Miss Colledge, 110 West 19th St.

GIRLS to do clerical work and learn filing; salary to start $8; experience unnecessary; also file clerks and stencil checkers; salary $10. Delineator Magazine, 79 Witte St.

GIRLS FOR OFFICE WORK; $9 TO START; RAPID ADVANCEMENT. APPLY BETWEEN 10 AND 12. 3 WEST 29TH ST., ROOM 801.

GIRL
For clerical position, some high school experience required. Rob't H. Ingersoll & Bros. 7th floor, 30 Irving Place.

GIRL wanted for mailing room work; one experienced on graphotype machine preferred. Call Room 2201, Woolworth Bldg.

GIRLS wanted to pack scotmints; piece work; girls earn big wages. Apply Room 216E, 30 Church St.

GIRL wanted, experienced, as chambermaid, waitress; steady all year position. Apply 1-6; bring references. 681 Madison Av.

GIRLS for light bench work, over 18 years. Apply 10-11 A. M., Norma Co., 144th St. and Southern Boulevard, Bronx.

GIRLS for addressing and circular work; advancement; $8 per week to start. D 474 Times Annex.

GIRL, 16, learn care stocks, wholesale notion house. H 761 Times Downtown.

GIRLS wanted on novelties; good pay. H. Barotz, 621 Broadway.

GIRLS to paste books; $10 per week. War Library Office, 31 W. 15th St.

GIRLS
and
WOMEN.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST
TO PEOPLE LIVING IN
BROOKLYN.

This Company's buildings are located in Brooklyn, near the East River, between the Brooklyn and Manhattan Bridges; three minutes walk from the Sands St. station and Brooklyn Bridge.

TO PROTECT THE
HEALTH
OF OUR EMPPLOYES

We have a fully equipped dispensary, with a registered nurse in attendance, and the services of a consulting physician.

We can use active girls over 16 years of age as ORDER PICKERS in our merchandise stores, and as utility workers and wrappers in our shipping division.

WORKING CONDITIONS PLEASANT, AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR RAPID ADVANCEMENT ARE EXCELLENT.

ALSO

We can use a few women up to 45 years of age who are active, to fill vacancies as stock women.

ALL WHO ARE EMPLOYED NOW MAY PARTICIPATE IN A BONUS, PAYABLE AT CHRISTMAS.

APPLY ALL DAY.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES.
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

GIRLS AND WOMEN.
800 HIGH-GRADE GIRLS AND WOMEN 18 TO 36 YEARS OLD, WANTED AT ONCE FOR IMPORTANT WAR WORK; WE ARE 15 MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL STATION AND NO EXTRA CARFARE; YOU CAN BE OF GREAT SERVICE TO YOUR COUNTRY AND THE BOYS OVER SEAS IF YOU WILL COME TO THIS PLANT; OUR SURROUNDINGS ARE MOST DESIRABLE; THE FIREPROOF BUILDINGS ARE NEW AND CLEAN; REST PERIODS ARE PROVIDED AS WELL AS REST AND LUNCH ROOMS; MEDICAL AND DENTAL ATTENTION IS FURNISHED FREE OF CHARGE, BEING A BRANCH OF THE U. S. ARMY THE LATEST SCIENTIFIC AND SANITARY PREVENTATIVE MEASURES ARE USED AGAINST GRIPPE AND INFLUENZA; YOU ARE SAFER HERE THAN IN YOUR OWN HOME; COME LET US TELL YOU ABOUT IT AT ONCE. THE SALARIES ARE HIGH. APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 9 A. M. TO 9 P. M., SATURDAY 9 A. M. TO 6 P. M., U. S. GAS DEFENSE PLANT, JACKSON AV. AND HONEYWELL ST., LONG ISLAND CITY.

GIRLS
AND
WOMEN.

The following positions are offered with prompt advancement by a large magazine publishing house:

COMPLAINT ADJUSTERS,
STENCIL FILERS,
SUBSCRIPTION SUPERVISORS,
WRAPPER SORTERS;
ALSO CLERICAL POSITIONS.

An excellent opportunity for beginners to learn good, profitable business. Apply at once.

McCALL, 236 WEST 37TH.

GIRLS.

LARGE PLANT DOING VERY IMPORTANT WAR WORK, NEEDS GIRLS AT ONCE, AGES 18 TO 40; BEST LIVING CONDITIONS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; GIRLS WHOSE CHARACTERS ARE BEYOND REPROACH. APPLY FOR INTERVIEW.

DU PONT CO.,
244 WEST 23D ST.,
U. S. E. S. PERMIT 44.

GIRLS! GIRLS! GIRLS!

YOUNG LADIES FOR CLERICAL WORK IN OUR AUDITING DEPARTMENT; EXPERIENCED PREFERRED BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; ALSO AUDITING CLERK FOR PART TIME; LIBERAL SALARY TO EXPERIENCED GIRL. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT, ROTHENBERG, 34-42 WEST 14TH ST.

GOVERNMENT WORK.

Several young women required to learn AUTOMATIC TELEGRAPHY and to handle TELEGRAMS by TELEPHONE; short course; $49.50 monthly (payable weekly) while training; $66 immediately on graduation. We also require several office girls; time and one-half for overtime; scheduled increase in both salary and position; two rest reliefs daily; benefits, insurance, &c. Cafeteria serving three meals daily at cost price. Apply in person only, between 9-4, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., near Canal St. and Broadway.

GOVERNESS for 2 girls, 5 and 7. Address 10 Crane Av., White Plains, N. Y. Phone 899 party W.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE, 6 months or more experience; patience exercised with regard to speed; opportunity for advancement for applicant who can spell and write the English language. W 677 Times Downtown.

HOTEL DESK CLERK.—Middle-aged woman; hours 3 P. M. to 12 midnight; wages $20 per week. A 401 Times.

HOUSEWORK, no laundry; 3 adults; plain cooking; good wages; White Plains; good home; require best references; state particulars. C. Riegger, care Good Mfg. Co., 303 East 134th St. Phone Melrose 4060.

HOUSEWORKER, small family, no washing; references; good cook. Shorey, 270 West End Avenue.

IMPORTING firm, wishes young lady for general office work. State education and experience in reply. L 886 Times.

LADIES.—No age limit; a war proposition; every home that flies a service flag will be glad to see you; men's wages for women; we pay commission from $10 to $15 a day, providing you can qualify; no experience necessary. Apply Manager before 10 and after 3, Room 21, 121 West 42d St., New York.

LADY, cultured, ambitious; opportunity to learn good business; position outside New York; advancement for right party. Write Department C, 303 5th Av.

LADY'S MAID wanted; French preferred; must be good sewer and packer; city references required. Call Thursday, between 10 and 12 o'clock, 524 5th Av., 10th floor.

LEDGER CLERK in wholesale silk house; must have experience; chance for advancement; $15 to start; state age, nationality, and references. W 277 Times.

LEDGER CLERK.—Experienced young woman, for permanent position, vicinity Atlantic Av. station, Brooklyn; must write good hand and be well recommended; state age, experience, references and salary wanted. Y 276 Times Annex.

MATRON, experienced, for Jewish institution; salary $20. A 390 Times.

MOTHER'S HELPER for child of 2 years and infant. Call mornings; bring references. 3,657 Broadway, Apartment 8H.

NURSE, graduate, registered, for floor duty; moderate sized hospital; advancement; state age, experience, and salary desired. Box 250, 2121 3d Ave.

NURSE, experienced, colored, for two boys, 2 and 4 years; no housework; good wages; reference. 102 Gates Av., Montclair. Phone 4163 Montclair.

NURSE for entire charge 10 months baby. Call Dewey, 70 West 11th, or phone Chelsea 3407 after 3 P. M.

NURSE, experienced; 4-year-old boy; reference required. Apt. 35, 240 West 102d.

OFFICE ASSISTANT with knowledge of typewriting wanted by large manufacturing concern. Apply at once to 24 Thomas St., export department.

OFFICE GIRL wanted; knowledge of typewriting, filing; reasonable salary. Write Office, 623 8th Ave.

OFFICE WORKER AND TYPIST, preferably one who speaks Italian. Write to B., 221 Grand St.

OPERATORS.
EXPERIENCED OPERATORS ON POWER SEWING MACHINES; THE WORK IS CLEAN AND PLEASANT, AND YOU WILL BE HELPING PROTECT YOUR FRIENDS AND BROTHERS IN FRANCE; SURROUNDINGS ARE MOST DESIRABLE; THE FIREPROOF BUILDINGS ARE NEW AND CLEAN; REST PERIODS ARE PROVIDED AS WELL AS REST AND LUNCH ROOMS; MEDICAL AND DENTAL ATTENTION IS FURNISHED FREE OF CHARGE; BEING A BRANCH OF THE U. S. ARMY, THE LATEST SCIENTIFIC AND SANITARY PREVENTATIVE MEASURES ARE USED AGAINST GRIPPE AND INFLUENZA; YOU ARE SAFER HERE THAN IN YOUR OWN HOME; COME LET US TELL YOU ABOUT IT AT ONCE. THE SALARIES ARE HIGH. APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 9 A. M. TO 9 P. M., SATURDAY 9 A. M. TO 6 P. M., U. S. GAS DEFENSE PLANT, JACKSON AV. AND HONEYWELL ST., LONG ISLAND CITY.

PAYMASTER.
A PROMINENT 5TH AV. STORE
HAS A VACANCY
IN THE PAYMASTER'S OFFICE
FOR AN INTELLIGENT WOMAN.
EXPERIENCE IN GENERAL
PAYROLL WORK.
ADDRESS, STATING QUALIFICATIONS, &C., TO A 395 TIMES.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER.—Rent free for slight services. Telephone Hanover 5949, or call Room 19, 71 Wall St.

RECORD CLERK IN LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; MUST BE QUICK, ACCURATE, AND CAPABLE OF MAKING NEAT FIGURES. ADDRESS IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 568 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESLADY for commercial stationery and office supplies; must be experienced; inside position; good salary; apply after 11 A. M., or by letter, Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

SALESLADY.—Personality; $35 week salary, commission; specialties; excellent opportunity. 1,547 Broadway, 201.

SALESLADIES.—Experience not necessary. Weisbecker, 268-270 West 125th.

SALESWOMEN.

R. H. MACY & CO. have vacancies in the following departments for competent saleswomen, or for women who are able to become competent saleswomen through the aid of our Department of Training:

Women's Neckwear,
Veilings,
Handkerchiefs,
Gloves,
Muslin Underwear,
Infants' Wear,
Negligees,
Stationery,
Bakery,
China,
Housefurnishings,
Lamps and Bric-a-Brac.

Apply at Office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESWOMEN.
Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of Saleswomen for permanent positions in the following departments:
Candies,
Embroideries,
Candy Department,
Favors,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
Handkerchiefs,
Laces,
Leather Goods,
Notions,
Negligees,
Shoes,
Stationery,
Toilet Articles,
Underwear,
Upholsteries.

Also Saleswomen
To Work From
11 to 5,
or
3 Days a Week.

With and without experience; apply any hour of the Day to Superintendent, fourth floor.

SALESWOMEN
WITH EXPERIENCE IN
BOYS' CLOTHING,
LINENS,
SHOES,
LADIES' NECKWEAR,
CHINA AND GLASSWARE
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

SALESWOMEN,
HENRY BESSE,
399 SIXTH AV., 24TH-25TH STS.
HAS VACANCIES IN THE
ART EMBROIDERY,
HOSIERY AND KNIT UNDERWEAR
DEPARTMENTS.

SAMPLE HANDS, experienced, on handmade flowers; exceptional opportunity. Leo Richt, 24 East 21st.

SKETCHER and able to assist designer on tailored dresses for Chicago manufacturers; high-grade merchandise; splendid opportunity; frequent trips to New York. A 355 Times.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42ND STREET.
REQUIRE COMPETENT CASHIERS. GOOD SALARIES. APPLY AFTER 9. A. M. EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE, 43RD STREET, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE, OR BY LETTER.

STENCIL CUTTERS.

Experienced cutters; easily earn from $18-$22 per week. 9th floor, Pictorial Review Bldg., 216 West 39th.

STENOGRAPHER,
EXPERIENCED WORKER,
FOR PERMANENT POSITION;
TO BEGIN AT ONCE;
$18 TO START.
A 414 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educated, quick, accurate, with initiative and good business judgment; capable of conducting correspondence without dictation when familiar with business; knowledge of bookkeeping advantageous; moderate salary, with advancement according to ability. Address, stating qualifications, W. M. F. A., Inc., 200 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT.— One who will work Sunday all day instead Saturday; manufacturing office shirt house; only those who can follow up details and willing to make study of office system need apply; good opportunity for one who can make good; state age, experience, reference, salary. A 413 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.
Bright, competent young lady, congenial surroundings; fine permanent position; good opportunity for advancement; write, stating age, experience, and salary desired; Christian firm. Langdon, 82 Brown Place, Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER and Bookkeeper.—Preferably experienced in credits and collections; must be quick, accurate, and have good business judgment; moderate salary, with advancement proportionate to ability. Address, stating qualifications, W. M. F. A., Inc., 200 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, young lady; must be accurate in spelling, understand assisting in figuring; must have two years' experience; wages $12 to start; chance of advancement; steady position in Brooklyn wholesale house; answer by letter, Frank Walker, 610 Broadway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER who has executive ability and is willing to do some dictaphone work, to take charge of dictaphone department; good opportunity for one who has the right ability and disposition; state age, experience in detail and salary expected. A 389 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, for public accountant; Christian firm; only those experienced in statements and reports considered; $60 monthly and permanent position to one proving satisfactory. Accountant, S 442 Times Downtown.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER.—We require the services of a high-class stenographer, one who has had years of experience in assisting a very busy man; state all your qualifications and what you have done that makes you think you can fill the position; also state references. Apply by letter. Hudson Products Co., 19 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER IN OFFICE OF WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED IN APPLICATIONS; OPPORTUNITY FOR COMPETENT AND RELIABLE OPERATOR. T. S., A 394 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.
Large corporation has excellent opportunity for young lady who has fundamentals for speedy typist and is quick to grasp our methods; permanent position. Yu Ess Mfg. Corp., 200 5th Av., Suite 340-348.

STENOGRAPHER.
EXPERIENCED ELDERLY PERSON PREFERRED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY TO
PURCHASING AGENT, 115 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, accurate, well educated; hours, 9 to 5; permanent position to intelligent, willing girl; state age, previous experience, and salary expected. A 354 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant; knowledge of bookkeeping would help; must be good writer and understand filing; state age and salary expected. A 402 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, fully experienced, competent and reliable, able to take dictation and transcribe rapidly, needed at once in export office. Apply after 10 A. M., room 809, 26 Cortland St.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; position permanent; advancement; salary $18 to start. Apply after 10, room 5003, 1 Madison Ave.

STENOGRAPHER. — Underwood machine; shirt house; close Saturdays, open Sunday; state age, salary, and experience; references. A 412 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, experienced; law work; 25 to 45; $15. Address, with full particulars, age, reference, experience, S 449 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Spanish-English; experienced; good opportunity. Call or write Pictorial Review Co., Spanish Dept., 216 West 39th.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; desirable position for one competent and experienced; salary $15. X-Ray Reflector Co., 31 West 46th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two; little experience; high school education, salary $15 to $16; Christian firm; good opportunity. A 588 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Excellent opportunity for intelligent young lady familiar with filing and office detail. A 404 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER
who can operate switchboard; good pay; machinery house. H. W. Cotton, Inc., 34th-35th Sts., Bush Terminal, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, and answer telephone; hours 9:30 to 4:30; work light; salary $10 to $12, according to references. Call 128 Broadway, room 1209, after 4:30.

STENOGRAPHER, for engineering office, downtown; state experience and salary wanted. K 756 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST wanted; experienced; good salary; steady position. Call Unique Slide Co., 717 7th Av., City.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, experienced and competent; permanent position, with good chance of advancement. Box 6, Station C.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in office of prominent casualty company for special work. K 764 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted by export house; salary $15 to $18. S 419 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER; one with some experience preferred. Room 616, 100 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER. — OLIVER OPERATOR; PERMANENT POSITION. E. S., 117 TIMES.

STOCK GIRLS.—Two required; high-class gown shop. Apply Sheridan, 386 5th Av.

SUBSCRIPTION CLERK to take charge of records of trade paper; must have circulation experience and be able to use typewriter; salary $20. W 263 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT OF NURSES, moderate sized hospital; state age, experience, and salary expected. T. L., 110 Times Harlem.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Young lady, experienced and willing; chance for advancement. Apply, with written application, stating full particulars, George B. Herzig, 41 West 29th St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, experienced, refined, writing good hand. Apply in person, 2 to 4 o'clock, George W. Welsh's Sons, 213 Broadway, N. Y. City.

SWITCHBOARD TELEPHONE OPERATOR, steady position; must be competent; state age, experience, salary desired. Y 287 Times Annex.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Call or apply, stating experience, salary expected, &c., William Vogel & Bros., 37 South 9th St., Brooklyn.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR; steady position; good salary to start and splendid opportunity for advancement. Apply John Thompson Press Co., Nott and East Avs., Long Island City.

TYPIST, $18.
One familiar with business phonograph; hours, 9-6; Saturday, 9-1; steady. Write or call after 9 A. M. Metal Stamping Co., 12th St. and East Av., L. I. City. Take Queensboro tube and get off at 11th St., or 59th St. Bridge, and get off at Vernon Av.; 7 minutes from N. Y.

TYPISTS, YOUNG LADIES,
15 to 21, in large mail order house; steady position; quick advancement; good opportunity for beginners.
BELLAS HESS & CO.,
95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Avenue L.

TYPIST AND STENOGRAPHER.—One experienced on reports and general office correspondence; Oliver machine; pleasant office, congenial surroundings; luncheon free. Apply to Ward Baking Co., Southern Boulevard and 143d St., local office.

TYPIST, to write stencil in mailing department of large 5th Av. publishing house; hours 8:30 to 4:30; Saturday, 12:30; church references required. Leslie Judge Publishing Co., 225 5th Av.

TYPIST.
Experienced elderly person preferred; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply by letter only to
PURCHASING AGENT, 115 TIMES.

TYPIST wanted; must be ambitious, neat, and not afraid of work; short hours, one-half day Saturday; good salary; permanent. Mr. Davenport, 289 West 39th St., city.

TYPIST.—Underwood operator, rapid and accurate; girl about 17 years old to copy bills and letters; permanent. Apply B. B. Davis & Co., 250 Hudson St.

TYYPIST, in office of Christian firm, must be accurate at figures. Call, with letter of application in own handwriting, 54 Malden Lane, Room 610, after 9 A. M.

TYPIST
to work on factory orders and miscellaneous typewriting; good, permanent position. 83 North 10th St., Brooklyn.

TYPISTS, PIECE WORK; EXPERIENCED OPERATORS EARN $15 TO $20 WEEKLY. APPLY 9 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

TYPIST, 18 or over; beginner accepted; permanent position. Apply Mr. Thompson, 346 Broadway, third floor front.

WOMAN, competent and experienced for general housework in an apartment; must be good cook; no laundry work required; good wages and a good home. Apply Thursday, between 12 and 10 o'clock, Tompkins, 55 Central Park West.

WOMAN to take care of year old baby. From 8 to 6 o'clock. References required. Apply to Mrs. Greenleaf, 103 East 16th St., between 10 and 2 o'clock.

WOMAN.—Intelligent woman to take charge of milk station. Nathan Straus Milk Laboratory, 348 East 32d St.

WOMEN CHEMISTS WANTED.

Large organization entirely occupied with war work desires to secure the services of several graduate women chemists; works are pleasantly located and work is agreeable; applicants are requested to write regarding experience and qualifications to D. G. Roos, 2 Main St., Bridgeport, Conn.

WOMEN of refinement and culture to sell a high-grade writing and fountain pen ink, now being used by some of New York's largest firms; territory New York and surrounding towns; salary and bonus basis; call between 2 and 4 P. M. Thorp & Martin Typewriter Co., 15 Maiden Lane.

WOMEN wanted, several, who have had electrical experience, to sell and install an electrical household necessity; salary and commission. Address with full particulars as to experience. A 396 Times.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, Mother's Helper, for one adult and baby, 8 months old, no laundry, no heavy work; excellent home for desirable person; best reference asked for; high wages. Phone Richmond Hill 2757, Thursday evening, between 7 and 8 o'clock.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined woman in household where good service is appreciated and well paid; pleasant living and working conditions; suburb, 15 minutes out on L. I.. Apply 235 West End Av., near 71st, between 2 and 4. Phone Col. 4252.

YOUNG LADY of attractive presence, must be good-looking, wanted by well-known corporation for demonstration work in connection with commercial exhibit in New York City for week October 21-26, inclusive; good salary; supper paid. Call 310 Broadway, N. Y. C., 4th floor, Thursday and Friday, 10-11 A. M., or 2-3 P. M.

YOUNG LADIES.—THERE IS AN OPPORTUNITY FOR YOUNG WOMEN WITH PLEASANT VOICES IN BUSY NEWSPAPER OFFICE, TO SOLICIT AND TAKE ADVERTISEMENTS OVER TELEPHONE; THOSE WITH EXPERIENCE GIVEN SPECIAL CONSIDERATION; SALARY AND COMMISSION. ROOM 457, 47 WEST 34TH.

YOUNG LADIES seeking a permanent position, offering exceptional opportunities, required by a large casualty insurance company; those with a knowledge of bookkeeping and graduates of high school preferred; salary $12-$15 per week, according to assignment; state age, education, and business experience. P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

YOUNG LADIES, 21-30,
FOR CLERICAL WORK.
EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY.
CALL 9 TO 11 A. M.
JULIUS KAYSER & CO.,
232 TAAFFE PLACE, BROOKLYN.

YOUNG LADY, ABOUT 16 YEARS OLD, TO DO LIGHT OFFICE WORK; SALARY $8; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. MANHATTAN STORAGE, LEXINGTON AV. AND 42D ST.

YOUNG WOMAN with domestic science training or practical experience in lunch room work; should be graduate of high school. Permanent position and opportunity for advancement. Apply S 443 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, high school or college graduate preferred, in compensation claim division of casualty insurance company; good opportunity for bright, intelligent, energetic woman with good command of English. K 765 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY in Government department of wholesale paint house; must have good education and write fair hand; salary to start, $12 weekly; opportunity to advance. Address C. D. P., P. O. Box 480, City H

## HELP WANTED—Male.

WRIGHT-MARTIN. WRIGHT-MARTIN.

DEMONSTRATORS
AND JOB SETTERS
for the following machines:
ACME,
FOX LATHE,
GISHOLT
GRIDLEY'S,
CRANKSHAFT GRINDING,
EXPERT GRINDER HANDS,
TOOL GRINDERS,
GAUGE GRINDERS,
CRANKSHAFT,
TOOL INSPECTORS,
SKAPER HANDS,
W. & S. SET UP MEN.

Employment Department—Open until 6:30 P. M. and Sundays 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.

WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
BORDEN AND STARR AVS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

Take Queensboro Subway from Grand Central Station or Greenpoint cars to Calvary Cemetery car.

Or apply at
U. S. EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
22 EAST 22D, NEW YORK CITY;
171 HUNTER AV., BRIDGE PLAZA,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
673 MANHATTAN AV.,
GREENPOINT, BROOKLYN.

WRIGHT-MARTIN. WRIGHT-MARTIN.

(License filed U. S. E. S. Permit No. 77.)

DRAFTSMEN.
FIRST-CLASS DETAILERS
AND CHECKERS FOR
AIRPLANE ENGINEERING DEPT.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT DEPT.,
STANDARD
AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Brunswick Av.,
ELIZABETH, N. J.
Take South Broad St. or Aldene car or bus from railroad station to Brunswick Av.

DRAFTSMAN,
FIRST CLASS MECHANICAL, EXPERIENCED ON TOOLS AND MACHINE TOOLS FOR U. S. GOVERNMENT WORK; GIVE FULL DETAILS, STATING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. G. D., 226 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAFTSMEN.—Two or three mechanical draftsmen familiar with piping drawings, for general layout and detail work. Apply by letter or in person to Mr. Brice, 16th floor, 440 Fourth Avenue.

DRAFTSMAN who can lay out reinforced concrete work, forms, &c. Apply Room 1205, 280 Madison Av.

DRIVERS
for gas trucks. Those experienced in handling furniture preferred.
Also
HELPERS
for furniture trucks.
Apply Gimbel Brothers' Warehouse,
251 West 17th Street.
"LICENSED BY U. S. E. S.,
PERMIT 108."

DRIVER for retail bakery wagon. H. B. Chapman, 1295 West 10th St.

DRY GOODS EXPORT BUYER; good knowledge of Worth Street products; Eastern export business knowledge preferred; high class; state nationality, positions held, salary desired. S 416 Times Downtown.

DRUG CLERK, registered; good paying position for one who can sell merchandise in first-class drug store. James, 247 W. 46th St.

EFFICIENCY ENGINEER.—Experienced in office organization development, efficiency, layouts, &c.; must be a high-grade man; good salary to right party; give full particulars, when available, salary expected. K 768 Times Downtown.

ELEVATOR OPERATORS, experienced on Otis cars; position permanent. Apply head porter, Pictorial Review Co., 216 West 39th St. Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 142.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR for apartment house; wages $50. Apply 9 A. M., 570 West 189th St.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER for large steel shipyard; must be experienced in managing employment departments of large corporations; must know how to employ, handle, and read men, and must be a first-class executive, able to obtain and hold the best of skilled labor in narrow labor market; shipyard experience preferred; applicant should state fully his history, with references, stating salary now receiving and expected. Address Y 248 Times Annex.

ENGINEERS
for night work.
E. W. BLISS & CO.,
76 54th St., Brooklyn.

ENGINEER wanted. Apply Woodhaven Water Supply Co., 4026 Fulton St., Woodhaven, L. I.

ESSENTIAL INDUSTRY.

DRAFTSMAN WANTED.
MISCELLANEOUS LIGHT STRUCTURAL WORK.

IRVING IRON WORKS COMPANY,
3D AND CREEK STS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
Take Queensboro subway to Hunterspoint Ave.; 2 blocks east.
Licensed U. S. E. S. Permit No. 293.

ENTRY CLERK.—Man, experienced entering charges from caller. K 740 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK.
Experienced, take charges from call, notions and fancy goods. C. C., 317 Times Downtown.

EXPORT TRAFFIC MAN, with some experience, by large manufacturing corporation; write, stating countries experienced in handling shipments to, age, and salary expected; good opportunity for right man. W 264 Times.

EXPORT MANAGER wanted, preferably one experienced converting, buying, and selling cotton piece goods, and able to correspond in Spanish. Address by letter only, stating reference and salary required, Friedman & Krieger, 225 5th Av.

EXPORT MAN. American-Spanish correspondent, experience in handling export orders and shipping. Apply, with written application, stating full experience, age and salary wanted, George B. Herzig Co., 41 W. 29th St.

FIREMAN wanted. Apply Woodhaven Water Supply Co., 4026 Fulton St., Woodhaven, L. I.

FLOORMAN; hours 7 A. M. to 7 P. M. University Garage, Broadway, 122d St.

FURNITURE FINISHERS.
Apply Gimbel Brothers' Warehouse,
251 West 17th St.
"LICENSED BY U. S. E. S.,
PERMIT 108."

GISHOLT TURRET MACHINE.
EFFICIENCY EXPERT.
WRIGHT MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Borden and Starr Avs.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
U. S. E. S. Permit No. 77.

GISHOLT TURRET MACHINE.
EFFICIENCY EXPERT.
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Borden and Starr Avs.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
U. S. E. S. Permit No. 77.

GRADUATE or student of medicine or osteopathy or one who has knowledge of physical training wanted; deferred classification; excellent, permanent, salaried position; one who can qualify. Call 50 Broadway, Room 107.

GRINDER HANDS.
TOOL
GAUGE
CRANKSHAFT.
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
BORDEN AND STARR AVS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
U. S. E. S. Permit No. 77.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

GRIDLEY SET-UP MAN,
Must be A1.
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Borden and Starr Avs.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
U. S. E. S. Permit No. 77.

GOVERNMENT WAR WORK.
Hand screw machine set up men.
Piemakers.
Tool draftsmen.
Inspectors—Men with technical training; good pay and agreeable working conditions.
BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO.,
16th and Bloomfield Street,
Hoboken, New Jersey.
Two blocks from W. 23d St. Ferry, or take Hudson Tube to Hoboken and a short trolley ride to the factory. United States Employment permit applied for.

HAT SALESMAN.
MUST BE EXPERIENCED.
WALLACH BROS.,
3D AV., COR. 122D ST.

INGERSOLL-RAND
MILLING MACHINE OPERATOR, A1.
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORPORATION,
Borden and Starr Avs.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

INSTRUCTOR ON GRINDERS.
Must be A1 and thoroughly capable.
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORPORATION,
Borden and Starr Avs.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

JANITOR AND NIGHT WATCHMAN wanted for department store; must have good references; steady position. Seaver Bros., 3d Av. and 52d St., Brooklyn.

JANITOR for 20-family apartment house; wages $25 and 3 basement rooms. Apply 9 A. M., McDowell & McMahon, 1,438 St. Nicholas Av., (182d.)

JANITOR. — Elevator apartment house; wages $75. Apply basement, 9 A. M., 570 West 189th St.

KITCHEN HELP
wanted, four; male only; experienced; $75 per month and keep. Apply Stewart Willey Co., Inc., Claymont, Del., or U. S. Employment Bureau, 22 East 22d St., N. Y.

LABORERS WANTED,
WHITE AND COLORED.
GOVERNMENT CONSTRUCTION,
MAGNOLIA, MD., NEAR BALTIMORE, MD.; BEST ACCOMMODATIONS; SHIPMENTS DAILY.
APPLY U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, 22 EAST 22D ST., 240 WEST 23D ST., 211 BOWERY, 310 JAY ST., BROOKLYN, CENTRAL CONSTRUCTION CORP.
(Bring this ad.)

MACHINISTS, A1.
LATHE HANDS,
TOOLMAKERS,
TUBING WORKERS.
PIPE FITTERS
wanted at once.
GOVERNMENT WORK.
NEW PLANT, NEW MACHINERY.
Must be citizens.
Apply or write
Employment Dept.,
CURTISS ENGINEERING CORP.,
GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

MACHINIST.—Experienced, all-around mechanic, to combine machine shopwork repairs, &c., with general supervision in manufacturing concern in Brooklyn E. D.; unusual opportunity for development; also Government work. Reply, with full particulars and salary desired, Manufacturer, Box 7, 208 Broadway, Brooklyn.

MACHINE EFFICIENCY EXPERT.
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Borden and Starr Avs.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
U. S. E. S. Permit No. 77.

MACHINE INSPECTOR,
Must be A1.
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Borden and Starr Aves.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
U. S. E. S. Permit No. 99.

MACHINIST, bright, ambitious, familiar with sewing machine repairs; will be instructed in men's textile line as superintendent; state salary expected and references; exceptional chance. A 409 Times Downtown.

MAN WANTED.
EXPERIENCED AND ENERGETIC MAN FOR POSITION OF FOREMAN OF ERECTION OF STEEL ON LARGE STEAMERS BUILDING FOR THE U. S. SHIPPING BOARD.
PREFERENCE GIVEN TO MAN WHOSE EXPERIENCE HAS BEEN ERECTING STRUCTURAL WORK OF LARGE BRIDGES, BUILDINGS, ETC.
THE SHIPYARD IS WELL EQUIPPED WITH LATEST ELECTRIC AND STEAM CRANES. ONLY FIRST CLASS MEN WITH BEST OF REFERENCES NEED APPLY.
Y 216 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN, high grade, of 23 to 28 years of age, is wanted by a prominent merchant house to learn and act as an assistant in important organization work. (Essential war industry which will remain essential after war). This is a splendid opportunity for a young man who is intelligent, quick to learn and ambitious; must be at least a high school graduate; married, with family; used to office systems, and prepared for hard work; salary $1,400 to $1,800 to start, according to experience; must be prepared to move to another city eventually. K 750 Times Downtown.

MAN with salesmanship ability, capable of promoting war work and special classes, to act as assistant educational director, college man preferred; attractive opening for a life work; opportunity for a man with "pep," personality and character who wishes to make his life count with one of the greatest movements for young men today. Apply Educational Director, West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th St. Phone Columbus 7920.

MAN, NOT OVER 38, TO ASSIST IN TAKING CHARGE OF LARGE CLOTH HAT AND CAP PLANT; ONLY EXPERIENCED MAN IN THIS LINE WILL BE CONSIDERED; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, G. G., 220 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MAN to watch sampling and weighing ores; give full particulars and experience. Address R 340 Times.

MAN, middle-aged, to run errands, $10; permanent. Apply Neal & Brinker Co., 81 White St.

MAN, MARRIED, FOR RESIDENT BUYER'S OFFICE; MUST BE GOOD DETAIL MAN. S. R., 121 TIMES.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

MAN
With Christian firm, for factory work; age about 40 years; good wages. Longman & Martinez, North 9th and Roebling Sts., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge Plaza.

MAN, STRONG, FOR ALL AROUND WORK IN STORE; SALARY $18. APPLY 122 CHAMBERS ST.

MAN.—Shipping department, man make himself useful; wholesale jobbing house. H 763 Times Downtown.

MAN FAMILIAR WITH SHIP HARDWARE BUSINESS. APPLY 122 CHAMBERS ST.

MAN wanted to run elevator; $15 per week. Superintendent, 56 Warren St.

MEN WANTED
FOR HOG ISLAND.
200 FIPEFITTERS, FIRST AND SECOND CLASS. APPLY AT THE BUREAU OF THE U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE NEAREST YOUR HOME:
79 Centre St., 126 Clinton St., 436 East 14th St., 953 3d Av., 1,285 Lexington Av., 1,788 Lexington Av., 519 Hudson St., 240 West 23d St., 112 West 46th St., 281 Lenox Av., 2,375 7th Av., 58 Cooper Square, 211 Bowery, 142 Bowery, 383 East 149th St., 575 Tremont Av., 2,537 Decatur Av., 310 Jay St., Brooklyn; 715 Flatbush Av., 2,463 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, 5,123 3d Av., Brooklyn, 927 Broadway, Brooklyn, 244 Broadway, Brooklyn; 673 Manhattan Av., Greenpoint; 171 Hunter Av., Long Island City, and 9 Union Av., Mariners Harbor, S. I.

MEN.—Several men wanted between the ages of 45 and 55, clean cut, good physical make-up, for outside night patrol work; salary to start, $18 per week. Call during business hours. J. W. Gannon, Room 707, 25 Church St.

MESSENGER BOYS
wanted by large uptown bank; apply before 10 A. M., 2 East 44th St.

MILLWRIGHTS.
FIRST-CLASS MEN; PERMANENT POSITIONS; GOVERNMENT WORK. APPLY OR WRITE CURTISS ENGINEERING CORP., GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

MOTOR TRUCK SALESMAN wanted.—Factory branch has opening for high grade wholesale man to travel New England; only those who can prove their ability to build big business through dealers and distributors will be considered; must have clean record and very highest references; salary, commission, and expenses. Address Y 253 Times Annex.

OFFICE AND MAIL CLERK, young man with some experience in handling incoming and outgoing mail; preferably high school graduate; permanent position and excellent opportunity to advance rapidly. The Sheppard Co., corner Hudson and Spring Sts.

OFFICE ASSISTANT with college education; executive ability necessary; excellent opportunity for advancement to right party; give references and details in full. A 597 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT with knowledge of typewriting wanted by large manufacturing concern. Apply at once to 24 Thomas St., export department.

OFFICE BOY.—MERCANTILE HOUSE; EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. C. D., 111 TIMES.

OFFICE BOY, about 17 years old; call at once; good references required. French Pictorial Service, Room 502, 729 7th Ave.

OFFICE BOY, energetic, willing; chance for advancement. B. E. Mfg. Co., 18 West 18th St.

OFFICE BOY.—Good chance for advancement. Surface Commission Co., 366 Gerard Av., Bronx.

OFFICE BOY, 15-17 years of age, in downtown Christian commercial house, S 445 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, for export house. Apply office manager, Room 126, 17 Battery Place.

OFFICE BOY wanted; $12 per week. Apply 195 William St.

OFFICE BOY wanted, advertising office; $10. Paul Block, Inc., 250 5th Av.

OFFICE BOY wanted, busy law office. Apply 128 Broadway, Room 1404.

OILERS WANTED.
E. W. BLISS & CO.,
76 54TH ST., BROOKLYN.

ORDER CLERK for manufacturing establishment; must be experienced in entering and billing and accustomed to detailed work; also be good typist. Write, stating qualifications, salary, &c., GG 199 Times.

PACKER.—Experienced man, pack holiday glassware; state age. H 762 Times Downtown.

PEANUT BUTTER.
Fine opportunity for foreman who understands roasters, blanchers and mills; must be experienced and capable, as position is steady and first class; state age, experience, draft status, nationality, &c. Address "T.," Box 229 New York City.

PIPE FITTERS.
E. W. BLISS & CO.,
76-54TH ST., BROOKLYN.

PORTER FOR GARAGE, DAY WORK.
APPLY AT GIMBEL BROTHERS' GARAGE,
513 W. 24TH ST.,
NEW YORK CITY.
"Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit 108."

PORTERS wanted for bagging mail; good pay, steady work. Apply 9th floor, Hill Building, 475 10th Av.

PROOFPRESS BOY in large printing office; good chance for advancement; steady work. Apply 8th floor, Hill Building, 475 10th Av.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT and bookkeeper by essential war industry; state experience, reference, and salary expected. Box 63, 1,515 3d Av.

RADIO OPERATOR wanted, licensed, as instructor in wireless telegraphy school; must know Continental Code; good opportunity for progressive person. Eagle Aviation School, 110 West 42d St.

RIVETERS
WANTED, SHIP, ACCUSTOMED TO PLUSH RIVETS; HIGHEST WAGES PAID; STEADY WORK; IF NOW ON GOVERNMENT WORK, DO NOT APPLY. CALL 9 TO 1 TODAY, 115 BROADWAY, 10TH FLOOR. ASK FOR MR. HALFMANN.

SALESMEN.—To men who are progressive and ambitious, and who are confident they can present and close a proposition that is very attractive to those called upon, I can offer positions that will pay them from $60 to $100 per week selling toilet articles; experience in calling on retail druggists would be an asset, but not essential; this opportunity is for live wires who desire to make big money quick; your age has nothing to do with it if you have the pep; commission basis. Call mornings. Hamlin, P. S. Laboratories, Inc., 241 West 23d St., N. Y. C.

SALESMEN.
FREDERICK LOESER & CO.,
BROOKLYN, REQUIRE A NUMBER OF SALESMEN FOR PERMANENT POSITIONS IN
LINENS,
MEN'S FURNISHINGS,
UPHOLSTERIES,
VELVETS.
Apply any hour of the day to Superintendent, fourth floor.

SALESMAN.—Two or three salesmen to take charge of established metropolitan and out-of-town territories; men with experience in office routine and double-entry bookkeeping can use this knowledge to good advantage; six weeks' training course out of town, during which time salary is paid; reply, giving experience, stating if draft exempt. S 444 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — HIGH-GRADE SPECIALTY MAN TO SELL ARMLEDER MOTOR TRUCKS; CAN MAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES; MUST HAVE GOOD PAST RECORD; POSITION WILL PAY $8,000 TO $10,000 YEARLY; COMMISSION BASIS. SEE SALES MANAGER, BROADWAY MOTOR TRUCK CO., 23 WEST 62D ST.

SALESMAN.—I will show you how to make easy money; tuition free; it takes a few hours and then you can make good; I will help you; we pay commission from $10 to $15 a day, providing you can qualify; no experience necessary. Apply Manager before 10 and after 3, Room 21, 121 West 42d St., New York.

SALESMAN.—Opportunity for high-class specialty salesman; successful life insurance representative could produce big results; liberal commission arrangement. Apply John J. Horan, Room 404, Union Building, Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN, about 25 to 28 years of age, bright and energetic, familiar with selling cotton goods to jobbers; best references; state salary; permanent position. A 598 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for well-known line silk underwear; city and vicinity; those with long experience and thorough acquaintance with the better trade considered; salary. A 305 Times.

SALESMAN for brand new novelty, selling to jobbers and manufacturers; exclusive territory, with full commission to high-class man. Apply 12th floor, 106 7th Av.

SALESMEN wanted to sell used burlap bags on a commission basis; one for the city and one for out of town. 302 Times, 3 Rector St.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN—CORSETS;
one who has handled department store trade for New York City and vicinity to connect with one of the most progressive houses making popular and high-grade corsets; real opportunity for right party; state experience, drawing and commission. R. S., 245 Times Downtown.

SHOE SALESMEN wanted, thoroughly experienced, for high grade shoe store. A 573 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK for retail furniture store in nearby city; must be experienced in all branches in this department; excellent salary and steady position. Apply Thursday or Friday morning from 9 A. M. to 12 noon, Room 1131, Knickerbocker Building, 116 West 39th St.

SHIPPING CLERK, familiar with railroad and export shipping; otherwise not interested; must have at least three years' experience. Call Henry C. Kenney Co., 35 Worth St. Ask for Mr. Lane.

SHIPPING CLERK ASSISTANT wanted, one with experience in wholesale grocery preferred; state age, particulars, salary required. H 781 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK,
draft exempt; experienced loading and routing trucks; not afraid of hard work; write, stating experience, salary, &c. A. D., 220 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, with experience in bakers' supply or wholesale grocery; give references, age and salary expected. H 782 Times Downtown.

SHIPPER wanted by Christian firm; must be strong and write plain hand; permanent position with advancement. Apply American Pulley Co., 33 Greene St.

SHIPPING CLERK and packer, experienced in the hosiery line. United Hosiery Co., 140 4th Av.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Man, experienced as assistant wholesale mercantile house. H 785 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK'S ASSISTANT wanted; good chance for advancement; essential war industry. 407 West St.

SHOE BUYER for bargain basement, in medium-size department store in Troy, N. Y.; one who knows the market thoroughly; state where last employed and salary wanted. Address "Buyer," Room 2502, 110 West 40th.

SOLICITORS wanted who have had electrical experience, to sell and install an electrical household necessity; salary and commission. Address with particulars as to experience, A 307 Times.

SOLICITOR.—Drawing account and commission. Call Thursday, 10 A. M., International Audit Co., 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER
FOR SOUTH AMERICA.
Expert stenographer wanted by American Bank in South America; good climate, excellent prospects; Spanish not essential; send full particulars, giving nationality of birth, education, references, minimum salary expected. H 775 Times Downtown.

STOCK RECORDS.
Good opportunity now offered a young man who has had experience in keeping stock records and following up purchases and shipments; position is at headquarters of large grocery concern, and duties will eventually be of a supervising nature; state age, experience, draft status, nationality. Address S., P. O. Box 290, New York City.

STOCK CLERK. — EXPERIENCED IN SHIPPING; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR WILLING WORKER. APPLY, STATING MINIMUM SALARY EXPECTED, MANUFACTURER, P. O. BOX 8, STATION P, BROOKLYN.

STOCK CLERK, large retail stationery, commercial, office supply store; must be experienced; permanent position; good salary. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

STOCK CLERK.—Youth, learn wholesale line; good opportunity beginners. H 766 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK, experienced, for large manufacturing concern. Weser Bros., Inc., 524 West 43d St.

STOCKKEEPERS FOR CHINA
AND GLASSWARE.
Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require experienced Stockkeepers for their China and Glassware departments. Apply any hour of the day to Superintendent, fourth floor.

STOCK SALESMEN WANTED.
Wanted several high-class stock salesmen between 24 and 30, draft exempt, to sell dividend-paying stock over telephone; salary, commission and bonus to right men; present men earning up to $150 weekly; must come well recommended; call all week, 24 Stone St., Room 804, Mr. Nettler.

TEACHER OF STENOGRAPHY, male or female, with some executive ability and experience, wanted for evening school open all year; mention phone address. W 261 Times.

TECHNICAL TRANSLATOR, GERMAN, ENGLISH, IMMEDIATELY; GOOD WAGES, STEADY. R 892 TIMES.

THE U. S. GOVERNMENT
Has Immediate
Need for Men
to Work in
War Material
Plants.
Carpenters, Steamfitters, Laborers,
Ammunition Workers, Machinists,
Construction Workers, Coal Handlers, Tinsmiths, Plumbers, &c.
Hundreds of Girls
Also Wanted.
Apply today at any office
of the
U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
East Side—22 East 22d St., 79 Centre St., 126 Clinton St., 436 East 14th St., 57th St. and 3d Av., 86th St. and Lexington Av., 111th St. and Lexington Av.
West Side—519 Hudson St., 240 West 23d St., 112 West 46th St., 124th St. and Lenox Av., 139th St. and 7th Av.
Bowery—58 Cooper Square, 211 Bowery, 142 Bowery.
Bronx—383 East 149th St., 575 Tremont Av., 2537 Decatur Av.
Brooklyn—310 Jay St., 715 Flatbush Av., 2,463 Atlantic Av., 524 St. and 3d Av., 927 Broadway, 244 Broadway.
Long Island City—171 Hunter Av.
Greenpoint—673 Manhattan Av.
Staten Island—9 Union Av., Mariner's Harbor.

TOOL GAUGE
and
DIE MAKERS.
First-class men on jig fixtures and gauge work.
MACHINISTS.
All around on tool work.
INSTRUMENT MAKERS AND MACHINISTS ON ASSEMBLING; OPERATORS ON MILLING MACHINES, PROFILE MACHINES, UNIVERSAL MILLING MACHINES, SHAPER, PLANER AND DRILL PRESS; ALSO TOOL CRIB MAN; J. & L. TURRET, ENGINE AND BENCH LATHES; MUST BE AMERICAN CITIZENS; 48-HOUR WEEK; COME WITH TOOLS READY FOR WORK; IF YOU ARE ON GOVERNMENT WORK STAY WHERE YOU ARE.
SLOCUM, AVRAM & SLOCUM
LABORATORIES, INC.,
120 PACIFIC ST., NEWARK, N. J.
BERGEN AND IRON BOUND CAR PASSES OUR DOOR.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

TOOLMAKER.
First-class man with a good record, experienced on small tools and power press work, can have a good steady job; he must be willing, sober, and not a floater. Apply, giving salary desired, full particulars, to Box 70, Bloomfield.

TOOLMAKERS
FOR GOVERNMENT WORK.
APPLY
H. W. COTTON, INC.,
34-35TH STS., BROOKLYN,
BUSH TERMINAL BLDG. NO. 4.

TOOL INSPECTORS.
MUST BE FIRST CLASS.
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Borden and Starr Avs.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 77.

TRAFFIC MANAGER.—Must understand domestic and foreign traffic thoroughly and possess executive ability; state full particulars as to age, experience, and salary desired. T. M., 330 Times Harlem.

TYPIST wanted by prominent merchant house; must be quick and accurate operator and have had at least one year of business experience; salary to start $14 per week; advancement if satisfactory; this is a war essential industry which will not be affected by the ending of war. H 792 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS; PIECE WORK; PERMANENT. CALL 9 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

USHERS AND PAGE BOYS, 16-18 years; neat appearing only. Call between 12-3 P. M., Mr. Schwartz, Rivoli Theatre.

WANTED
FOR HOG ISLAND.
200 PIPE FITTERS,
FIRST AND SECOND CLASS.
APPLY TO MR. MARTINET,
22 EAST 22D ST., OR
at the Bureau of the United States Employment Service nearest your home.
79 Centre St.,
126 Clinton St.,
436 East 14th St.,
953 3d Av.,
1,285 Lexington Av.,
1,788 Lexington Av.,
519 Hudson St.,
240 West 23d St.,
112 West 46th St.,
281 Lenox Av.,
2,375 7th Av.,
58 Cooper Square,
211 Bowery,
142 Bowery,
383 East 149th St.,
575 Tremont Av.,
2,537 Decatur St.,
310 Jay St., Brooklyn,
715 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn,
2,463 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn,
5,123 3d Av., Brooklyn,
927 Broadway, Brooklyn,
244 Broadway, Brooklyn,
673 Manhattan Av., Greenpoint,
171 Hunter Av., Long Island City,
9 Union Av., Marine's Harbor, S. I.

WANTED,
TRAINMEN
AND
STATION MEN,
AGES 21 to 55,
SUBWAY and ELEVATED DIVISIONS,
INTERBOROUGH
RAPID TRANSIT CO.,
APPLY
9 A. M. to 5 P. M. DAILY,
Except Sunday:
165 Broadway, Room 1283.
22 East 22d St.,
Hall of Records,
149th St. and 3d Av.
124th St. and Lenox Av.
88th St. and Lexington Av.
57th St. and 3d Av.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 62.

WINDOW TRIMMER and Card Writer for department store; excellent, for energetic, live man. Seaver Bros., 3d Av. and 52d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN
TELEPHONE OPERATOR.
A large corporation will train several young men as telephone operators.
EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; age 18 to 21; excellent chance of advancement; salary to start $11; evening hours, 5 to 12 P. M.; permanent. K 630 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN IN CLAIM DEPARTMENT OF MANUFACTURING CONCERN; ONE WHO CAN MAKE ADJUSTMENTS, FILE CLAIMS AGAINST TRANSPORTATION COMPANIES, AND HANDLE CORRESPONDENCE IN CONNECTION THEREWITH; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, DRAFT STATUS, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 567 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN.
Wholesale house requires alert young man with high school education to act as claim correspondent; must be quick, energetic worker, capable of writing correct letter. Call, 153 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN IN ORDER DEPARTMENT OF MANUFACTURING CONCERN TO SUPERVISE GENERAL DETAIL WORK, HANDLE WAREHOUSE ACCOUNTS AND CORRESPONDENCE; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, DRAFT STATUS, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 589 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN.—If you are looking for a dignified future and an opportunity to learn the banking business in a growing bank and willing to start at a moderate salary where advancements are made from the ranks, address Box 91, 2,121 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN.—Corporation wants young man for filing and clerical work; no experience necessary; salary to start $10. Apply by letter to S. R. S. W.-Louis Liggett Co., 151 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN wanted in bank; must be accurate at figures; good opportunity for advancement; experience desirable, but not essential; state age, references, and wages wanted. K 775 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for old-established concern to assist in cost department; excellent opportunity for one seeking steady employment and advancement; experienced preferred. L 380 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, for clerical work; large meat packing house; accurate and fast at figures; fine chance for advancement; one living downtown preferred. Y 283 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 16 or 17 years of age, in proofreading dept. weekly newspaper; no previous experience necessary; but must be well educated; salary to start $12. H. F., 223 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN with insurance experience in brokers' office to assist in placing; state salary and previous employment. A 574 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, over 16, office work, typewriting; references. Moerleins, 525 West 29th St.

YOUNG MAN wanted in insurance brokerage office; one with experience preferred. Irving M. Blau Co., 180 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18, as shipping clerk. Call 231 Fulton Street.

### Instruction.

EARN $25 to $75 weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture, studio, and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction, day or night; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "P." N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

MEN WANTED to learn a paying professional trade, Mechanical Dentistry. Splendid opportunities for trained men. Practical work all through. Perfectly equipped laboratories. Call or write. West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B, 23 West 45th St., New York.

SHIP DRAFTSMEN.—Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y., offers practical course for draftsmen of limited experience who wish to increase their proficiency. Call at once for interview, Monday, Wednesday, or Thursday evening.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

IF you are ambitious and want to increase your earning capacity quickly, investigate our Home-Study Training. Accepted applicants guaranteed satisfaction. International Accountants Society, 306 B'way, N. Y. City.

MEN wanted to operate moving-picture machines; we teach you free until you are working as an operator; then pay us $15. Operators School, 644 8th Av., (42d.)

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. Send for booklet and paper. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

### Instruction.

MEN.—ADVANCE YOURSELVES NOW. Every available accountant is needed now. You can prepare for desirable positions without interfering with your present employment. No previous knowledge of bookkeeping required. Write for "Bulletin 40," giving details of evening instruction. F. P. Lamphear, 215 West 23d St., N. Y., or C. W. Stowell, 55 Hanson Pl., Brooklyn.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—America is now demanding hundreds of trained men. Good English is an essential. Can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early Evening Classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

MEN.—EARN $25 TO $75 A WEEK. We teach Mechanical Dentistry by actual practice; no book study, short course, day or evening; easy payments; big demand now for our students. Write for free Booklet "C." Bodee Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 W. 44 St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

FRENCH lessons, private or collective, given by French college graduate. K 747 Times Downtown.

### Employment Agencies.

"THE AMERICAN,"
115 BROADWAY, COR. CEDAR ST.
If you are an ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, or CLERICAL worker, we can place you in one of the hundreds of good positions we now have open. The following are a few taken at random from our large lists.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER—Thorough executive and accountant, with systematizing experience; $4,000.

ACCOUNTANT for branch of American export house in India; $4,000 and expenses.

ACCOUNTANT for export house in New York; $2,600.

ACCOUNTANT familiar with handling branch accounts for large corporation; $2,500.

COST ACCOUNTANT, large textile manufacturing concern; $2,500.

TRAVELING AUDITOR for public utility corporation; $2,000 and expenses.

CASHIER for contracting firm; permanent; $2,100 and extras.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, high class college man; $2,400.

ASST. PURCHASING AGENT for Pennsylvania; $1,800.

STATISTICIANS (2) for railroad; $1,800.

LEDGER CLERK, experienced also on payrolls; $1,560.

BOOKKEEPERS, (2,) food products in city; $1,560.

HOTEL CASHIER for New York City; $1,200.

BOOKKEEPERS (5) in various commercial houses; $18-$22.

LEDGER CLERKS, (2,) customers' ledgers, purchase ledger; $20.

STENOGRAPHER OR TYPIST, some railroad or traffic experience; Government work; $1,000 per year.

CLERK — Payroll, newspaper office;

JR. CLERKS, various commercial houses, all of high class; $15-$17.

Middle-aged man, outside messenger; $18.

TECHNICAL DEPT.
CIVIL ENGINEERS (12)—Must know building construction and valuation; $2,500-$3,000.

CIVIL ENGINEERS, JUNIORS (15) on building construction and valuation; $1,500-$1,800.

STEEL BUYER—Must know steel and the steel trade, (tools;) $3,500.

ELECTRO CHEMIST for research work on batteries; $3,000.

INSTRUMENT MEN down South on cantonment work; $2,100.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER out West, understudy to chief engineer; $4,000.

DRAFTSMEN—Electrical, mechanical, and structural; $1,500 to $2,500.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.

PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS
THROUGH SCIENTIFIC
VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.

AUDITOR.
Must be C. P. A., about 40; good executive, aggressive, able to systematize and take full charge of business details of large manufacturing plant out of town. Only highest grade men considered.

AUDITOR.
To fill position with large manufacturing concern near New York; age 40-45; must be a man of unquestioned integrity and highest proven ability in all branches of accounting and auditing; big man's job.

AUDITOR.
Good executive, thorough cost man, perpetual inventory experience, to take full charge of clerical force and accounting department of large manufacturing plant, out of town. Must be high grade.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.
For connections with accounting firm; must have had wide experience and capable of handling large sized audits. First-class man required.

SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS.
Several positions open for good men.

SEMI-SENIORS.
Good positions for five or six competent men.

ACCOUNTANTS.
Two who can speak English for foreign connections of large export firm; one must be capable of taking full charge of accounting department, other as assistant.

CREDIT MAN.
Large bank desires man with experience in bank credits to take charge of department.

JUNIOR CREDIT MAN.
Large bank desires clean-cut young man for credit department.

ELECTRO-CHEMIST.
Either a recent graduate, moderate experience, or expert, will be considered for large corporation near New York.

CASHIER.
Steamship office.

BOOKKEEP

# NATION MUST RAISE NEARLY 3 BILLIONS

## Washington Sees a Gigantic Financial Task, but Relies on Final Efforts.

## McADOO PRAISES THE NAVY

### In New Appeal He Cites Its Liberty Loan Record as an Inspiration to the Country.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The Fourth Liberty Loan still is in peril. The American people, according to a statement issued tonight by Secretary McAdoo, must subscribe nearly a billion dollars a day during the next and last three days of the campaign. Approximately 54 per cent. of the $6,000,000,000 issue, or $3,269,001,500, has been absorbed, according to the Treasury Department official tabulation.

The situation in Washington tonight, reflective of that of Liberty Loan workers throughout the country, despite the disappointing total, is one of determined optimism. No one in authority is attempting to conceal the fact that America faces the most gigantic financial task ever set before a people in all history. Relying upon the victory spirit evinced in every corner of the nation in the recent days of tense diplomatic interchanges, the authorities manifest every confidence that the task will be accomplished.

The confidence which characterizes Treasury officials and Liberty Loan workers is not, however, of the sort which counts upon optimism alone to win the fight. They realize that only the maximum of self-sacrifice and the registering of the last possible purchase will put the loan "over the top." For that reason Secretary McAdoo tonight once more called upon all Americans to do what has become for every man, woman, and child able to perform it nothing more or less than a military duty. In a statement tonight Mr. McAdoo said:

**"Watch the Navy," McAdoo Says.**

In the coming three days the American people must decide whether the Fourth Liberty Loan shall be a success or a failure. It would be fatal to minimize the gravity of the nation's problem. In three days we must raise almost $3,000,000,000.

"The American people should face this stupendous task with the spirit of the American Navy, in honor of which we have just celebrated Navy Day. On land and sea, all over the world, the men of the American Navy do not regard this Liberty Loan merely as a campaign to raise money; they look upon it rather as a battle, and they are plunging into this battle with the spirit of Manila Bay.

"Ready to give all they have and are in line of duty, men of the navy are lending to the limit. They have already subscribed more than $22,000,000 to the Fourth Liberty Loan and they have just begun to fight. Navy men are doubling their subscriptions. Many battleships are reporting every officer and man on board on the honor roll. Not satisfied with going over the top, the navy is redoubling its efforts for a glorious fighting finish. Surely this will be a stimulus to fresh sacrifices by those of us at home, those of us who are being protected by the navy's loyalty and valor. Let every individual American take fresh inspiration from the thrilling record of the navy. Let us answer the challenge of Admiral Fowle, Naval Liberty Loan Officer, by matching the navy. Let us convoy the navy ships into the Kiel Canal with our Liberty Loan dollars. Match the navy!

Today for the first time an increase of $315,000,000 over the totals of the previous twenty-four hours was recorded. This is approximately the average amount which should have been raised daily from the start of the campaign. Daily sales throughout the drive, however, have run much nearer $200,000,000, and thus the American people have given themselves a tremendous handicap which they must surmount in seventy-two hours.

**Nation's Recorded Subscriptions.**

Official figures do not show that any district has yet obtained its quota, although Minneapolis says it is safely over the top. The St. Louis District continues to lead on the face of official returns with subscriptions amounting to about 85 per cent. This is the official summary of the situation by districts:

| District. | Quota. | Subscription. |
|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | $260,000,000 | $221,794,650 |
| Minneapolis | 210,000,000 | 168,215,950 |
| Boston | 500,000,000 | 337,603,950 |
| Dallas | 128,000,000 | 77,380,250 |
| San Francisco | 402,000,000 | 237,678,400 |
| Chicago | 870,000,000 | 500,000,000 |
| Richmond | 280,000,000 | 153,080,200 |
| Kansas City | 260,000,000 | 133,152,400 |
| Cleveland | 600,000,000 | 300,325,700 |
| New York | 1,800,000,000 | 847,520,000 |
| Atlanta | 192,000,000 | 81,319,400 |
| Philadelphia | 500,000,000 | 210,984,400 |
| Total | $6,000,000,000 | $3,269,001,500 |

Navy Day today brought the navy's total subscriptions to the loan well over $22,000,000. When Rear Admiral T. J. Cowie, the navy Liberty Loan officer, called upon Mr. McAdoo today to offer this concrete evidence that the navy "both fights and buys" the officer greeted the Secretary of the Treasury with the now popular slogan, "Match the Navy," and Mr. McAdoo promptly made a $100 subscription.

General H. M. Lord reported today that returns from the army, exclusive of the American Expeditionary Force, showed subscriptions of $30,000,000. From France, from Italy, and from Siberia are to come many millions more from men already on the firing line.

**Army Supports the Loan.**

Captain Robert W. Daniel, assistant Liberty Loan officer for the army, said today that the total army subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty Loan would exceed $45,000,000. This means that the army will buy of this loan double the amount subscribed for the Third Loan. The eagerness of our soldiers to subscribe to the loan has been indicated in a striking manner. The demand by the men in France for Liberties through which to subscribe was met by the branch offices in Paris of the Equitable Trust Company, the Guaranty Trust Company, and the Farmers Loan and Trust Company of New York.

Many interesting incidents in connection with the army subscriptions have been received. A telegram from Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., today said that numbers of interned German prisoners wished to invest in Fourth Liberty bonds if permission was obtained from the Custodian of Alien Funds. This permission was given by A. Mitchell Palmer, the Alien Property Custodian.

Striking methods are being used in the Cleveland Federal Reserve district in the loan campaign. In 120 towns of 35 counties in Ohio and Pennsylvania, last night, modern Paul Revere rides were carried out. Army motor trucks, manned by crews of eight, a captain commanding, made night rides through towns and villages. The trucks were equipped with aerial bombs, electric gongs, and sirens and red fire apparatus. Towns were visited chiefly after midnight and everybody was called out of bed. Mass meetings were held everywhere. Subscriptions for $250,000 were obtained. In Brookline, Penn., the party was mistaken for bank robbers and incarcerated in the village calaboose for three hours. At Georgetown, Ohio, and at Jefferson, Penn., the riders were fired upon.

# *RUSSIA IS RECOVERING, ASSERTS BAKHMETEFF*

## *Ambassador, Speaking at Liberty Altar, Says Her First Sacrifice Was Great Aid to Allies.*

Ambassador Bakhmeteff of Russia and Martin Vogel, Assistant Treasurer of the United States, spoke yesterday at the Altar of Liberty in Madison Square, where Russia Day was celebrated. More than 2,000 persons, some in peasant garb, heard the speakers.

Mr. Bakhmeteff said in part:

"With momentous blows are the valiant armies of the Allies crushing the lines of the Germans in France and Belgium. It is not only the famous strongholds of Hindenburg which are crumbling under the fearless heroism of your boys; it is also the nefarious dream of autocracy, its ambition to enslave the world to the military masters of Germany.

"We are now able to see the dawn of final success of this greatest of all wars, into which, one and fifty months ago, Russia had entered to defend her sister nation, Serbia. The war is a people's war, a war for the vindication of the highest human rights, those of liberty and justice. And if the vindication of these ideals demands sacrifice, it was Russia who, first in the war, had immolated the greatest of her treasures, the lives of many millions of her sons.

"It was this effort of Russia's, during the first days of the war, which allowed our allied forces to gather and to carry on the struggle with unparalleled splendor of vigor and persistence. It was this sacrifice on Russia's part, with deficient arms opposing the most effective military power, which, through unheard of suffering and destitution, led the country to exhaustion and later to collapse.

"This collapse is but temporary. A great country, a great people, can and will not succumb. Voices are reaching us from Russia showing that the country is recovering, and Russians are rallying around the banners of real liberty, endeavoring to join their possible efforts with those of the Allies.

"The whole of Russia's hope lies in the triumph of the allied cause. We have come here to raise our national flag as a pledge of devotion to the great cause, as an emblem of past sacrifices and as a symbol of hope for the future. It is our duty as Russians here today to double the amounts subscribed by other nations; it is our duty to our outraged people in Russia.

Mr. Vogel said at one point:

"The world is indebted to Russia, for, had she, at the beginning of the war, not thrown her soldiers on the side of the Allies, I believe that Germany would have marched through France. Russia fought bravely and gallantly. Her casualties amounted to the stupendous figure of 10,000,000 men, of which 4,000,000 died, another 4,000,000 were wounded, and 2,000,000 more were taken prisoners."

After the exercises, the Ambassador, Mr. Vogel, and other members of the party were the luncheon guests of R. M. Haan, proprietor of the Hotel St. Regis. Today will be Serbia-Poland Day at the Altar. Finland Night will be observed this evening in Acolian Hall, where former Ambassador Gerard is expected to speak.

## FAIRBANKS GETS $2,000,000.

### Actor Flies from Washington to New York as Third-Class Mail.

Douglas Fairbanks raised $2,000,000 yesterday for the Liberty Loan by traveling from Washington to New York as a "sack" of third-class mail in the airplane post. Today he will aid the police drive and will try to get another $2,000,000 before flying back to the capital tomorrow. The screen actor climbed into Pilot Dana C. de Hart's airplane in Washington at 11:45 o'clock in the morning. A tag addressed to Postmaster Patten was signed by Postmaster General Burleson and tucked into Fairbank's regulation movie air regalia. The actor carried a $1,000,000 subscription from Bernard M. Baruch, pledged on condition that it was duplicated here. On the trip Fairbanks dropped loan literature on the towns he passed over.

Arrriving at Belmont Park at 2:57 o'clock, he was hurried to the Liberty Loan headquarters at 120 Broadway and then to the office of Harvey Fisk & Sons at 34 Nassau Street, where Pliny Fish of the firm subscribed to $1,000,000 of the bonds.

Fairbanks will speak from the Sub-Treasury steps today from 12:30 to 1:30 o'clock, and will then go to the Washington Arch to lead a police parade up Fifth Avenue.

### To Auction Autographed Loan Poster.

A new way of obtaining Liberty Loan subscriptions has been devised by Morris Block Rosenauer of 617 West 141st Street, a student at Townsend Harris Hall and a member of the Boy Scouts of America, Troop 799. Rosenauer is only 15 years old but he has not hesitated to enlist the help of the prominent men of the country, from President Wilson down. He took the Liberty Loan poster entitled "Come On," and got President Wilson, Governor Whitman, Mayor Hylan, Colonel House, and a host of others to sign it. Next Saturday night the poster will be auctioned by Al Jolson to the highest bidder in the audience of the Century Theatre.

# *SPEED UP LOAN DRIVE IN RAINBOW DIVISION*

## *Efforts Redoubled to Raise the Quota—Many New Subscriptions.*

Stimulated by the publication yesterday of the relative standing of the trade committees composing the Rainbow Division of the Liberty Loan, the members of the various business groups redoubled their efforts yesterday in an endeavor to speed up the completion of their respective quotas.

Many business men put aside their regular affairs and hustled out to urge their associations in the trade to double and triple their original subscriptions.

Following are some of the bond applications reported by the committees:

MACHINERY, MACHINE TOOLS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Thermit Metals Co. | $400,000 |
| Prentiss Co., Inc. | 300,000 |
| American Machine & Foundry Co. | 300,000 |
| Schrader's Son, Inc., and Emps. | 320,000 |
| Doehler Die Casting Co. | 200,000 |
| Garvin Machine Co. | 150,000 |
| Amer. Brake Shoe & Foundry Co., Employes | 118,000 |
| Franklin Railway Supply Co. | 104,300 |
| General Bakelite Co. | 100,000 |
| Neptune Meter Co., employes | 100,000 |
| J. H. Williams & Co. | 100,000 |
| National Enameling & St. Co. | 90,000 |
| Grimm-Russell Co., employes | 58,000 |
| National Enameling & St. Co. employes | 53,000 |
| J. H. & Jas. J. Lidgerwood | 25,000 |
| James Lane | 75,000 |
| Eva M. B. Lane | 15,000 |

TOBACCO TRADE.

| | |
|---|---|
| American Sumatra Tobacco Co. (additional) | $300,000 |
| Sumatra Purchasing Corporation | 250,000 |
| Julius Marqusee | 100,000 |
| Porto Rican American Tobacco Co., (additional) | 90,000 |
| Porto Rican American Leaf Tobacco Co | 50,000 |
| L. Schnild & Co. | 50,000 |
| Mrs. J. Lichtenstein | 30,000 |
| P. Collins | 30,000 |
| S. Rossin & Son, (additional) | 30,000 |
| Mary Duke Biddle, (additional) | 20,000 |
| W. T. Posey | 17,500 |
| Peter J. Schweitzer, (additional) | 17,100 |
| David H. Belmonte | 15,000 |

EXPORT, IMPORT SHIPPING.

| | |
|---|---|
| National Sugar Refining Co. | $600,000 |
| B. H. Howell, Son & Co. | 600,000 |
| Munson Steamship Line | 500,000 |
| Federal Sugar Refining Co, (add'tl) | 200,000 |
| New Niquero Sugar Co. | 100,000 |
| Rosin & Turpentine Export Co. | 100,000 |
| American Trading Co., (additional) | 100,000 |
| Magor Car Corporation, (additional) | 100,000 |
| Federal Export Corporation | 100,000 |
| Mitsubishi Goshi Kaisha | 100,000 |
| Welin Marine Equipment Co. | 61,500 |
| Simpson, Spence & Young | 60,000 |
| U. S. Rubber Export Co. | 50,000 |
| River Plate Commercial Co., Inc., (additional) | 50,000 |
| Welch, Fairchild & Co., (additional) | 50,000 |
| Gardenas-American Sugar Co. | 50,000 |
| George L. Duval, (additional) | 50,000 |
| Ship Construction & Trading Co. | 30,000 |
| Hale Co. | 30,000 |
| Dilatian Bros. | 30,000 |
| Goldsmith & Co. | 30,000 |
| R. F. Murray | 26,500 |
| Crane Co. | 25,000 |
| W. & S. Job & Co. | 25,000 |
| Matanzas American Sugar Co. | 25,000 |
| Central Sugar Corporation | 25,000 |
| Moran Towing & Transportation Co. | 20,000 |
| Lucas E. Moore Stave Co. | 20,000 |
| Yglesias & Co., Inc. | 20,000 |
| Philip Bauer & Co. | 20,000 |
| Sir Robert Burnett & Co. | 20,100 |
| Gillespie Bros. & Co. | 16,800 |
| A. S. Lascelles & Co. | 16,000 |
| Arkell & Douglas, Inc., (additional) | 15,000 |
| Robert Jaffray, (additional) | 15,000 |
| Northern Shipping Corporation | 15,000 |

PUBLISHING, PRINTING, AND ADVERTISING.

| | |
|---|---|
| Doubleday, Page & Co. | $100,000 |
| American Book Co. | 100,000 |
| W. N. Jackson, care Book of Knowledge | 63,000 |
| Doubleday, Page & Co., employes | 60,000 |
| George H. Doran Co. and Mr. Doran | 25,000 |
| The Book of Knowledge, (Groller Society) | 50,000 |
| Century Co. | 50,000 |
| Henry Undenmeyer | 50,000 |
| Charles Scribner's Sons | 50,000 |
| Macmillin Co. and Mr. Brett | 45,000 |
| McGraw Hill Book Co. | 40,000 |
| Federal Printing Co. | 38,3000 |
| D. Appleton & Co. | 37,000 |
| George H. Doran Co. and mr. Doran | 25,000 |
| D. C. Heath & Co. | 25,000 |
| De Vinne Press | 20,200 |
| E. P. Dutton & Co. | 20,000 |
| G. P. Putnam's Sons employes | 18,500 |
| Gregg Publishing Co. | 15,000 |
| D. Van Nostrand | 15,000 |

BAKING INDUSTRY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ward Baking Co. | $300,000 |
| National Biscuit Co. | 300,000 |
| Shults Bread Co. | 300,000 |
| Fleischman Co. | 200,000 |
| Employes of the Nat'l Biscuit Co. | 246,000 |
| Corn Products Refining Co. | 200,000 |
| General Baking Co. | 101,000 |
| Western Reserve Condensed Milk Co. | 100,000 |
| Employes Loose Wiles Biscuit Co. | 98,000 |
| Cushman Sons, Inc. | 50,000 |
| Drake Bros. employes | 44,150 |
| American Sugar Refining Co. | 40,000 |
| Employes Shultz Bread Co. | 30,000 |
| Unity Security Co. | 30,000 |
| Jaburg Bros. | 30,000 |
| Stein Hall & Co. | 25,000 |
| Empire Biscuit Co. | 25,000 |
| Employes Empire Biscuit Co. | 38,000 |
| Wood & Selick | 15,000 |

COFFEE, TEA, AND SPICE TRADE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hard & Rand, (additional) | $100,000 |
| Orvis Bros. & Co., (additional) | 50,000 |
| Block, Maloney & Co. | 25,000 |
| William R. Grace & Co | 25,000 |
| A. A. Housman & Co. | 25,000 |
| Charles A. O'Donohue | 25,000 |
| Van Loan & Co. | 25,000 |
| Cern, Schwarz & Co. | 20,000 |
| Bliss, Dallett & Co., (additional) | 15,000 |
| Tontine Estates Corporation | 15,000 |

RETAIL SHOE TRADE.

| | |
|---|---|
| I. Blyn & Son and employes | $72,000 |
| S. Rauh and employes | 74,000 |
| A. J. Camineyer and employes | 55,000 |
| J. & J. Slater and employes | 36,500 |
| A. Geller | 30,000 |
| A. Kohn and employes | 22,500 |
| Ed Friedman | 20,000 |
| Frank Bros. and employes | 25,000 |

CONFECTIONERY, CHOCOLATE, &C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loft, Inc. | $100,000 |
| Lamont, Corliss & Co. | 20,000 |
| Ode & Gerbereux | 20,000 |
| Knickerbocker Chocolate Co. | 17,000 |

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS TRADE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Passaic Cotton Mills | $190,000 |
| Everett, Heaney & Co. | 120,000 |
| Erlanger Bros. and partners | 120,000 |
| Cannon Mills | 110,000 |
| Wilson & Bradbury | 100,000 |
| Garner Print Works and Bleachery, (additional) | 50,000 |
| Wright's Underwear Co. | 35,000 |
| Bedford Mills | 32,000 |
| Robert Reis & Co. | 30,000 |
| C. A. Miller | 30,000 |
| S. Liebowitz & Son, (additional) | 27,000 |
| Joseph Horowitz & Son | 25,000 |
| William Simpson Sons & Co. | 25,000 |
| Tauber-Ryttenberg Co, (additional) | 20,000 |
| William H. Evans | 15,250 |
| Phillips Jones Co., (additional) | 15,000 |
| Brumnel & Mendelsohn | 15,000 |
| Lustberg, Nast & Co, (additional) | 15,000 |

COAL TRADE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Whitmey & Kemmerer | $150,000 |
| Peach Creek Coal & Coke Co. | 110,000 |
| Williams & Peters, (additional) | 100,000 |
| Scranton & Wyoming Coal Co. | 75,000 |
| Northwestern Mining & Exch. Co. | 50,000 |
| Hillside Coal & Iron Co., (add'l) | 50,000 |
| Adelphia Coal Co. | 35,000 |

MINING COMMITTEE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Nipissing Mine Co. | $250,000 |
| Julius Goldman | 115,000 |
| Shattuck Arizona Copper Co. | 62,500 |
| North Butte Mining Co. | 60,000 |
| Yukon Alaska Trust | 50,000 |
| Employes New Jersey Zinc Co. | 39,800 |
| E. N. Breitung & Co. | 25,000 |

The New York Cotton Exchange will hold another Liberty Loan rally this afternoon. It is expected that the $3,000,000 needed to fulfill the committee's quota will be raised. The speakers will include Captain A. P. Simmonds and Internal Revenue Collector Edwards.


**Dark Green Cheviot Suits $32**

Excellent weight for winter in two models, conservative and close fitting. The shade is away from ordinary, the design, too, a rather wide diagonal, known as a custom pattern, $32.

As to overcoats—to specials, a brownish cheviot, moderately loose model, ¾ silk lined, $32, and a close fitting double-breaster, with storm collar, $34, both of foreign material. I make my ready made clothes and sell direct to you; that saves from $5 to $7. G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Av., near 31st St.



Established 1827
**R. SIMPSON & CO., Inc.**
**143 West 42d St.** ADJOINING BROADWAY.
B'way, cor. 67th St., Manhattan.
500 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
**Loans of Any Amount on Pledges of Personal Property.**
We have a large assortment of **Diamond Rings, Diamond Pins, etc.** at prices which will satisfy careful purchasers.


# NEW YORK SPEEDS IN BOND SALES

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

first time the exchange has borrowed money, and all of its working cash is invested in Liberty bonds. Recently the exchange sold its 3½ per cent. Liberty bonds at par and bought bonds of the Fourth Loan.

Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Company, announced last evening that the company had subscribed for its own account through New York banks to $2,000,000 of bonds under an arrangement by which the banks will loan 90 per cent. of the par value of the bonds at 4¼ per cent., the coupon rate, for ninety days, with three renewals at the same rate. With the view of encouraging subscriptions on the same terms in other parts of the country, the National City Company has authorized each of its thirty out-of-town offices to make a subscription in its own city of $100,000, provided their local banks agree to make similar arrangements respecting loans at 4¼ per cent. If all of the correspondent offices join in the subscriptions on the basis outlined, the National City Company's total subscription will amount to $5,000,000.

The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey announced yesterday an additional subscription of $4,000,000, which makes a total of $8,000,000. Only $3,000,000, however, has been placed with New York banks.

E. I. du Pont, de Nemours & Co. yesterday subscribed $7,000,000; the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railway Company increased its subscription by $5,000,000; the Chemical National Bank applied for $4,000,000 of bonds; the Public National Bank for $3,000,000, while the Utah Copper Company and the Lehigh Valley Railroad sent in subscriptions of $2,000,000 each.

**Recorded Subscriptions Here.**

The following table gives the quotas, yesterday's recorded subscriptions, and totals to date for each of the subdivisions of the New York District:

| | Treasury | Subscriptions Recorded Yesterday. | Total for 15 Days. |
|---|---|---|---|
| N. Y. C. | Quotas. | | |
| Manhat. | $1,226,605,800 | $86,552,950 | $531,088,400 |
| Brooklyn | 79,233,800 | 15,151,350 | 58,031,250 |
| Queens | 9,434,700 | 576,750 | 6,433,350 |
| Bronx | 6,634,200 | 357,550 | 2,149,150 |
| Richmond | 2,173,900 | 178,200 | 1,057,550 |
| N.Y.C. | $1,334,082,400 | $102,816,800 | $597,757,700 |
| Sub-districts— | | | |
| Buffalo | $87,253,400 | $5,267,000 | $36,233,930 |
| Rochester | 42,214,800 | 2,186,050 | 23,236,250 |
| Syracuse | 58,143,600 | 2,385,400 | 25,681,100 |
| Bingh'n | 18,900,000 | 936,250 | 10,751,500 |
| Albany | 60,382,000 | 3,466,050 | 33,297,650 |
| Long Isl'd. | 10,841,400 | 1,054,050 | 9,701,650 |
| Nor. N. J. | 143,850,000 | 12,641,800 | 88,647,650 |
| Eighth | 35,332,400 | 2,777,950 | 22,173,400 |
| Total out. N.Y.C. | $465,917,600 | $30,715,450 | $249,763,150 |
| Total for Dist. | $1,800,000,000 | $133,532,250 | $847,520,850 |

**Large Subscriptions Announced.**

Following are among the miscellaneous subscriptions announced yesterday:

| | |
|---|---|
| A. D. Juilliard & Co. | $1,500,000 |
| Western Elec. Co. (additional) | 1,250,000 |
| Harris, Forbes & Co. | 1,000,000 |
| Cuban-Am. Sugar Co. (additional) | 1,000,000 |
| American Vanadium Co. | 1,000,000 |
| Phelps-Dodge Corp. (additional) | 1,000,000 |
| Nevada Con. Cop. Co. (additional) | 1,000,000 |
| Bay Cons. Copper Co. (additional) | 1,000,000 |
| Chino Copper Co. (additional) | 1,000,000 |
| Interborough R. T. Co. | 1,000,000 |
| Int. Banking Corporation | 1,000,000 |
| Martin-Rockwell Corporation | 1,000,000 |
| Am. Transatlantic Co. | 1,000,000 |
| American Cigar Co. (additional) | 750,000 |
| Dry Dock Savings Institution | 750,000 |
| Worthington Pump and Machine Corporation (additional) | 515,000 |
| Miller & Co. | 500,000 |
| Nestles Food Co. and employes | 500,000 |
| Charles A. Stoneham & Co. | 500,000 |
| Butte Superior Mining Co., (addit'l) | 500,000 |
| International Planters Corp. | 500,000 |
| National Biscuit Co. | 500,000 |
| H. P. Whitney | 500,000 |
| Bk. for Savings, City N. Y., (add'l) | 500,000 |
| Norfolk & Western Ry. Co., (add'l) | 500,000 |
| C. C., C. & St. L. R. R. Co. | 500,000 |
| Simon Borg & Co. | 400,000 |
| Lehigh Val. Coal Sales Co., (add'l) | 400,000 |
| Banca Commerciale Italiano | 400,000 |
| Indian Refining Co. | 250,000 |
| Borden's Cond. Milk Co., (addit'l) | 325,000 |
| Edgar Park | 300,000 |
| Adolph Lewisohn & Sons, (addit'l) | 300,000 |
| P. J. Goodhart & Co. | 250,000 |
| Kansas City Southern Ry. | 250,000 |
| James McLean, (additional) | 250,000 |
| National Lib. Insur. Co., (add'l) | 250,000 |
| Booth Fisheries | 250,000 |
| Adolph Lewisohn, (additional) | 250,000 |
| Pyrene Mfg. Co. | 235,000 |
| Aeolian Co. of New York City | 250,000 |
| Foundation Co., (additional) | 220,000 |
| Italian Savings Bank, (additional) | 200,000 |
| William H. Moore | 200,000 |
| Mitsui & Co. | 200,000 |
| Mrs. E. H. Harriman | 200,000 |
| W. H. Goadby & Co. | 200,000 |
| Funk & Wagnalls Co., (additional) | 200,000 |
| Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co. | 200,000 |
| Mohawk Mining Co., (additional) | 167,000 |
| Ruth B. Twombly | 150,000 |
| C. C. Dula | 150,000 |
| Borden Farm Products Co. | 150,000 |
| Harvey Fisk & Son, (additional) | 130,000 |
| Bernhard, Scholle & Co., (addit'al) | 125,000 |
| Pynchon & Co. | 125,000 |
| Sharp & McVickar, (additional) | 100,000 |
| De Lancey Nicoll, (additional) | 100,000 |
| Cuban American Sugar | 100,000 |
| W. D. Thornton | 100,000 |
| Patrick J. White | 100,000 |
| Wilson & Co., (additional) | 100,000 |
| Electric Bond & Share Co. | 100,000 |
| Combustion Engineering Corp. | 100,000 |
| Norwegian-American Securities Corp., (additional) | 100,000 |
| Forstmann & Huffman Co. | 100,000 |
| Natra Co., (additional) | 100,000 |
| Savage Arms Co., (additional) | 100,000 |
| Wolverine Copper Mining Co., (additional) | 100,000 |
| Stein Hall & Co., (additional) | 100,000 |
| Thompson-Starrett Co., (additional) | 100,000 |
| Harris, Forbes & Co., for customers | 100,000 |
| Penn Sales Co. | 100,000 |
| Henry M. Dawes | 100,000 |
| Lamborn & Co. | 100,000 |
| E. W. Clark & Co. | 100,000 |
| Crestes Farrara | 100,000 |
| Burns Bros. (additional) | 100,000 |
| F. W. French & Co. (additional) | 100,000 |
| Burrell & Stitt (additional) | 100,000 |
| Cluett, Peabody & Co. (additional) | 100,000 |
| Rogers, Peet & Co. (additional) | 100,000 |
| Fisk Rubber Co. (additional) | 90,000 |
| Casey & Rountree | 80,000 |
| Bronx Savings Bank | 75,000 |
| Dorothy Whitney Straight | 75,000 |
| Lincoln Safe Deposit Co. | 60,000 |
| Henry Lindenmeyr | 50,000 |
| McCurdy, Henderson & Co., additional) | 50,000 |
| La Plata Steamship Co., additional | 50,000 |
| Samuel Bird, Jr. | 50,000 |
| Rosenwasser Brothers, Inc. | 50,000 |
| The Starwich Corp., additional | 50,000 |
| Artemus Ward | 50,000 |
| S. W. Strauss & Co., additional | 50,000 |
| Robert Graves | 50,000 |
| Evans, Stillman & Co., additional | 50,000 |
| Adolph Kastor & Bros. | 50,000 |
| The Indemnity Mutual Marine Assurance Co. | 50,000 |
| Horace Havermeyer | 50,000 |
| American Italian Commercial Corp. | 50,000 |
| Tracy S. Louis | 50,000 |
| Duveen Brothers, additional | 50,000 |
| Ruth V. Twombly | 50,000 |
| Harris Brothers | 50,000 |
| Henry Sidenberg | 50,000 |
| G. Sidenberg & Co., additional | 50,000 |
| Halle & Stieglitz, additional | 50,000 |
| C. P. Stewart | 45,000 |
| Citizens Savings Bank, (additional) | 40,000 |
| Solomon Schinasi, (additional) | 35,000 |
| Hyman Shevitz, (additional) | 35,000 |
| St. Joseph Lead Co. | 35,000 |
| Central Petroleum Co. | 30,000 |
| Frederick L. Childs | 30,000 |
| Starkweather & Shepley | 27,650 |
| O. J. Brand & Co. | 26,000 |
| Hays, Levi & Co. | 25,000 |
| William Zinsser & Co. | 25,000 |
| New Bedford Cordage Co., (additional) | 25,000 |
| Gaston, Williams & Wigmore, (additional) | 25,000 |
| Seligsberg & Co. (additional) | 25,000 |
| Alexander Hamilton Institute, (additional) | 23,000 |
| Sunny Brook Distillery Co. | 25,000 |
| The De Laval Seperator Co. | 25,000 |
| A. B. Ciaflin | 25,000 |
| C. Tiffany Richardson | 25,000 |
| West Virginia Rail Co. | 25,000 |
| Stratton Warren Hardware Co. | 25,000 |
| Edna Cotton Mills | 25,000 |
| W. S. Forbes & Co. | 25,000 |
| R. H. Simpson & Co. | 25,000 |
| Josephtal & Co. (additional) | 25,000 |
| Leon Gilbert | 25,000 |
| William G. L. Betsch (additional) | 25,000 |
| A. W. Frank | 25,000 |
| Mrs. Claude E. Mitchell | 25,000 |
| Atlas Portland Cement Co. | 24,000 |
| Benjamin N. Moore & Sons Co. | 22,400 |
| Arthur Young & Co. | 20,000 |
| Prichard & Co. | 20,000 |
| W. T. Posey | 17,500 |
| H. Norman | 16,000 |
| Audit Company of New York | 15,000 |
| W. L. Sweet, Jr. | 15,000 |
| Howard Richards | 15,000 |
| Monahan Express Co. | 15,000 |
| Amalgamated Products Co. | 15,000 |
| Winebacher & Rice, (additional) | 15,000 |

The membership of the Ten Thousand Dollar Minimum Limit Club was increased yesterday by 329, making the total membership 877.

The Eastern Department, United States Army, exclusive of the Coast Artillery commands within its territory, has subscribed to $3,096,000, according to an announcement by Captain J. S. Holmes of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, stationed at Governors Island.

**Circulate Pershing's Appeal.**

As part of the Liberty Loan publicity campaign, it is planned to place in every letter box in this city a facsimile of the following cable dispatch from General Pershing:

To Americans everywhere:

The men of the A. E. F. expect that the Fourth Liberty Loan will be subscribed.

We have toiled cheerfully against the day of battle, and the spirit that has urged us on has been the determination to be worthy of those whom we left behind when we crossed the seas. The news of America, Awake, of the National Spirit more strong, more unified, more determined day by day, thrills us all.

It is the knowledge of that spirit which makes us certain that our people at home will stand behind us as they have from the beginning, so that we may return soon to you, the Victory Won. Buy Liberty Bonds to Your Utmost and Make Victory Sure.

General JOHN J. PERSHING.

William Howard Taft and Charles M. Schwab will be the chief speakers at a rally to be held this evening in Carnegie Hall. The first American flag to cross the German lines will be auctioned off at the meeting, which has been arranged by the Twenty-eighth Precinct of the Metropolitan Canvass Committee. This flag flew from the airplane of Captain Frederick Libbey when he soared over the Hun trenches in Flanders immediately after the United States declared war against the Kaiser.

Abram I. Elkus, formerly American Ambassador to Turkey, and John H. Snodgrass, formerly American Consul in Moscow, will speak this evening at a meeting in Squadron A Armory, Ninety-fourth Street and Madison Avenue.

A mass meeting of Latin Americans will be held tomorrow evening in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria.

There will be a meeting in Cooper Union tomorrow night for the purpose of promoting the Liberty Loan. Co-operating with the Liberty Loan Committee in this meeting will be the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy and the Social Democratic League. The speakers will be William English Walling, Senator W. R. Gaylord, Frank Bohn, H. L. Slobodin, J. G. Phelps Stokes, Solon Fieldman, and William Edlin. Henry Morgenthau will preside and music will be furnished by Cantor Meyer Kanewsky, the Russian Quartet, and a military band.

Among the speakers at yesterday's Sub-Treasury meeting were Alfred E. Smith, Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, and Dr. David Hughes.

**Honor Flags Awarded.**

The following communities have won honor flags:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bloomfield, N. J. | Hornell, N. Y. |
| East Islip, N. Y. | Lawrence, N. Y. |
| Central Islip, N. Y. | Hewlett, N. Y. |
| Great River, N. Y. | Inwood, N. Y. |
| New Hartford, N. Y. | Palisade, N. J. |
| College Point, N. Y. | Sterling Forest, N. J. |
| West Phoenix, N. Y. | Shortsville, N. Y. |
| Plainville, N. Y. | West Paterson, N. J. |
| Chichester, N. Y. | Purchase, N. Y. |
| Cold Springs, N. Y. | Glen, N. Y. |
| Amber, N. Y. | Aussale Forks, N. Y. |
| Lexander, N. Y. | Rouse's Point, N. Y. |
| Buttsville, N. J. | Dover, N. J. |
| Bridgeville, N. J. | Hercules, N. J. |
| Riverhead, N. Y. | Picatinny, N. J. |
| Victor, N. Y. | Atlas, N. J. |
| Fishers, N. Y. | Mt. Hope, N. J. |
| Farmington, N. Y. | Kenville, N. J. |
| Cincinnatus, N. Y. | Mt. Olive Township, |
| Katonah, N. Y. | N. J. |
| Airmont, N. Y. | Wharton, N. J. |
| Airmont, N. Y. | Richards Mine, N. J. |
| Allendale, N. J. | Mine Hill, N. J. |
| Mt. Kisco, N. Y. | Nunda, N. Y. |
| Mahwah, N. J. | Seagirt, N. J. |
| Rumson, N. J. | Brielle, N. J. |
| Valley Stream, N. Y. | Oceanport, N. J. |
| Port Washington, N. Y. | Roxbury, N. Y. |
| Rockaway Park, N. Y. | Pottersville, N. Y. |
| Rockaway Park, N. Y. | Chestertown, N. Y. |
| | Herricon, N. Y. |
| | Canisteo, N. Y. |
| | Ossian, N. Y. |
| | Clinton, N. Y. |
| | New Vernon, N. J. |
| | Egbsset, N. Y. |
| | Fort Kent, N. Y. |

The Liberty Loan Committee announced yesterday that Saturday would be "button day," and urged all subscribers to the Fourth Liberty Loan to wear their buttons.

The Boy Scouts of America, it was announced last night, have set $200,000,000 as their subscription goal. In this city 15,000 boy scouts are at work. The Secretary of the Treasury will award honor bars to scouts who receive bond pledges from ten or more persons.

**Spanish Influenza**

Support the patient's weakened vitality by a sustaining, easily digested food.

Borden's Malted Milk is a standby for the convalescent. It builds up strength speedily and surely. Pure full-cream milk and nutritious grains—partially predigested by a special process.

*Insist on Borden's—at all drug stores—in square packages only.*

**Borden's MALTED MILK**



**THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS**

© 1918

**Steering a Scow**

TO steer a heavily loaded scow in a rapid Canadian river requires strength and skill. The steering gear has a sweep or gigantic oar which the woodman uses adroitly to keep the scow in mid-current and away from numerous obstructions.

The furs in every garment shown in the Revillon store in Fifth Avenue have traveled the hazardous highways of the North, over long transportation lines maintained by the firm for the safe and regular communication between the wilderness and civilization.

*Revillon Frères*
*Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street*



BUY BONDS AND WIN THE WAR



**THE WARM FRIEND**

**The Faithful Companion**

to Army, Marine and Aviation Officers is the Arnheim overcoat.

The overcoat is built on honor and it is honored with the confidence of American Officers in every battle zone and every training camp.

**Overcoats Made to Order $40**

A few ready to wear away.
Heavy weight overcoats, satin sleeves, $30, 14 oz. Ser